

# **Graph Optimization**

## **Lab session 5**

### **Facility location models part 1**

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## Exercise 1: base station location

In designing a wireless network, the base stations have to be located. The base stations must be chosen among a set  $A$  of possible sites. A set of test points ( $T$ ) is given, which must be served by the base stations. A base station  $i$  can serve a test point  $j$  if their distance  $d_{ij}$  is below a given threshold  $R$ . A binary matrix is used to represent such feature, which has a row for each candidate base station and a column for each test point: entry  $(i, j)$  is equal to 1 if base station  $i$  can serve test point  $j$  and 0 otherwise. We have to locate base stations with the aim of minimizing their number, while guaranteeing that for each test point at least one base station which can serve it is selected.

## Exercise 1: base station location

### Input

- ▶ A set  $A$  of candidate sites to host base stations
- ▶ A set  $T$  of test points that base stations must serve
- ▶ Distance  $d_{ij}$  between candidate site  $i$  and test point  $j$
- ▶ An base station can serve (*cover*) test points within a maximum distance  $R$

## Exercise 1: base station location

### Problem description

- ▶ Decide in which sites the base stations are installed
- ▶ Guaranteeing that each test point is served by at least one base station, i.e. for each test point there is at least one installed base station whose distance is below  $R$
- ▶ The objective is to minimize the number of installed base stations

To represent the distance constraint, we use a matrix  $\mathbf{m}$  such that  $m_{ij} = 1$  if  $d_{ij} \leq R$  and  $m_{ij} = 0$  if  $d_{ij} > R$  (*covering matrix*)

## Exercise 1: base station location

Write a `.mod` and a `.run` files to solve the base station location problem. Solve the two instances available online. Use the parameters name as defined in the file `ex5.1-parameters.mod`.

## Exercise 2: terminal and edge nodes

A set of  $N$  terminal nodes must be connected to edge nodes to send their traffic to the backbone network. Edge nodes must be installed on some points of the network. Terminal node  $i$  has an amount of traffic  $w_i$ . Each edge node can deal with a maximum amount of traffic  $B$ . We have to decide to which edge node each terminal node must be assigned, with the goal of minimizing the number of edge nodes.

## Exercise 2: terminal and edge nodes

Write a `.mod` and a `.run` files to solve the edge node selection problem. Solve the five instances available online. Use the parameters name as defined in the file `ex5.2-parameters.mod`.

### Exercise 3: antenna location

In a wireless network a set  $J$  of test points must be served by antennas. Each test point must be served by one antenna which must serve the whole test point demand. Antennas can be located in a set  $I$  of candidate sites. Installing antenna is expensive and the budget allows to install an antenna in  $\lceil \frac{1}{5} \rceil$  of the candidate sites. For each candidate site  $i \in I$  the cost of serving the demand of test point  $j$ ,  $d_{ji}$  is given. We have to decide where to install the antennas and which antenna must serve each test point with the goal of minimizing the test point serving cost.



### Exercise 3: antenna location

Write a `.mod` and a `.run` files to solve the antenna location problem. Solve the three instances available online. Use the parameters name as defined in the file `ex5.3-parameters.mod`.