## ST2132 Tutorial 11 2210

- 1. Use Tutorial 10 Question 4 to show, in Goodness-of-fit,
  - (a) slide 16: that  $G \approx X^2$ .
  - (b) slide 25: the approximate formula for G.
- 2. For the data in Tutorial 8 Question 4, conduct a goodness-of-fit test of

$$H_0: \mathbf{p} = \left(\frac{9}{16}, \frac{3}{16}, \frac{3}{16}, \frac{1}{16}\right)$$

using

- (a) Pearson's  $X^2$
- (b) the LR statistic.

Calculate the test statistic to one decimal place, and report the approximate P values.

3. Let  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  be IID Normal $(\mu, \sigma^2)$  RV's, where  $\sigma$  is known. Consider testing

$$H_0: \mu = 0$$
 vs  $H_1: \mu \neq 0$ 

- (a) Show that the maximum loglikelihood under  $\Omega$  and  $\Omega_0$  are as shown in Goodness-of-fit slide 22.
- (b) Show directly that the LR statistic  $G = \frac{n\bar{X}^2}{\sigma^2} \sim \chi_1^2$  under  $H_0$ .
- 4. Same assumption as previous question, except that  $\sigma$  is unknown.
  - (a) Show that  $\ell_1$  and  $\ell_0$  are as shown in slide 23.
  - (b) Show that the LR statistic is

$$G = n \log \left(\frac{\hat{\mu}_2}{\hat{\sigma}^2}\right) \approx \frac{n\bar{X}^2}{\hat{\sigma}^2}$$

- (c) Use Tutorial 9 Question 4 to show that for large n, approximately  $G \sim \chi_1^2$  under  $H_0$ .
- 5. Let  $X_{11}, X_{12}, \ldots, X_{1n_1}, X_{21}, X_{22}, \ldots, X_{2n_2}$  be independent Poisson RV's, with  $E(X_{ij} = \lambda_i)$ . Consider testing

$$H_0: \lambda_1 = \lambda_2$$
 vs  $H_1: \lambda_1 \neq \lambda_2$ 

(a) Show that

$$\ell_1 = \sum_{i=1}^{2} \left( \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} X_{ij} \log \bar{X}_i - n_i \bar{X}_i \right)$$

where  $\bar{X}_i = \frac{1}{n_i} \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} X_{ij}$ .

(b) Show that

$$\ell_0 = \sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} X_{ij} \log \bar{X} - (n_1 + n_2)\bar{X}$$

where 
$$\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n_1 + n_2} \sum_{i=1}^{2} \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} X_{ij}$$
.

(c) Derive the LR statistic. State its approximate distribution when  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  are both large, under  $H_0$ .