

Market Microstructure PROBLEM SET 2 - EXERCISE 2

Wednesday 5 February 2020

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```
[1]: import os
import sys
import pickle
from pathlib import Path
path_problemset = os.path.abspath("./")
path_lobster = os.path.abspath('../lobster/')
os.chdir(path_lobster)
path_data = path_lobster+'/data'
sys.path.append(path_lobster+'/src')
```

```
[2]: from produce_data import produce
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

Specify symbol, date, initial, time and final time:

```
[3]: symbol='MSFT'
date='2012-06-21'
initial_time=float(10*60*60)
final_time=float(15*60*60)
```

Load or produce data from source:

```
[4]: produce_data=False
load_data=True
if produce_data:
    data=produce(
        symbol,date,initial_time,final_time
    )
else:
    if load_data:
        time_window = str('{}-{}'.format(int(initial_time), int(final_time)))
        with open(path_problemset+'/{_}_{_}_data'.format(symbol, date, time_window), 'rb') as f:
            source:
                data=pickle.load(source)
```

Exercise 2.2.1

```
[5]: mf = data.messagefile
idx = mf['event_type'].isin([4])
trades = mf[idx].copy()
trades = trades.iloc[1:,:].reset_index(drop=True)
lob_trades = data.LOB[idx].copy()
```

```
lob_trades = lob_trades.iloc[:-1,:].reset_index(drop=True)
path_trades=path_problemset+'/trades.csv'
Path(path_trades).touch()
trades.to_csv(path_trades, index=False)
path_lob_trades=path_problemset+'/lob_trades.csv'
Path(path_lob_trades).touch()
lob_trades.to_csv(path_lob_trades, index=False)
```

Let's take a look at the two pandas dataframe just created.

[6]: trades

```
[6]:      direction  event_type  level  original_idx  price  size      time \
0           1           4      0      62222  308800  5345  36000.419575
1           1           4      1      62304  308700  2000  36000.446011
2           1           4      0      62312  308700   807  36000.446849
3           1           4      1      62353  308600   700  36000.465200
4           1           4      0      62362  308600  1744  36000.465487
...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
4608        1           4      1      512946  303100  1700  53994.834583
4609        1           4      1      512981  303100   200  53994.862056
4610        1           4      1      512985  303100   418  53994.862073
4611        1           4      1      512988  303100   100  53994.862491
4612        1           4      0      512990  303100   182  53994.862506
```

[4613 rows x 9 columns]

[7]: lob_trades

```
[7]:      ask_price_1  ask_volume_1  bid_price_1  bid_volume_1  ask_price_2 \
0      308900      1855      308800      5345      309000
1      308900      1855      308700      3125      309000
2      308800     10850      308700      807      308900
3      308800     10850      308600     2650      308900
4      308800     14850      308600     1744      308900
...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
4608     303200     10806      303100      8800      303300
4609     303200     10806      303100      6100      303300
4610     303200     13036      303100      600      303300
4611     303200     13036      303100      182      303300
4612     303200     13036      303100      82      303300

      ask_volume_2  bid_price_2  bid_volume_2  ask_price_3  ask_volume_3  ... \
0           5380      308700      3125      309100      5560      ...
1           5380      308600      2650      309100      5560      ...
2          15120      308600      2650      309000      7380      ...
3          15066      308500     13750      309000      7380      ...
4          13866      308500     10158      309000      7993      ...
...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
4608         15646      303000     20778      303400      26963      ...
4609         15646      303000     20778      303400      26963      ...
4610         15846      303000     20172      303400      27427      ...
4611         15846      303000     20172      303400      27427      ...
4612         15846      303000     20072      303400      27427      ...

      ask_price_9  ask_volume_9  bid_price_9  bid_volume_9  ask_price_10 \
0      309700      4670      308000      4602      309800
1      309700      4670      307900      100      309800
2      309600      3013      307900      1500      309700
3      309600      3013      307800      6416      309700
4      309600      3013      307800      6416      309700
...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
4608     304000     12100      302300     16600      304100
4609     304000     12100      302300     16600      304100
4610     304000     11900      302300     16600      304100
4611     304000     11900      302300     16600      304100
4612     304000     11900      302300     16600      304100

      ask_volume_10  bid_price_10  bid_volume_10  original_idx      time
0           1600      307900      100      62201  36000.418617
1           1600      307800     6616      62222  36000.419575
2           4670      307800     6416      62304  36000.446011
3           4670      307700      460      62312  36000.446849
4           4470      307700      460      62353  36000.465200
```

```

...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
4608      11900      302200      8000      512935      53994.834411
4609      11900      302200      8000      512946      53994.834583
4610      11900      302200      8200      512981      53994.862056
4611      11900      302200      8200      512985      53994.862073
4612      11900      302200      8200      512988      53994.862491

```

[4613 rows x 42 columns]

Exercise 2.2.2

The main task is behind the scenes: we created a class `GlostenMilgrom` that implements the model's formulae. Take a look at the python script `glosten_milgrom.py`. In the next cells we will import this class and instantiate it to be used in the exercises.

```
[8]: from glosten_milgrom import GlostenMilgrom
```

```
[9]: gm = GlostenMilgrom()
```

`GlostenMilgrom` Constructor

We demonstrate a few functionalities of the class `GlostenMilgrom`. In particular, at every call of the method `GlostenMilgrom.update`, we generate a new trade with probability law dependent on π and, based on this trade, we update the market makers' quotes.

```
[10]: gm.set_param(pi=0.35, nu_H = 105.0, nu_L =95.0)
```

```
[11]: gm.print_param()
      for n in range(10): #if pi is not too small, you should observe the convergence towards the true_
      ↪ price
          gm.update(draw_random_sign=True, true_price='nu_H')
          gm.print_last()
```

```

pi=0.3500;    nu_H = 105.00; nu_L = 95.00;
theta_t = 0.5000; a_t =101.75; b_t =98.25
theta_t = 0.6750; a_t =101.75; b_t =98.25
theta_t = 0.8118; a_t =103.12; b_t =100.38
theta_t = 0.8996; a_t =104.00; b_t =102.24
theta_t = 0.8118; a_t =104.49; b_t =103.50
theta_t = 0.8996; a_t =104.00; b_t =102.24
theta_t = 0.9490; a_t =104.49; b_t =103.50
theta_t = 0.8996; a_t =104.75; b_t =104.23
theta_t = 0.9490; a_t =104.49; b_t =103.50
theta_t = 0.9748; a_t =104.75; b_t =104.23

```

The actual exercise 2.2.2 is solved simply by passing the empirical data from `Lobster` to our implemented class `GlostenMilgrom`.

```
[12]: d = np.array((-1)*trades['direction'].values, dtype=np.int) #Notice the change of sign
      a = np.array(lob_trades['ask_price_1'].values, dtype=np.int)
      b = np.array(lob_trades['bid_price_1'].values, dtype=np.int)
      gm.store_directions(d)
      gm.store_empirical_quotes(a,b)
```

Exercises 2.2.3

```
[13]: from scipy.optimize import minimize as scipy_minimize
```

```
[14]: def obj(x, gm):
    pi, nu_H, nu_L = x[0], x[1], x[2]
    gm.set_param(pi=pi, nu_H=nu_H, nu_L=nu_L)
    gm.produce_all_quotes()
    gm.store_quoted_prices()
    len_ = min(len(gm.ask_price), len(gm.empirical_ask))
    return np.linalg.norm(gm.ask_price[:len_] - gm.empirical_ask[:len_]) \
        + np.linalg.norm(gm.bid_price[:len_] - gm.empirical_bid[:len_])
```

```
[15]: bounds=tuple([(0.0,1.0), (np.amin(b),1.5*np.amax(a)), (0.5*np.amin(b), np.amax(a)) ])
x0 = (gm.empirical_pi, np.amax(a), np.amin(b))
maxiter=50
res=scipy_minimize(obj,x0, args=(gm,),
                    method='TNC',
                    jac=False, # The diligent student will compute the jacobian instead
                    bounds=bounds,
                    options={'maxiter': maxiter})
```

Exercise 2.2.4

```
[16]: x_hat = res['x']
pi, nu_H, nu_L = x_hat[0], x_hat[1], x_hat[2]
gm.set_param(pi=pi, nu_H = nu_H, nu_L = nu_L)
gm.produce_all_quotes()
gm.store_quoted_prices()
```

```
[17]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
[18]: fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
for price in ['empirical_ask', 'empirical_bid', 'ask_price', 'bid_price']:
    ax.plot(gm.__dict__[price], label = price)
ax.legend()
plt.show()
```



