

Intel® Software Guard Extensions SSL (Intel® SGX SSL) Library

Linux Developer Guide

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1. Package Content

Intel® SGX SSL library is released as a component of the Intel® Software Guard Extensions (Intel® SGX) SDK. Private release package can be provided by request for evaluation purposes.

The release package contains relevant include files (both header and edl files), libraries and relevant documentation.

The following table lists the libraries provided in the release package:

Library Name	Description
libsgx_tsgxssl_crypto.a	Intel® SGX SSL* cryptographic library, built based on OpenSSL 1.1.1i crypto library
libsgx_tsgxssl.a	Trusted library, providing implementation for missing system APIs required by Intel® SGX SSL cryptographic library
libsgx_usgxssl.a	Untrusted library, providing implementation for system calls outside an enclave required to resolve external dependencies of Intel® SGX SSL* cryptographic and TLS libraries.

All the libraries are built for Linux* configurations. And the trusted libraries with CVE-2020-0551 Mitigation enabled, 2 levels, are also available at the corresponding installation paths.

Intel® SGX SSL* cryptographic library is OpenSSL libraries built with a few changes needed to work inside an enclave.

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2. Using Intel® Software Guard Extensions SSL Library

If you already have a basic application and an enclave project, to use the Intel® SGX SSL library in an Intel® Software Guard Extensions (Intel® SGX) application project, follow the listed steps:

- Use following steps to set up generating proper interface between trusted and untrusted components
 - 1. In your EDL file add:
 from "sgx tsgxssl.edl" import *;
 - 2. To the sgx_edger8r command running on your enclave EDL file for generating either trusted or untrusted proxy and bridge routines, add the path to the sgx_tsgxssl.edl with the --search path option
- In the Enclave project, use the following steps to set up the environment for the Intel® SGX SSL
 - 1. Use -L flag to provide the linker with the path to the trusted Intel® SGX SSL libraries libsgx_tsgxssl_crypto.a and libsgx_tsgxssl.a, with -L\$(SGXSSL_TRUSTED_LIB_PATH) The path can be: /opt/intel/sgxssl/lib64/ or /opt/intel/sgxssl/lib64/cve_2020_0551_cf/, (for the CF configuration of CVE-2020-0551 Mitigation); or /opt/intel/sgxssl/lib64/cve_2020_0551_load/, (for the Load configuration of CVE-20200551 Mitigation).
 - 2. Use -W1, --whole-archive -lsgx_tsgxssl -W1, --no-whole-archive -lsgx_tsgxssl_crypto -lsgx_tsetjmp to provide the linker with the names of Intel® SGX SSL trusted libraries and the setjmp library which is also needed (comes with Intel® SGX SDK)

NOTE: -lsgx tsetjmp is only required when using old Intel® SGX SDK version, 1.9 or lower.

- 3. Use -I compilation flag to specify the path to the Intel® SGX SSL header files, like I(SGXSSL_INCLUDE_PATH)$
- 4. The Intel® SGX SSL include path also includes a reduced "pthread.h" file which only have 3 definitions, it is included from openssl/crypto.h. Make sure it is not in the path of your regular application as it may cause compilation errors
- 5. Include tsgxsslio.h file to avoid error on undeclared FILE symbol. You can do it either directly from your source files, or by using -include "tsgxsslio.h" compiler flag
- In the **Application** project, use the following steps to set up the environment for the Intel® SGX SSL library:
 - Use -L flag to provide the linker with the path to the untrusted Intel® SGX SSL library libsgx_usgxssl.a, with -L\$ (SGXSSL_UNTRUSTED_LIB_PATH)

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2. Use -lsgx usgxssl to provide the linker with the names of Intel® SGX SSL untrusted libraries

NOTE: In the current Intel® SGX SDK, the release mode does not generate the enclave.signed.so, but rather

prepare a signing material because it should be signed in a secure machine that protects the private key. Enclaves signed with single-step signing method using ISV's test private key can only be launched in debug or prerelease modes.

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3. Library initialization and .init section

OpenSSL relies on an .init section to initialize the library based on the CPUID information. However, the Intel® SGX SDK does not support such a section. To solve this limitation, Intel® SGX SSL renames/removes the .init section and calls the CPUID initialization routine from its trusted initialization code, which gets called before the first ISV's ECALL. Intel® SGX SSL removes/renames the .init section so the Signing Tool doesn't report an error.

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4. Supported APIs

The Intel® SGX SSL Library exposes two different set of APIs:

- Supported OpenSSL APIs representing a subset of the OpenSSL APIs supported by the Intel® SGX SSL library. They are fully compliant with unmodified OpenSSL APIs. Other APIs are neither validated, not filtered out. All supported OpenSSL APIs are listed in Appendix A.
- Manageability APIs are exposed by our trusted library to provide following services:

API	Description
SGXSSLSetPrintToStdoutStderrCB	Set callback function to intercept printouts sent by Intel® SGX SSL cryptographic and TLS libraries to stdout/stderr. If not used, the printouts will be silently omitted.
SGXSSLGetSgxSSLVersion	Get the Intel® SGX SSL library version.
SGXSSLSetUnreachableCodePolicy	Set unreachable code policy. Unreachable code consists of functions and flows that under our implementation should never be reached. That is why, by default, reaching unreachable code will cause an enclave to be aborted.

SGXSSLSetPrintToStdoutStderrCB

The SGXSSLSetPrintToStdoutStderrCB function sets callback function to intercept Intel® SGX SSL cryptographic and TLS libraries printouts sent to stdout/stderr. If not used, the printouts will be silently omitted.

```
Syntax void SGXSSLSetPrintToStdoutStderrCB(
          PRINT_TO_STDOUT_STDERR_CB cb
        );
```

Parameters

cb [in]

Callback function to intercept OpenSSL printouts to stdout/stderr.

Return value

This function does not return a value.

Description

The SGXSSLSetPrintToStdoutStderrCB function registers a callback function to intercept Intel® SGX SSL cryptographic and TLS printouts sent to stdout/stderr.

If not used, the printouts will be silently omitted.

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Requirements

Header	tSgxSSL_api.h
Library	libsgx_tsgxssl.a

SGXSSLGetSgxSSLVersion

The SGXSSLGetSgxSSLVersion function returns the Intel® SGX SSL libraries version.

Syntax

```
const char* SGXSSLGetSgxSSLVersion( void
);
```

Parameters

None

Return value

This function returns the Intel® SGX SSL libraries version string.

Description

The SGXSSLGetSqxSSLVersion function returns the Intel® SGX SSL libraries version string. Requirements

Header	tSgxSSL_api.h
Library	libsgx_tsgxssl.a

SGXSSLSetUnreachableCodePolicy

The SGXSSLSetUnreachableCodePolicy function sets unreachable code policy.

If not used, reaching unreachable code will cause an enclave to be aborted.

Syntax

```
void SGXSSLSetUnreachableCopdePolicy(
UnreachableCopdePolicy_t policy
)
```

Parameters policy

[in]

The valid value is unreach code abort enclave or unreach code report err and continue.

- UNREACH_CODE_ABORT_ENCLAVE value means that reaching unreachable code will cause an enclave to be aborted. This is the default policy, applied by Intel® SGX SSL library.
- UNREACH_CODE_REPORT_ERR_AND_CONTNUE value means that reaching unreachable code will cause reporting an error through return value and/or setting last error/errno.

Return value

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None.

Description

The SGXSSLSetUnreachableCodePolicy function sets unreachable code policy. Unreachable code consists of functions and flows that under our implementation should never be reached. Reaching them may indicate that severe error/memory corruption happened. That is why, by default, reaching unreachable code will cause an enclave to be aborted.

For customers, which in any case prefer to continue execution, additional mode, reporting an error through return value and/or setting last error/errno, is supported.

Requirements

Header	tSgxSSL_api.h
Library	libsgx_tsgxssl.a

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5. Appendix A: Supported APIs

Intel® SGX SSL library supports the following APIs:

Purpose	Туре	OpenSSL APIs
Digest	MD5	EVP_MD_CTX_new
	SHA-1	EVP_MD_CTX_free
	SHA-2 (224, 256, 384, 512)	EVP_DigestInit_ex
	SM3	EVP_DigestUpdate
		EVP_DigestFinal_ex
		EVP_md5
		EVP_sha1
		EVP_sha224, EVP_sha256,
		EVP_sha224, EVP_sha256,
		EVP_sm3
Keyed Hash	HMAC	HMAC_CTX_init
		HMAC_CTX_cleanup
		HMAC_Init_ex
		HMAC_Update
		HMAC_Final
Public Key	RSA 1024, 2048, 4096	EC_KEY_new_by_curve_name
Cryptography	ECDSA NIST P-256, P-384,	EC_KEY_set_asn1_flag
	P-521	EC_KEY_generate_key
	ECDH NIST P-256, P-384,	EC_KEY_free
	P-521	RSA_new
		RSA_free
		RSA_generate_key_ex
		RSA_private_decrypt
		EVP_PKEY_new
		EVP_PKEY_assign_EC_KEY
		EVP_PKEY_assign_RSA
		EVP_PKEY_free
		EVP_MD_CTX_create
		EVP_MD_CTX_destroy
		EVP_SignInit_ex
		EVP_SignUpdate
		EVP_SignFinal
		EVP_VerifyInit_ex
		EVP_VerifyUpdate
		EVP_VerifyFinal

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Symmetric	AES-GCM 128, 256	EVP_CIPHER_CTX_init	
Encryption	SM4	EVP_CIPHER_CTX_ctrl	
		EVP_CIPHER_CTX_cleanup	
		EVP_CipherInit_ex	
		EVP_CipherUpdate	
		EVP_CipherFinal_ex	
		EVP_aes_128_gcm	
		EVP_aes_256_gcm	
		EVP_sm4_ecb	
		EVP_sm4_cbc	
		EVP_sm4_cfb128	
		EVP_sm4_ofb	
		EVP_sm4_ctr	
Other	Public key cryptography:	BN_new	
	RSA, EC, SM2	BN_set_word OBJ_txt2nid i2d_PublicKey	
		I2d_PrivateKey	
		RAND_add	
		RAND_seed	

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