

YaleNUS - YaleNUS Cloudforms and OpenStack Implementation - APAC

June 1, 2015

Red Hat, Inc

RED HAT Consulting - Confidential

Restricted Distribution

Contents

1	Doc	ument Information	1
	1.1	Originator	1
	1.2	Owner	1
	1.3	Copyright	1
	1.4	Distribution	1
	1.5	Confidentiality	1
	1.6	Additional copies	1
	1.7	Points of Contact	2
	1.8	Deliverables	2
		1.8.1 Task List	2
		Red Hat Cloudforms Implementation tasks:	2
		Red Hat OpenStack Implementation tasks:	2
2	Proj	ject Approach	2
	2.1	Introduction	2
	2.2	Architecture Overview	3
	2.3	Network Details for YaleNUS	3
		2.3.1 Hostnames / IP Addresses	3
		2.3.2 VLANs Allocated	3
		VLAN XXX: Purpose	3
		VLAN 804: Management Network	4
		VLAN 805: Storage Network	4
3	Acti	vities	4
	3.1	Issue status	4
	3.2	Lester Claudio's activity log	4
	3.3	George Goh's activity log	4
4	Yale	NUS Cloudforms Environment	4
	4.1	Overview	4
		4.1.1 Pre-requisites	4
		4.1.2 Versions	4
		4.1.3 Architecture	5
	4.2	Initial Cloudforms Engine Setup	6
		4.2.1 Networks Information	7

5	Ope	enStack Deployment	7
	5.1	Overview	7
		5.1.1 Pre-requisites	7
		5.1.2 Versions	7
		5.1.3 Architecture	7
		5.1.4 Networks	8
		5.1.5 OpenStack Templates	8
		5.1.6 Create VM	8
6	App	pendix A - YaleNUS Basic Role Base Access	Ģ
7 Appendix B - Additional Resources		pendix B - Additional Resources	10
	7.1	Training	10
	7.2	Course content summary	10
	7.3	Documentation	1(

1 Document Information

1.1 Originator

Red Hat Consulting

Joe Thompson <joe.thompson@redhat.com>

Jose Simonelli <jose@redhat.com>

1.2 Owner

Red Hat Consulting – Confidential. Restricted distribution.

1.3 Copyright

This document contains proprietary information which is for exclusive use of Red Hat, Inc. and is not to be shared with personnel other than Red Hat, Inc. This document, and any portion thereof, may not be copied, reproduced, photocopied, stored electronically on a retrieval system, or transmitted without the express written consent of the owner.

Red Hat Professional Services does not warrant this document to be free of errors or omissions. Red Hat Professional Services reserves the right to make corrections, updates, revisions, or changes to the information contained herein. Red Hat Professional Services does not warrant the material described herein to be free of patent infringement.

Unless provided otherwise in writing by RED HAT Professional Services, the information and programs described herein are provided "as is" without warranty of any kind, including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. In no event will RED HAT Professional Services, its officers, directors, or employees or affiliates of RED HAT Professional Services, their respective officers, directors, or employees be liable to any entity for any special, collateral, incidental, or consequential damages, including without any limitation, for any lost profits or lost savings, related or arising in any way from or out of the use or inability to use the information or programs set forth herein, even if it has been notified of the possibility of such damage by the purchaser or any third party.

1.4 Distribution

Do not forward or copy without written permission.

Copies of this document are restricted to the following:

Red Hat, Inc.

YaleNUS

1.5 Confidentiality

All information supplied to YaleNUS for the purpose of this project is to be considered Red Hat confidential.

1.6 Additional copies

Further copies of this document can be obtained from:

Hwee Ming Jose Simonelli

1.7 Points of Contact

Table 1: YaleNUS Contact Information

Wallace	
Darwin	

Table 2: Red Hat Contact Information

Lester Claudio	lester@redhat.com	+1-719-331-0726
Hwee Ming		
George Goh		

1.8 Deliverables

1.8.1 Task List

Red Hat Cloudforms Implementation tasks:

Red Hat OpenStack Implementation tasks:

2 Project Approach

2.1 Introduction

Yale-NUS College, a residential college located in Singapore, aims to redefine liberal arts and science education for a complex, interconnected world.

A community of learning

We are a diverse group of students, faculty, staff, and supporters, dedicated to building a community in which living and learning are intertwined and habits of creativity, curiosity, and critical thinking are encouraged. Our innovative curriculum integrates knowledge from across the disciplines and around the world.

· Founded by two great universities

An intimate liberal arts college, dedicated to undergraduate education, Yale-NUS draws on the resources and traditions of two great universities. We pursue excellence through innovative teaching and research, and we provide global opportunities for our students.

• In Asia

Our location at the crossroads of Asia informs our pedagogy. Drawing on active modes of learning associated with American liberal arts education, we introduce our students to the diverse intellectual traditions and cultures of Asia and the world.

For the world

We educate citizens of the world and uphold the principles of free exchange of ideas, pluralism, and respect for diversity. Our extra-curricular and residential programmes support student learning and encourage an ethic of service. By our example, we seek to spur innovation in higher education across the globe.

Red Hat Consulting was engaged by the infrasturecture at Yale NUS to assist in deploying CloudForms 3.1 (Red Hat CloudForms Management Engine, CFME), integrate Cloudforms with Amazon Web Services (AWS), and deploy Red Hat OpenStack in their current infrastructure.

This document details the strategies, implementations, and recommendations that Red Hat Consulting services provided for YaleNUS in Singapore, Singapore.

2.2 Architecture Overview

Cloudforms is a powerful tool that allows customers to build and manage their current virtualization environment as well as their future private or hybrid cloud. The Red Hat CloudForms 3 "Management Engine" delivers the insight, control, and automation enterprises need in order to manage diverse and expanding virtual environments. This technology enables enterprises with existing virtual infrastructures to improve visibility and control, and those just starting virtualization deployments to build and operate a well-managed virtual infrastructure.

2.3 Network Details for YaleNUS

2.3.1 Hostnames / IP Addresses

Host	IP Address	Netmask	Gateway	DNS Server	Notes

2.3.2 VLANs Allocated

VLAN ID Purpose	Subnet	Netmask	Gateway	Default Gateway
-----------------	--------	---------	---------	-----------------

VLAN XXX: Purpose

Hostname	IP
----------	----

VLAN 804: Management Network

Hostname IP

VLAN 805: Storage Network

Hostname	IP
----------	----

3 Activities

3.1 Issue status

Issue	Resolved?
AWS Cloudforms Provisioning	Y
Data Center move	Y
Fibre Optic hardware compatibility	N
OpenStack Cloudforms Provisioning	N

3.2 Lester Claudio's activity log

3.3 George Goh's activity log

4 YaleNUS Cloudforms Environment

4.1 Overview

TODO

4.1.1 Pre-requisites

- Web Browsers:
 - Mozilla Firefox for versions supported under Mozilla's Extended Support Release (ESR)
 - Internet Explorer 8 or Higher
- Adobe Flash Player 9 or above.
- The Cloudforms Management Engine Appliance must already be installed and activated in your enterprise.
- The SmartProxy must have visibility to the virtual machines and cloud instances that you want to control.
- · Server Racked, Stacked and Cabled
- · Switch configuration completed

4.1.2 Versions

OS Version	RHEL 6.6 x86_64
Cloudforms Version	Cloudforms 3.1

4.1.3 Architecture

At YaleNUS we had some discussions around the size of the environment. Some of the questions that were asked were:

- How many VMs will be managed in your virtualization environment?
- Do you have provisioning templates in place?
- Do you have multiple data centers that need to be managed?
- Do you have a local NTP server?
- Do you have a local DNS or remote DNS service?
- Are forward and reverse DNS resolution configured in your environment?
- Is there at least 42 GB disk space on target virtualization platform?

At Yale NUS the objective of the engagement was to integrate the new Red Hat OpenStack environment and Microsoft AD environment where they housed their users. Yale NUS would like to implement a Self-service provisioning system using Cloudforms as the front end where professors and students would only see the VM's that they owned.

Yale uses Microsoft Active Directory (AD) as their directory service implementation. An AD domain controller authenticates and authorizes Yale NUS users assigning and enforcing security policies. The VMs are used by student, faculty and other users as well as by the operations group.

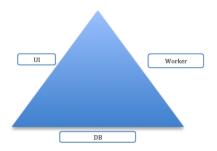
This information gave us a general idea of the size of the environment and allowed us to figure out how to size the Cloudforms database adequately the first time around. The new appliance does not include the database disk so with the database appliance we are required to create a separate database disk that would be used by the Database Appliance.

In addition, we briefly discussed the overall Cloudforms architecture which included discussions on Zones and the roles of each appliance.

There are three main roles for an appliance: * UI Appliance – allows the user to interact with the Cloudforms user interface * Worker Appliance – The workhorse which collects all the information from the virtualization environment and sends it to the database to be persisted. * Database Appliance – one of the most important appliances since it holds all of the data collected by the workers from the virtualization environment.

It is considered a best practice to separate the appliance responsibilities into these three roles. Each appliance can be configured with the appropriate roles and tuned to be more performant in the overall environment.

The Basic Architecture for Cloudforms can be described in a simple Triangle:



The diagram not only depicts the three main roles for the appliances but also the zones that should be created to house each type of appliance. It is best practice to create three zones in a Cloudforms environment:

• UI Zone

- · Database Zone
- · Worker Zone.

If we were to draw a box around the triangle this would define a Region.

A region should have a Database Zone with only one Database Appliance to house all the virtual environment information. If there are multiple data centers, in different geographic locations, you would replicate the architecture at each data center. The database appliances can be configured to include the Synchronization server role to replicate its contents to a main database. Best practice states that you should only have one database appliance handling the data for one data center.

The current implementation for YaleNUS only has one appliance but this can easily be extended in future phases of the project.

4.2 Initial Cloudforms Engine Setup

To manage a 1500 virtual machines workload in a virtualization environment, multiple appliances should be created and the roles distributed for better performance and redundancy: 1 DB, virtual machines, to maintain a 300:1 VM to appliance ratio.

To increase performance, increase the default 4 vCPUs/6GB RAM appliance configuration to 4 vCPUs/8GB RAM for the Web UI appliance and 4 vCPUs/8GB RAM for the DB and the Worker appliances.

With a new CFME appliance the Database is not shipped configured by default. There will need to be a separate Database disk created outside of the appliance and then connected once the appliance has been started. In this case, after looking at where the current VM count and number of VM's that will be coming over the next few years the Database can be sized to 150GB. This will allow for growth over the next few years.

Once started, the appliances need to be configured with basic network settings using the a console in the OpenStack client. Login as admin/smartvm and press Enter to go to the Advanced Settings menu. Set Static Network Configuration, Set Hostname, Set Timezone, Date, and Time. When done entering the settings, select Summary Information to review.

```
Advanced Settings

    Set DHCP Network Configuration

2) Set Static Network Configuration
3) Test Network Configuration
4) Set Hostname
5) Set Timezone, Date, and Time
6) Disable PostgreSQL Database Server
7) Restore EUM Appliance Factory Configuration
8) Restore Database From Backup
9) Setup Database Region
10) Stop EVM Server Processes
11) Start EUM Server Processes
12) Restart Appliance
13) Shut Down Appliance
14) Summary Information
15) Log Off
Choose the setting to configure: \_
```

>>>>> master

R /	ΔM	4 GB
	Alvi	4 GB

• Detailed Hardware Specs per Hypervisor:

4.2.1 Networks Information

Name	VM?	On hosts	Special attributes	Notes
CFME Engine	Y			The default CFME
				Engine

5 OpenStack Deployment

5.1 Overview

Overview of YaleNUS OpenStack environment

5.1.1 Pre-requisites

- List pre-requisites
- · Server Racked, Stacked and Cabled
- Switch configuration completed

5.1.2 Versions

OS Version	RHEL 6.6 x86_64	
Red Hat OpenStack Version	RHOS Version x.x	

5.1.3 Architecture

- 1x Manamgement Node
- 3x Nodes

RAM	128 GB
OS Disk	2x 300GB

• Detailed Hardware Specs per Hypervisor:

DELL: <Model>

- 1 <Model> Server with Dual 8C CPU, Dual QPI, 128GB
- 1 PowerEdge R720, Intel® Xeon® E-26XX v2 Processors
- 1 2.5" Chassis with up to 16 Hard Drives

```
2 - Intel® Xeon® E5-2650 v2 2.60GHz, 20M Cache, 8.0GT/s QPI, Turbo, HT,
8C, 95W, Max Mem 1866MHz
1 - Performance Optimized
8 - 16GB RDIMM, 1866 MT/s, Standard Volt, Single Rank, x4 Data Width
1 - PERC H710P Integrated RAID Controller, 1GB NV Cache
2 - 300GB 10K RPM SAS 6Gbps 2.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive
1 - iDRAC7, Enterprise with OpenManage Essentials, Server ConfigMqmt
1 - Risers with up to 6, x8 PCIe Slots + 1, x16 PCIe Slot
1 - Intel Ethernet I350 QP 1Gb Network Daughter Card
1 - Intel Ethernet X540 Dual Port 10GBASE-T Server Adapter
1 - No Internal Optical Drive
1 - No Bezel
1 - Dual, Hot-plug, Redundant Power Supply (1+1), 750W
2 - Power Cord, C13 to C14, PDU Style, 12 Amps, 2 foot, Qty 1
1 - ReadyRails Sliding Rails Without Cable Management Arm
1 - 3 Year ProSupport and NBD On-site Service
1 - PowerEdge R720 Shipping
```

5.1.4 Networks

Name	VM?	On hosts	Special attributes	Notes
------	-----	----------	--------------------	-------

5.1.5 OpenStack Templates

Template creation was explained and the customer was able to create their own templates from VMs.

5.1.6 Create VM

For demonstration purposes, two VMs were created, one from the RHEL 6 DVD ISO and one from the RHEL 7 ISO. The customer also was able to create virtual machines including demonstrating their ability to provision.

6 Appendix A - YaleNUS Basic Role Base Access

TODO: Add screenshots

The first screen for YaleNUS student for AWS

7 Appendix B - Additional Resources

7.1 Training

For a solid grounding in the products deployed, Red Hat recommends staff be designated to attend the following training classes:

- http://www.redhat.com/en/services/training/cl220-red-hat-cloudforms-hybrid-cloud-management
- CL220 Red Hat CloudForms Hybrid Cloud Management

Red Hat CloudForms Hybrid Cloud Management teaches you how to perform an initial configuration and setup of Red Hat Cloud-Forms.

This course can also help you in your preparation for the Red Hat Certificate of Expertise in Hybrid Cloud Management exam (EX220).

7.2 Course content summary

- Perform initial configuration of CloudForms appliance
- · Deploy virtual machines
- Perform policy-based management
- · Customize a dashboard
- · Create a catalog
- · Provision services
- · Analyze timelines and events
- · Run automations

7.3 Documentation