analysis

May 13, 2023

1 Modules

```
[]: import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from scipy.integrate import trapezoid
```

2 Data

```
[]: data_1 = pd.read_csv("data-1.txt")
    data_2 = pd.read_csv("data-2.txt")
    T = 18.1 + 273 #K
    mi1 = 1.03 # g
    mf1 = 0.97 # g
    mi2 = 0.97 # g
    mf2 = 0.92 # g
    h1 = 14.7 # cm
    h2 = 13.2 # cm
    v1 = 25 # mL
    v2 = 35 # mL
    patm = round(563 / 760,2) # atm
    pvapor = round( 15.48 / 760,2) # atm
```

[]: data_1

```
[]: t(s) I(A)
0 0.0 0.932
1 30.0 0.949
2 60.0 0.944
3 90.0 0.965
4 120.0 0.960
5 150.0 0.882
6 180.0 0.882
```

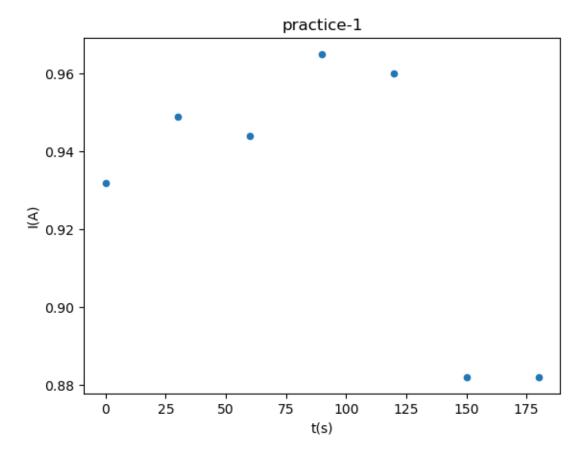
```
[]: data_2
```

```
[]: t(s) I(A)
0 0.0 0.730
```

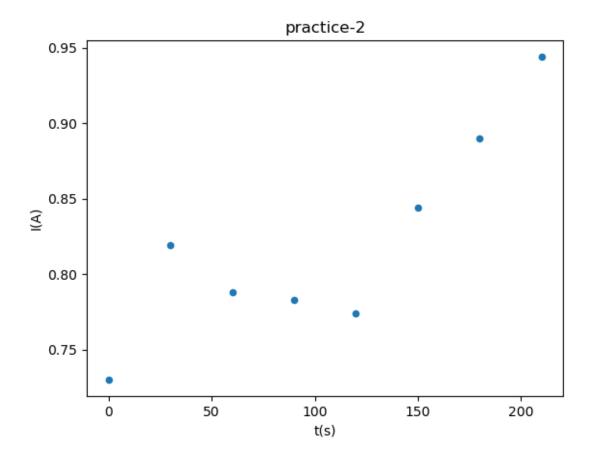
```
1 30.0 0.819
2 60.0 0.788
3 90.0 0.783
4 120.0 0.774
5 150.0 0.844
6 180.0 0.890
7 210.0 0.944
```

3 Plots

```
[]: fig1 = data_1.plot.scatter(x="t(s)", y="I(A)")
fig1.set_title("practice-1")
plt.show()
```



```
[]: fig2 = data_2.plot.scatter(x="t(s)", y="I(A)")
fig2.set_title("practice-2")
plt.show()
```



4 Information of the reaction Reactions

Anode: $Cu_s \to Cu_{ac}^{2+} + 2e^-, E^{\circ} = -0.34V$

Cathode: $2H_{ac}^+ \rightarrow (H_2)_q$

Voltage: $E^{\circ} = E^{\circ}_{cathode} + E^{\circ}_{anode} = 0V - 0.34V = -0.34V$ (The minus means that need a power supply for the reacttion)

Note that Cu^{2+} reacts with the others ions in the solution producing a second reaction (a precipitate reaction)

5 Amount of charge

$$\int_{t_1}^{t_2} I(t)dt$$

```
[]: 'Q1 = 168 C, Q2 = 172 C'
```

6 Faraday's constant and Avogadro's with reactions of Cu

6.1 Change in the number of mols Cu

molar mass Cu: 64g/mol

[]: 'n1 = 0.00094 mols, n2 = 0.00078 mols'

6.2 Results Cu

```
F = \frac{Q}{zn} N_a = \frac{F}{e} z = 2 e = 1.60 \cdot 10^{-19} C
```

[]: '99809 C/mol, $N_a = 6.2 \text{ mol} * 10^23 \text{ mol}$ '

7 Faraday's constant and Avogadro's number with mols of H_2

7.1 Gas pressure

```
p_{gas} = p_{atm} - p_{vapor} - p_{he}
```

The ρ of H_2SO4_{ac} is approximately constant and their value is $1000kg/m^3$

```
[]: phe1 = (1000* 9.8 * (h1/100) ) / 101325 # atm
phe2 = (1000 * 9.8 * (h2/100) ) / 101325 # atm
pgas1 = round(patm - pvapor - phe1,2)
pgas2 = round(patm - pvapor - phe2,2)

"pgas1 = "+str(pgas1)+" atm, ,pgas2 = "+str(pgas2)+" atm"
```

[]: 'pgas1 = 0.71 atm, ,pgas2 = 0.71 atm'

```
7.2 Mols of H_2
   n = \frac{PV}{RT}
   R = 0.082 \frac{atm \cdot L}{mol \cdot K}
[]: nSO_2_1 = round((pgas1*(v1/1000))/(0.082*T), 6)
    nSO_2_2 = round((pgas2*(v2/1000))/(0.082*T), 6)
    "nH2-1 = "+str(nSO_2_1)+" mols, ,nH2-2 = "+str(nSO_2_2)+" mols"
[]: 'nH2-1 = 0.000744 mols,
                              ,nH2-2 = 0.001041 mols'
   7.3 Results H_2
   F = \frac{Q}{2n}
   N_a = \frac{F}{e}
   z = 2
   e = 1.60 \cdot 10^{-19}C
[]: F1 = round( (Q1)/(2*nSO_2_1) )
    F2 = round( (Q2)/(2*nSO_2_2) )
    meanF2 = round((F1+F2)/(2))
    N_a2 = round(round(meanF2 /(1.6e-19))/(1e23), 1)
    str(meanF2) + "C/mol, N_a = " + str(N_a2) + "mol * 10^23 mol "
                  N_a = 6.1 \text{ mol} * 10^23 \text{ mol}
[]: '97758 C/mol,
       Theorical Values
   F = 96484C/mol
   N_a = 6.02 \cdot 10^{23} mol
[]: Ferror1 = round( abs( (meanF1-96484)/96484 )*100 )
    Ferror2 = round( abs( (meanF2-96484)/96484 )*100 )
    N_aerror1 = round(abs((N_a1-6.02)/6.02)*100)
    N_aerror2 = round( abs( (N_a2-6.02)/6.02 )*100 )
    ⇔str(N_aerror2) + "%"
                    F-error-2 = 1\%,
```

 $N_a-error-1 = 3\%$,

N_a-error-2

[]: 'F-error-1 = 3%,

= 1%'