## Data Visualization II

MSBA7001 Business Intelligence and Analytics HKU Business School The University of Hong Kong

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### Agenda

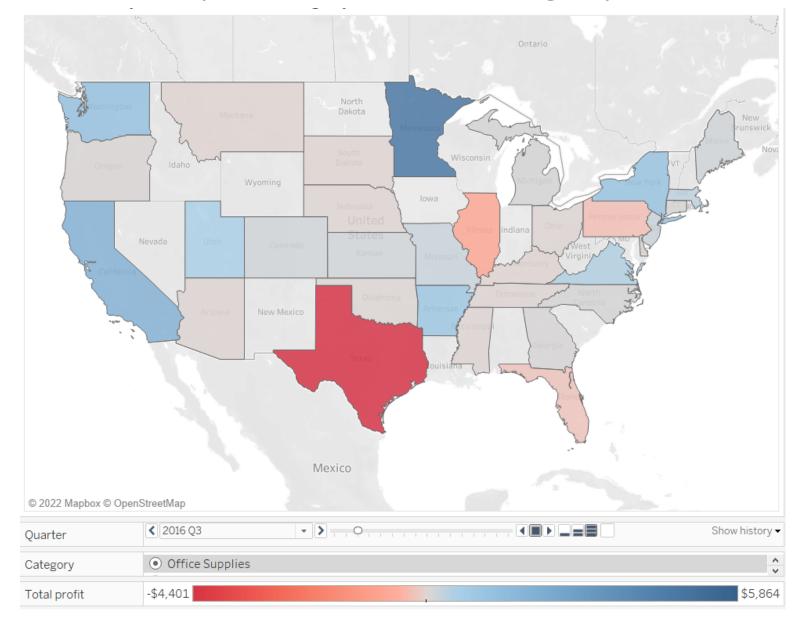
- Maps
- Flow Maps
- Spider Maps

# Maps

### Working with Maps

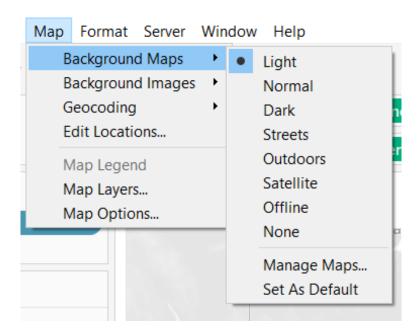
- Tableau comes prepackaged with thousands of geographic coordinates all over the world.
- When spatial data is loaded, Tableau searches in its database and generates latitude and longitude.
  - Latitude (generated)
  - # Longitude (generated)
  - # Number of Records
  - # Measure Values
- Nested geolocations help show details of the map.
  - & Location
    - Country/Region
    - State
    - City
    - Postal Code

### 1. Quarterly Profit Across Category & State



### **Map Options**

- When working with maps, there are map-specific formatting options available including:
  - Background
  - Layers
  - Options

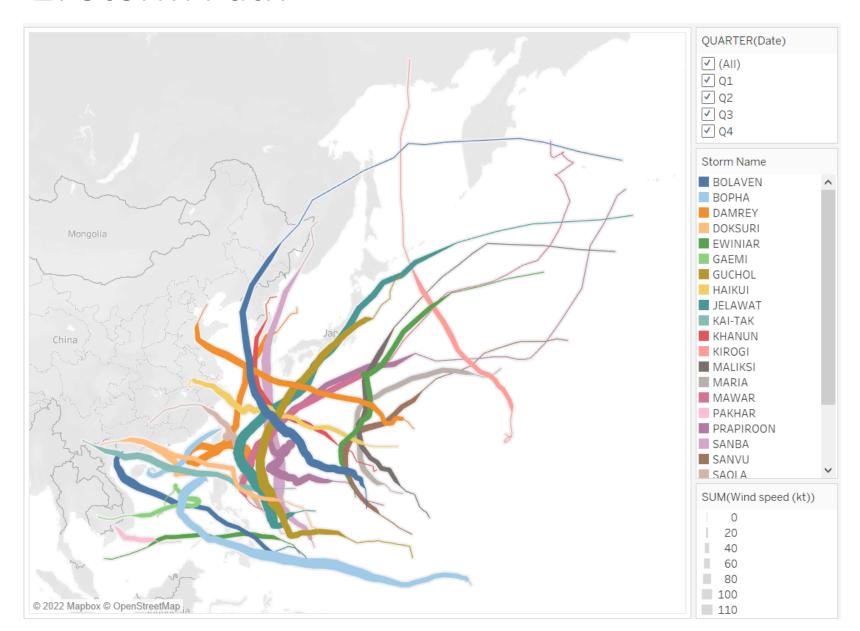


# Flow Maps & Spider Maps

### Flow Maps

- Flow maps (or path maps) are great when you want to show path over time.
- For example
  - ➤ Path of a storm
  - > Flow of traffic
  - ➤ Migration of people

### 2. Storm Path



### Spider Maps

- We can create maps that show paths between origins and destinations
- These types of maps are called spider maps, or origindestination maps.
- Spider maps are great when you're working with hubs that connect to many surrounding points.
- For example:
  - > Flight route
  - ➤ Travel route
  - ➤ Jogging path
  - ➤ Shipment path

### 3. Paris Metro Traffic

