Weak language draft

epoll-reactor

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1 Scope

This document describes requirements for implementation of weak programming language.

2 Lexical elements

2.1 Keywords

char	break	boolean
false	do	continue
if	\mathbf{for}	float
string	return	\mathbf{int}
while	\mathbf{void}	${f true}$

2.2 Operators and punctuators

3 Grammar summary

```
\langle program \rangle
                                                  ::= \langle function\text{-}declaration \rangle^*
\langle function\text{-}declaration \rangle ::= \langle ret\text{-}type \rangle \langle id \rangle \ (\langle parameter\text{-}list\text{-}opt \rangle) \ \{\langle stmt \rangle^*\}
\langle ret	ext{-}type \rangle
                                                  ::= \langle type \rangle
                                                            \langle void\text{-}type \rangle
\langle type \rangle
                                                  ::=int
                                                          float
                                                           char
                                                           string
                                                            boolean
\langle void\text{-}type \rangle
                                                  ::= void
\langle constant \rangle
                                                  ::= \langle integral\text{-}literal \rangle
                                                            \langle floating\text{-}literal \rangle
                                                            \langle string\text{-}literal \rangle
                                                            \langle boolean\text{-}literal\rangle
```

```
\langle integral\text{-}literal \rangle
                                            ::= \langle digit \rangle^*
                                            ::= \langle \mathit{digit} \rangle^* \cdot \langle \mathit{digit} \rangle^*
\langle floating-literal \rangle
                                            ::= "(\x00000000-\x0010FFFF)*"
\langle string\text{-}literal \rangle
\langle boolean\text{-}literal \rangle
                                            ::= true
                                              false
                                            ::= a \mid b \mid ... \mid z \mid
\langle alpha \rangle
                                            ::= 0 | 1 | ... | 9
\langle digit \rangle
\langle id \rangle
                                            ::= \langle alpha \rangle \ (\langle alpha \rangle \mid \langle digit \rangle)^*
\langle parameter \rangle
                                            ::= \langle type \rangle \langle id \rangle
\langle parameter-list \rangle
                                            ::=\langle parameter \rangle , \langle parameter\text{-}list \rangle
                                                    \langle parameter \rangle
\langle parameter-list-opt \rangle
                                            ::= \langle parameter-list \rangle \mid \epsilon
\langle stmt \rangle
                                            ::= \langle selection\text{-}stmt \rangle
                                                    \langle iteration\text{-}stmt \rangle
                                                    \langle jump\text{-}stmt \rangle
                                                    \langle expr \rangle
\langle iteration\text{-}stmt \rangle
                                            ::= \langle stmt \rangle
                                                    break;
                                                    continue;
                                            \langle selection\text{-}stmt \rangle
                                            ::= for (\langle expr-opt \rangle; \langle expr-opt \rangle; \langle expr-opt \rangle) \{\langle iteration-stmt \rangle^*\}
\langle iteration\text{-}stmt \rangle
                                                   while (\langle expr \rangle) { \langle iteration\text{-}stmt \rangle^* }
                                               | do \{ \langle iteration\text{-}stmt \rangle^* \} while (\langle expr \rangle)
\langle jump\text{-}stmt \rangle
                                            := return \langle expr \rangle ? ;
\langle assignment-op \rangle
```

```
&=
\langle expr \rangle
                                                  ::= \langle assignment-expr \rangle
\langle expr-opt \rangle
                                                 ::=\langle expr \rangle \mid \epsilon
                                                  ::= \langle logical\text{-}or\text{-}expr \rangle
\langle assignment-expr \rangle
                                                            \langle unary-expr \rangle \langle assignment-op \rangle \langle assignment-expr \rangle
\langle logical\text{-}or\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                  := \langle logical\text{-}and\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                            \langle logical\text{-}or\text{-}expr \rangle \mid \mid \langle logical\text{-}and\text{-}expr \rangle
\langle logical\text{-}and\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                  ::= \langle inclusive-or-expr \rangle
                                                            \langle logical\text{-}and\text{-}expr \rangle && \langle inclusive\text{-}or\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                  := \langle exclusive-or-expr \rangle
\langle inclusive-or-expr \rangle
                                                            \langle inclusive-or-expr \rangle \mid \langle exclusive-or-expr \rangle
\langle exclusive-or-expr \rangle
                                                  ::= \langle and\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                     | \langle exclusive-or-expr \rangle  ^{\circ} \langle and-expr \rangle
\langle and\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                  ::= \langle equality\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                            \langle and\text{-}expr \rangle & \langle equality\text{-}expr \rangle
\langle equality\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                  ::= \langle relational\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                            \langle equality\text{-}expr \rangle == \langle relational\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                            \langle equality\text{-}expr \rangle = \langle relational\text{-}expr \rangle
\langle relational\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                  ::= \langle shift\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                           \langle relational\text{-}expr \rangle > \langle shift\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                            \langle relational\text{-}expr \rangle < \langle shift\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                            \langle relational\text{-}expr \rangle >= \langle shift\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                            \langle relational\text{-}expr \rangle \leftarrow \langle shift\text{-}expr \rangle
\langle shift\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                  ::= \langle additive\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                            \langle shift\text{-}expr \rangle \iff \langle additive\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                            \langle shift\text{-}expr \rangle \implies \langle additive\text{-}expr \rangle
\langle additive\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                  ::= \langle multiplicative-expr \rangle
                                                            \langle additive\text{-}expr \rangle + \langle multiplicative\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                            \langle additive\text{-}expr \rangle - \langle multiplicative\text{-}expr \rangle
```

```
\langle multiplicative-expr \rangle
                                             ::= \langle unary-expr \rangle
                                                       \langle multiplicative\text{-}expr\rangle * \langle unary\text{-}expr\rangle
                                                       \langle multiplicative\text{-}expr \rangle / \langle unary\text{-}expr \rangle
                                                       \langle multiplicative-expr \rangle \% \langle unary-expr \rangle
\langle unary\text{-}expr \rangle
                                              ::= \langle postfix-expr \rangle
                                                      ++ \langle unary-expr \rangle
                                                       -- \(\langle unary-expr\rangle \)
\langle postfix-expr \rangle
                                              := \langle primary-expr \rangle
                                                      \langle postfix\text{-}expr \rangle [ \langle expr \rangle ]
                                                       \langle postfix-expr \rangle ++
                                                       \langle postfix-expr \rangle ---
\langle primary-expr \rangle
                                              ::=\langle constant \rangle
                                                      \langle id \rangle
                                                       ( \langle expr \rangle )
```

4 Environment

4.1 Data types

The language must implement static strong typing. All casts must be explicit.

- Int Signed 32-bit;
- Float Signed 32-bit;
- **Bool** 8-bit;
- String Character sequence, that ends with Null character;
- Void Empty type, used as return type only.

4.2 Inside-iteration statements

- **Break** Usable only inside the **while**, **do-while** and **for** statements and performs exit from a loop.
- Continue Usable only inside the while, do-while and for statements and performs jump to the next iteration.

4.3 Iteration statements

- While Loop statement that performs its body until the condition evaluates to true.
- **Do-While** Loop statement with similar to **While** semantics, but it executes body before contition check at first time.

- For Loop statement with three initial parts and body. This includes:
 - **Initial** part with the variable assignment;
 - Conditional part with the some condition;
 - Incremental part with the some statement, that should change assigned variable.

4.4 Conditional statements

• If – Conditional statement, that should execute If-part when it's condition evaluates to true. Otherwise, Else-part should be executed.

4.5 Jump statements

• **Return** – The end point of control flow, may return value, may not (void functions).

4.6 Translation environment

The whole program must be placed in one file to simplify translation and linking (lack of it as such).

5 Implementation

5.1 Intermediate representation format

The IR has three-address format, which consists of following instructions:

- $res = arg \ op \ arg;$
- if arg op arg goto L;
- *L*: (label);
- goto **L**.

NOTE: arg can be either temporary variable or immediate value (integer or float).

NOTE: if instruction explicitly has two operands, so if we have expression like

if (condition)

, \boldsymbol{if} instruction should be represented as

if condition != 0 goto L...

.

NOTE: when if instruction argument cannot explicitly be converted to bool, the result of argument implicitly converted to bool.