

SOFE 3950U / CSCI 3020U: Operating Systems

TUTORIAL #3: Introduction to C Part II

Objectives

- Learn the fundamentals of C
- Gain experience writing C programs

Important Notes

- Work in groups of **four** students
- All documents must be submitted as a PDF on blackboard
- Save the file as <tutorial_number>_<first student's id>.pdf (e.g. tutorial2 100123456.pdf)
- If you cannot submit the document on blackboard then please contact the TA with your submission at **jonathan.gillett@uoit.net**

Notice

It is recommended for this tutorial activity and others that you save/bookmark the following resources as they are very useful for C programming.

- http://en.cppreference.com/w/c
- http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/clibrary/
- http://users.ece.utexas.edu/~adnan/c-refcard.pdf
- http://gribblelab.org/CBootcamp

Conceptual Questions

- 1. List each of the modes for the **fopen** function to the perform the following operations: **read**, **write**, **read and write**, **append** to a file.
- 2. Does dynamic memory use the **stack** or **heap**? What is the difference between the stack and heap?
- 3. Explain what a pointer is, and provide examples of how to change the address that a pointer points to and how to access the data the pointer points to.
- 4. Read the documentation on the **malloc** and **free** functions and explain briefly how to use malloc.
- 5. What is the difference between **malloc** and **calloc**?

Application Questions

All of your programs for this activity can be completed using the template provided, where you fill in the remaining content. A makefile is not necessary, to compile your programs use the following command in the terminal. If you do not have clang then replace clang with gcc.

Example:

```
clang -Wall -Wextra -std=c99 question1.c -o question1
```

You can then execute and test your program by running it with the following command.

```
./name>
```

Example:

```
./question1
```

Template

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
```

- 1. Create a program that does the following
 - Prompts the user for their **first name**, **age**, and **height** (hint use a character array for strings).
 - Prints back to the console, their first name, age, and height
 - You will need to review the **scanf** documentation to complete this
- 2. Create a program that does the following
 - Reads the ten integers from the included file **question2.txt**
 - Stores each integer **read from the file** in an array
 - Prints the contents of the array to the terminal
 - You will need to review the **fopen** and **fscanf** documentation
- 3. Create a program that does the following
 - Create a struct called **student** containing their **student id, age**, and the **year** they started at UOIT.
 - Create a function called **save_student** which does the following
 - Takes as its argument the **student** struct and returns **void**

- Opens a file called **students.txt** in **append** mode
- Saves the student id, age, and year from the **students** struct to the file on one line delimited by commas (e.g. **100123456,19,2014**).
- In the console prompt the user for their **student id**, **age**, and the **year** they start at UOIT.
- Store the values entered by the user in the **student** struct.
- Call the function save_student with the student struct to save the data to the students.txt file.
- 4. Create a program that does the following
 - Creates three pointers, a character pointer professor, and two integer pointers student_ids, grades
 - Using dynamic memory, use calloc to allocate 256 characters for the professor pointer
 - Prompts the professor for their **name**, and the **number of students** to mark.
 - Stores the professor's name using the **professor** pointer and in an integer the number of students to mark.
 - Using dynamic memory, use **malloc** to allocate memory for **student_ids** and **grades** to hold the number of students the professor needs to mark.
 - The program does not need to do anything else, ensure that you **free** your memory before terminating.
 - You will need to review the **malloc**, **calloc**, and **sizeof** documentation.
- 5. Building upon the previous questions you will create a marking system for professors at UOIT.
 - Structs can be used the same as any other data type in C, instead of having two arrays for the grades and student ids create a struct called grade that contains two integers: student_id and mark.
 - Create a function grade_students which takes the following arguments: a
 pointer to the grade struct called grades, and an integer num_students.
 The function returns void and does the following:
 - Opens the file **grades.txt** in **write** mode
 - Using the **num_students** parameter iterates through all of the grade structs pointed to by the **grades** parameter (remember arrays are pointers, you can treat pointers like arrays).
 - **For each** grade structure **adds** the **mark** member of the struct to a variable called **sum** that holds the sum of all student's grades.

- **For each** grade structure **write** to the file **grades.txt** the **student id** and the **mark** on a single line.
- After adding every student's mark to the sum variable, calculate the average (mean) and standard deviation, you will need to use
 <math.h> don't forget when you compile to add -lm
- Write to the file grades.txt the average and standard deviation that you calculated.
- Create two pointers, a character pointer professor, and a pointer for the grade struct you created and call it grades, it will hold an array of grade structures.
- Using dynamic memory, use **calloc** to allocate 256 characters for the **professor** pointer.
- Prompts the professor for their **name**, and the **number of students** to mark.
- Store the professor's name using the **professor** pointer and in an integer **num_students** the number of students to mark.
- Using dynamic memory, use **malloc** to allocate memory for the **grades** pointer to hold the number of students the professor needs to mark.
- For each student to mark (**num_students**) **prompt the professor** for the student id and the mark and store it in the **grade** struct in **grades** (you can use grades just like an array).
- After getting all of the student ids and marks from the professor call the grade_students function to grade the students, calculate grade statistics, and store all the results to grades.txt
- Don't forget to **free** all of your dynamic memory