**Instructions:** The purpose of this lab is to get you use to implemented templated classes with operator overloading. This powerful, and sometimes troublesome technique, will be used throughout the rest of the course.

You are going to implemented a templated version of your array class:

```
1 #ifndef ARRAY_H
2 #define ARRAY_H
 template <class T>
 class Array {
     private:
     /* You fill out the private contents. */
     public:
9
     /* Do a deep copy of the array into the list.
10
      * Note: This one uses a pointer!
      */
12
     Array(const T *array, const int size);
13
     /* Do a deep copy of the array into the list
14
      * Note: This one uses a reference to a List!
15
      */
16
     Array(const Array<T> &list);
17
18
     /* Return the current length of the array */
     int getLength() const;
20
     /* Returns the index in the array where value is found.
22
      * Return -1 if value is not present in the array.
      */
     int indexOf(const T &value);
26
     /* Removes an item at position index by shifting later elements left.
       * Returns true iff 0 <= index < size.
28
29
     bool remove(const int index);
30
     /* Retrieves the element at position pos */
32
     T& operator[](const int pos);
33
34
     /* Returns if the two lists contain the same elements in the
35
      * same order.
36
       */
37
     bool operator==(Array<T> &list) const;
39
```

## Write some test cases:

To facilitate this exercise, I have written some test cases for you. Please extend as needed.

## Memory Management:

Use valgrind to ensure there are no memory leaks in your code!

## How to turn in:

Turn in via GitHub. Ensure the file(s) are in your directory and then:

• \$ git add <files>

• \$ git commit

• \$ git push

**Due Date:** September 25, 2019 2359

Teamwork: No teamwork, your work must be your own.