Instructions: This lab continues our study of Hash Tables. In this lab implement a Hash Table with open addressing. You are free to choose which open addressing routine to use, but you must implement a programmable load factor. Implement a Hash Table whose constructor take an integer (the initial size of the hash table) and a load factor, insert, remove, and get. Hints: if the value is not found in the Hash Table return a value using the default constructor.

WARNING: The loadFactor function *must* work properly for you to pass *any* tests.

```
1 #ifndef HASH_TABLE_H
  #define HASH_TABLE_H
  /* HashTable via open addressing */
5 template < class K, class V>
  class HashTable {
      private:
         /* Class to begin filling out...*/
8
      public:
9
          /* Initialize the Hash Table with size size. */
10
         HashTable(const int size, const float loadFactor);
12
          /* Deconstructor shall free up memory */
13
          ~HashTable();
14
          /* Map key -> val.
          * Return true if sucessful (it is unique.)
          * Otheriwise return false.
18
          */
19
         bool insert(const K &key, const V &val);
2.1
          /* Print out the HashTable */
         void print() const;
23
          /* Remove the val associated with key.
25
          * Return true if found and removed.
26
          * Otherwise return false.
          */
         bool remove(const K &key);
29
30
          /* Retrieves the V val that key maps to. */
31
         V& operator[](const K &key);
32
33
          /* Returns the current loadfactor for the Hash table (not the one
34
          * passed in.)
35
          * NOTE: When you hit the load factor, double the size of your array.
36
```

```
* WARNING: This function must work properly for you to pass ANY tests.

*/
float percentFull();
};

int hashcode(int key);
int hashcode(const std::string &key);

#include "hashtable.cpp"

#endif

#endif
```

Write some test cases:

Create some test cases, using exxtestgen, that you believe would cover all aspects of your code.

Memory Management:

Now that are using new, we must ensure that there is a corresponding delete to free the memory. Ensure there are no memory leaks in your code! Please run Valgrind on your tests to ensure no memory leaks!

How to turn in:

Turn in via GitHub. Ensure the file(s) are in your directory and then:

- \$ git add <files>
- \$ git commit
- \$ git push

Due Date: November 13, 2019 2359

Teamwork: No teamwork, your work must be your own.