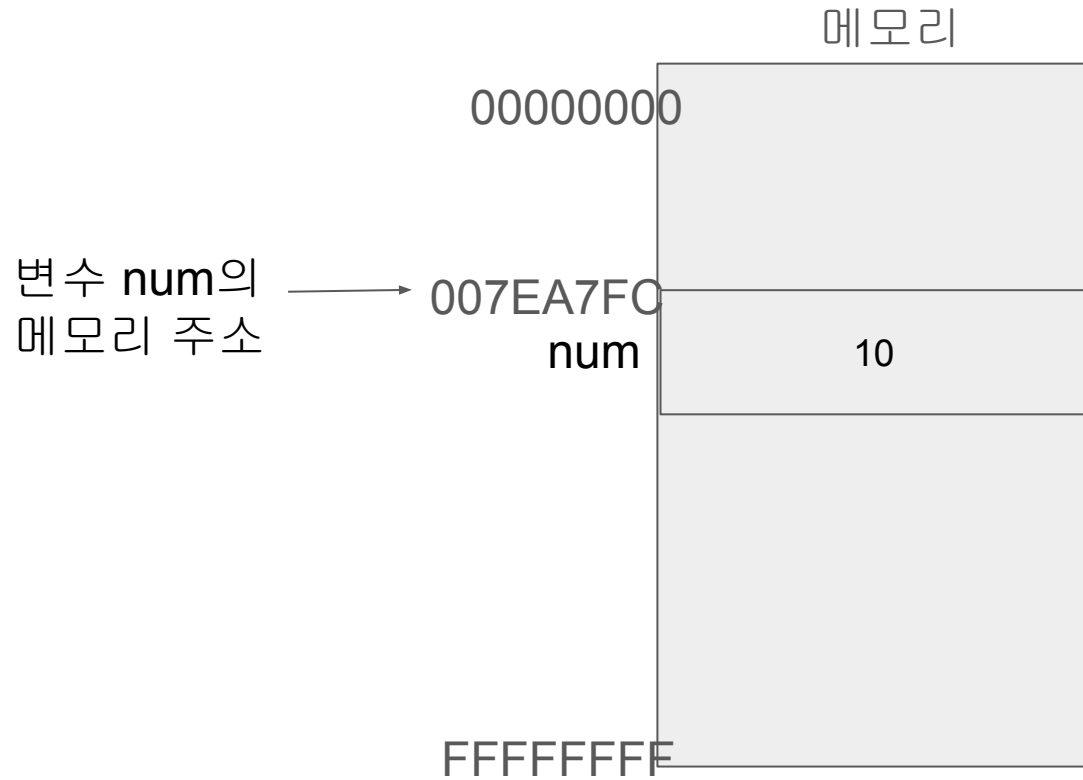
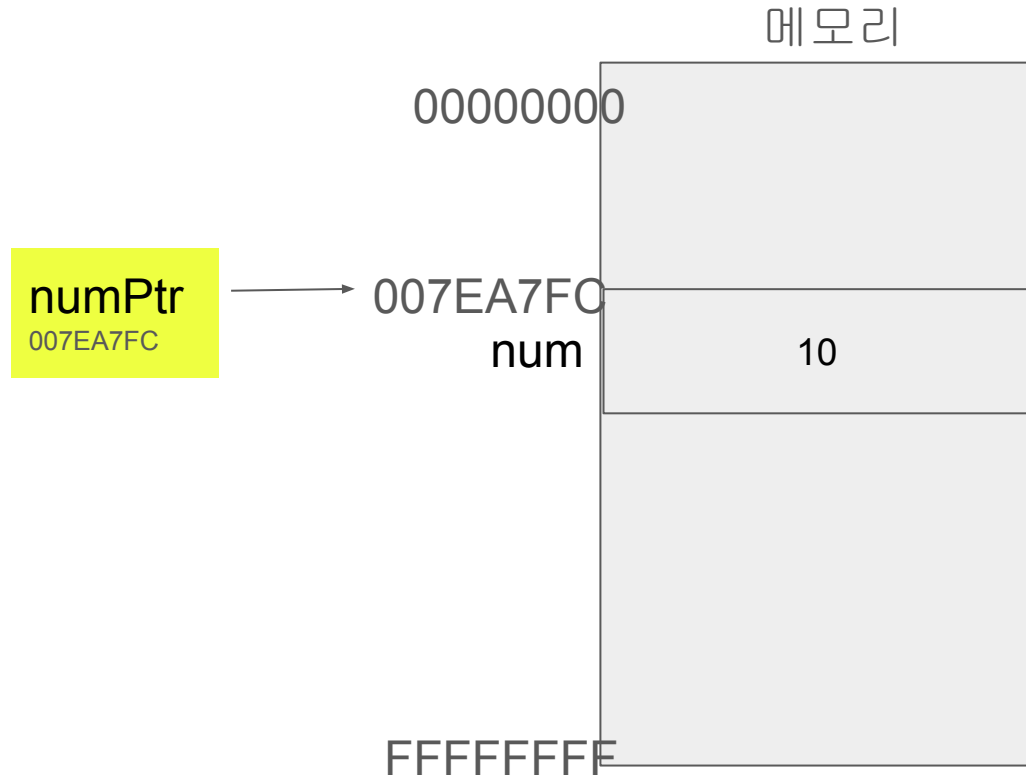


C

```
int num = 10;
```

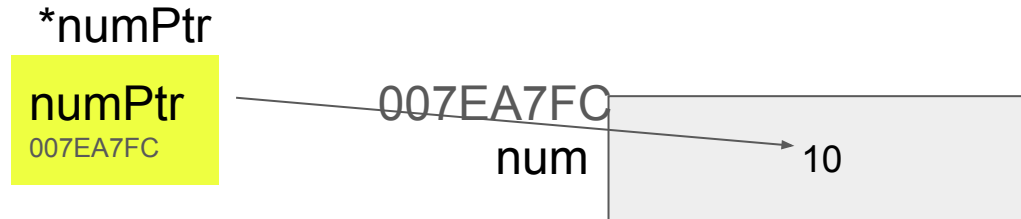
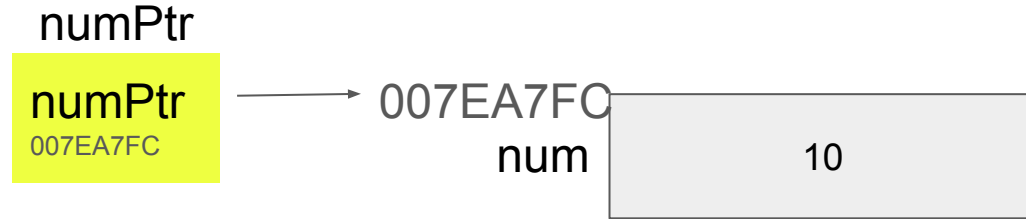


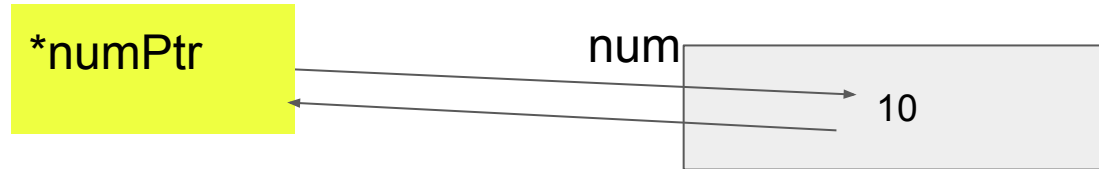
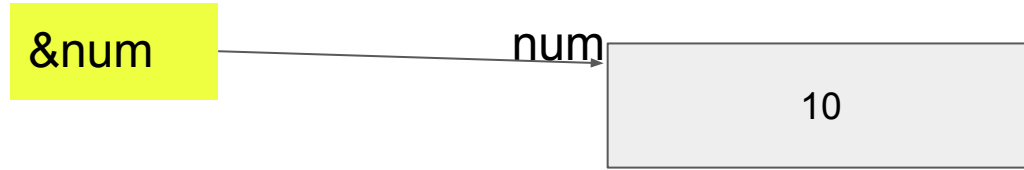
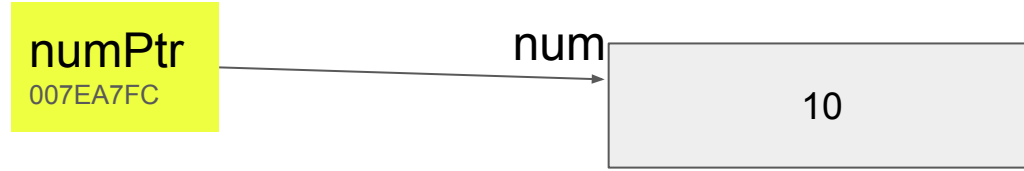
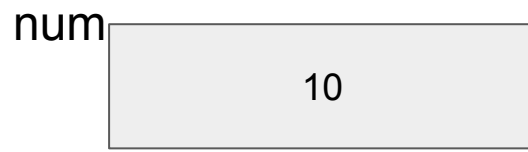
```
int num = 10;
```



```
int num = 10;
```

```
int* numPtr;
```



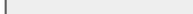


****numPtr2**
numPtr1의 메모리 주소

***numPtr1**
num의 메모리 주소

num

10



```
int a = 5;  
int *pA;  
pA = &a;
```

pA
007EA7FC

a
007EA7FC

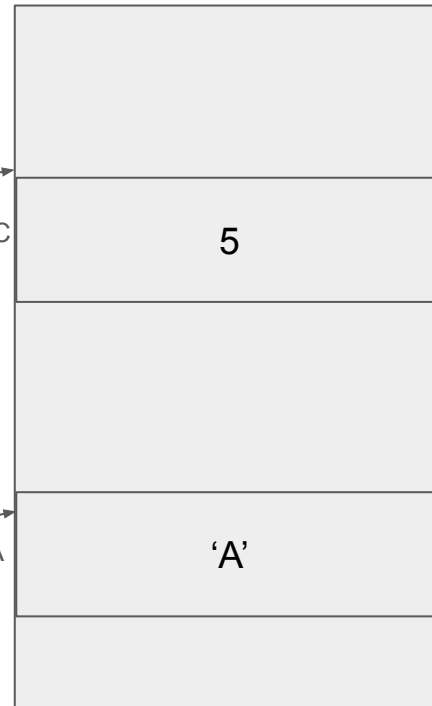
5

```
char c = 'A';  
char *pC;  
pC = &c;
```

pC
007EA7AA

c
007EA7AA

'A'



int arr[5];

1번째 원소

2번째 원소

3번째 원소

4번째 원소

5번째 원소

arr

int	int	int	int	int
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

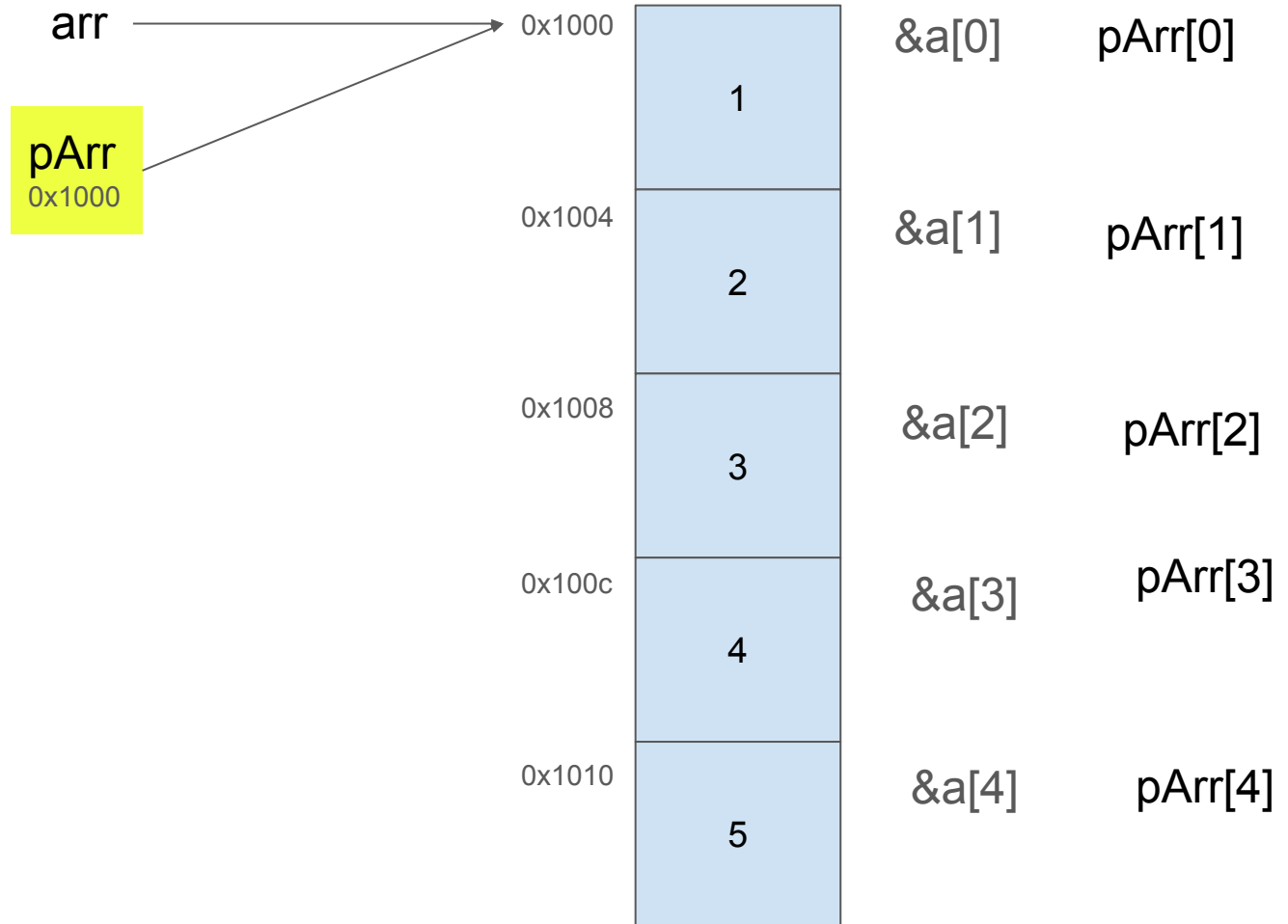
array[0]

array[1]

array[2]

array[3]

array[4]



```
int arr[5] = {1,2,3,4,5}
```

```
int *pArr = arr ;
```

```
int a[5] = {1,2,3,4,5}
```

```
int *p = a ;
```

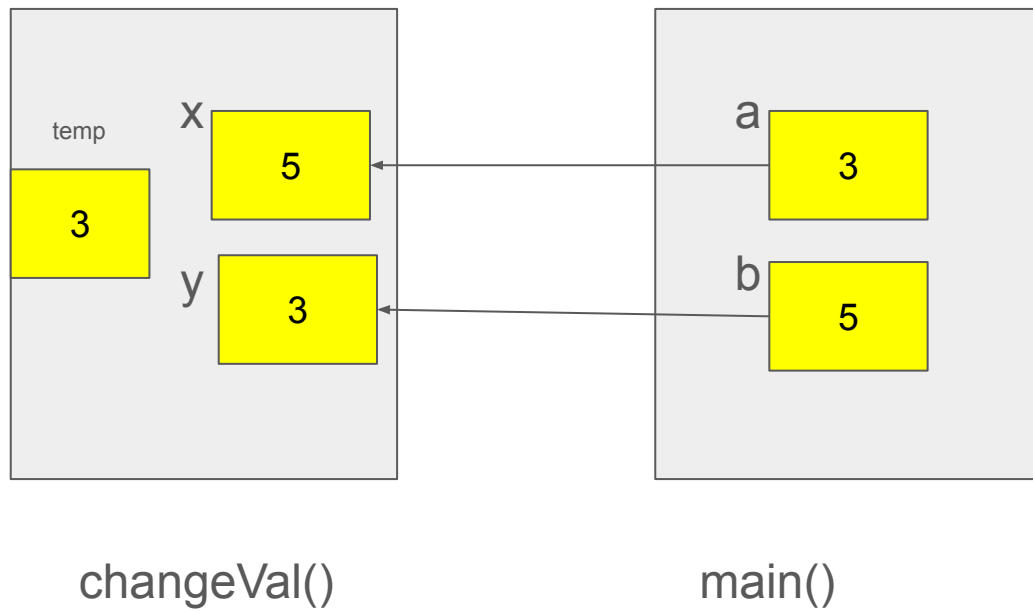
요소값 표현

p[0]	*p	*a
p[1]	*(p+1)	*(a+1)
p[2]	*(p+2)	*(a+2)
p[3]	*(p+3)	*(a+3)
p[4]	*(p+4)	*(a+4)

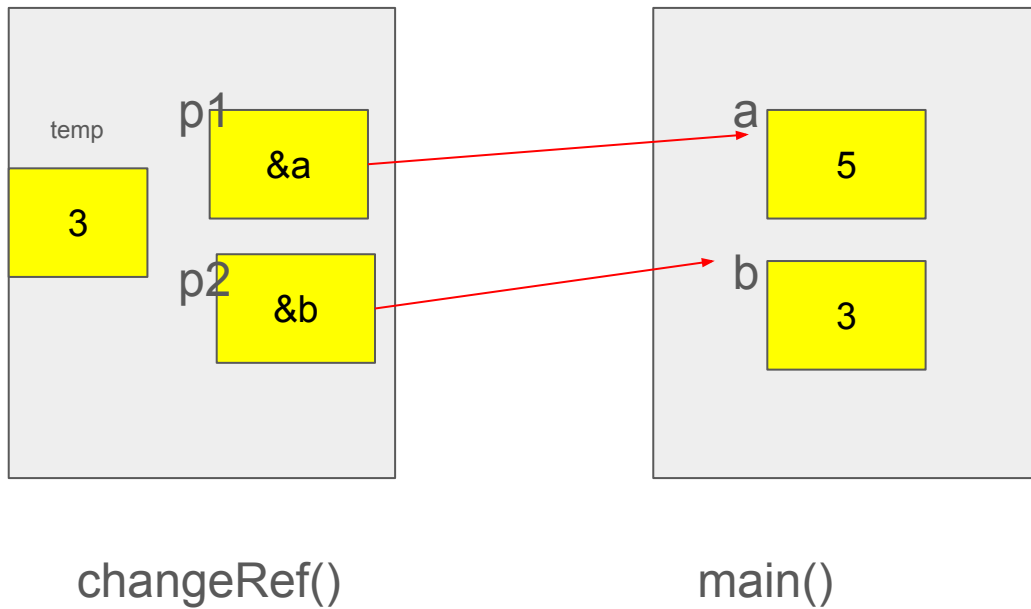
주소값 표현

&a[0]	a	p
&a[1]	a+1	p+1
&a[2]	a+2	p+2
&a[3]	a+3	p+3
&a[4]	a+4	p+4

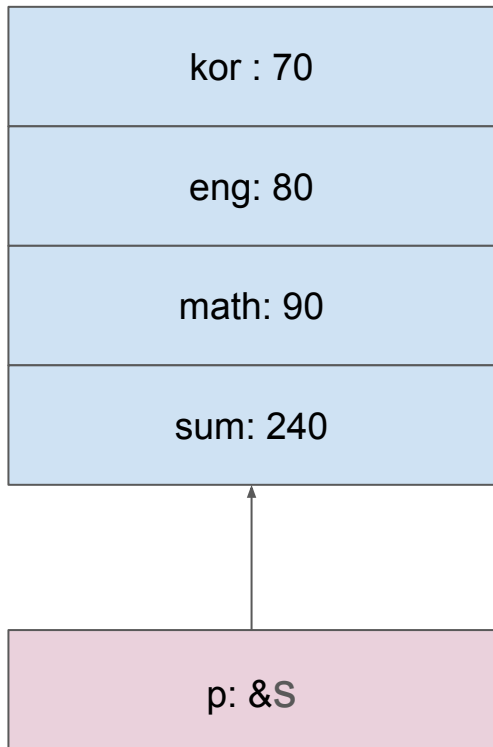
Call by Value (값 전달)



Call by Address (주소 전달)



구조체 변수 s

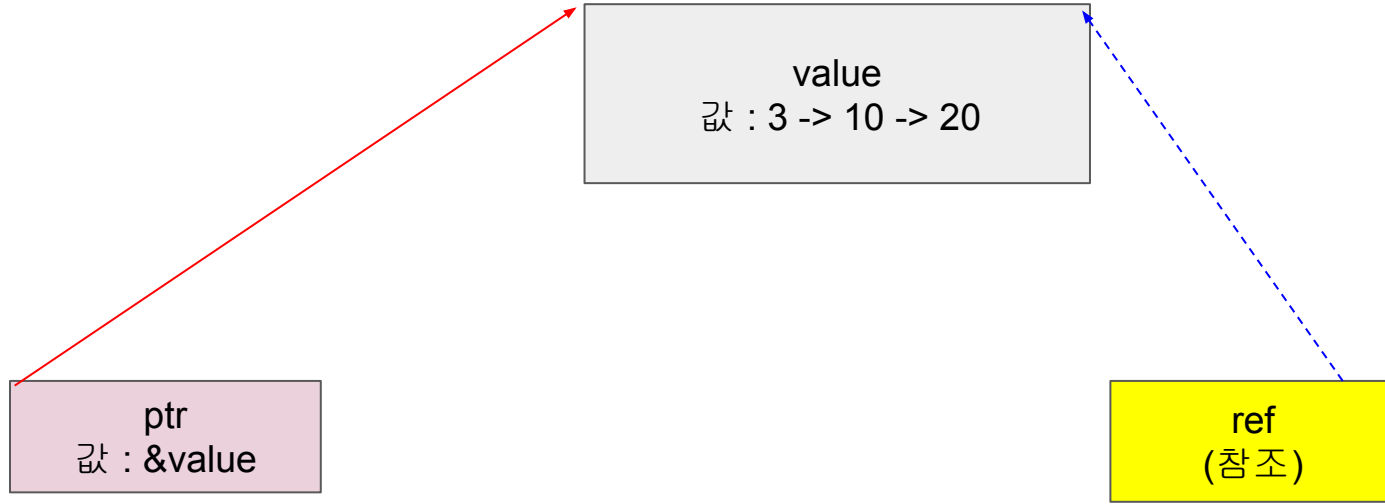


구조체 멤버 접근 방법

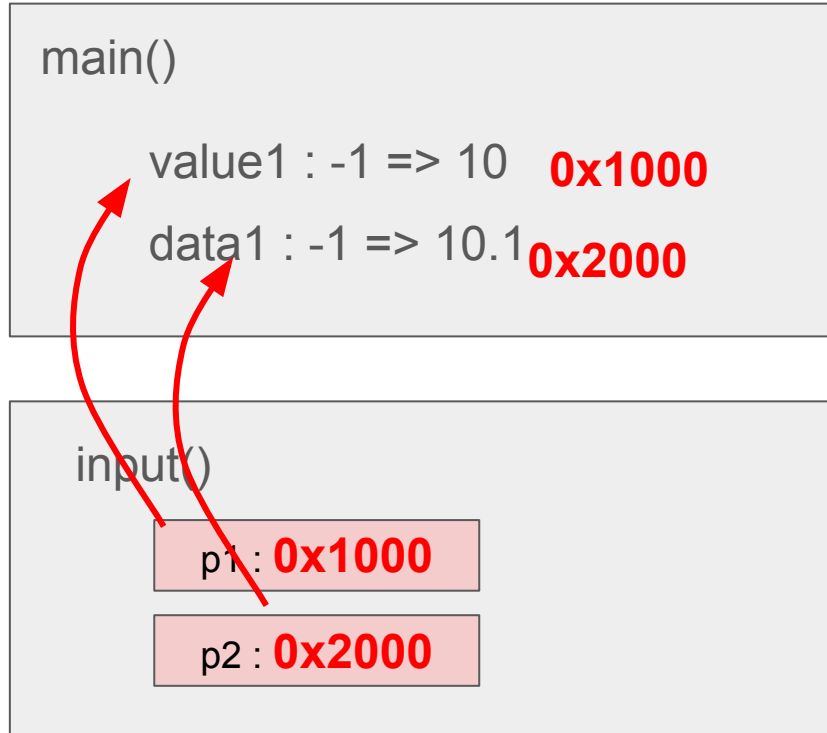
- 1) `s.sum` (직접 접근)
- 2) `p->sum` (화살표 연산자)
- 3) `(*p).sum` (역참조 후 점 연산자)

C++

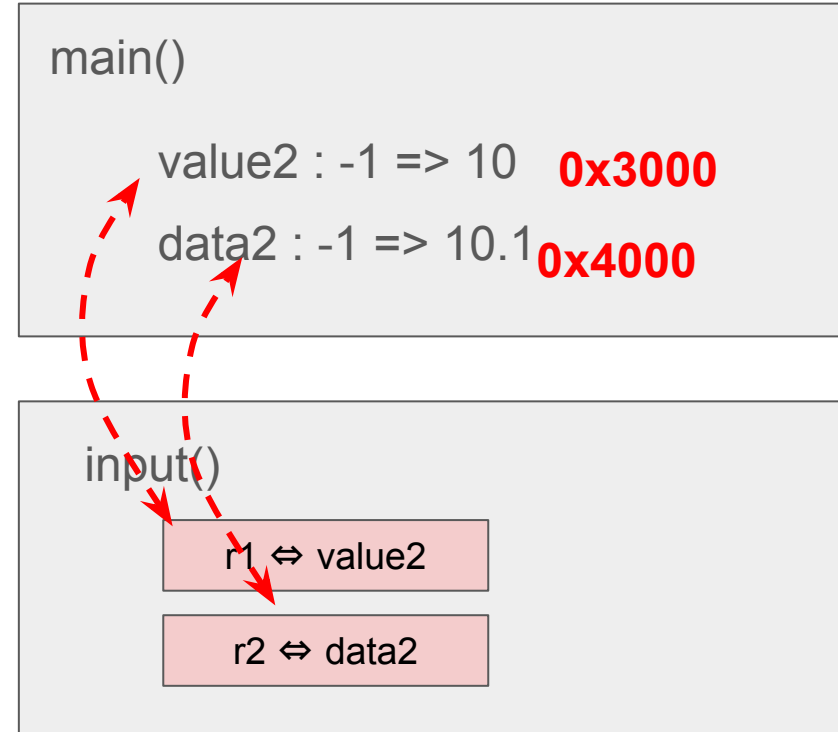
&value: 0x1000



Call by Address



Call by Reference



main()

student (구조체)
name : string
age : int
score : double

참조 : 원본 데이터를 직접
수정 가능

const 참조 : 원본 데이터
읽기만 가능

inputStudent()

student (참조 매개변수)

printStudent()

student (const 참조
매개변수)

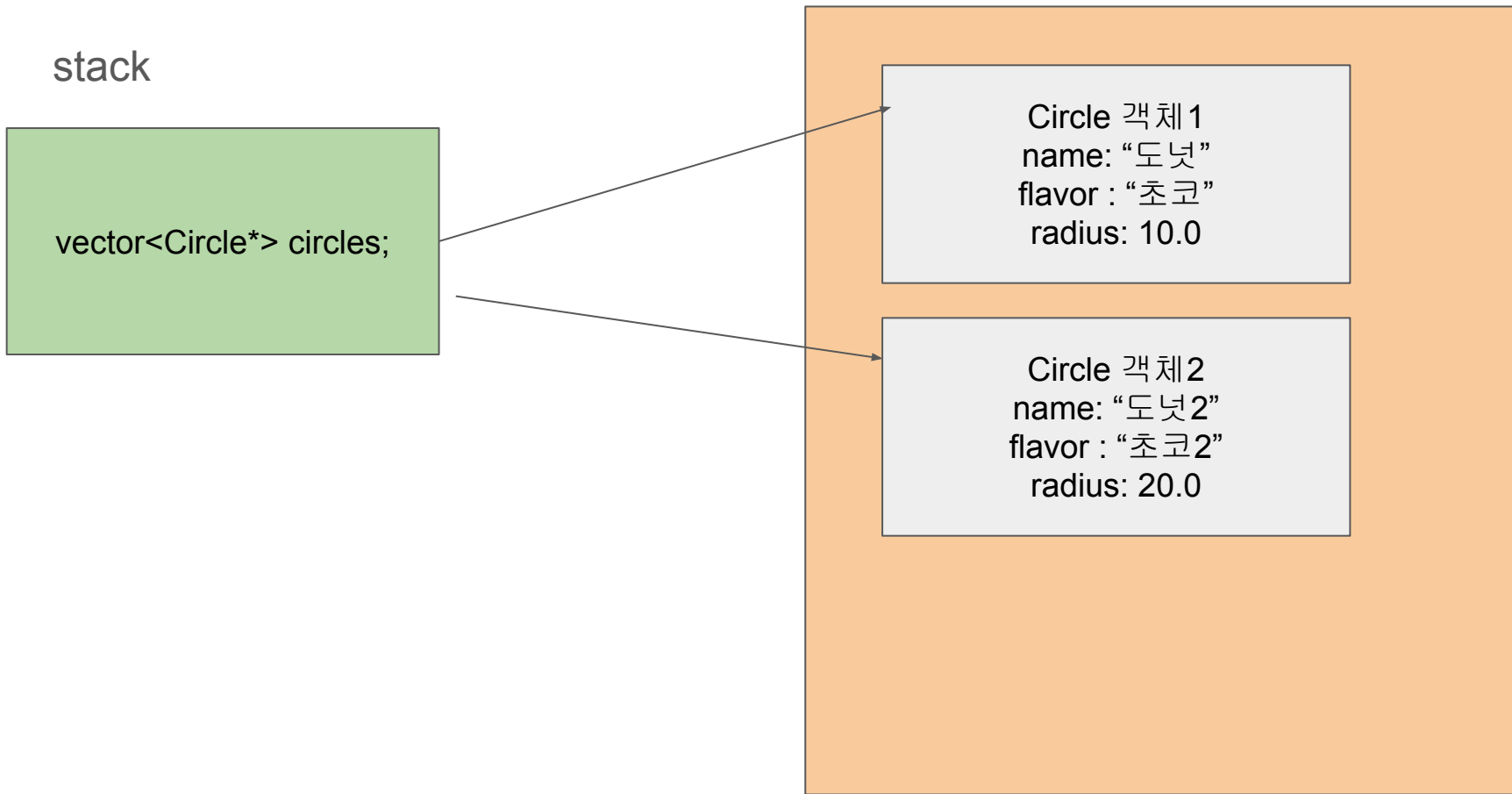
stack

```
vector<Circle*> circles;
```

heap

Circle 객체 1
name: "도넛"
flavor : "초코"
radius: 10.0

Circle 객체 2
name: "도넛2"
flavor : "초코2"
radius: 20.0



감 사 합 니 다.