

Using Manticore and Symbolic Execution to Find Smart Contracts Bugs

#### Who Am I?



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- Trail of Bits: <u>trailofbits.com</u>
  - We help organizations build safer software
  - R&D focused: we use the latest program analysis techniques

#### Goals



- What is Symbolic Execution?
- How can it helps build more secure smart contracts?
- Hands-on with Manticore

## **Before Starting**



- git clone <a href="https://github.com/trailofbits/devcon">https://github.com/trailofbits/devcon</a>
- pip3 install manticore --user
  - Or docker pull trailofbits/manticore

## **Automated Smart Contracts Audit**

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## Problem: How to Find Bugs?



How to test if a smart contract has bugs?

```
contract Simple {
   function f(uint a) payable public {
     if (a == 65) {
        // bug here
     }
  }
}
```

#### Problem: How to Find Bugs?



- Manual review: hard, don't protect for future bugs
  - Contact a security company
- Unit tests: cover a small part
  - Use Truffle



Time consuming, usually low coverage



#### Static analysis (e.g. <u>Slither</u>)

- Look for patterns in the code
- Fast
- No user-intervention required



- Fuzzing (e.g. <u>Echidna</u>)
  - Stress the contract through pseudo-random transactions
  - Best effort to explore the behaviors: testing
  - Successful technique for 'classic software' (e.g. AFL)



- Symbolic Execution (e.g. <u>Manticore</u>)
  - Generate inputs through mathematical representation of the contract
  - Explores all the paths of the contract: code verification



Technique	Tool	Speed	Complexity	Precision
Static Analysis	Slither	second	(no configuration)	+
Fuzzing	Echidna	minutes	+	++
Symbolic Execution	Manticore	hour	++	+++ (Verification)

# **Symbolic Execution**

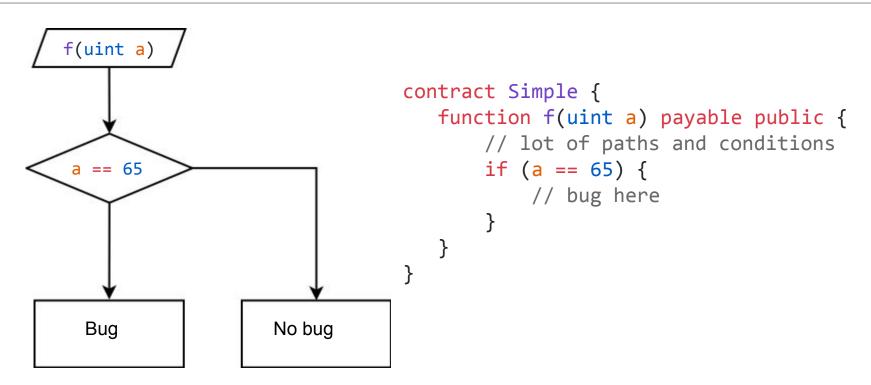
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#### Symbolic Execution in a Nutshell

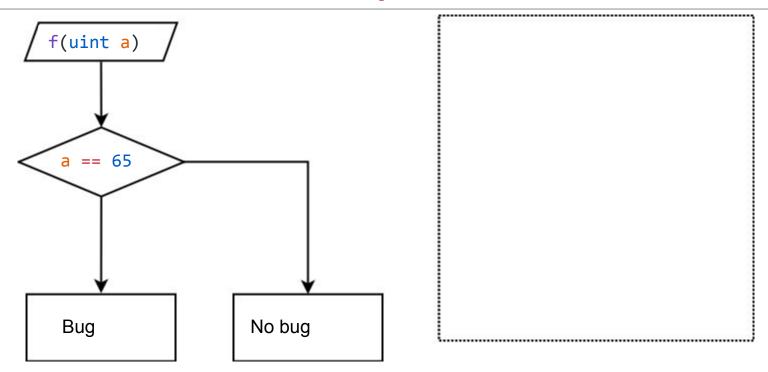


- Program exploration technique
- Execute the program "symbolically"
  - Represent executions as logical formulas
  - Fork on each condition
- Use an SMT solver to check the feasibility of a path and generate inputs

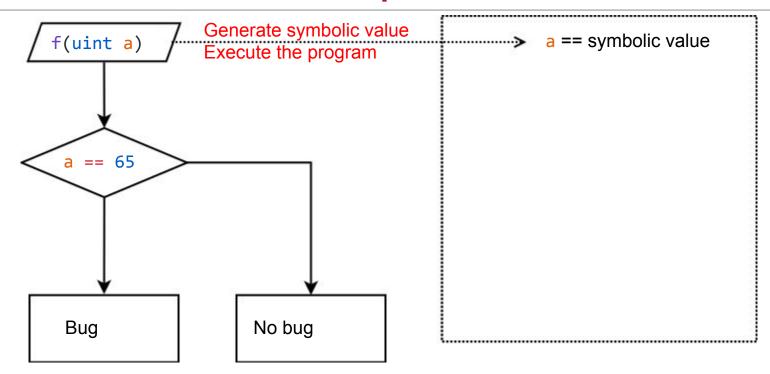




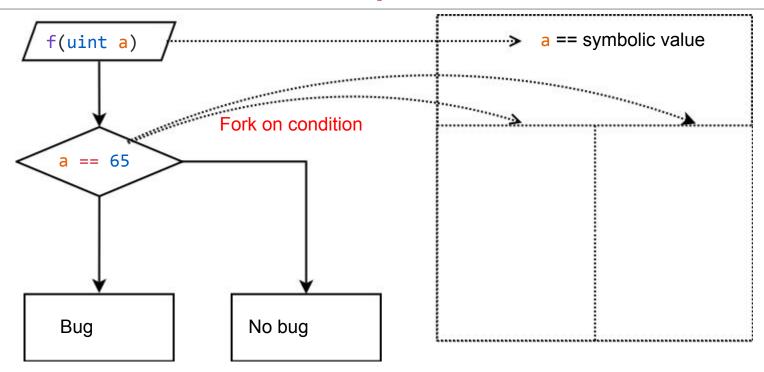




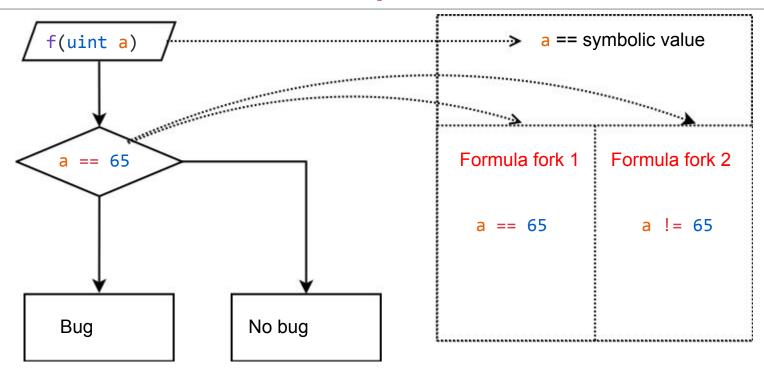












#### Symbolic Execution in a Nutshell



- Explore the program automatically
- Allow to find unexpected paths
- Possibility to add arbitrary conditions

# Manticore

#### Manticore



- A symbolic execution engine supporting EVM
- Builtin detectors for classic issues
  - Selfdestruct, External Call, Reentrancy, Delegatecall, ...
- Python API for generic instrumentation
  - Today's goal

#### Manticore: Command Line



```
contract Suicidal {
    function backdoor() {
        selfdestruct(msg.sender);
    }
}
```

#### **Manticore: Command Line**



```
$ manticore examples/suicidal.sol --detect-selfdestruct
m.main:INFO: Beginning analysis
m.ethereum:INFO: Starting symbolic create contract
m.ethereum:INFO: Starting symbolic transaction: 0
m.ethereum:WARNING: Reachable SELFDESTRUCT
m.ethereum:INFO: 0 alive states, 4 terminated states
m.ethereum:INFO: Starting symbolic transaction: 1
m.ethereum:INFO: Generated testcase No. 0 - RETURN
m.ethereum:INFO: Generated testcase No. 1 - REVERT
m.ethereum:INFO: Generated testcase No. 2 - SELFDESTRUCT
m.ethereum:INFO: Generated testcase No. 3 - REVERT
m.ethereum:INFO: Results in /home/manticore/mcore 9pqdsgtc
```

#### Manticore: Command Line

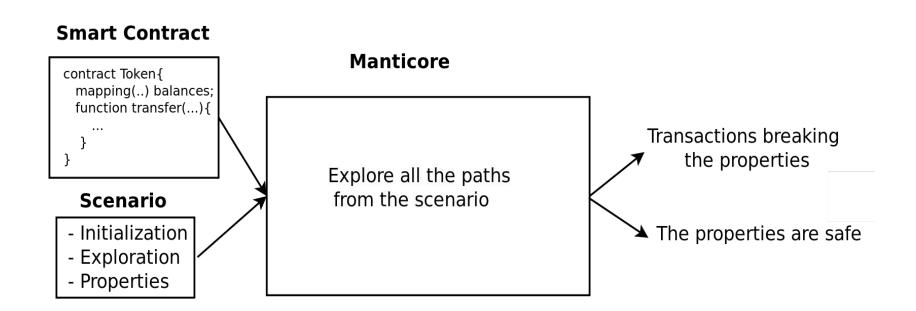


```
$ cat mcore_9pqdsgtc/test_00000002.tx
Transactions Nr. 0
Function call:
Constructor() -> RETURN
Transactions Nr. 1
Function call:
backdoor() -> SELFDESTRUCT (*)
```



- Python API to express arbitrary properties
- Scenario = 3 steps:
  - Initialization: what contracts, how many users?
  - Exploration: what functions to explore, what is symbolic
  - Properties to check: what should happen/what should not happen







#### Find if someone can steal tokens

```
function transfer(address to, uint val){
    if(balances[msg.sender] >= balances[to]){
        balances[msg.sender] -= val;
        balances[to] += val;
    }
}
```



#### Steps:

- 1. Initialization: Deploy contract
- 2. Exploration: Call transfer with symbolic values
- 3. Property: sender's balance does not increase



```
from manticore.ethereum import ManticoreEVM, ABI
from manticore.core.smtlib import Operators

# Initialization
m = ManticoreEVM()
with open('my_token.sol') as f:
    source_code = f.read()
user_account = m.create_account(balance=1000)
contract_account = m.solidity_create_contract(source_code, owner=user_account, balance=0)
```



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```

```
# Exploration
contract_account.balances(user_account)

symbolic_val = m.make_symbolic_value()
symbolic_to = m.make_symbolic_value()
contract_account.transfer(symbolic_to, symbolic_val)

contract account.balances(user account)
```

#### Exploration:

- Collect the balance
- Call transfer with symbolic values
- Collect the new balance



```
Bug found if:
# Check of properties
bug found = False
for state in m.running states:
                                       balance after(sender) > balance before(sender)
   balance before = state.platform.transactions[0].return data
   balance before = ABI.deserialize("uint", balance before)
   balance after = state.platform.transactions[-1].return data
   balance after = ABI.deserialize("uint", balance after)
   state.constrain(Operators.UGT(balance after, balance before))
   if state.is_feasible():
       print("Bug found! see {}".format(m.workspace))
       m.generate testcase(state, 'Bug')
       bug found = True
if not bug found:
   print('No bug were found')
```

## Bug found!



```
$ cat mcore_.../Bug_00000000.tx

balances(..) -> 100

transfer(...,20430840703553386272388160528996790065041473555354846411818661786570194
945)
balances(..)
->115771658396612642037298596848158911063204943192085209193045765346126559445091
```

## Bug found!



```
function transfer(address to, uint val){
    if(balances[msg.sender] >= balances[to]){
        balances[msg.sender] -= val;
        balances[to] += val;
    }
}
```

# Manticore: Exercise 1

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#### Can you steal ethers?



- Open manticore\_api.pdf
- Open exercises.pdf
- https://github.com/trailofbits/devcon

#### Can you steal ethers?



```
contract UnprotectedWallet{
   address public owner;
  modifier onlyowner {
       require(msg.sender==owner);
   constructor() public {
      owner = msg.sender;
  function changeOwner(address _newOwner) public {
      owner = newOwner;
  function deposit() payable public {}
  function withdraw() onlyowner public {
      msg.sender.transfer(this.balance);
```

## Manticore: Exercise 1 Solution

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# **Manticore: Exercise 2**

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#### Is an Integer Overflow Possible?



```
contract Overflow {
    uint public sellerBalance = 0;

    function add(uint value) public returns (bool) {
        sellerBalance += value; // complicated math, possible overflow
    }
}
```

#### There are many ways to check it

• The one proposed is not the simplest, but it will allow you to get familiar with Manticore!

# Manticore: Exercise 2 Solution

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# Workshop Summary

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#### Manticore: Summary



- Manticore will verify your code
- You can verify high-level and low-level properties
- Manticore will help to trust your code

## **Workshop Summary**



- Our tools will help you building safer smart contracts
  - Manticore: <a href="https://github.com/trailofbits/manticore/">https://github.com/trailofbits/manticore/</a>
  - Slither: <a href="https://github.com/trailofbits/slither/">https://github.com/trailofbits/slither/</a>
  - Echidna: <a href="https://github.com/trailofbits/echidna/">https://github.com/trailofbits/echidna/</a>
  - Etheno: <a href="https://github.com/trailofbits/etheno">https://github.com/trailofbits/etheno</a>
- If you need help: <a href="https://empireslacking.herokuapp.com/">https://empireslacking.herokuapp.com/</a>
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