Expressibility in the Lambda Calculus with μ

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Motivation

motivation:

- $\lambda_{ ext{letrec}}$ as an abstraction & the core of functional languages
- infinite λ -terms ~ unfolding semantics of functional programs
- optimizing program transformations on $\lambda_{ ext{letrec}}$

question:

• which infinite λ -terms are λ_{letrec} -expressible, i.e. can be obtained from λ_{letrec} -terms by infinite unfolding?

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question:

• which infinite λ -terms are λ_{μ} -expressible, i.e. can be obtained from λ_{μ} -terms by infinite unfolding?

we restrict to:

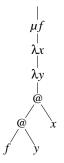
• λ_{μ} instead of $\lambda_{\mathsf{letrec}}$

we develop:

• 2 rewriting characterizations of λ_{μ} -expressible infinite λ -terms

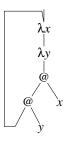
Example

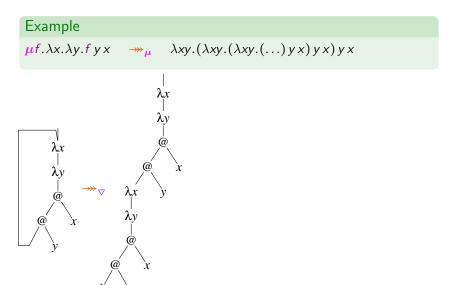
 $\mu f.\lambda x.\lambda y.fyx$

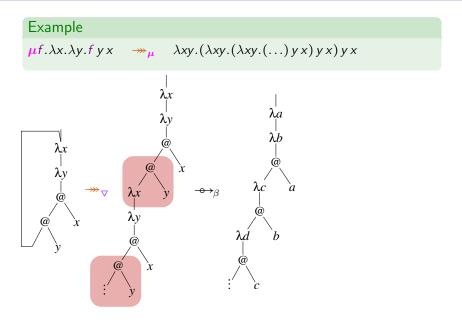


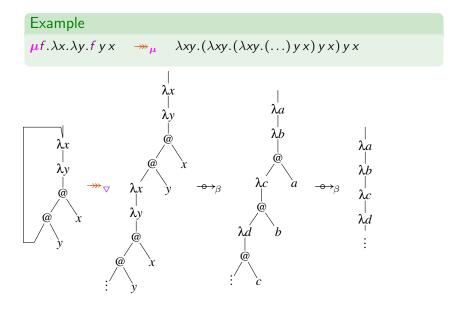
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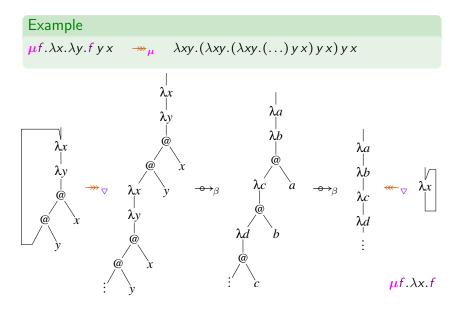
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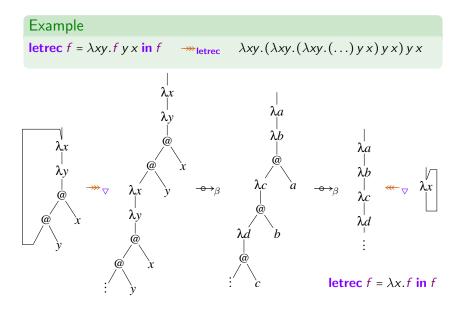


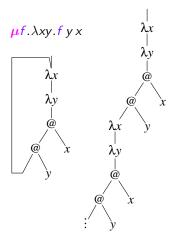




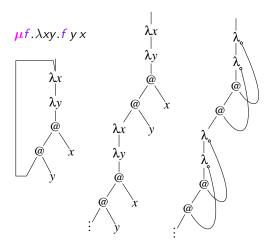




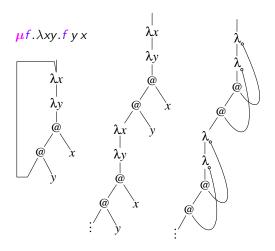




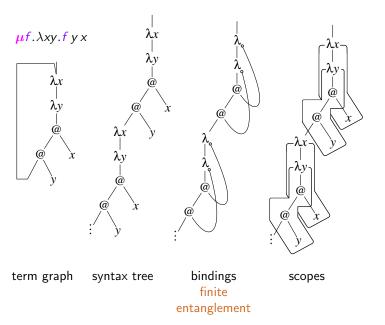
term graph syntax tree

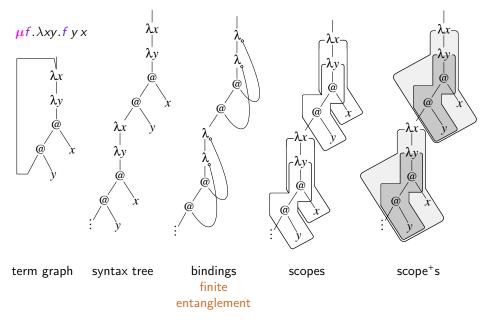


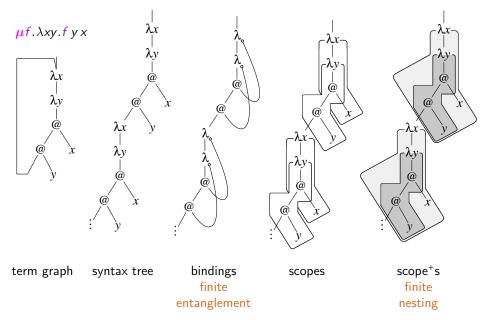
term graph syntax tree bindings

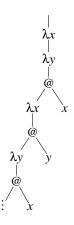


term graph syntax tree bindings finite entanglement

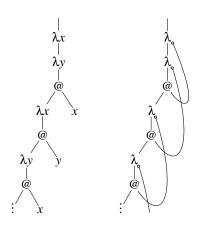






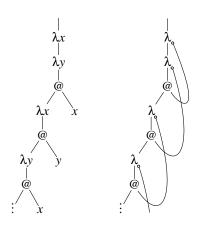


syntax tree

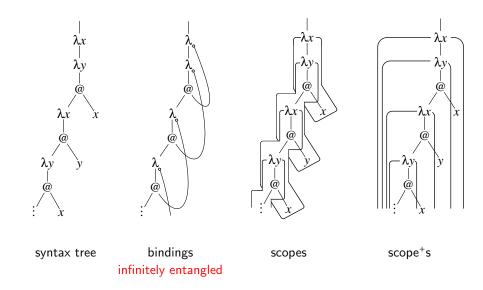


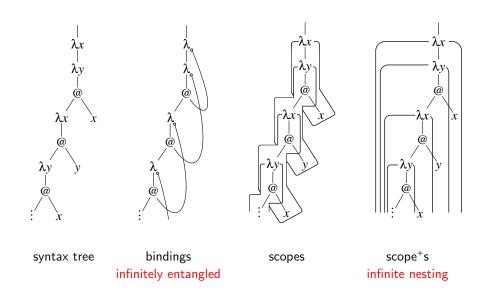
syntax tree

bindings



syntax tree bindings infinitely entangled





Concepts and results

We introduce:

- lacktriangleright generalizations to $oldsymbol{\lambda}^{\infty}$ -terms of first-order concept of regularity
 - strong regularity
 - regularity
- proof systems for regularity and strong regularity

use:

lacktriangle binding–capturing chains for λ^∞ -terms [Melliés, van Oostrom]

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We introduce:

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use:

ightharpoonup binding–capturing chains for λ^{∞} -terms [Melliés, van Oostrom]

and show:

Results

- $oldsymbol{\lambda}_{\mu}$ -expressibility = strong regularity
- strong regularity =
 regularity + a binding-capturing chains property

 $()\lambda x.\lambda y.xxy$

$$()\lambda x.\lambda y.x x y \to_{\lambda} (\lambda x)\lambda y.x x y$$

$$(\lambda x_1 \dots x_n) \lambda x_{n+1} \cdot T_0 \rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda x_1 \dots x_{n+1}) T_0$$

$$()\lambda x.\lambda y.x x y \to_{\lambda} (\lambda x)\lambda y.x x y \to_{\lambda} (\lambda xy)x x y$$

$$(\lambda x_1 \dots x_n) \, \lambda x_{n+1}. \, T_0 \,\, \rightarrow_{\lambda} \,\, (\lambda x_1 \dots x_{n+1}) \, T_0$$

$$()\lambda x.\lambda y.x x y \to_{\lambda} (\lambda x)\lambda y.x x y \to_{\lambda} (\lambda xy)x x y \to_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda xy)x x$$

$$(\lambda x_1 \dots x_n) T_0 T_1 \rightarrow_{\mathfrak{Q}_i} (\lambda x_1 \dots x_n) T_i \qquad (i \in \{0, 1\})$$

$$(\lambda x_1 \dots x_n) \lambda x_{n+1} . T_0 \rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda x_1 \dots x_{n+1}) T_0$$

$$()\lambda x.\lambda y.x x y \rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda x)\lambda y.x x y \rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda xy)x x y \rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda xy)x x \rightarrow_{\mathsf{S}} (\lambda x)x x$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} (\lambda x_1 \ldots x_n) \ T_0 \ T_1 \ \rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_i} \ (\lambda x_1 \ldots x_n) \ T_i & (i \in \{0,1\}) \\ (\lambda x_1 \ldots x_n) \lambda x_{n+1} . \ T_0 \ \rightarrow_{\lambda} \ (\lambda x_1 \ldots x_{n+1}) \ T_0 \\ (\lambda x_1 \ldots x_n x_{n+1}) \ T_0 \ \rightarrow_{\mathbb{S}} \ (\lambda x_1 \ldots x_n) \ T_0 & (\text{if } \lambda x_{n+1} \text{ is vacuous}) \end{array}$$

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 $\rightarrow_{\text{reg}^+}$ -generated subterms of $\lambda x. \lambda y. x. x. y$ w.r.t. rewrite relation $\rightarrow_{\text{reg}^+}$:

$$\begin{array}{lll} (\lambda x_1 \ldots x_n) \ T_0 \ T_1 \ \rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_i} \ (\lambda x_1 \ldots x_n) \ T_i & (i \in \{0,1\}) \\ (\lambda x_1 \ldots x_n) \lambda x_{n+1} . \ T_0 \ \rightarrow_{\lambda} \ (\lambda x_1 \ldots x_{n+1}) \ T_0 \\ (\lambda x_1 \ldots x_n x_{n+1}) \ T_0 \ \rightarrow_{S} \ (\lambda x_1 \ldots x_n) \ T_0 & (\text{if } \lambda x_{n+1} \text{ is vacuous}) \end{array}$$

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formalized as a CRS, e.g. rule:

$$\operatorname{pre}_{n}([x_{1} \dots x_{n}] \operatorname{abs}([x_{n+1}] Z(\vec{x}))) \to \operatorname{pre}_{n+1}([x_{1} \dots x_{n+1}] Z(\vec{x}))$$

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Generated subterms

$$()\lambda x.\lambda y.x x y \rightarrow_{\lambda} \qquad ()\lambda x.\lambda y.x x y \rightarrow_{\lambda} \qquad ()\lambda x.\lambda y.x x y \rightarrow_{\lambda} \qquad ()\lambda x.\lambda y.x x y \rightarrow_{\lambda} \qquad (\lambda x)\lambda y.x x y \rightarrow_{\lambda} \qquad (\lambda xy)x x y \rightarrow_{\theta_{0}} \qquad (\lambda xy)x x y \rightarrow_{\theta_{0}} \qquad (\lambda xy)x x y \rightarrow_{\theta_{0}} \qquad (\lambda xy)x x \rightarrow_{S} \qquad (\lambda xy)x x \rightarrow_{S} \qquad (\lambda xy)x x \rightarrow_{S} \qquad (\lambda x)x x \rightarrow_{\theta_{1}} \qquad (\lambda x)x \qquad$$

 $(\lambda x_1 \dots x_i \dots x_{n+1}) T_0 \rightarrow_{\text{del}} (\lambda x_1 \dots x_{i-1} x_{i+1} \dots x_{n+1}) T_0$ (if λx_i is vacuous)

 \rightarrow_{reg} -generated subterms w.r.t. rewrite relation \rightarrow_{reg} :

Generated subterms

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 \rightarrow_{reg} -generated subterms w.r.t. rewrite relation \rightarrow_{reg} :

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 (if λx_i is vacuous)

Regularity and strong regularity

An infinite first-order term *t* is regular if:

t has only finitely many subterms.

Definition

- **1** A λ^{∞} -term T is strongly regular if:
 - () T has only finitely many \rightarrow_{reg^+} -generated subterms.

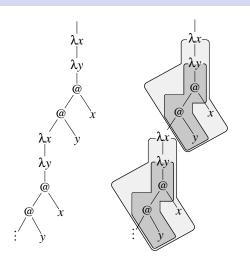
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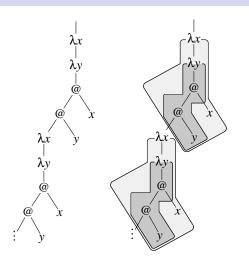
Definition

- **1** A λ^{∞} -term T is strongly regular if:
 - () T has only finitely many \rightarrow_{reg^+} -generated subterms.
- 2 A λ^{∞} -term U is regular if:
 - () U has only finitely many \rightarrow_{reg} -generated subterms.



$$() T = () \lambda xy. Tyx$$

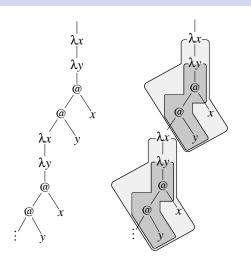
$$T = \lambda xy$$
. $T y x$



$$() T = () \lambda xy. T y x$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda x) \lambda y. T y x$$

 $T = \lambda xy. T y x$

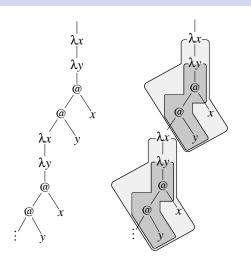


$$() T = () \lambda xy. T y x$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda x) \lambda y. T y x$$

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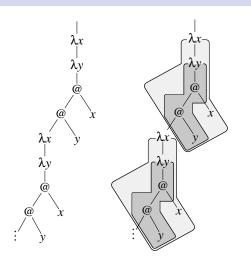
$$() T = () \lambda xy. T y x$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda x) \lambda y. T y x$$

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$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda xy) T y$$

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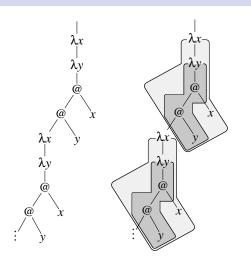
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 $T = \lambda xy. T y x$



$$()T = ()\lambda xy.Tyx$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda x)\lambda y.Tyx$$

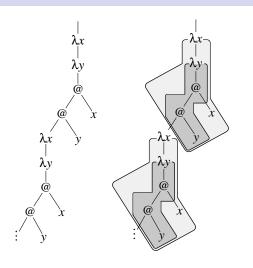
$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda xy)Tyx$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda xy)Ty$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda xy)T$$

$$\rightarrow_{S} (\lambda x)T$$

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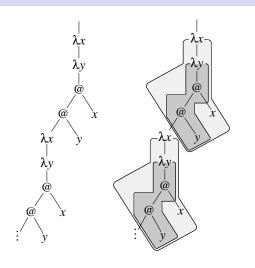
$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda xy)Ty$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda xy)T$$

$$\rightarrow_{S} (\lambda x)T$$

$$\rightarrow_{S} ()T$$

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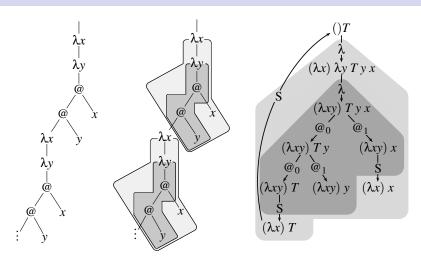
$$\rightarrow_{\varrho_{0}} (\lambda xy)Ty$$

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$$\rightarrow_{S} (\lambda x)T$$

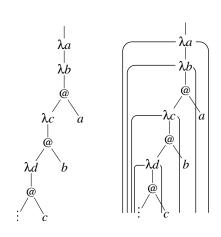
$$\rightarrow_{S} ()T$$
...

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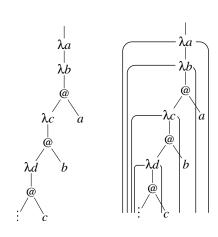
$$T = \lambda xy. T y x$$

finitely many $\rightarrow_{\text{reg}^+}$ -generated subterms $\implies T$ is strongly regular



 $U = ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(...)a$

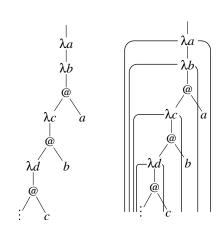
 λ^{∞} -term U



$$U = ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(...) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda a)\lambda b.(\lambda c....) a$$

 λ^{∞} -term U

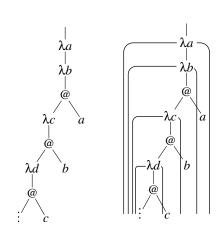


$$U = ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(...) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda a)\lambda b.(\lambda c...) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda ab)(\lambda c.(...) b) a$$

 λ^{∞} -term U



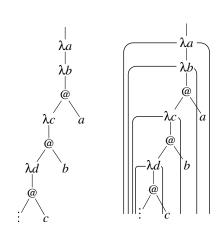
$$U = ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(...) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda a)\lambda b.(\lambda c...) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda ab)(\lambda c.(...) b) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda ab)\lambda c.(\lambda d...) b$$

 λ^{∞} -term U



$$U = ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(...) a$$

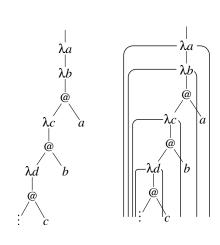
$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda a)\lambda b.(\lambda c....) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda ab)(\lambda c.(...) b) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda ab)\lambda c.(\lambda d....) b$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda abc)(\lambda d.(...) c) b$$

 λ^{∞} -term U



$$U = ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(...) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda a)\lambda b.(\lambda c...) a$$

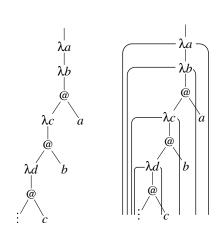
$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda ab)(\lambda c.(...) b) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda ab)\lambda c.(\lambda d...) b$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda abc)(\lambda d.(...) c) b$$

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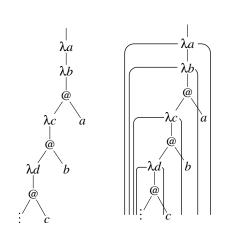
$$\rightarrow_{\varrho_{0}} (\lambda ab)\lambda c.(\lambda d...) b$$

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$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda abcd)(\lambda e.(...) d) c$$

 λ^{∞} -term U



$$U = ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(...) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda a)\lambda b.(\lambda c...) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda ab)(\lambda c.(...) b) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda ab)\lambda c.(\lambda d...) b$$

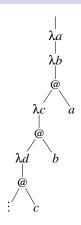
$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda abc)(\lambda d.(...) c) b$$

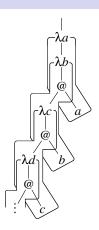
$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda abc)\lambda d.(\lambda e...) c$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda abcd)(\lambda e.(...) d) c$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda abcd)\lambda e.(\lambda f....) d$$
...

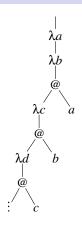
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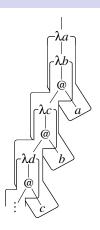




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 λ^{∞} -term U

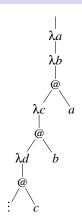


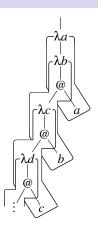


$$U = ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(...) a$$

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 λ^{∞} -term U



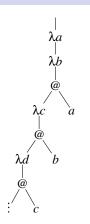


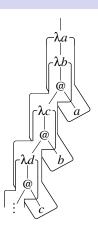
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$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda ab)(\lambda c.(...) b) a$$

 λ^{∞} -term U





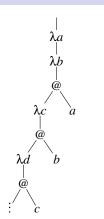
$$U = ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(...) a$$

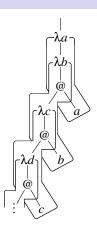
$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda a)\lambda b.(\lambda c...) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda ab)(\lambda c.(...) b) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathbb{Q}_{0}} (\lambda ab)\lambda c.(\lambda d...) b$$

 λ^{∞} -term U





$$U = ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(...) a$$

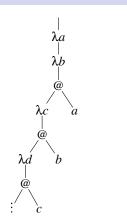
$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda a)\lambda b.(\lambda c...) a$$

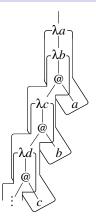
$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda ab)(\lambda c.(...) b) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda ab)\lambda c.(\lambda d...) b$$

$$\rightarrow_{del} (\lambda b)\lambda c.(\lambda d...) b$$

 λ^{∞} -term U





$$U = ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(...) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda a)\lambda b.(\lambda c....) a$$

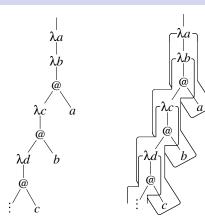
$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda ab)(\lambda c.(...) b) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda ab)\lambda c.(\lambda d....) b$$

$$\rightarrow_{del} (\lambda b)\lambda c.(\lambda d....) b$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda bc)(\lambda d.(...) c) b$$

 λ^{∞} -term U



$$U = ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(...) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda a)\lambda b.(\lambda c....) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda ab)(\lambda c.(...) b) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda ab)\lambda c.(\lambda d....) b$$

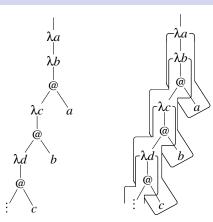
$$\rightarrow_{del} (\lambda b)\lambda c.(\lambda d....) b$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda bc)(\lambda d.(...) c) b$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} (\lambda bc)\lambda d.(\lambda d....) c$$

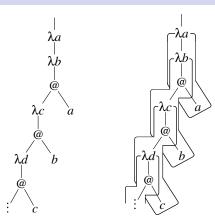
 λ^{∞} -term U

 \rightarrow_{reg} -generated subterms



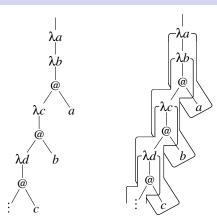
$$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{\textit{U}} &=& \left(\right) \lambda a. \lambda b. \left(\ldots \right) a \\ &\rightarrow_{\lambda} & \left(\lambda a \right) \lambda b. \left(\lambda c. \ldots \right) a \\ &\rightarrow_{\lambda} & \left(\lambda a b \right) \left(\lambda c. \left(\ldots \right) b \right) a \\ &\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} & \left(\lambda a b \right) \lambda c. \left(\lambda d. \ldots \right) b \\ &\rightarrow_{\text{del}} & \left(\lambda b \right) \lambda c. \left(\lambda d. \ldots \right) b \\ &\rightarrow_{\lambda} & \left(\lambda b c \right) \left(\lambda d. \left(\ldots \right) c \right) b \\ &\rightarrow_{\mathfrak{G}_{0}} & \left(\lambda b c \right) \lambda d. \left(\lambda d. \ldots \right) c \\ &\rightarrow_{\text{del}} & \left(\lambda c \right) \lambda d. \left(\lambda e. \ldots \right) d \end{array}$$

 λ^{∞} -term U



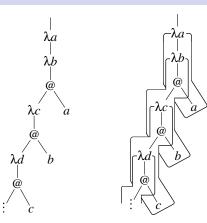
$$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{\textit{U}} & = & ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(\ldots)\,a \\ & \rightarrow_{\lambda} & (\lambda a)\,\lambda b.(\lambda c.\ldots)\,a \\ & \rightarrow_{\lambda} & (\lambda ab)\,(\lambda c.(\ldots)\,b)\,a \\ & \rightarrow_{\mathbb{Q}_{0}} & (\lambda ab)\,\lambda c.(\lambda d.\ldots)\,b \\ & \rightarrow_{\text{del}} & (\lambda b)\,\lambda c.(\lambda d.\ldots)\,b \\ & \rightarrow_{\lambda} & (\lambda bc)\,(\lambda d.(\ldots)\,c)\,b \\ & \rightarrow_{\mathbb{Q}_{0}} & (\lambda bc)\,\lambda d.(\lambda d.\ldots)\,c \\ & \rightarrow_{\text{del}} & (\lambda c)\,\lambda d.(\lambda e.\ldots)\,d \\ & \rightarrow_{\lambda} & (\lambda cd)\,(\lambda e.(\ldots)\,d)\,c \end{array}$$

 λ^{∞} -term U



$$\begin{array}{ll} \boldsymbol{U} &=& ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(\ldots)\,a\\ \\ \rightarrow_{\lambda} & (\lambda a)\,\lambda b.(\lambda c.\ldots)\,a\\ \\ \rightarrow_{\lambda} & (\lambda ab)\,(\lambda c.(\ldots)\,b)\,a\\ \\ \rightarrow_{\mathbb{Q}_{0}} & (\lambda ab)\,\lambda c.(\lambda d.\ldots)\,b\\ \\ \rightarrow_{\text{del}} & (\lambda b)\,\lambda c.(\lambda d.\ldots)\,b\\ \\ \rightarrow_{\lambda} & (\lambda bc)\,(\lambda d.(\ldots)\,c)\,b\\ \\ \rightarrow_{\mathbb{Q}_{0}} & (\lambda bc)\,\lambda d.(\lambda d.\ldots)\,c\\ \\ \rightarrow_{\text{del}} & (\lambda c)\,\lambda d.(\lambda e.\ldots)\,d\\ \\ \rightarrow_{\lambda} & (\lambda cd)\,(\lambda e.(\ldots)\,d)\,c\\ \\ \rightarrow_{\mathbb{Q}_{0}} & (\lambda cd)\,\lambda e.(\lambda f.\ldots)\,d\\ \end{array}$$

 λ^{∞} -term U



$$\lambda^{\infty}$$
-term U

$$U = ()\lambda a.\lambda b.(...) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda a) \lambda b.(\lambda c....) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda ab) (\lambda c.(...) b) a$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathbb{Q}_{0}} (\lambda ab) \lambda c.(\lambda d....) b$$

$$\rightarrow_{del} (\lambda b) \lambda c.(\lambda d....) b$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda bc) (\lambda d.(...) c) b$$

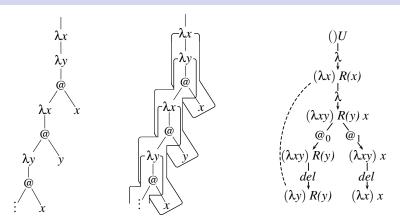
$$\rightarrow_{\mathbb{Q}_{0}} (\lambda bc) \lambda d.(\lambda d....) c$$

$$\rightarrow_{del} (\lambda c) \lambda d.(\lambda e....) d$$

$$\rightarrow_{\lambda} (\lambda cd) (\lambda e.(...) d) c$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathbb{Q}_{0}} (\lambda cd) \lambda e.(\lambda f....) d$$

$$\rightarrow_{del} (\lambda d) \lambda e.(\lambda f....) d$$
...



$$\lambda^{\infty}$$
-term U
 $\{U = \lambda xy.R(y)x, R(z) = \lambda u.R(u)z\}$

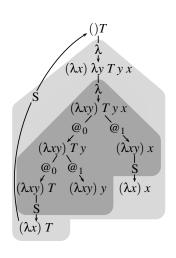
finitely many \rightarrow_{reg} -generated subterms $\longrightarrow T$ is regular

Strongly regular \Rightarrow regular

Proposition

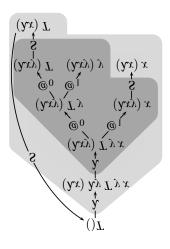
- Every strongly regular λ^{∞} -term is also regular.
- Finite λ -terms are both regular and strongly regular.

$$T = \lambda xy . T x y$$



 $\rightarrow_{\text{reg}^+}$ -reduction graph

$$T = \lambda xy. T x y$$



 $\rightarrow_{\text{reg}^+}$ -reduction graph

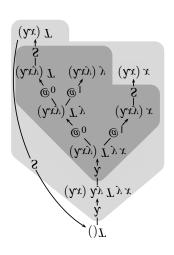
$$T = \lambda xy . T x y$$

$$\frac{\frac{(()T)'}{(\lambda x)T}S}{\frac{(\lambda xy)T}{(\lambda xy)T}S} = \frac{0}{(\lambda xy)y} = \frac{(\lambda x)x}{(\lambda xy)x} = 0$$

$$\frac{\frac{(\lambda xy)Ty}{(\lambda xy)Tyx}}{\frac{(\lambda xy)Tyx}{(\lambda x)\lambda y.Tyx}} \frac{\lambda}{\lambda}$$

$$\frac{\frac{()\lambda xy.Tyx}{()\lambda xy.Tyx}}{()T} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda}$$

proof in Reg₀⁺



 $\rightarrow_{\text{reg}^+}$ -reduction graph

$$T = \lambda xy . T x y$$

$$\frac{\frac{(()T)^{l}}{(\lambda x)T}S}{\frac{(\lambda xy)T}{(\lambda xy)T}S} = \frac{0}{(\lambda xy)y} = \frac{(\lambda x)x}{(\lambda xy)x} = 0$$

$$\frac{\frac{(\lambda xy)Ty}{(\lambda xy)Tyx}}{\frac{(\lambda xy)Tyx}{(\lambda x)\lambda y.Tyx}} = \lambda$$

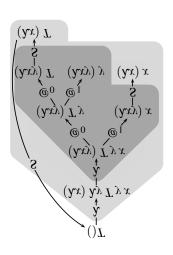
$$\frac{\frac{(\lambda xy)Tyx}{(\lambda x)\lambda y.Tyx}}{\lambda x} = \lambda$$

$$\frac{\frac{(\lambda xy)Tyx}{(\lambda xy)Tyx}}{\lambda x} = \lambda$$

$$\frac{\frac{(\lambda xy)Tyx}{(\lambda xy)Tyx}}{\lambda x} = \lambda$$

$$\frac{(\lambda xy)Tyx}{(\lambda xy)Tyx} = \lambda$$

proof in \mathbf{Reg}_0^+



 $\rightarrow_{\text{reg}^+}$ -reduction graph

$$T = \lambda xy . T x y$$

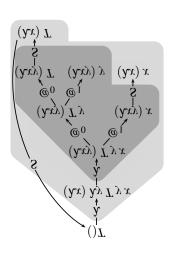
$$\frac{\frac{(()T)^{l}}{(\lambda x)T}S}{\frac{(\lambda xy)T}{(\lambda xy)T}S} = \frac{0}{(\lambda xy)y} = \frac{(\lambda x)x}{(\lambda xy)x} = 0$$

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$$\frac{\frac{(\lambda xy)Tyx}{(\lambda xy)Tyx}}{\frac{(\lambda xy)Tyx}{(\lambda xy)Tyx}} = \lambda$$

$$\frac{\frac{(\lambda xy)Tyx}{(\lambda xy)Tyx}}{\frac{(\lambda xy)Tyx}{(\lambda xy)Tyx}} = \lambda$$

proof in Reg_0^+



 $\rightarrow_{\text{reg}^+}$ -reduction graph

λ_{μ} -expressibility

 μ -unfolding rule

$$\mu f.M(f) \rightarrow M(\mu f.M(f))$$
 $\operatorname{mu}([x]Z(x)) \rightarrow Z(\operatorname{mu}([x]Z(x)))$

is orthogonal CRS with confluent rewrite relation \rightarrow_{μ} .

$$\mu f.\lambda x.\lambda y.f yx \rightarrow_{\mu} \lambda x.\lambda y.(\mu f.\lambda x.\lambda y.f yx)yx$$

. . .

λ_{μ} -expressibility

 μ -unfolding rule

$$\mu f.M(f) \rightarrow M(\mu f.M(f))$$
 $mu([x]Z(x)) \rightarrow Z(mu([x]Z(x)))$

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$$\mu f. \lambda x. \lambda y. f y x \rightarrow_{\mu} \lambda x. \lambda y. (\mu f. \lambda x. \lambda y. f y x) y x \rightarrow_{\mu} \dots$$
$$\dots \rightarrow_{\mu} \lambda xy. (\lambda x$$

$$\mu$$
g.g $\rightarrow_{\mu} \mu$ g.g $\rightarrow_{\mu} \dots$

 μ -unfolding rule

$$\mu f.M(f) \rightarrow M(\mu f.M(f))$$
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$$\mu f. \lambda x. \lambda y. f y x \rightarrow_{\mu} \lambda x. \lambda y. (\mu f. \lambda x. \lambda y. f y x) y x \rightarrow_{\mu} \dots$$
$$\dots \rightarrow_{\mu} \lambda xy. (\lambda x$$

$$\mu g.g \rightarrow_{\mu} \mu g.g \rightarrow_{\mu} \dots$$

Definition

Let M a λ_{μ} -term, T a λ^{∞} -term.

$$M ext{ expresses } T \iff M woheadrightarrow_{\mu} T$$

 μ -unfolding rule

$$\mu f.M(f) \rightarrow M(\mu f.M(f))$$
 $mu([x]Z(x)) \rightarrow Z(mu([x]Z(x)))$

is orthogonal CRS with confluent rewrite relation \rightarrow_{μ} .

$$\mu f.\lambda x.\lambda y.f y x \rightarrow_{\mu} \lambda x.\lambda y.(\mu f.\lambda x.\lambda y.f y x) y x \rightarrow_{\mu} \dots \\ \dots \rightarrow_{\mu} \lambda xy.(\lambda xy.(\lambda xy.(\lambda xy.(\ldots) y x) y x) y x$$

$$\mu g.g \rightarrow_{\mu} \mu g.g \rightarrow_{\mu} \dots$$

Definition

Let M a λ_{μ} -term, T a λ^{∞} -term.

$$M ext{ expresses } T \iff M woheadrightarrow_{\mu} T$$

Proposition

- lacktriangledown the $oldsymbol{\lambda}^{\infty}$ -term $oldsymbol{T}$ expressed by a $oldsymbol{\lambda}_{\mu}$ -term $oldsymbol{M}$ is unique if it exists
- ② outermost strategy for \rightarrow_{μ} is inf. normalizing [Ketema, Simonsen]

Theorem (λ_{μ} -expressibility)

An λ^{∞} -term is λ_{μ} -expressible if and only if it is strongly regular.

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An λ^{∞} -term is λ_{μ} -expressible if and only if it is strongly regular.

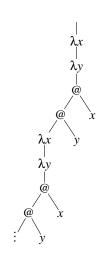
Proof.

By a sequence of, mainly, proof-theoretic transformations.

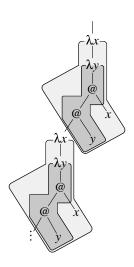
" \Leftarrow " (' λ_{μ} -term-extraction' direction)

For a strongly regular λ^{∞} -term T obtain:

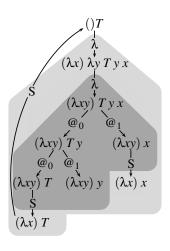
- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4



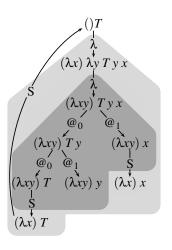
strongly regular λ -term



strongly regular λ -term with scope $^+$ s

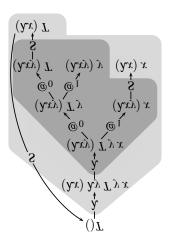


 $\rightarrow_{\text{reg}^+}$ -reduction graph



→_{reg+}-reduction graph

(only vertical sharing: expressible by a μ -term [Blom, 2001])



→_{reg+}-reduction graph

(only vertical sharing: expressible by a μ -term [Blom, 2001])

$$\frac{\frac{(()T)^{l}}{(\lambda x)T}S}{\frac{(\lambda xy)T}{(\lambda xy)T}S} = \frac{0}{(\lambda xy)y} = \frac{0}{0} = \frac{(\lambda x)x}{(\lambda xy)x} = 0$$

$$\frac{\frac{(\lambda xy)Ty}{(\lambda xy)Tyx}}{\frac{(\lambda xy)\lambda y.Tyx}{(\lambda xy.Tyx)}} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda}$$

$$\frac{(\lambda xy.Tyx)}{(\lambda xy.Tyx)} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda}$$

$$\frac{(\lambda xy.Tyx)}{(\lambda xy.Tyx)} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda}$$

$$\frac{(\lambda xy.Tyx)}{(\lambda xy.Tyx)} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda}$$

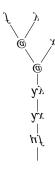
closed derivation in Reg_0^+

$$\frac{\frac{(() c_{l}:T)^{l}}{(\lambda x) c_{l}:T} S}{\frac{(\lambda xy) c_{l}:T}{(\lambda xy) c_{l}:T} S} \frac{0}{(\lambda xy) y:y} \underbrace{0}_{\emptyset} \frac{\frac{(\lambda x) x:x}{(\lambda xy) x:x}}{(\lambda xy) x:x} S}_{(\lambda xy) x:x} \underbrace{\frac{(\lambda xy) c_{l}yx:Tyx}{(\lambda x) \lambda y.c_{l}yx:Tyx}}_{() \lambda xy.c_{l}yx:\lambda xy.Tyx} \frac{\lambda}{() \mu f.\lambda xy.fyx:T} FIX, I$$

$$\lambda_{\mu}\text{-term-annotated derivation in } \mathbf{Expr}$$

 λ_{μ} -term-annotated derivation in **Expr**

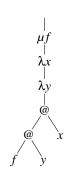
$$\frac{\frac{(() c_{l}:T)^{l}}{(\lambda x) c_{l}:T} S}{\frac{(\lambda xy) c_{l}:T}{(\lambda xy) c_{l}:T} S} \frac{0}{(\lambda xy) y:y} \underbrace{0}_{(0)} \frac{\frac{(\lambda x) x:x}{(\lambda xy) x:x}}{(\lambda xy) x:x} S}_{(0)} \frac{1}{(\lambda xy) x:T} \frac{(\lambda xy) c_{l}y x:Tyx}{(\lambda xx) \lambda y.c_{l}y x:Tyx} \lambda}_{(0)} \frac{(\lambda xy.c_{l}y x:Tyx)}{(\lambda xy.c_{l}y x:\lambda xy.Tyx)} \frac{\lambda}{(\lambda xy.c_{l}y x:\lambda xy.Tyx)}$$



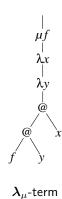
 λ_{μ} -term-annotated derivation in **Expr**

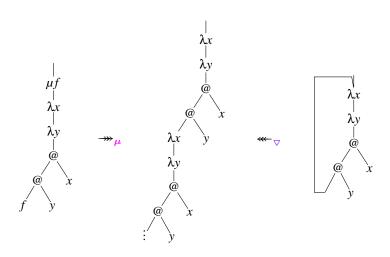
$$\frac{\frac{(() c_{l}:T)^{l}}{(\lambda x) c_{l}:T} S}{\frac{(\lambda xy) c_{l}:T}{(\lambda xy) c_{l}:T} S} = \frac{0}{(\lambda xy) y:y} 0 = \frac{\frac{(\lambda x) x:x}{(\lambda xy) x:x} S}{\frac{(\lambda xy) c_{l}yx:Tyx}{(\lambda xy) x:Tyx} \lambda} \frac{(\lambda xy) c_{l}yx:Tyx}{\frac{(\lambda xy) c_{l}yx:Tyx}{(\lambda xy) c_{l}yx:\lambda xy.Tyx}} \lambda \frac{(\lambda xy) c_{l}yx:\lambda xy.Tyx}{\frac{(\lambda xy) c_{l}yx:\lambda xy.Tyx}{(\lambda xy) c_{l}yx:\lambda xy.Tyx}} K$$

$$\lambda_{u}\text{-term-annotated derivation in Expr}$$



 λ_{μ} -term-annotated derivation in **Expr**





Theorem (λ_{μ} -expressibility)

An λ^{∞} -term is λ_{μ} -expressible if and only if it is strongly regular.

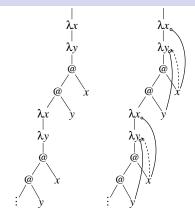
Proof.

```
"\Leftarrow" ('\lambda_{\mu}-term-extraction' direction)
```

For a strongly regular λ^{∞} -term T obtain:

- **1** finite \rightarrow_{reg^+} -reduction graph *G* of *T*
- ② derivation \mathcal{D} of () \mathcal{T} in $\mathbf{Reg_0^+}$ (only vertical sharing \Rightarrow expressible by μ -term [Blom, 2001])
- **1** the expressing λ_{μ} -term M from $\mathcal D$ by annotation
- then $M woheadrightarrow_{\mu} T$ can be shown

Binding-capturing chains



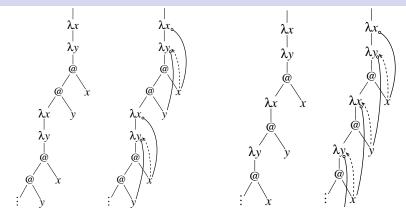
Definition (Melliés, van Oostrom)

For positions p, q, r, s:

 $p \sim q : \iff$ binder at p binds variable occurrence at position q $r \rightarrow s : \iff$ variable occurrence at r is captured by binding at s

Binding-capturing chains: $p_0 \sim p_1 \rightarrow p_2 \sim p_3 \rightarrow p_4 \sim \dots$

Binding-capturing chains



Definition (Melliés, van Oostrom)

For positions p, q, r, s:

 $p \sim q : \iff$ binder at p binds variable occurrence at position q $r \rightarrow s : \iff$ variable occurrence at r is captured by binding at s

Binding-capturing chains: $p_0 \sim p_1 \rightarrow p_2 \sim p_3 \rightarrow p_4 \sim \dots$

Main theorem (extended)

Theorem (binding-capturing chains)

For all regular λ^{∞} -term T:

 ${\it T}$ is strongly regular $\iff {\it T}$ has only finite binding-capturing chains.

Theorem (λ_{μ} -expressibility, extended)

For all λ^{∞} -terms T the following are equivalent:

- (i) T is λ_{μ} -expressible.
- (ii) T is strongly regular.
- (iii) *T* is regular, and it only contains finite binding-capturing chains.

Generalization and perspectives

- lacktriangle generalization to $oldsymbol{\lambda}_{\mathsf{letrec}}$
 - arxiv report Expressibility in the Lambda-Calculus with Letrec
 - same structure of proof
 - more technicalities: unfolding letrec-expressions
 - IWC 2013 talks Friday:
 - Confluent unfolding in λ_{letrec}
 - Confluent Let-floating
- practical relevance
 - recognize limits of optimization transformations
 - test efficiently for unfolding equivalence
 - lacktriangleright implement maximal sharing for $oldsymbol{\lambda}_{\mathsf{letrec}}$ -terms
- expressing regular λ^{∞} -terms
 - by higher-order rewrite rules
 - Chomsky hierarchy of finitely expressible λ^{∞} -terms?