Modeling Terms by Graphs with Structure Constraints

(Two Illustrations)

Clemens Grabmayer

Department of Computer Science Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam The Netherlands

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Overview

- timeline of my career
- research
 - Milner's problems for star expressions
 - maximal sharing for functional programs
- teaching
 - master course Models of Computation
 - first-year course Logic and Sets
- management
- plans and collaborations
 - ullet the λ -calculus with generalized letrec
 - with group, department, other departments

Maximal sharing

Process interpretation of regular expressions

- Milner's questions for star expressions
 - results and partial answers
- Modeling expressible process graphs
 - examples

Language interpretation $\llbracket \cdot rbracket_L$

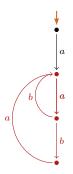
```
0 \quad \stackrel{[\![\cdot]\!]_L}{\longmapsto} \quad \text{empty set } \varnothing
            \mathbf{1} \quad \overset{[\![\cdot]\!]_P}{\longmapsto} \quad \big\{\epsilon\big\} \qquad \big(\epsilon \text{ the empty word}\big)
            a \stackrel{\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P}{\longmapsto} \{a\}
e + f \stackrel{\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_L}{\longmapsto} \text{ union of } \llbracket e \rrbracket_L \text{ and } \llbracket f \rrbracket_L
  e \cdot f \quad \overset{[\![\cdot]\!]_L}{\longmapsto} \quad \text{element-wise concatenation of } [\![e]\!]_L \text{ and } [\![f]\!]_L
        e^* \stackrel{\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_L}{\longmapsto}  set of words over \llbracket e \rrbracket_L
```

process interpretation

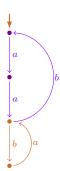
Process interpretation $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$

```
0 \stackrel{\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P}{\longmapsto} \operatorname{deadlock} \delta, no termination
       1 \stackrel{\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P}{\longmapsto} \operatorname{empty process} \epsilon , then terminate
       a \mapsto atomic action a, then terminate
e+f \stackrel{[\![\cdot]\!]_P}{\longmapsto} alternative composition between [\![e]\!]_P and [\![f]\!]_P
 e \cdot f \quad \overset{[\![\cdot]\!]_P}{\longmapsto} \quad \text{sequential composition of } [\![e]\!]_P \text{ and } [\![f]\!]_P
     e^* \stackrel{[\![\cdot]\!]_P}{\longmapsto} unbounded iteration of [\![e]\!]_P, option to terminate
```

Process interpretation of regular expressions

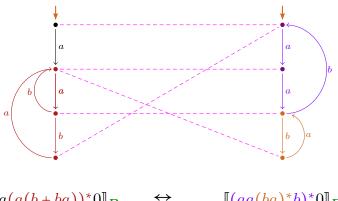


$$[a \cdot (a \cdot (b+b \cdot a))^* \cdot 0]_P$$



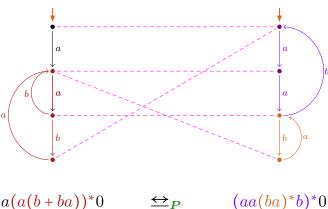
$$[(a \cdot a \cdot (b \cdot a)^* \cdot b)^* \cdot 0]_P$$

Process interpretation of star expressions



$$[a(a(b+ba))^*0]_P \qquad \Longleftrightarrow \qquad [(aa(ba)^*b)^*0]_P$$

Process interpretation of star expressions

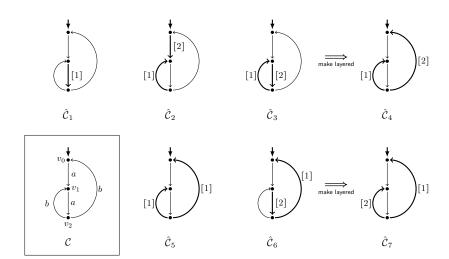


$$a(a(b+ba))*0$$

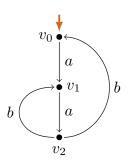
$$\leftrightarrow_P$$

$$(aa(ba)*b)*0$$

7 LEE-witnesses



Layered LEE-witness



loop-branch labeling: marking transitions $\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow}$ as

- entry steps $\xrightarrow{\langle a,[n]\rangle}$
- branch steps $\xrightarrow{\langle a, br \rangle}$

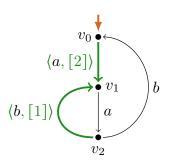
Definition

A loop-branch labeling is a layered LEE-witness, if:

- no infinite →_{br} paths from start vertex,
- ▶ $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} \ \forall v \in V(\mathcal{L}(v, \rightarrow_{[n]}, \rightarrow_{\mathsf{br}}) \text{ is loop chart }).$

$$\mathcal{L}(v, \rightarrow_{[n]}, \rightarrow_{\mathsf{br}}) \coloneqq \mathsf{subchart} \; \mathsf{induced}$$
 by entry steps $\rightarrow_{[n]} \; \mathsf{from} \; v$ followed by branch steps $\rightarrow_{\mathsf{br}}$.

Layered LEE-witness



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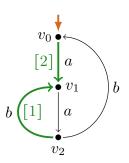
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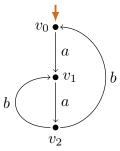
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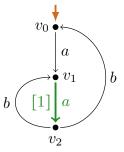
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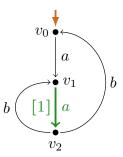
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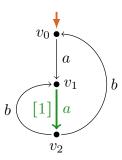
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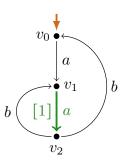
$$s(v_0) = 0^* \cdot a \cdot s(v_1)$$





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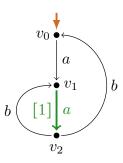
$$s(v_2) = \left(a \cdot t(v_2, v_1)\right)^* \cdot 0$$



$$s(v_0) = 0^* \cdot a \cdot s(v_1)$$

 $s(v_2) = \left(a \cdot t(v_2, v_1)\right)^* \cdot 0$

$$t(v_2, v_1) = 0^* \cdot (b \cdot t(v_1, v_1) + b \cdot t(v_0, v_1))$$



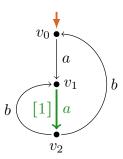
layered LEE-witness

$$s(v_0) = 0^* \cdot a \cdot s(v_1)$$

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$$t(v_2, v_1) = 0^* \cdot (b \cdot t(v_1, v_1) + b \cdot t(v_0, v_1))$$

$$t(v_1, v_1) = 1$$



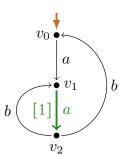
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 $t(v_0, v_1) = 0^* \cdot a \cdot t(v_1, v_1)$



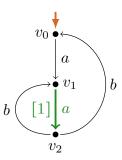
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$$t(v_1, v_1) = 1$$

 $t(v_0, v_1) = 0^* \cdot a \cdot t(v_1, v_1)$
 $= 0^* \cdot a \cdot 1$



$$s(v_0) = 0^* \cdot a \cdot s(v_1)$$

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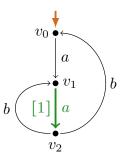
$$t(v_2, v_1) = 0^* \cdot (b \cdot t(v_1, v_1) + b \cdot t(v_0, v_1))$$

$$t(v_1, v_1) = 1$$

$$t(v_0, v_1) = 0^* \cdot a \cdot t(v_1, v_1)$$

$$= 0^* \cdot a \cdot 1$$

$$=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} a$$



$$s(v_0) = 0^* \cdot a \cdot s(v_1)$$

$$s(v_2) = \left(a \cdot t(v_2, v_1)\right)^* \cdot 0$$

$$t(v_2, v_1) = 0^* \cdot (b \cdot t(v_1, v_1) + b \cdot t(v_0, v_1))$$

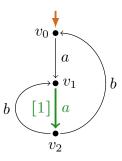
= Mil⁻ 0* \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot a)

$$t(v_1, v_1) = 1$$

$$t(v_0, v_1) = 0^* \cdot a \cdot t(v_1, v_1)$$

$$= 0^* \cdot a \cdot 1$$

$$=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} a$$



layered LEE-witness

$$s(v_2) = (a \cdot t(v_2, v_1))^* \cdot 0$$

$$t(v_2, v_1) = 0^* \cdot (b \cdot t(v_1, v_1) + b \cdot t(v_0, v_1))$$

$$=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} 0^* \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot a)$$

$$=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} b + b \cdot a$$

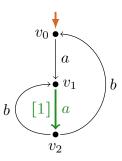
$$t(v_1, v_1) = 1$$

$$t(v_0, v_1) = 0^* \cdot a \cdot t(v_1, v_1)$$

 $s(v_0) = 0^* \cdot a \cdot s(v_1)$

 $= 0^* \cdot a \cdot 1$

 $=_{Mil}-a$



$$s(v_0) = 0^* \cdot a \cdot s(v_1)$$

$$s(v_{2}) = (a \cdot t(v_{2}, v_{1}))^{*} \cdot 0$$

$$=_{\mathsf{Mil}^{-}} (a \cdot (b + b \cdot a))^{*} \cdot 0$$

$$t(v_{2}, v_{1}) = 0^{*} \cdot (b \cdot t(v_{1}, v_{1}) + b \cdot t(v_{0}, v_{1}))$$

$$=_{\mathsf{Mil}^{-}} 0^{*} \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot a)$$

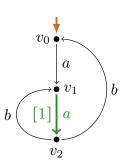
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$$t(v_{1}, v_{1}) = 1$$

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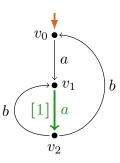
$$= 0^{*} \cdot a \cdot 1$$

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layered LEE-witness

$$\begin{split} s(v_0) &= & 0^* \cdot a \cdot s(v_1) \\ &=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} a \cdot s(v_1) \\ \\ s(v_2) &= & \left(a \cdot t(v_2, v_1)\right)^* \cdot 0 \\ &=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} \left(a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)\right)^* \cdot 0 \\ \\ t(v_2, v_1) &= & 0^* \cdot \left(b \cdot t(v_1, v_1) + b \cdot t(v_0, v_1)\right) \\ &=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} 0^* \cdot \left(b \cdot 1 + b \cdot a\right) \\ &=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} b + b \cdot a \\ t(v_1, v_1) &= & 1 \\ t(v_0, v_1) &= & 0^* \cdot a \cdot t(v_1, v_1) \\ &= & 0^* \cdot a \cdot 1 \\ &=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} a \end{split}$$



$$\begin{split} s(v_0) &= & 0^* \cdot a \cdot s(v_1) \\ &=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} a \cdot s(v_1) \\ &=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} a \cdot \left(a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)\right)^* \cdot 0 \\ s(v_2) &= & \left(a \cdot t(v_2, v_1)\right)^* \cdot 0 \\ &=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} \left(a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)\right)^* \cdot 0 \\ t(v_2, v_1) &= & 0^* \cdot \left(b \cdot t(v_1, v_1) + b \cdot t(v_0, v_1)\right) \\ &=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} 0^* \cdot \left(b \cdot 1 + b \cdot a\right) \\ &=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} b + b \cdot a \\ t(v_1, v_1) &= & 1 \\ t(v_0, v_1) &= & 0^* \cdot a \cdot t(v_1, v_1) \\ &= & 0^* \cdot a \cdot 1 \\ &=_{\mathsf{Mil}^-} a \end{split}$$