

Closing the Image of the Process Interpretation of 1-Free Regular Expressions Under Bisim. Collapse

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L'Aquila, Italy

TERMGRAPH 2024

Luxembourg

April 7, 2024

Regular Expressions

Definition (~ *Copi-Elgot-Wright, 1958*)

Regular expressions over alphabet A with unary Kleene star:

$e, e_1, e_2 ::= 0 \mid a \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid e_1 \cdot e_2 \mid e^* \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$

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Definition

1-free regular expressions over alphabet A with binary Kleene star:

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Under-Star-/1-Free regular expressions

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The set $RExp^{(+)}(A)$ of 1-free regular expressions over A is defined by:

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Process interpretation $P(\cdot)$ of regular expressions (Milner, 1984)

$0 \xrightarrow{P}$ deadlock δ , no termination

$1 \xrightarrow{P}$ empty-step process ϵ , then terminate

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$e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{P}$ (*choice*) execute $P(e_1)$ or $P(e_2)$

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$e^* \xrightarrow{P}$ (*iteration*) repeat (terminate or execute $P(e)$)

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$e_1^{\otimes} e_2 \xrightarrow{P}$ (*iteration-exit*) repeat (terminate or execute $P(e_1)$),
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Process semantics $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ of regular expressions *(Milner, 1984)*

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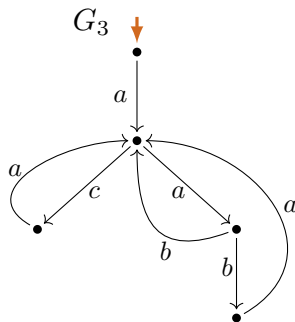
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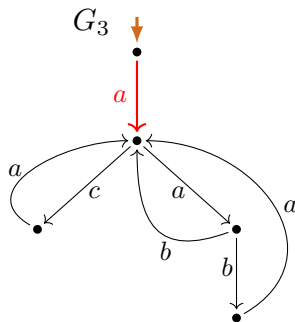
$\llbracket e \rrbracket_P := \llbracket P(e) \rrbracket_{\leftrightarrow}$ (*bisimilarity* equivalence class of process $P(e)$)

P -expressibility and $[[\cdot]]_P$ -expressibility (examples)



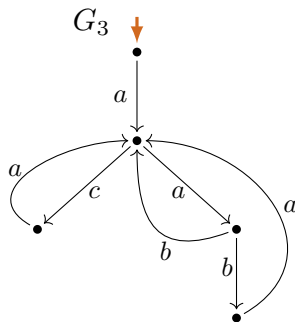
$$P\left(\overbrace{(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)))^*}^f \cdot 0 \right)$$

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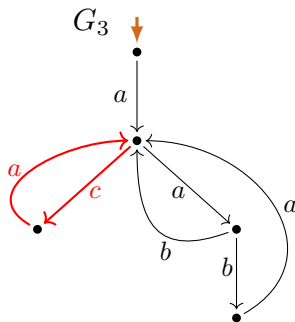
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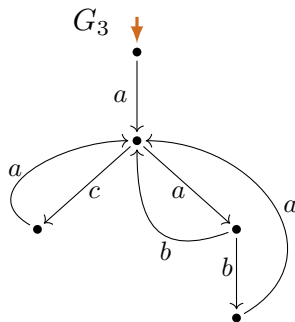
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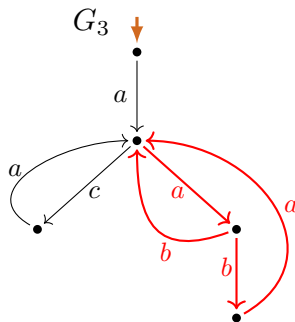
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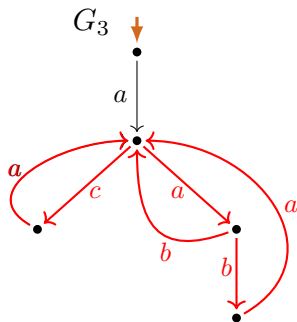
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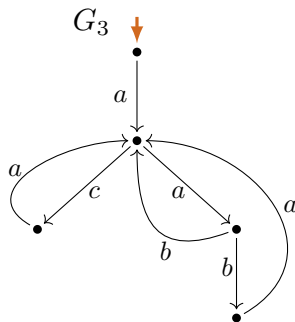
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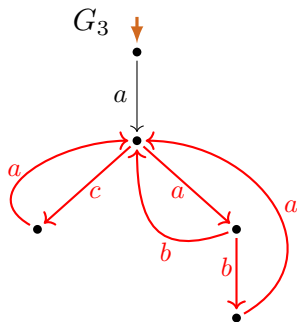
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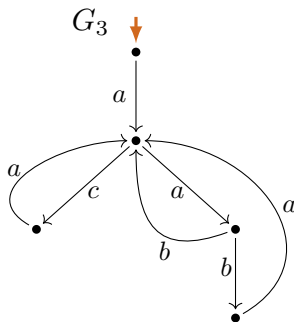
$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overbrace{\hspace{10em}}^f \\
 P\left((a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a))^*) \cdot 0 \right) \\
 P\left(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a))^{\otimes} 0 \right)
 \end{array}$$

P -expressibility and $[[\cdot]]_P$ -expressibility (examples)



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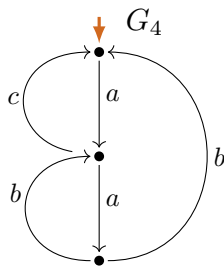
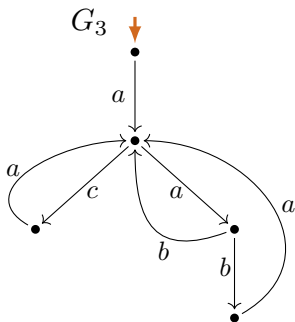


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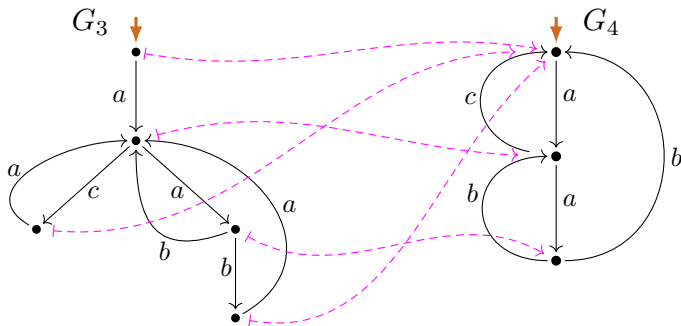


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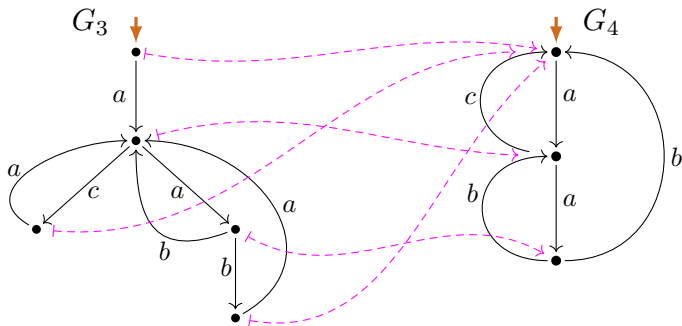
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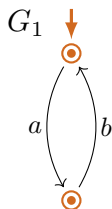


$$\begin{array}{l}
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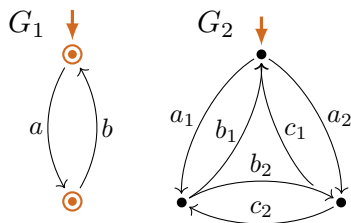
P -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)



not P -expressible

not $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible

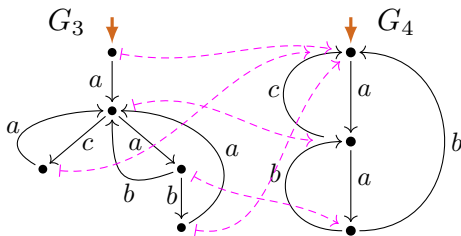
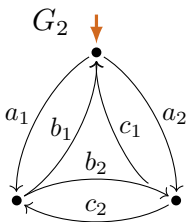
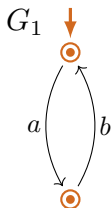
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P -expressibility and $[[\cdot]]_P$ -expressibility (examples)



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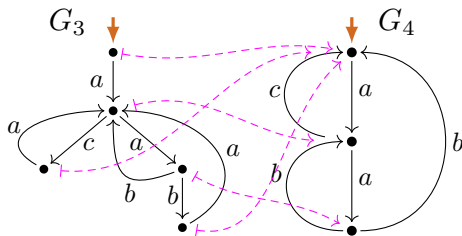
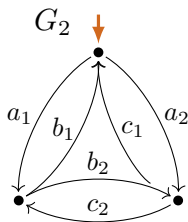
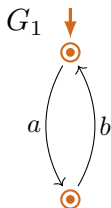
not $[[\cdot]]_P$ -expressible

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P -expressibility and $[[\cdot]]_P$ -expressibility (examples)



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P -expressible

$[[\cdot]]_P$ -expressible

?

$[[\cdot]]_P$ -expressible

Process interpretation \mathcal{P} (formal definition)

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T})

$$\frac{}{a \xrightarrow{a} 1} \quad \frac{e_i \xrightarrow{a} e'_i}{e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_i} \quad (i \in \{1, 2\})$$

Process interpretation P (formal definition)

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Definition

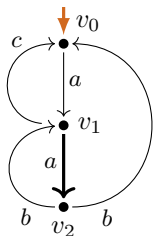
The **process (graph) interpretation** $P(e)$ of a regular expression e :

$P(e) :=$ **labeled transition graph** generated by e by derivations in \mathcal{T} .

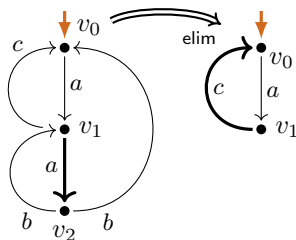
Overview

- ▶ 1-free regular expressions (with unary/binary star)
- ▶ process interpretation/semantics of regular expressions
 - ▶ expressible/not expressible process graphs
- ▶ loop existence and elimination property (LEE) (G/Fokkink, 2020)
 - ▶ interpretation/extraction correspondences with 1-free reg. expr's
 - ▶ LEE is preserved under bisimulation collapse
- ▶ Q: Image of process interpretation of 1-free regular expressions closed under bisimulation collapse?
 - ▶ A1: No. — But ...
- ▶ compact process interpretation
- ▶ refined expression extraction
 - ▶ A2: compact process interpretation is image-closed under collapse
- ▶ outlook: consequences

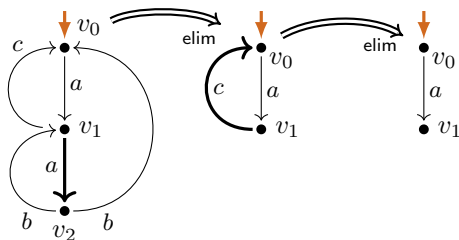
Loop existence and elimination



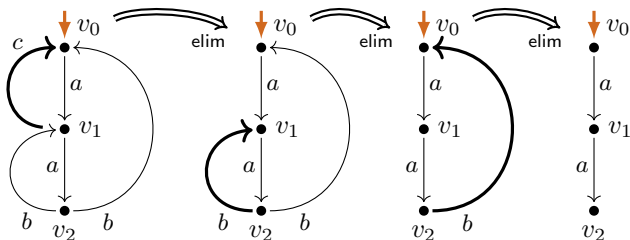
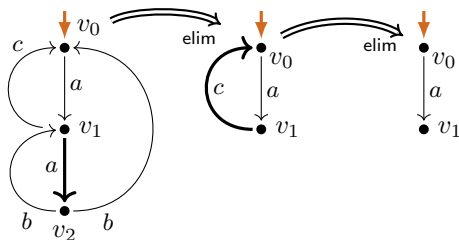
Loop existence and elimination



Loop existence and elimination



Loop existence and elimination



LEE

Definition

A chart \mathcal{C} satisfies **LEE** (*loop existence and elimination*) if:

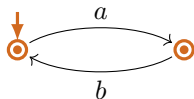
$$\exists \mathcal{C}_0 \left(\mathcal{C} \xrightarrow[\text{elim}]{*} \mathcal{C}_0 \not\rightarrow_{\text{elim}} \right. \\ \left. \wedge \mathcal{C}_0 \text{ permits no infinite path} \right).$$

LEE

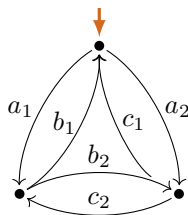
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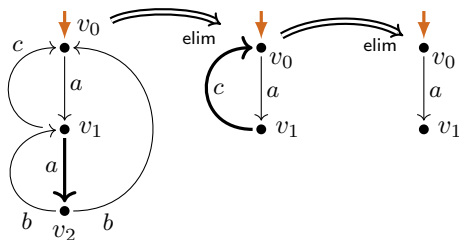


LEE

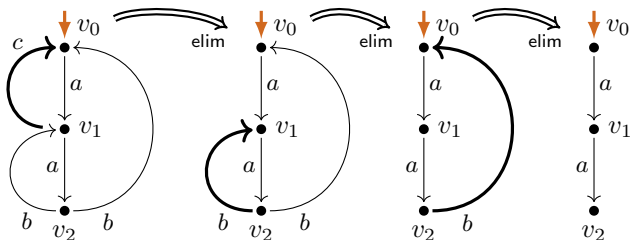
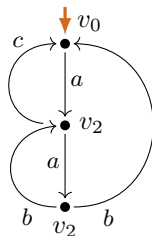


LEE

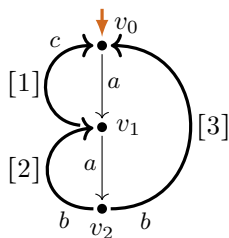
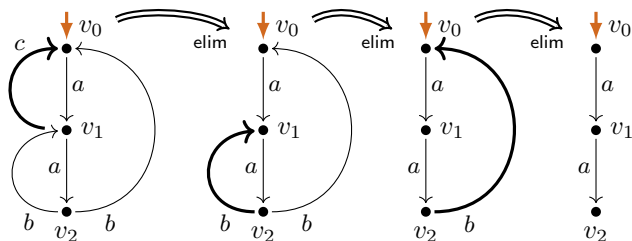
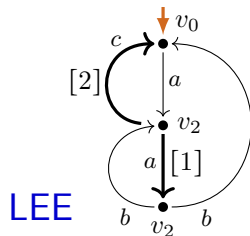
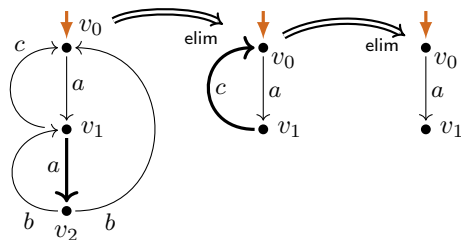
LEE



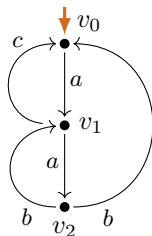
LEE



LEE

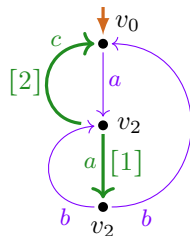


LEE witness and LEE-charts

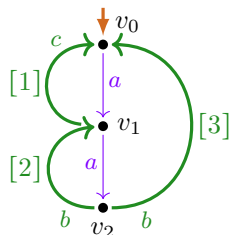


LEE-chart

LEE-witness



LEE-witness



Properties of LEE-charts

Theorem (\Leftarrow G/Fokkink, 2020)

A process graph G

is $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible by an under-star-1-free regular expression
(i.e. P -expressible modulo bisimilarity by a 1-free reg. expr.)

if and only if

the bisimulation collapse of G satisfies LEE.

Properties of LEE-charts

Theorem (\Leftarrow G/Fokkink, 2020)

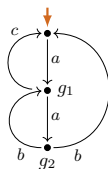
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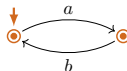
if and only if

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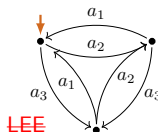
Hence $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible | **not** $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible by 1-free regular expressions:



LEE



LEE



LEE

Interpretation/extraction correspondences with LEE

(\Leftarrow G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021)

$(\text{Int})_P^{(+)}$: *P-expressible graphs have the structural property LEE*

Process **interpretations** $P(e)$ of **1-free** regular expressions e are finite process graphs that satisfy **LEE**.

Interpretation/extraction correspondences with LEE

(\Leftarrow G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021)

(Int) $_{\mathcal{P}}^{(\perp)}$: \mathcal{P} -expressible graphs have the *structural property* LEE

Process **interpretations** $P(e)$ of **1-free** regular expressions e are finite process graphs that satisfy LEE.

(Extr) $_{\mathcal{P}}$: LEE implies $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{\mathcal{P}}$ -expressibility

From every finite process graph G with LEE
a regular expression e can be **extracted**
such that $G \rightleftharpoons P(e)$.

Interpretation/extraction correspondences with LEE

(\Leftarrow G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021)

(Int)_P⁽⁺⁾: *P-expressible graphs have the structural property LEE*

Process **interpretations** $P(e)$ of **1-free** regular expressions e are finite process graphs that satisfy **LEE**.

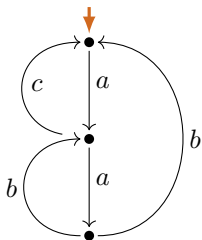
(Extr)_P: **LEE** *implies* $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -*expressibility*

From every finite process graph G with **LEE**
a regular expression e can be **extracted**
such that $G \Leftrightarrow P(e)$.

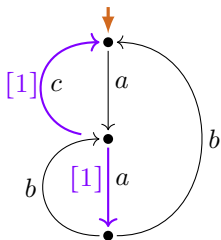
(Coll): **LEE** *is preserved under collapse*

The class of finite process graphs with **LEE**
is **closed under bisimulation collapse**.

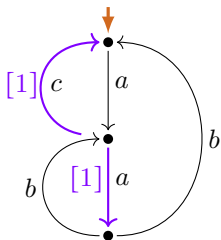
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

 G_4 

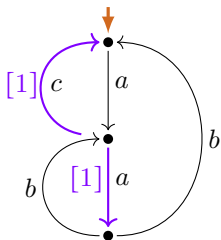
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

 \widehat{G}_4 

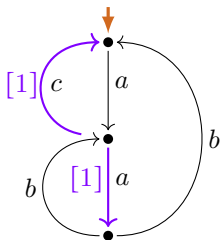
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

 \widehat{G}_4

 $(\quad)^* \cdot 0$

Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

 \widehat{G}_4

 $($
 $\downarrow a$
 $)^* \cdot 0$

Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

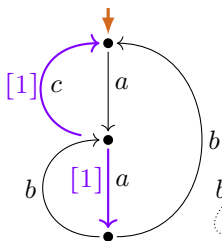
 \widehat{G}_4


$$(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((\quad)^* \cdot 0)$$

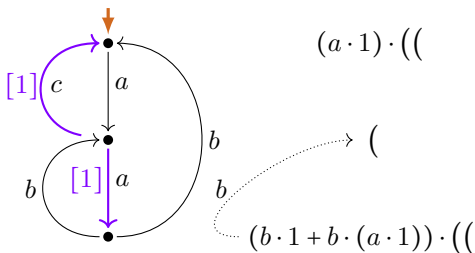
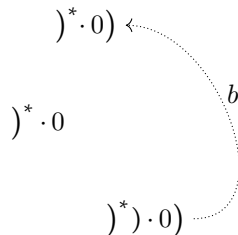
$$(\quad)^* \cdot 0$$

$$\downarrow a$$

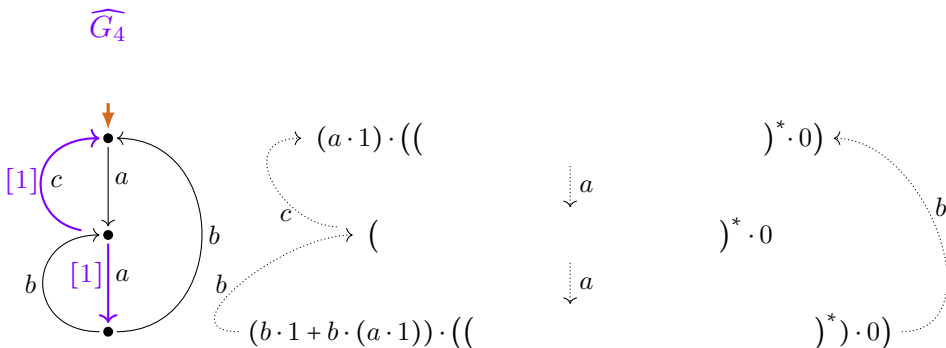
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

 \widehat{G}_4

 $(a \cdot 1) \cdot (($
 $)$
 $\downarrow a$
 $)^* \cdot 0) \leftarrow$
 $)^* \cdot 0$

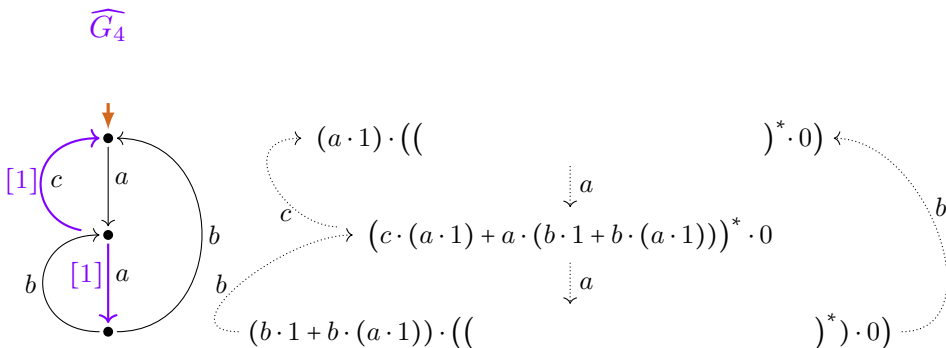
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

 \widehat{G}_4

 $\downarrow a$


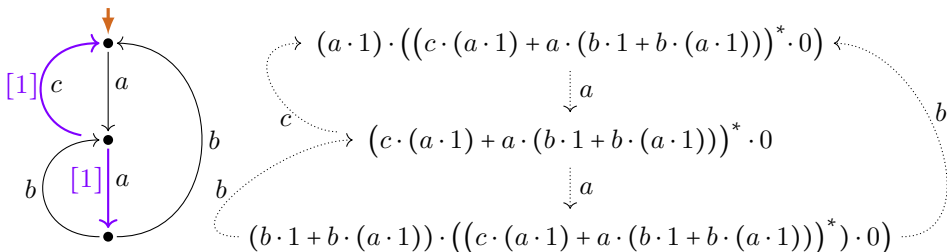
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



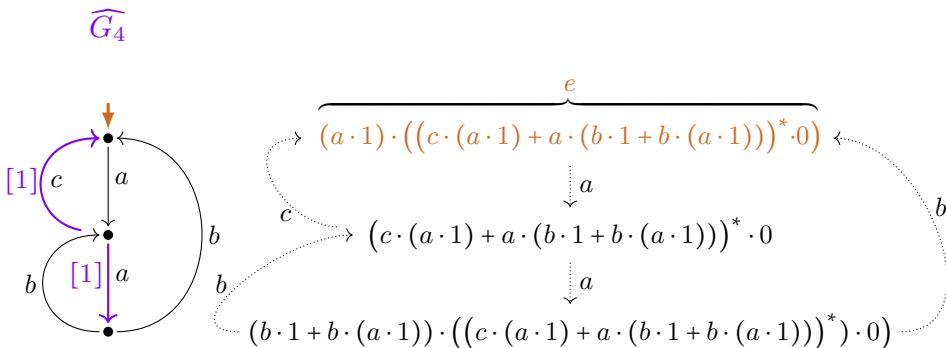
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



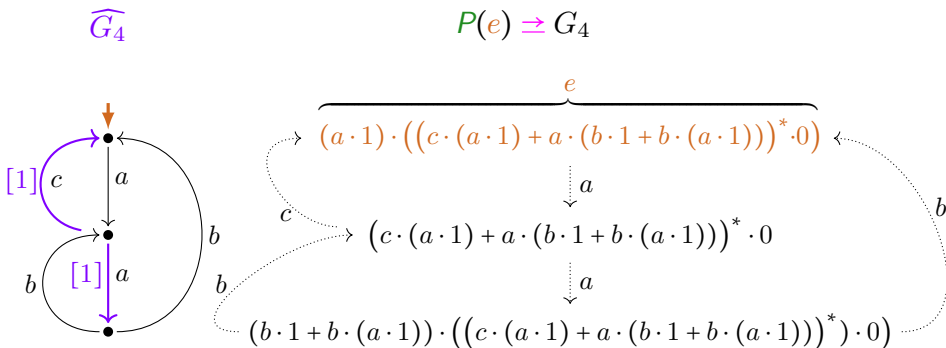
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

 \widehat{G}_4


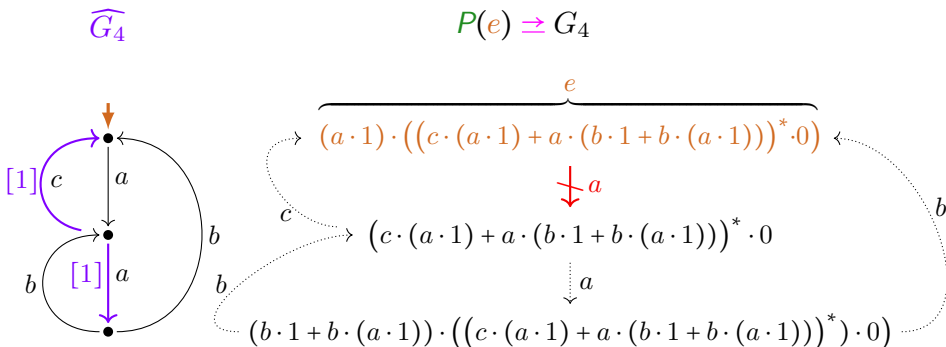
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



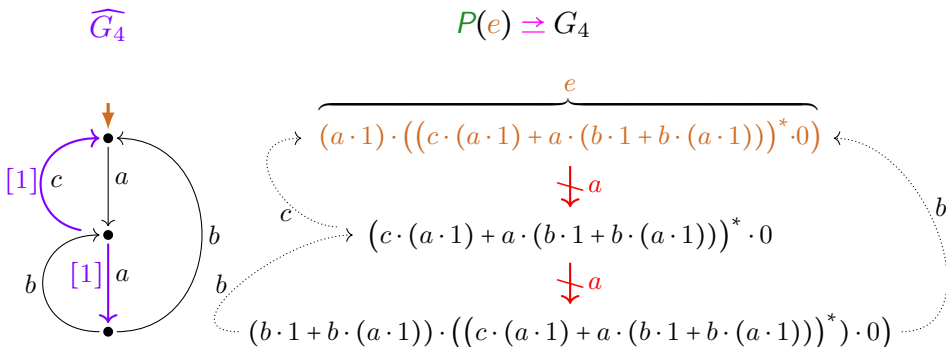
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



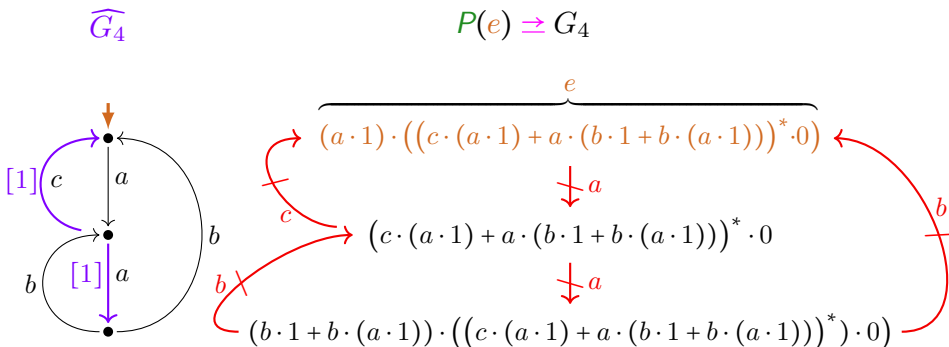
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



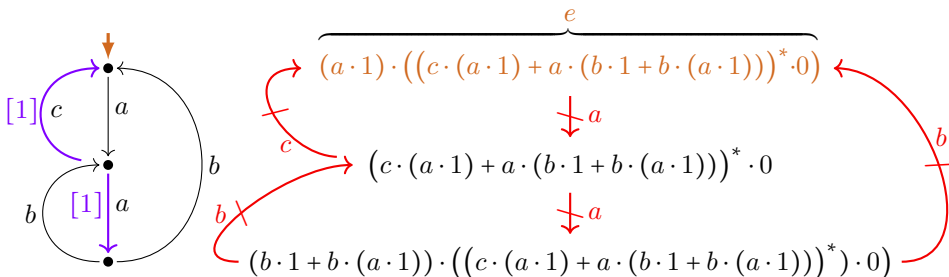
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

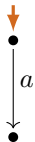
 \widehat{G}_4
 $P(e) \Rightarrow G_4 \not\Rightarrow P(e)$


Interpretation of extracted expression

 G_5 $P(e) = G_5$ 

$$\overbrace{(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)}^e$$

Interpretation of extracted expression

 G_5
 $P(e) = G_5$


$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overbrace{(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)}^e \\
 \downarrow a \\
 (1 \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)
 \end{array}$$

Interpretation of extracted expression

 G_5
 $P(e) = G_5$


$$\overbrace{(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)}^e$$

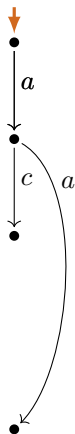
 $\downarrow a$

$$(1 \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$$

 $\downarrow c$

$$((1 \cdot (a \cdot 1)) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1))))^* \cdot 0$$

Interpretation of extracted expression

 G_5
 $P(e) = G_5$


$$\overbrace{(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)}^e$$

 $\downarrow a$

$$(1 \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$$

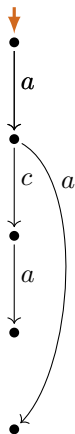
 $\downarrow c$

$$((1 \cdot (a \cdot 1)) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0$$

 a

$$((1 \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1))) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0$$

Interpretation of extracted expression

 G_5
 $P(e) = G_5$


$$\overbrace{(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)}^e$$

 $\downarrow a$

$$(1 \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$$

 $\downarrow c$

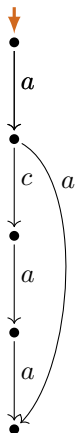
$$((1 \cdot (a \cdot 1)) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$$

 $\downarrow a$

$$((1 \cdot 1) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$$

$$((1 \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1))) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$$

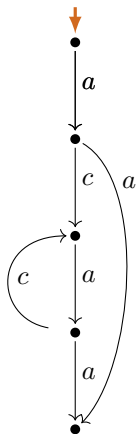
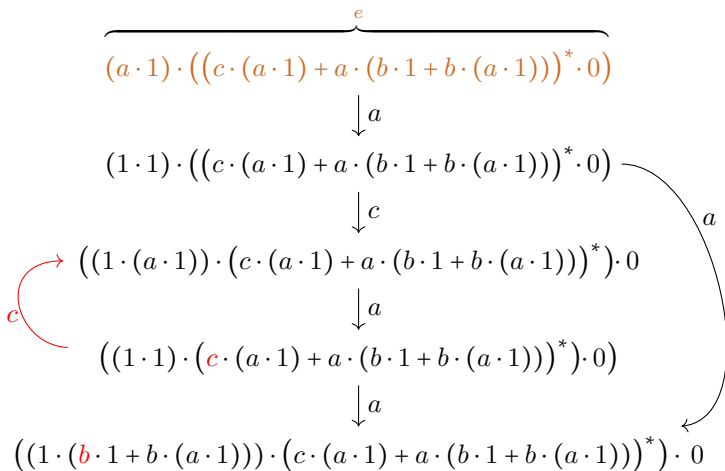
Interpretation of extracted expression

 G_5
 $P(e) = G_5$


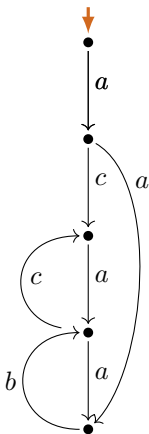
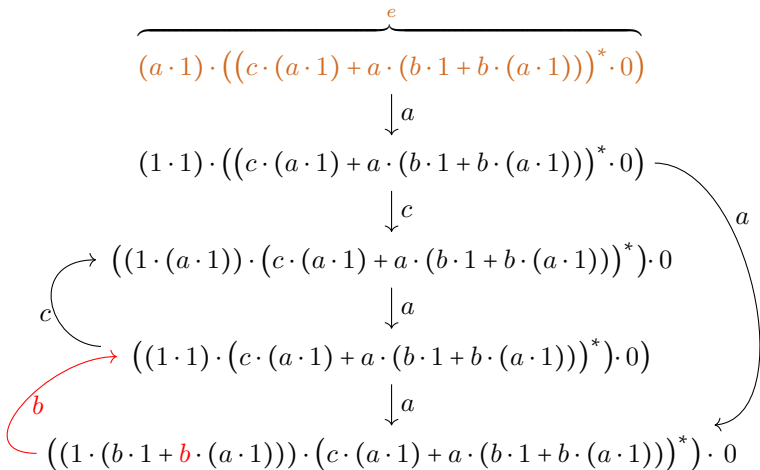
$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overbrace{(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)}^e \\
 \downarrow a \\
 (1 \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0) \\
 \downarrow c \\
 ((1 \cdot (a \cdot 1)) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0) \\
 \downarrow a \\
 ((1 \cdot 1) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0) \\
 \downarrow a \\
 ((1 \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1))) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)
 \end{array}$$

$\swarrow a$

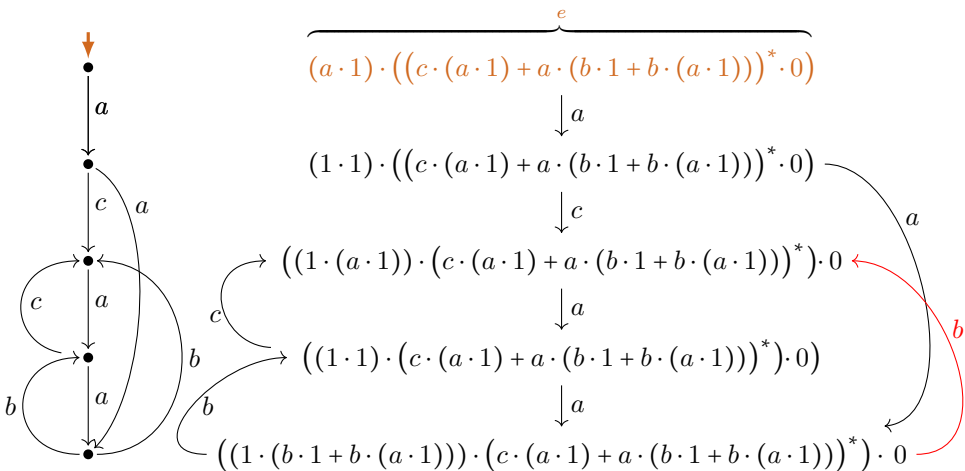
Interpretation of extracted expression

 G_5

 $P(e) = G_5$


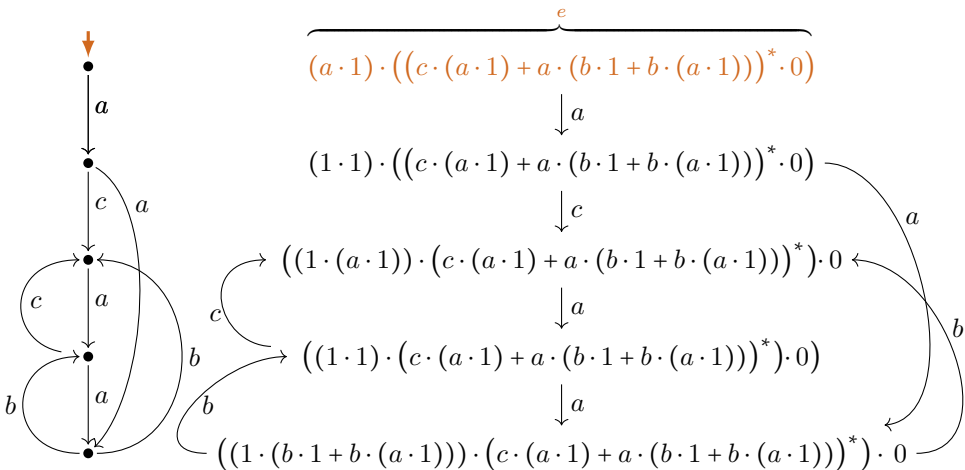
Interpretation of extracted expression

 G_5

 $P(e) = G_5$


Interpretation of extracted expression

 G_5
 $P(e) = G_5$


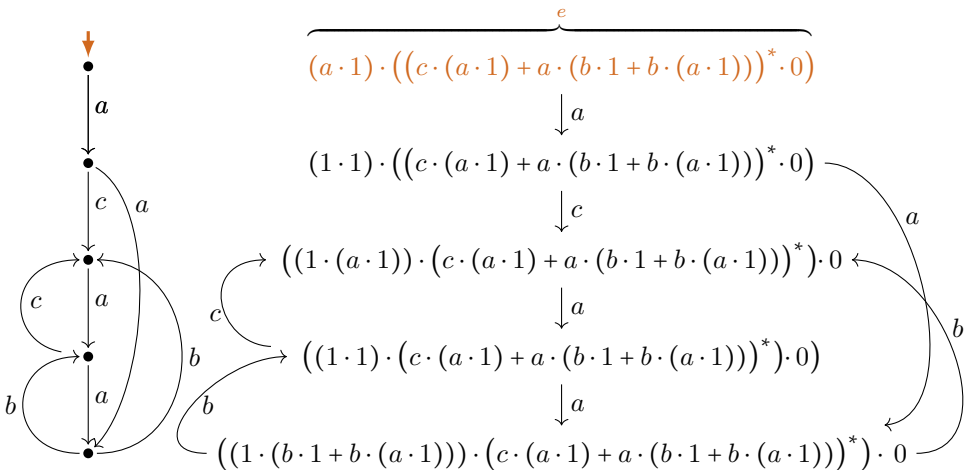
Interpretation of extracted expression

 G_5
 $P(e) = G_5 \xrightarrow{\text{pink}} G_4$


Interpretation of extracted expression

 G_5

$$P(e) = G_5 \xrightarrow{\text{pink}} G_4 \not\equiv G_5$$



Overview

- ▶ 1-free regular expressions (with unary/binary star)
- ▶ process interpretation/semantics of regular expressions
 - ▶ expressible/not expressible process graphs
- ▶ loop existence and elimination property (LEE) (G/Fokkink, 2020)
 - ▶ interpretation/extraction correspondences with 1-free reg. expr's
 - ▶ LEE is preserved under bisimulation collapse
- ▶ Q: Image of process interpretation of 1-free regular expressions closed under bisimulation collapse?
 - ▶ A1: No. — But ...
- ▶ compact process interpretation
- ▶ refined expression extraction
 - ▶ A2: compact process interpretation is image-closed under collapse
- ▶ outlook: consequences

Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

 $P(uf)$

 $P(uf)$

$$uf := a \cdot \overbrace{(a \cdot (a + a \cdot 0))^*}^{uf_a} + b \cdot \overbrace{(b \cdot (b + b \cdot 0))^*}^{uf_b}$$

Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

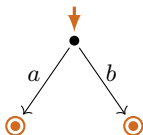
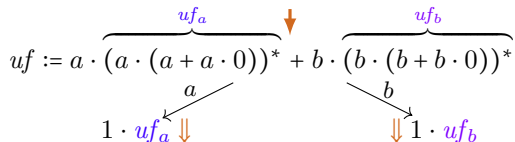
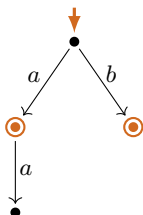
 $P(uf)$

 $P(uf)$


Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

$P(uf)$



$P(uf)$

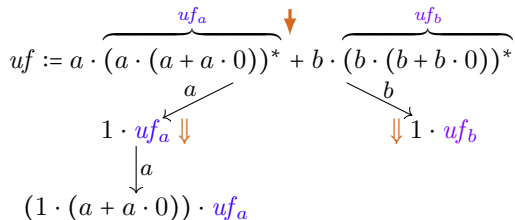


Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

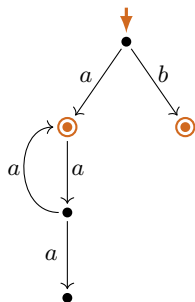
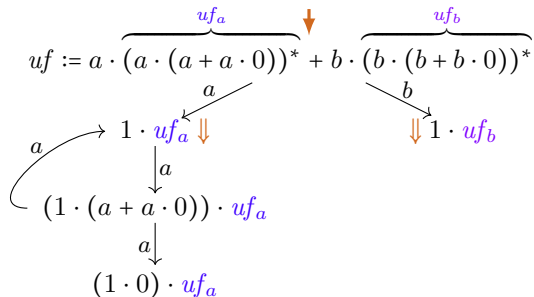
 $P(uf)$

 $P(uf)$


Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

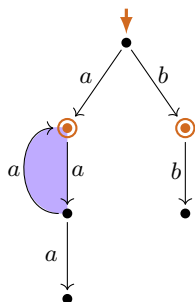
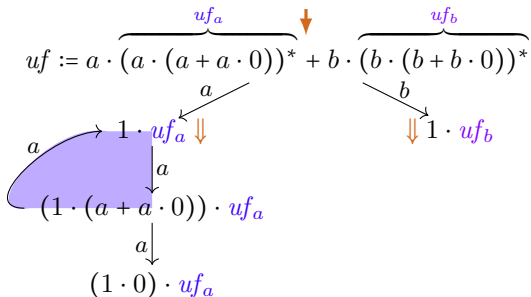
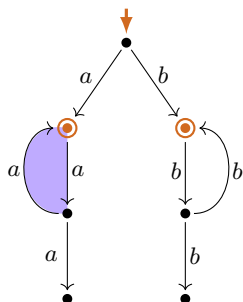
 $P(uf)$

 $P(uf)$


Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

$P(uf)$



$P(uf)$

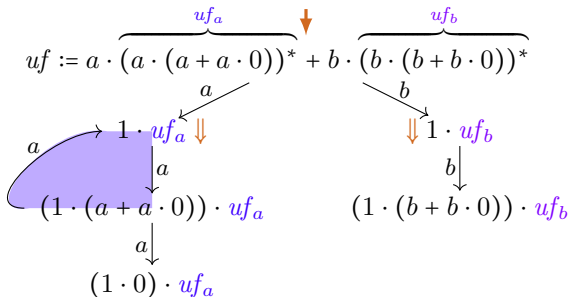
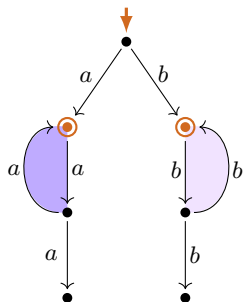


Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

$P(uf)$



$P(uf)$

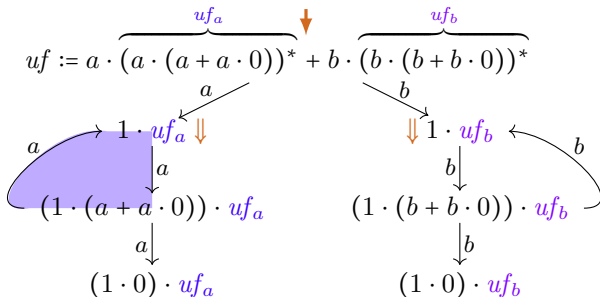
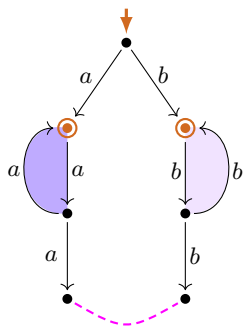
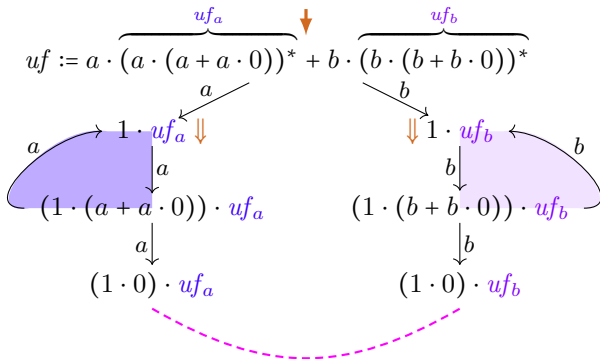


Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

$P(uf)$



$P(uf)$



Compact process interpretation P^\bullet

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T})

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{}{1 \Downarrow} \quad \frac{e_i \Downarrow}{(e_1 + e_2) \Downarrow} \ (i \in \{1, 2\}) \quad \frac{e_1 \Downarrow \quad e_2 \Downarrow}{(e_1 \cdot e_2) \Downarrow} \quad \frac{}{(e^*) \Downarrow} \\
 \\
 \frac{}{a \xrightarrow{a} 1} \quad \frac{e_i \xrightarrow{a} e'_i}{e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_i} \ (i \in \{1, 2\}) \\
 \\
 \frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1 \cdot e_2} \quad \frac{e_1 \Downarrow \quad e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_2}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_2} \quad \frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e' \cdot e^*}
 \end{array}$$

Compact process interpretation P^\bullet

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T})

$$\frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1 \cdot e_2}$$

$$\frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e' \cdot e^*}$$

Compact process interpretation P^\bullet

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T}^\bullet , changed rules w.r.t. \mathcal{T})

$$\frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1 \cdot e_2} \text{ (if } e'_1 \text{ is normed)}$$

$$\frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e' \cdot e^*} \text{ (if } e' \text{ is normed)}$$

Compact process interpretation P^\bullet

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T}^\bullet , changed rules w.r.t. \mathcal{T})

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Lemma (P^\bullet increases sharing; P^\bullet, P have same bisimulation semantics)

- (i) $P(e) \Rightarrow P^\bullet(e)$ for all regular expressions e .
- (ii) (G is $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{P^\bullet}$ -expressible $\iff G$ is $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible) for all graphs G .

Image of P^\bullet under bisimulation collapse ...

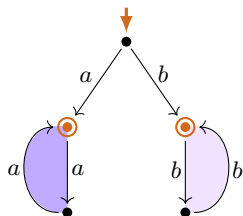
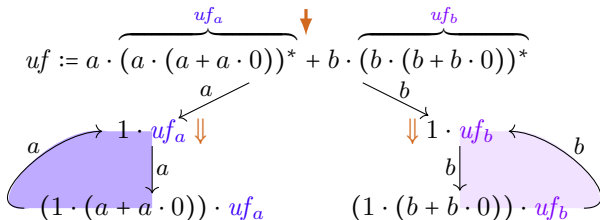
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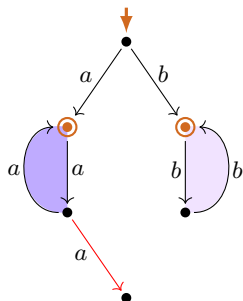
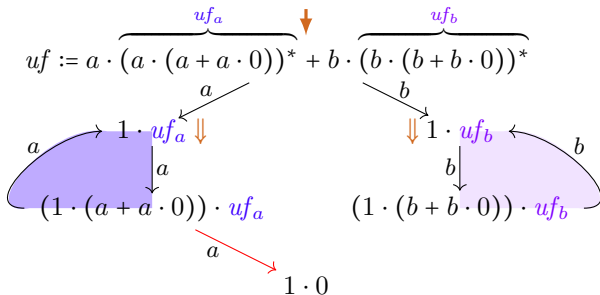
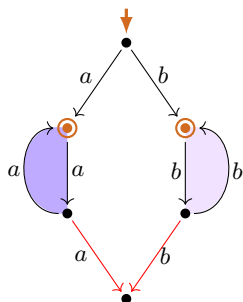
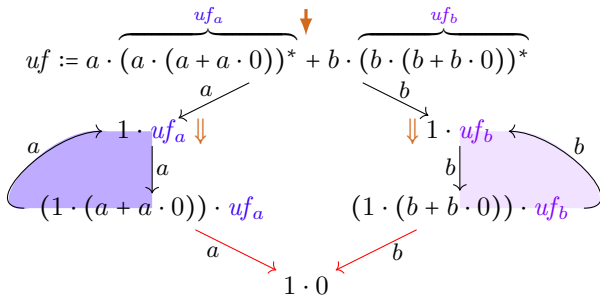
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Interpretation correspondence of P^\bullet with LEE

(Int) $_{P^\bullet}^{(\perp \setminus *)}$: By *under-star-1-free* expressions P^\bullet -expressible graphs satisfy LEE:

Compact process interpretations $P^\bullet(uf)$

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are finite process graphs that satisfy LEE.

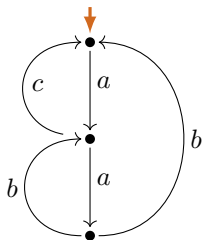
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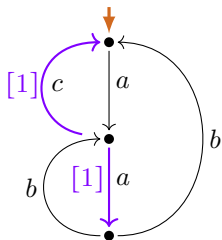
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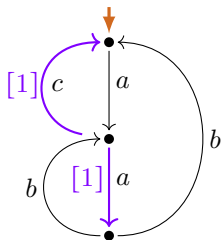
Refined extraction expression (example)

 G_4 

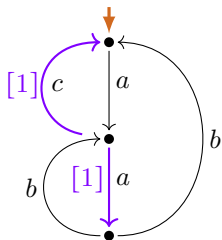
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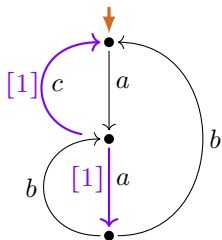
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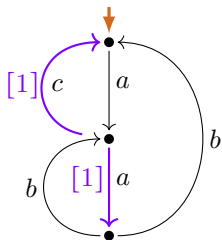
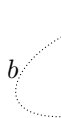
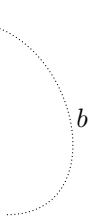
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 $(1 \cdot ($
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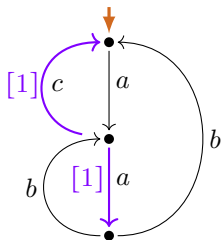
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 $((1 \cdot a) \cdot (\quad)^*) \cdot 0$
 $\begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ a \\ \vee \end{array}$
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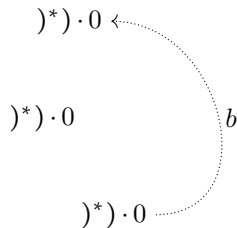
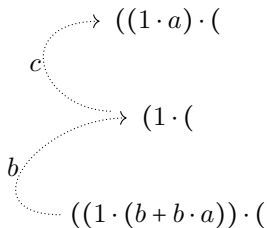
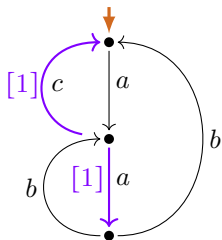
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 $)^*) \cdot 0 \leftarrow$
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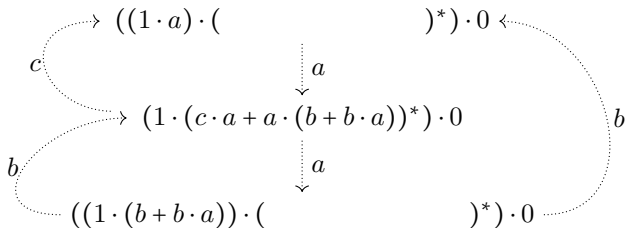
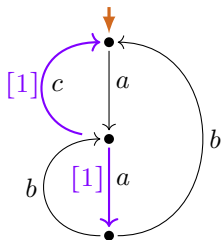
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 $((1 \cdot a) \cdot ($
 $\downarrow a$
 $(1 \cdot ($
 b
 $((1 \cdot (b + b \cdot a)) \cdot ($
 $)^*) \cdot 0 \leftarrow$
 $)^*) \cdot 0$
 b
 $)^*) \cdot 0$

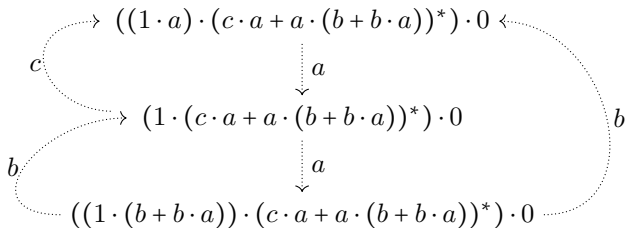
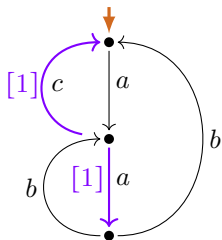
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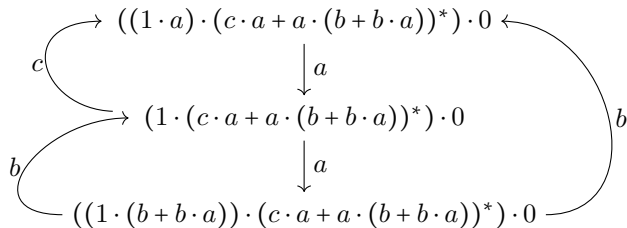
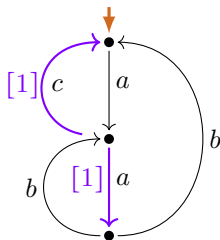
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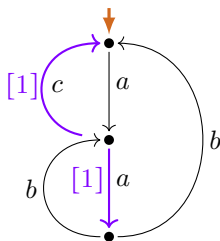
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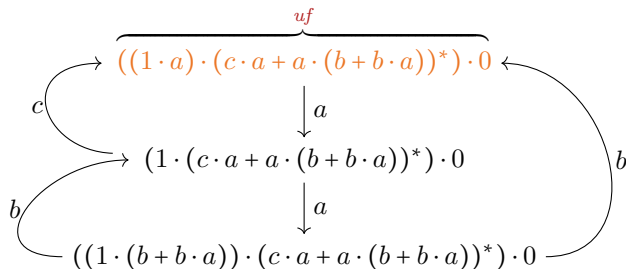
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Interpretation/extraction correspondences of P^\bullet with LEE

(Int) $_{P^\bullet}^{(\pm \setminus *)}$: By *under-star-1-free* expressions P^\bullet -expressible graphs satisfy LEE:

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From every finite process graph G with LEE
 an *under-star-1-free* regular expression uf can be extracted
 such that $G \rightrightarrows P^\bullet(uf)$.

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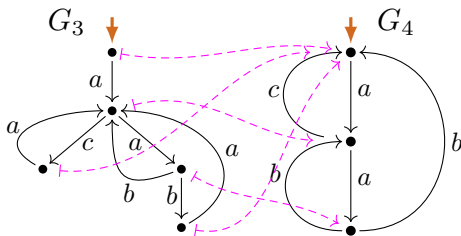
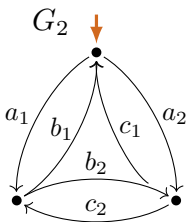
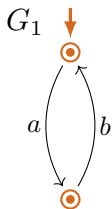
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P_-/P^\bullet -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)



not P -expressible

not $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible

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Summary and outlook

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Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

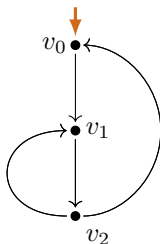
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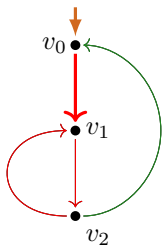


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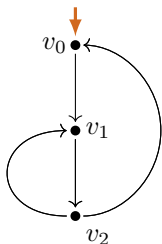
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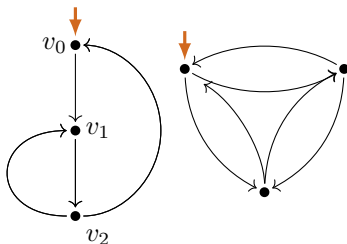
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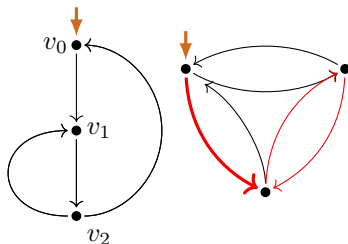
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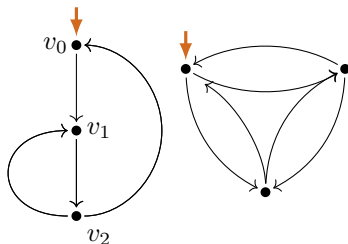
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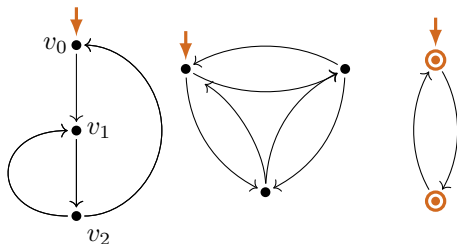
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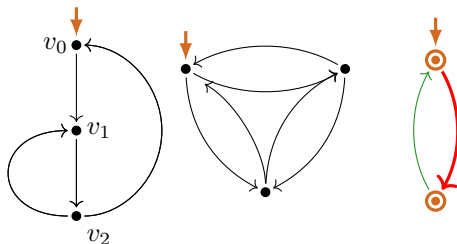
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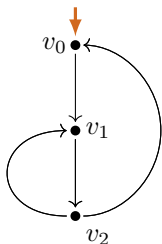
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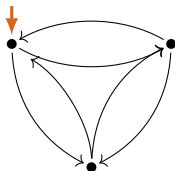
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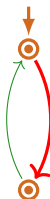
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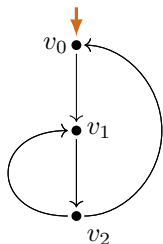


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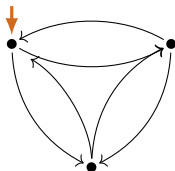
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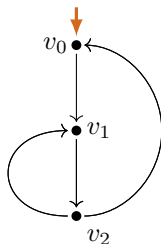


Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

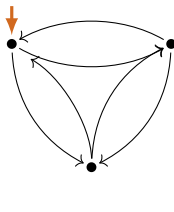
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

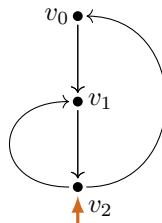
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~

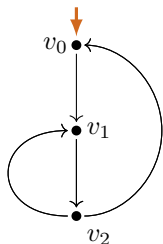


Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

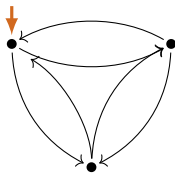
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

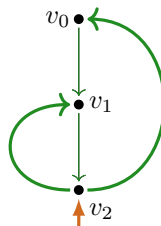
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~

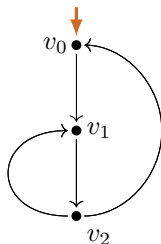


Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

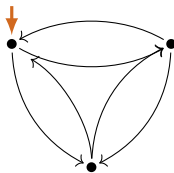
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

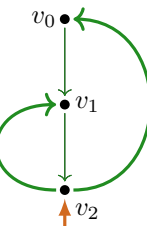
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~



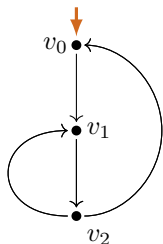
loop chart

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

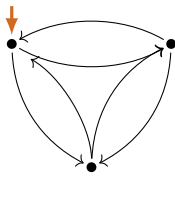
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

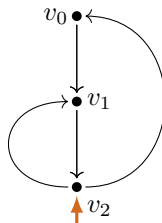
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~



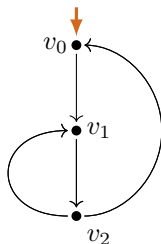
loop chart

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

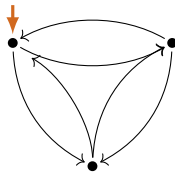
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

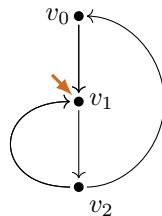
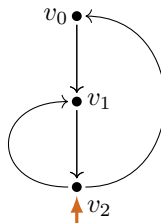
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~ **loop chart**

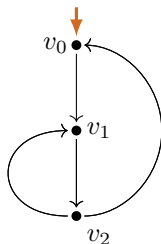


Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

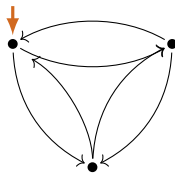
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

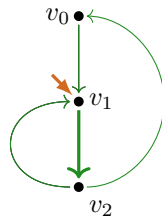
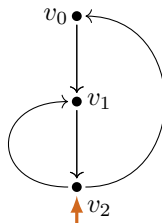
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~ **loop chart**

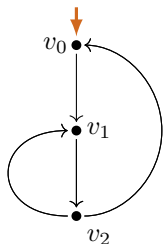


Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

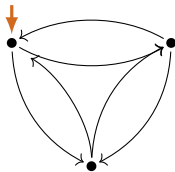
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

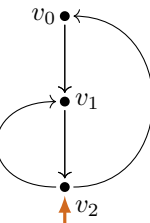
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



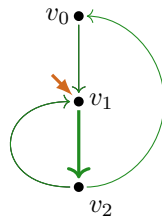
(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~



loop chart



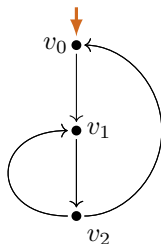
loop chart

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

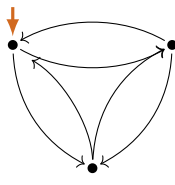
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

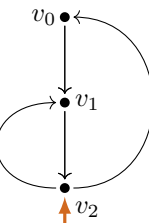
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



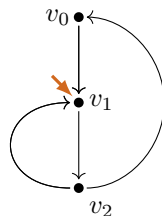
(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~



loop chart



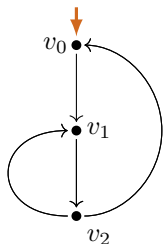
loop chart

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

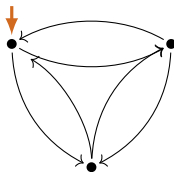
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

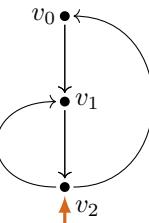
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



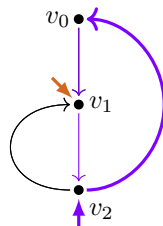
(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~



loop chart



loop subchart