

Closing the Image of the Process Interpretation of 1-Free Regular Expressions under Bisim. Collapse

Clemens Grabmayer

<https://clegra.github.io>

Department of Computer Science



L'Aquila, Italy

Computer Science Seminar

University of Novi Sad

March 2026

Overview

- ▶ 1-free regular expressions (with unary/binary star)
- ▶ process interpretation/semantics of regular expressions
 - ▶ expressible/not expressible process graphs
- ▶ loop existence and elimination property (LEE) (G/Fokkink, 2020)
 - ▶ interpretation/extraction correspondences with 1-free reg. expr's
 - ▶ LEE is preserved under bisimulation collapse
- ▶ Q: Image of process interpretation of 1-free regular expressions closed under bisimulation collapse?
 - ▶ A1: No. — But ...
- ▶ compact process interpretation
- ▶ refined expression extraction
 - ▶ A2: compact process interpretation is image-closed under collapse
- ▶ outlook: consequences

Regular Expressions

Definition (~ *Copi-Elgot-Wright, 1958*)

Regular expressions over alphabet A with unary Kleene star:

$e, e_1, e_2 ::= 0 \mid a \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid e_1 \cdot e_2 \mid e^* \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$

Regular Expressions

Definition (~ *Copi-Elgot-Wright, 1958*)

Regular expressions over alphabet A with unary Kleene star:

$e, e_1, e_2 ::= 0 \mid a \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid e_1 \cdot e_2 \mid e^*$ (for $a \in A$).

- ▶ symbol 0 instead of \emptyset , symbol 1 instead of $\{\epsilon\}$
- ▶ with unary star $*$: 1 is definable as 0^*

Regular Expressions

Definition (*~ Kleene, 1951, ~ Copi-Elgot-Wright, 1958*)

Regular expressions over alphabet A with unary / binary Kleene star:

$$e, e_1, e_2 ::= 0 \mid a \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid e_1 \cdot e_2 \mid e^* \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$$

$$e, e_1, e_2 ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid a \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid e_1 \cdot e_2 \mid e_1^{\oplus} e_2 \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$$

- ▶ symbol 0 instead of \emptyset , symbol 1 instead of $\{\epsilon\}$
- ▶ with unary star $*$: 1 is definable as 0^*
- ▶ with binary star \oplus : 1 is **not** definable (in its absence)

Regular Expressions

Definition (\sim Kleene, 1951, \sim Copi-Elgot-Wright, 1958)

Regular expressions over alphabet A with unary / binary Kleene star:

$$e, e_1, e_2 ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid a \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid e_1 \cdot e_2 \mid e^* \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$$

$$e, e_1, e_2 ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid a \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid e_1 \cdot e_2 \mid e_1^{\otimes} e_2 \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$$

- ▶ symbol 0 instead of \emptyset , symbol 1 instead of $\{\epsilon\}$
- ▶ with unary star * : 1 is definable as 0^*
- ▶ with binary star $^{\otimes}$: 1 is **not** definable (in its absence)

Regular Expressions

Definition (\sim Kleene, 1951, \sim Copi-Elgot-Wright, 1958)

Regular expressions over alphabet A with unary / binary Kleene star:

$$e, e_1, e_2 ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid a \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid e_1 \cdot e_2 \mid e^* \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$$

$$e, e_1, e_2 ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid a \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid e_1 \cdot e_2 \mid e_1 \otimes e_2 \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$$

- ▶ symbol 0 instead of \emptyset , symbol 1 instead of $\{\epsilon\}$
- ▶ with unary star * : 1 is definable as 0^*
- ▶ with binary star \otimes : 1 is **not** definable (in its absence)

Definition

1-free regular expressions over alphabet A with binary Kleene star:

$$f, f_1, f_2 ::= 0 \mid a \mid f_1 + f_2 \mid f_1 \cdot f_2 \mid f_1 \otimes f_2 \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$$

Regular Expressions

Definition (\sim Kleene, 1951, \sim Copi-Elgot-Wright, 1958)

Regular expressions over alphabet A with unary / binary Kleene star:

$$e, e_1, e_2 ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid a \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid e_1 \cdot e_2 \mid e^* \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$$

$$e, e_1, e_2 ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid a \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid e_1 \cdot e_2 \mid e_1 \otimes e_2 \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$$

- ▶ symbol 0 instead of \emptyset , symbol 1 instead of $\{\epsilon\}$
- ▶ with unary star $*$: 1 is definable as 0^*
- ▶ with binary star \otimes : 1 is **not** definable (in its absence)

Definition

1-free regular expressions over alphabet A with unary / binary Kleene star:

$$f, f_1, f_2 ::= 0 \mid a \mid f_1 + f_2 \mid f_1 \cdot f_2 \mid (f_1^*) \cdot f_2 \quad (\text{for } a \in A),$$

$$f, f_1, f_2 ::= 0 \mid a \mid f_1 + f_2 \mid f_1 \cdot f_2 \mid f_1 \otimes f_2 \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$$

Under-Star-/1-Free regular expressions

Definition

The set $RExp^{(+)}(A)$ of **1-free regular expressions** over A is defined by:

$$f, f_1, f_2 ::= 0 \mid a \mid f_1 + f_2 \mid f_1 \cdot f_2 \mid f_1^* \cdot f_2 \quad (\text{for } a \in A),$$

the set $RExp^{(+)*}(A)$ of **under-star-1-free regular expressions** over A by:

$$uf, uf_1, uf_2 ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid a \mid uf_1 + uf_2 \mid uf_1 \cdot uf_2 \mid f^* \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$$

Under-Star-/1-Free regular expressions

Definition

The set $RExp^{(+)}(A)$ of **1-free regular expressions** over A is defined by:

$$f, f_1, f_2 ::= 0 \mid a \mid f_1 + f_2 \mid f_1 \cdot f_2 \mid f_1^* \cdot f_2 \quad (\text{for } a \in A),$$

the set $RExp^{(+*)}(A)$ of **under-star-1-free regular expressions** over A by:

$$uf, uf_1, uf_2 ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid a \mid uf_1 + uf_2 \mid uf_1 \cdot uf_2 \mid f^* \quad (\text{for } a \in A).$$

Under the **language interpretation**, subclasses of minor relevance:

- ▶ **1-free** regular expressions denote **all** regular languages **without** ϵ .
- ▶ **Under-star-1-free** regular expressions denote **all** regular languages.

Process interpretation $P(\cdot)$ of regular expressions (*Milner, 1984*)

$0 \xrightarrow{P}$ deadlock δ , no termination

$1 \xrightarrow{P}$ empty-step process ϵ , then terminate

$a \xrightarrow{P}$ atomic action a , then terminate

Process interpretation $P(\cdot)$ of regular expressions (Milner, 1984)

$0 \xrightarrow{P}$ deadlock δ , no termination

$1 \xrightarrow{P}$ empty-step process ϵ , then terminate

$a \xrightarrow{P}$ atomic action a , then terminate

$e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{P}$ (*choice*) execute $P(e_1)$ or $P(e_2)$

$e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{P}$ (*sequentialization*) execute $P(e_1)$, then $P(e_2)$

$e^* \xrightarrow{P}$ (*iteration*) repeat (terminate or execute $P(e)$)

Process interpretation $P(\cdot)$ of regular expressions (Milner, 1984)

$0 \xrightarrow{P}$ deadlock δ , no termination

$1 \xrightarrow{P}$ empty-step process ϵ , then terminate

$a \xrightarrow{P}$ atomic action a , then terminate

$e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{P}$ (*choice*) execute $P(e_1)$ or $P(e_2)$

$e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{P}$ (*sequentialization*) execute $P(e_1)$, then $P(e_2)$

$e^* \xrightarrow{P}$ (*iteration*) repeat (terminate or execute $P(e)$)

$e_1^{\otimes} e_2 \xrightarrow{P}$ (*iteration-exit*) repeat (terminate or execute $P(e_1)$),
then $P(e_2)$

Process semantics $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ of regular expressions *(Milner, 1984)*

$0 \xrightarrow{P}$ deadlock δ , no termination

$1 \xrightarrow{P}$ empty-step process ϵ , then terminate

$a \xrightarrow{P}$ atomic action a , then terminate

$e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{P}$ (*choice*) execute $P(e_1)$ or $P(e_2)$

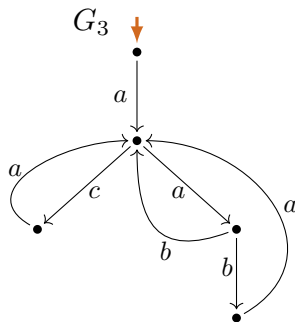
$e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{P}$ (*sequentialization*) execute $P(e_1)$, then $P(e_2)$

$e^* \xrightarrow{P}$ (*iteration*) repeat (terminate or execute $P(e)$)

$e_1^{\otimes} e_2 \xrightarrow{P}$ (*iteration-exit*) repeat (terminate or execute $P(e_1)$),
then $P(e_2)$

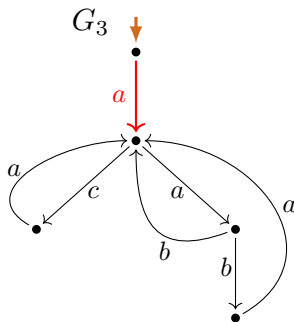
$\llbracket e \rrbracket_P := \llbracket P(e) \rrbracket_{\leftrightarrow}$ (bisimilarity equivalence class of process $P(e)$)

P -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)



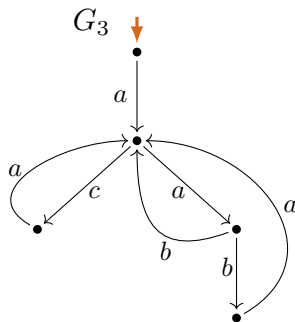
$$P\left(\overbrace{(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)))^*}^f \cdot 0 \right)$$

P -expressibility and $[[\cdot]]_P$ -expressibility (examples)



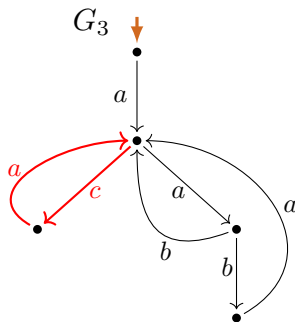
$$P\left(\overbrace{(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a))^*) \cdot 0}^f \right)$$

P -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)



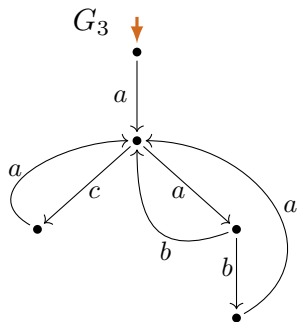
$$P\left(\overbrace{(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)))^*}^f \cdot 0 \right)$$

P -expressibility and $[[\cdot]]_P$ -expressibility (examples)



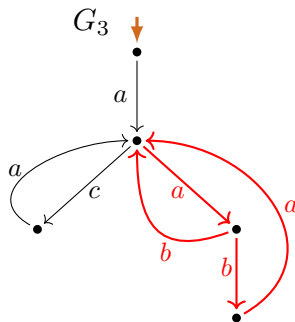
$$P\left(\overbrace{(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)))^*}^f \cdot 0\right)$$

P -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)



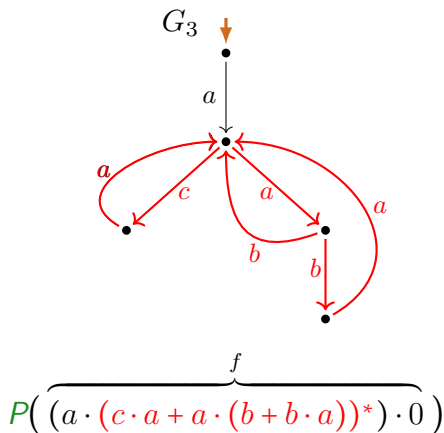
$$P\left(\overbrace{(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)))^*}^f \cdot 0 \right)$$

P -expressibility and $[[\cdot]]_P$ -expressibility (examples)

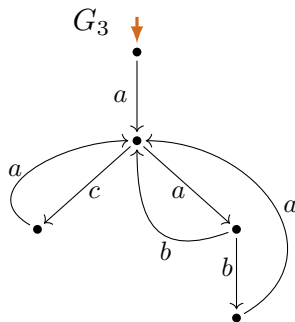


$$P\left(\overbrace{(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)))^*}^f \cdot 0\right)$$

P -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)

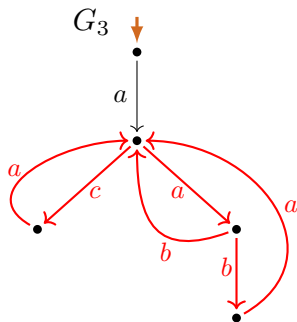


P -expressibility and $[[\cdot]]_P$ -expressibility (examples)



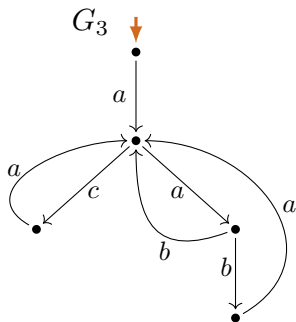
$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overbrace{}^f \\
 P\left((a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)))^* \cdot 0 \right) \\
 P\left(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a))^{\otimes} 0 \right)
 \end{array}$$

P -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overbrace{}^f \\
 P\left((a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)))^* \cdot 0 \right) \\
 P\left(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a))^{\otimes 0} \right)
 \end{array}$$

P -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)

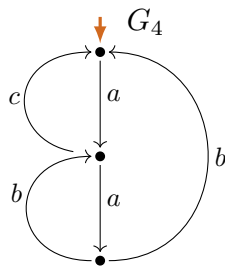
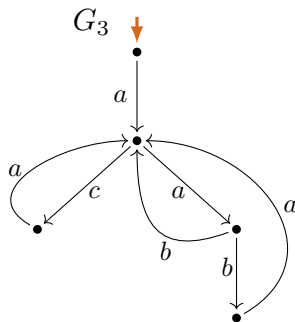


$$\overbrace{P\left((a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)))^* \cdot 0 \right)}^f$$

$$P\left(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a))^{\otimes 0} \right)$$

$$G_3 \in \llbracket f \rrbracket_P$$

P -expressibility and $[[\cdot]]_P$ -expressibility (examples)

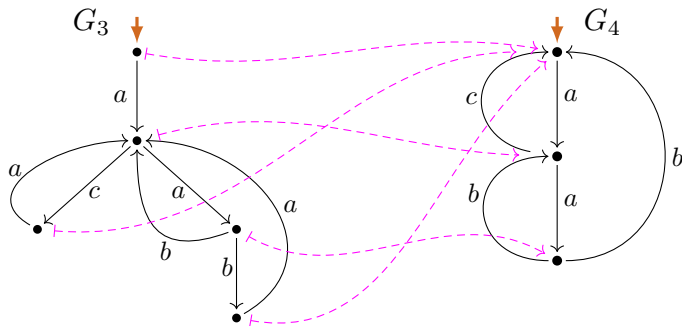


$$\overbrace{P\left((a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)))^* \cdot 0 \right)}^f$$

$$P\left(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a))^{\otimes} 0 \right)$$

$$G_3 \in [[f]]_P$$

P -expressibility and $[[\cdot]]_P$ -expressibility (examples)

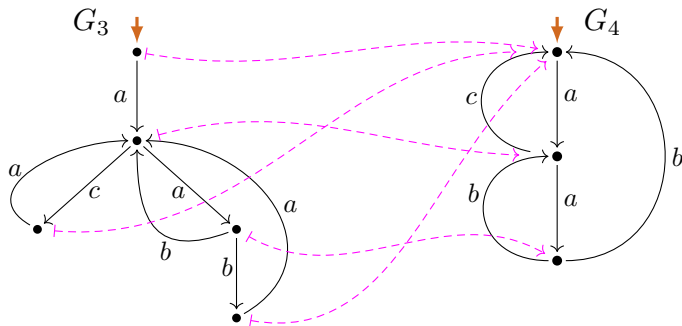


$$P\left(\overbrace{(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)))^*}^f \cdot 0\right)$$

$$P\left(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a))^{\otimes 0}\right)$$

$$G_3 \in [[f]]_P$$

P -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)



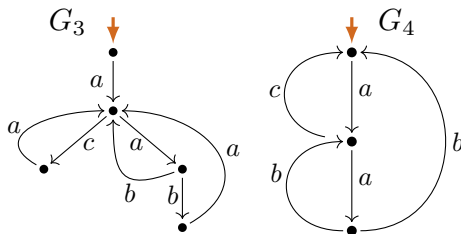
$$P\left(\overbrace{(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a)))^*}^f \cdot 0 \right)$$

$$P\left(a \cdot (c \cdot a + a \cdot (b + b \cdot a))^{\otimes} 0 \right)$$

$$G_3 \in \llbracket f \rrbracket_P$$

$$G_4 \in \llbracket f \rrbracket_P$$

P -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)

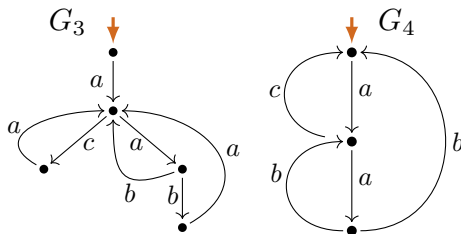


P -expressible

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible

P -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)



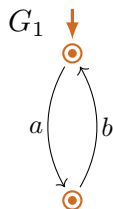
P -expressible

?

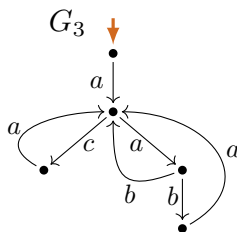
$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible

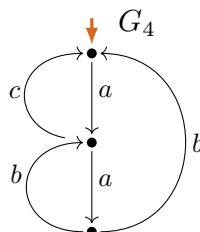
P -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)



not P -expressible
not $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible

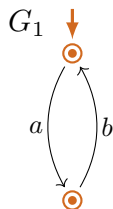


P -expressible
 $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible



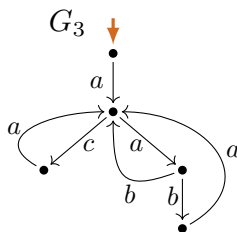
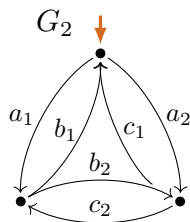
?
 $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible

P -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)



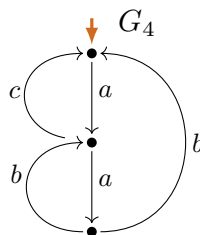
not P -expressible

not $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible



P -expressible

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible



?

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible

Process interpretation P (formal definition)

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T})

$$\frac{}{a \xrightarrow{a} 1} \quad \frac{e_i \xrightarrow{a} e'_i}{e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_i} \quad (i \in \{1, 2\})$$

Process interpretation P (formal definition)

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T})

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{}{a \xrightarrow{a} 1} \quad \frac{e_i \xrightarrow{a} e'_i}{e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_i} \quad (i \in \{1, 2\}) \\
 \\
 \frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e' \cdot e^*}
 \end{array}$$

Process interpretation P (formal definition)

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T})

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{}{1 \Downarrow} \qquad \frac{e_i \Downarrow}{(e_1 + e_2) \Downarrow} \ (i \in \{1, 2\}) \qquad \frac{e_1 \Downarrow \quad e_2 \Downarrow}{(e_1 \cdot e_2) \Downarrow} \qquad \frac{}{(e^*) \Downarrow} \\
 \\
 \frac{}{a \xrightarrow{a} 1} \qquad \frac{e_i \xrightarrow{a} e'_i}{e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_i} \ (i \in \{1, 2\}) \\
 \\
 \frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e' \cdot e^*}
 \end{array}$$

Process interpretation P (formal definition)

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T})

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{}{1 \Downarrow} \qquad \frac{e_i \Downarrow}{(e_1 + e_2) \Downarrow} \ (i \in \{1, 2\}) \qquad \frac{e_1 \Downarrow \quad e_2 \Downarrow}{(e_1 \cdot e_2) \Downarrow} \qquad \frac{}{(e^*) \Downarrow} \\
 \\
 \frac{}{a \xrightarrow{a} 1} \qquad \frac{e_i \xrightarrow{a} e'_i}{e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_i} \ (i \in \{1, 2\}) \\
 \\
 \frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1 \cdot e_2} \qquad \frac{e_1 \Downarrow \quad e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_2}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_2} \qquad \frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e' \cdot e^*}
 \end{array}$$

Process interpretation P (formal definition)

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T})

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{}{1 \Downarrow} \quad \frac{e_i \Downarrow}{(e_1 + e_2) \Downarrow} \ (i \in \{1, 2\}) \quad \frac{e_1 \Downarrow \quad e_2 \Downarrow}{(e_1 \cdot e_2) \Downarrow} \quad \frac{}{(e^*) \Downarrow} \\
 \\
 \frac{}{a \xrightarrow{a} 1} \quad \frac{e_i \xrightarrow{a} e'_i}{e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_i} \ (i \in \{1, 2\}) \\
 \\
 \frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1 \cdot e_2} \quad \frac{e_1 \Downarrow \quad e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_2}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_2} \quad \frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e' \cdot e^*}
 \end{array}$$

Definition

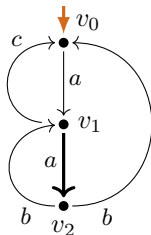
The **process (graph) interpretation** $P(e)$ of a regular expression e :

$P(e) :=$ **labeled transition graph** generated by e by derivations in \mathcal{T} .

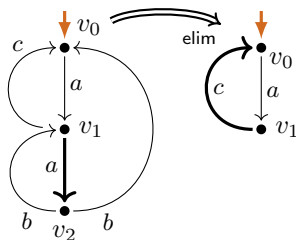
Overview

- ▶ 1-free regular expressions (with unary/binary star)
- ▶ process interpretation/semantics of regular expressions
 - ▶ expressible/not expressible process graphs
- ▶ loop existence and elimination property (LEE) (G/Fokkink, 2020)
 - ▶ interpretation/extraction correspondences with 1-free reg. expr's
 - ▶ LEE is preserved under bisimulation collapse
- ▶ Q: Image of process interpretation of 1-free regular expressions closed under bisimulation collapse?
 - ▶ A1: No. — But ...
- ▶ compact process interpretation
- ▶ refined expression extraction
 - ▶ A2: compact process interpretation is image-closed under collapse
- ▶ outlook: consequences

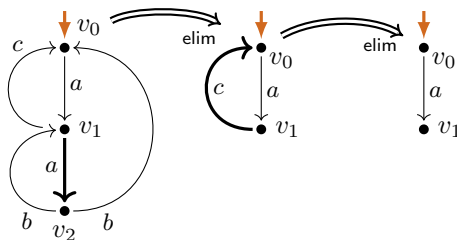
Loop existence and elimination



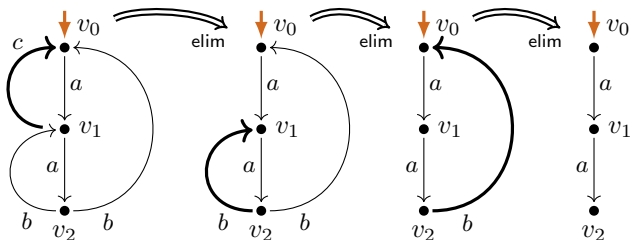
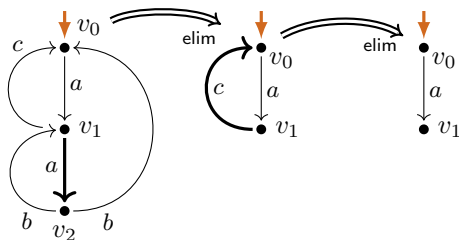
Loop existence and elimination



Loop existence and elimination



Loop existence and elimination



LEE

Definition

A chart \mathcal{C} satisfies **LEE** (*loop existence and elimination*) if:

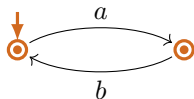
$$\exists \mathcal{C}_0 \left(\mathcal{C} \xrightarrow[\text{elim}]{*} \mathcal{C}_0 \not\rightarrow_{\text{elim}} \wedge \mathcal{C}_0 \text{ permits no infinite path} \right).$$

LEE

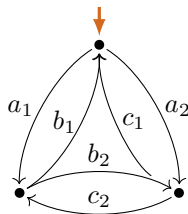
Definition

A chart \mathcal{C} satisfies **LEE** (*loop existence and elimination*) if:

$$\exists \mathcal{C}_0 \left(\mathcal{C} \xrightarrow{*}_{\text{elim}} \mathcal{C}_0 \not\rightarrow_{\text{elim}} \right. \\ \left. \wedge \mathcal{C}_0 \text{ permits no infinite path} \right).$$

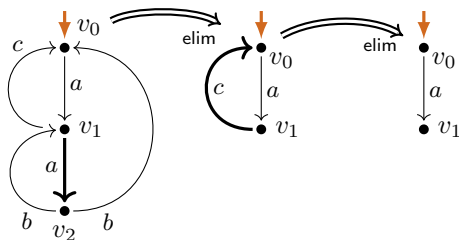


LEE

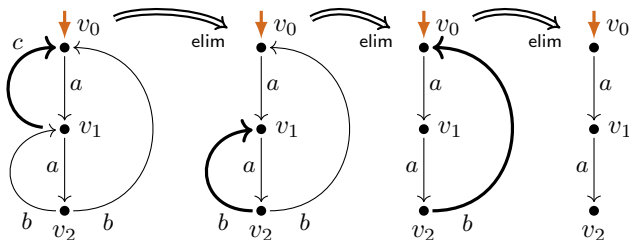
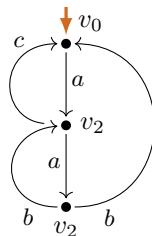


LEE

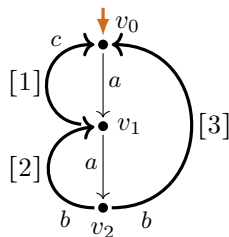
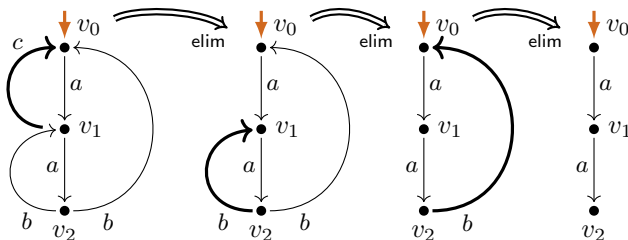
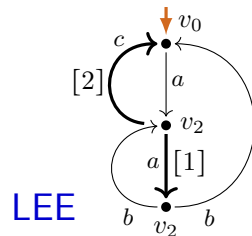
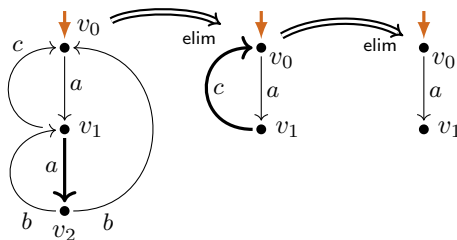
LEE



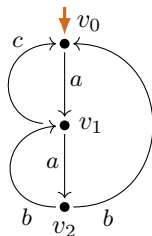
LEE



LEE

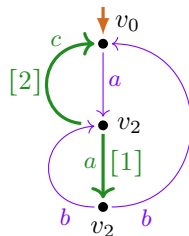


LEE witness and LEE-charts

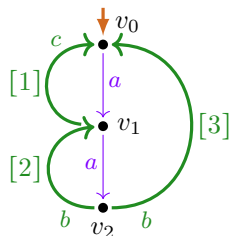


LEE-chart

LEE-witness



LEE-witness



Properties of LEE-charts

Theorem (\Leftarrow G/Fokkink, 2020)

A process graph G

is $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible by an under-star-1-free regular expression

(i.e. P -expressible modulo bisimilarity by an $(\pm \backslash *)$ reg. expr.)

if and only if

the bisimulation collapse of G satisfies LEE.

Properties of LEE-charts

Theorem (\Leftarrow G/Fokkink, 2020)

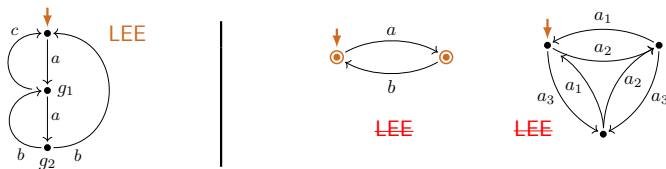
A process graph G

is $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible by an under-star-1-free regular expression
(i.e. P -expressible modulo bisimilarity by an $(\pm \setminus *)$ reg. expr.)

if and only if

the bisimulation collapse of G satisfies LEE.

Hence $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible | **not** $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible by 1-free regular expressions:



Interpretation/extraction correspondences with LEE

(\Leftarrow G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021)

$(\text{Int})_P^{(\pm \setminus *)}$: P^\bullet -($\pm \setminus *$)-expressible graphs have *structural property* LEE

Process *interpretations* $P(e)$

of *under-star-1-free* regular expressions e

are finite process graphs that satisfy LEE.

Interpretation/extraction correspondences with LEE

(\Leftarrow G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021)

(Int) $_P^{(\pm \setminus *)}$: P^\bullet -($\pm \setminus *$)-expressible graphs have *structural property* LEE

Process *interpretations* $P(e)$

of *under-star-1-free* regular expressions e
are finite process graphs that satisfy LEE.

(Extr) $_P$: LEE implies $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility

From every finite process graph G with LEE
a regular expression e can be *extracted*
such that $G \Leftrightarrow P(e)$.

Interpretation/extraction correspondences with LEE

(\Leftarrow G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021)

(Int) $^{(\pm \setminus *)}_P$: P^\bullet -($\pm \setminus *$)-expressible graphs have *structural property* LEE

Process interpretations $P(e)$
of under-star-1-free regular expressions e
are finite process graphs that satisfy LEE.

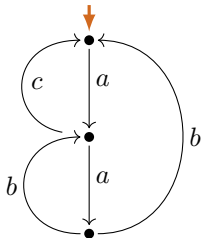
(Extr) $_P$: LEE implies $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility

From every finite process graph G with LEE
a regular expression e can be extracted
such that $G \Leftrightarrow P(e)$.

(Coll): LEE is preserved under collapse

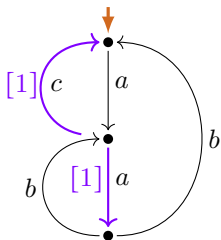
The class of finite process graphs with LEE
is closed under bisimulation collapse.

Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

 G_4 

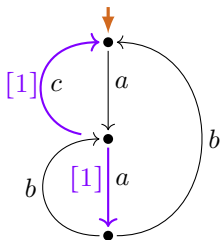
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

\widehat{G}_4



Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

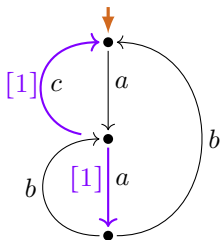
\widehat{G}_4



$(\quad)^* \cdot 0$

Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

\widehat{G}_4



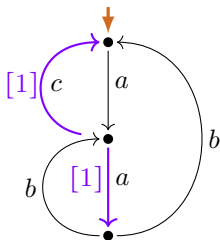
(

$\downarrow a$

)^{*} · 0

Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

\widehat{G}_4

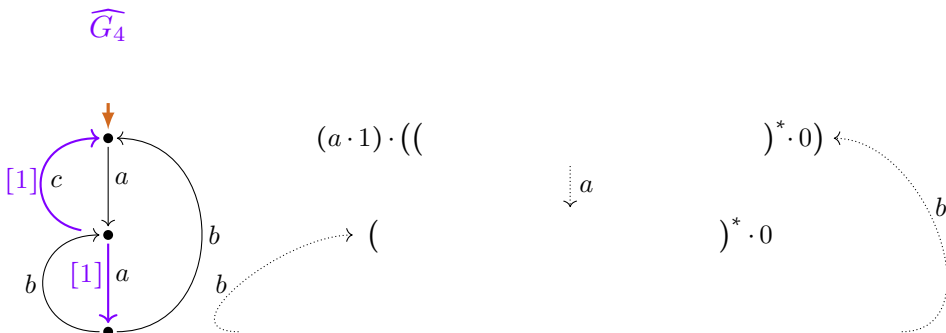


$$(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((\quad)^* \cdot 0)$$

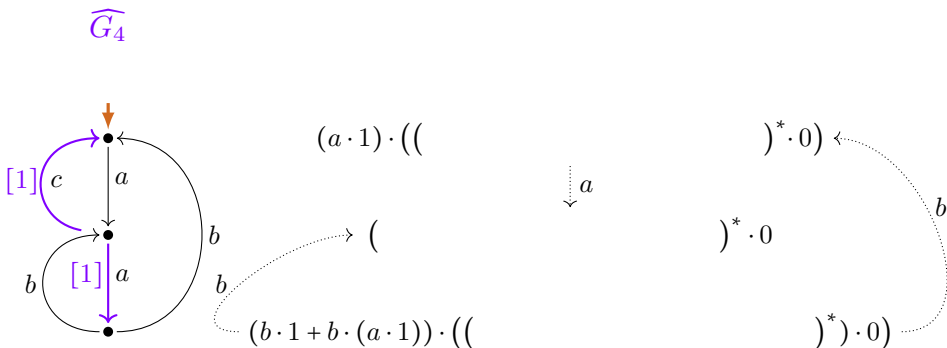
$$(\quad)^* \cdot 0$$

$\downarrow a$

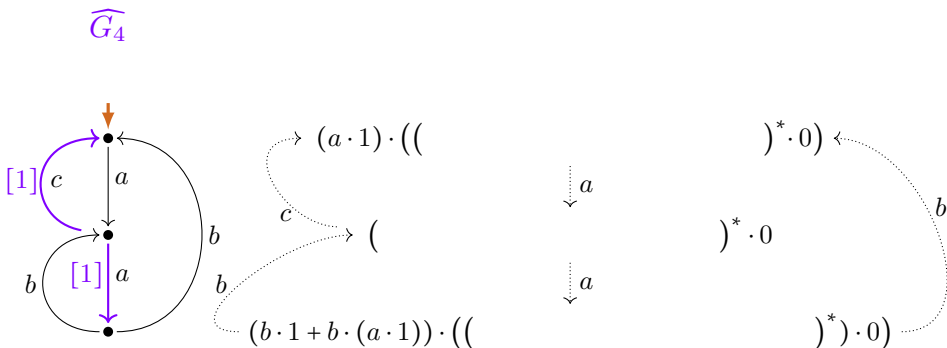
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



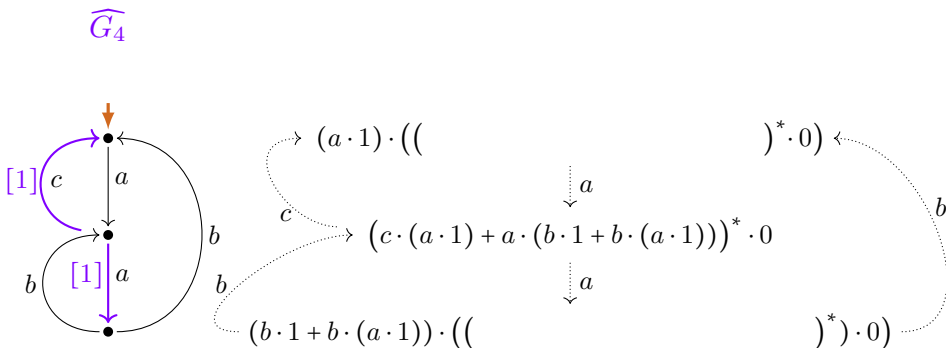
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

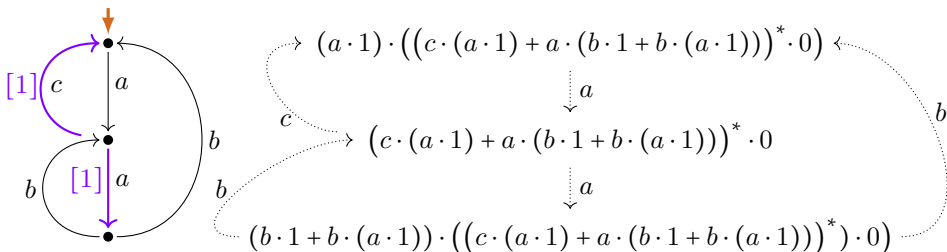


Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

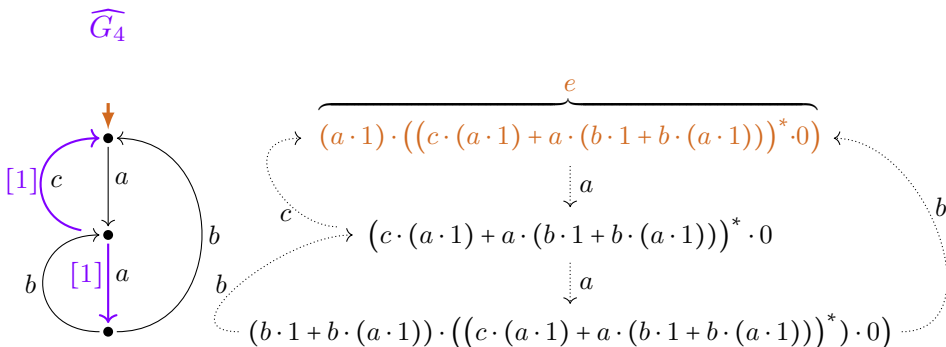


Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

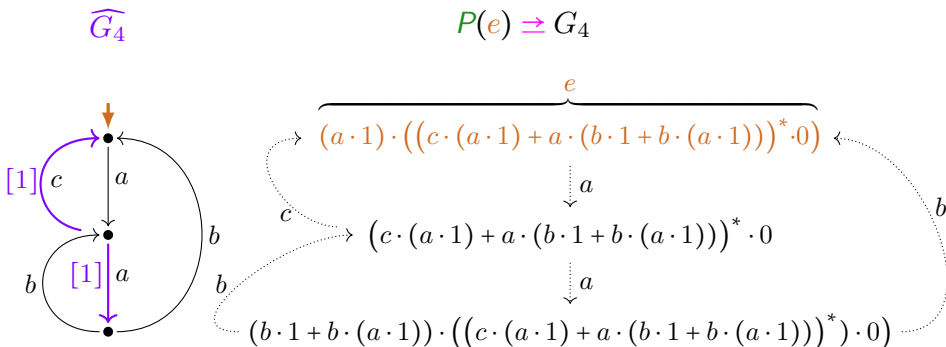
\widehat{G}_4



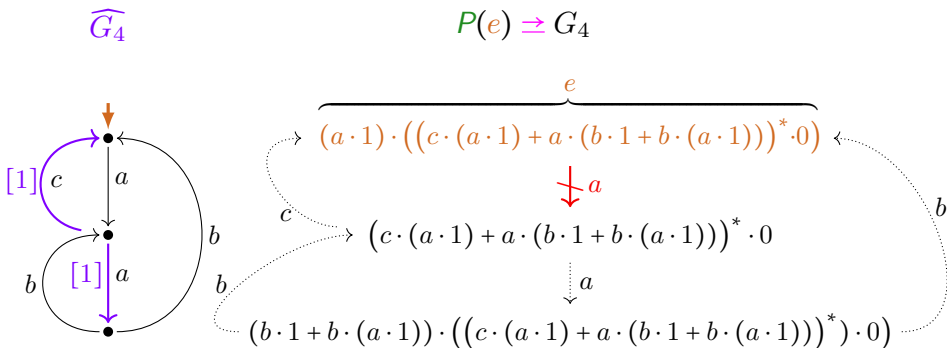
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



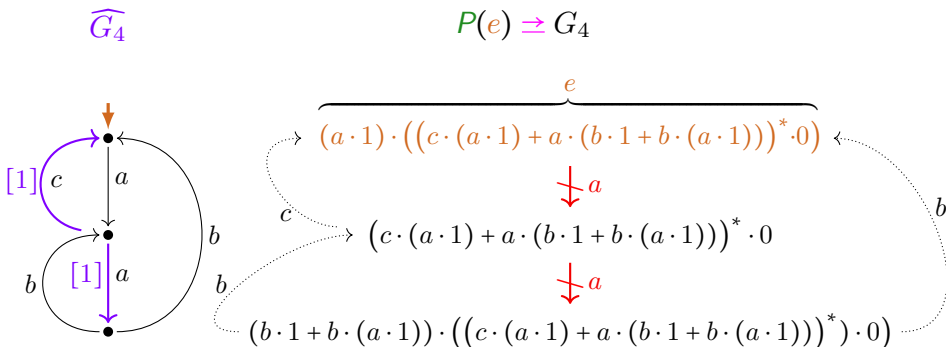
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



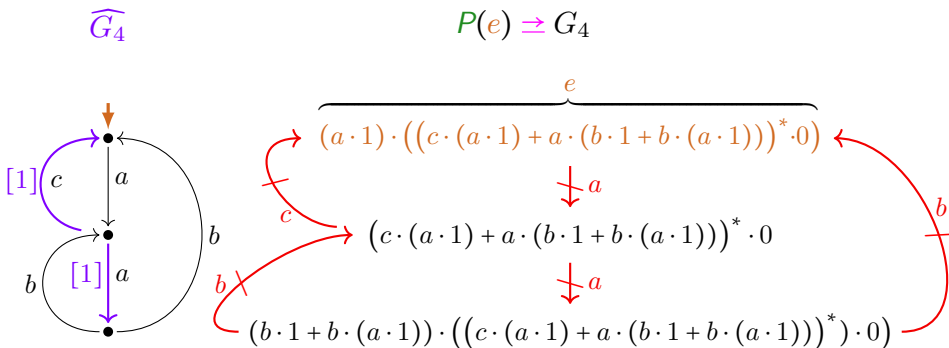
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



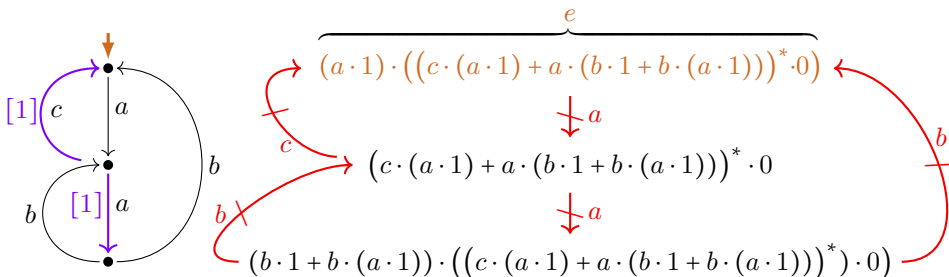
Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)



Expression extraction using LEE (G/Fokkink 2020, G 2021/22)

\widehat{G}_4

$P(e) \Rightarrow G_4 \not\Rightarrow P(e)$



Interpretation of extracted expression

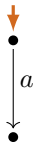
 G_5
 $P(e) = G_5$


$$\overbrace{(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)}^e$$

Interpretation of extracted expression

G_5

$$P(e) = G_5$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overbrace{(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)}^e \\
 \downarrow a \\
 (1 \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)
 \end{array}$$

Interpretation of extracted expression

G_5

$$P(e) = G_5$$



$$\overbrace{(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)}^e$$

$\downarrow a$

$$(1 \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$$

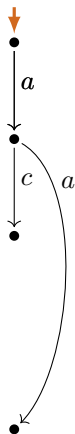
$\downarrow c$

$$((1 \cdot (a \cdot 1)) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1))))^* \cdot 0$$

Interpretation of extracted expression

G_5

$$P(e) = G_5$$



$$\overbrace{(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)}^e$$

$\downarrow a$

$$(1 \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$$

$\downarrow c$

$$((1 \cdot (a \cdot 1)) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0$$

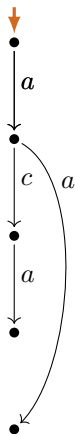
a

$$((1 \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1))) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0$$

Interpretation of extracted expression

G_5

$P(e) = G_5$



$$\overbrace{(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)}^e$$

$\downarrow a$

$$(1 \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$$

$\downarrow c$

$$((1 \cdot (a \cdot 1)) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$$

$\downarrow a$

$$((1 \cdot 1) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$$

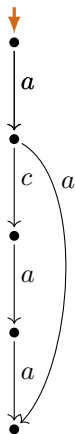
a

$$((1 \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1))) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$$

Interpretation of extracted expression

G_5

$P(e) = G_5$



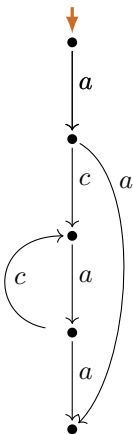
$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overbrace{(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0))}^e \\
 \downarrow a \\
 (1 \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0) \\
 \downarrow c \\
 ((1 \cdot (a \cdot 1)) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0) \\
 \downarrow a \\
 ((1 \cdot 1) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0) \\
 \downarrow a \\
 ((1 \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1))) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)
 \end{array}$$

A curved arrow labeled a connects the second expression to the final expression.

Interpretation of extracted expression

G_5

$P(e) = G_5$



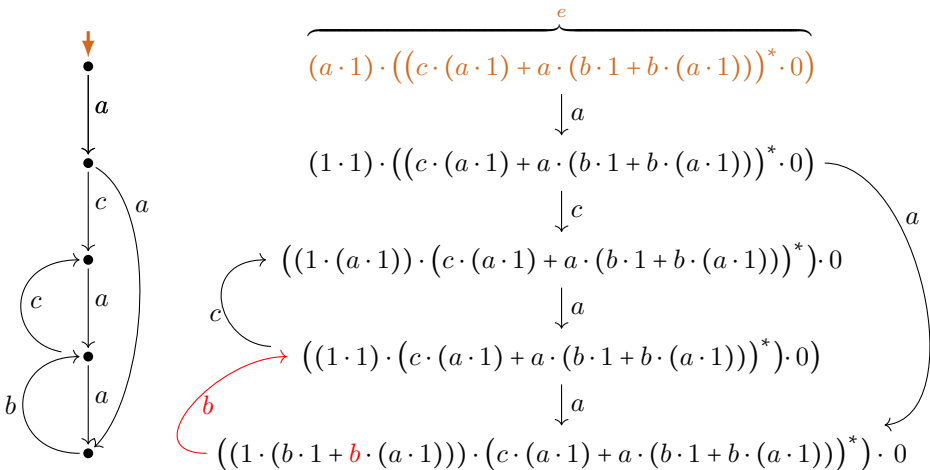
$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overbrace{(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)}^e \\
 \downarrow a \\
 (1 \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0) \\
 \downarrow c \\
 ((1 \cdot (a \cdot 1)) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0) \\
 \downarrow a \\
 ((1 \cdot 1) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0) \\
 \downarrow a \\
 ((1 \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1))) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)
 \end{array}$$

Diagram illustrating the interpretation of the extracted expression $P(e)$ as the graph G_5 . The expression is evaluated step-by-step, corresponding to the transitions in the graph. The graph G_5 shows a sequence of states connected by transitions labeled a and c . The expression evaluation starts with $(a \cdot 1) \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$ and proceeds through intermediate steps, eventually reaching $((1 \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1))) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$. The red arrow indicates a transition from the third state to the fourth state in the graph, corresponding to the step $((1 \cdot (a \cdot 1)) \cdot (c \cdot (a \cdot 1) + a \cdot (b \cdot 1 + b \cdot (a \cdot 1)))^* \cdot 0)$.

Interpretation of extracted expression

G_5

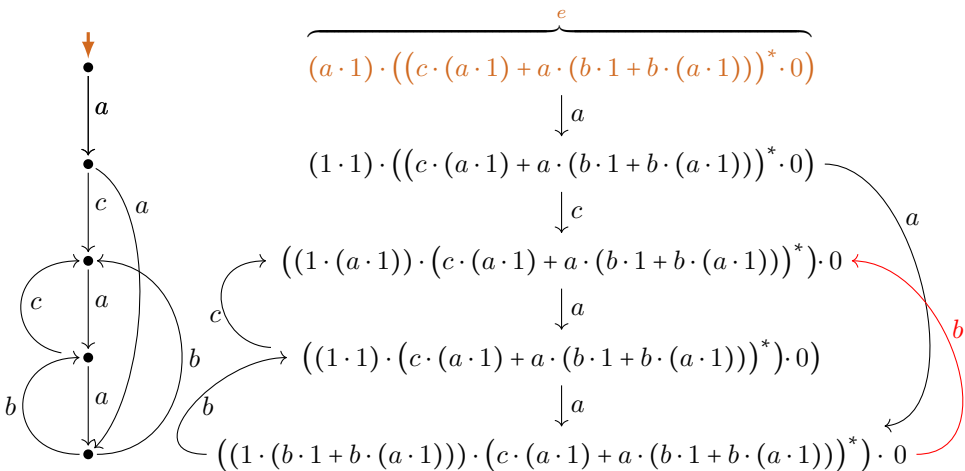
$P(e) = G_5$



Interpretation of extracted expression

G_5

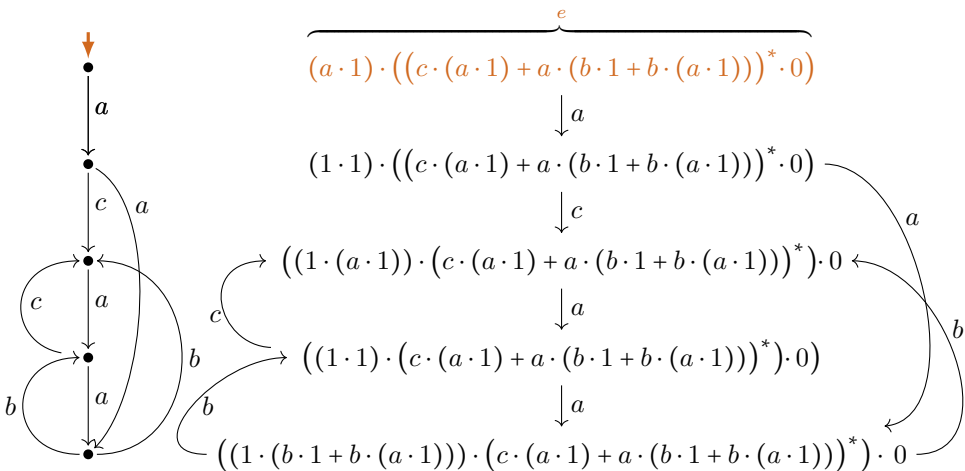
$P(e) = G_5$



Interpretation of extracted expression

G_5

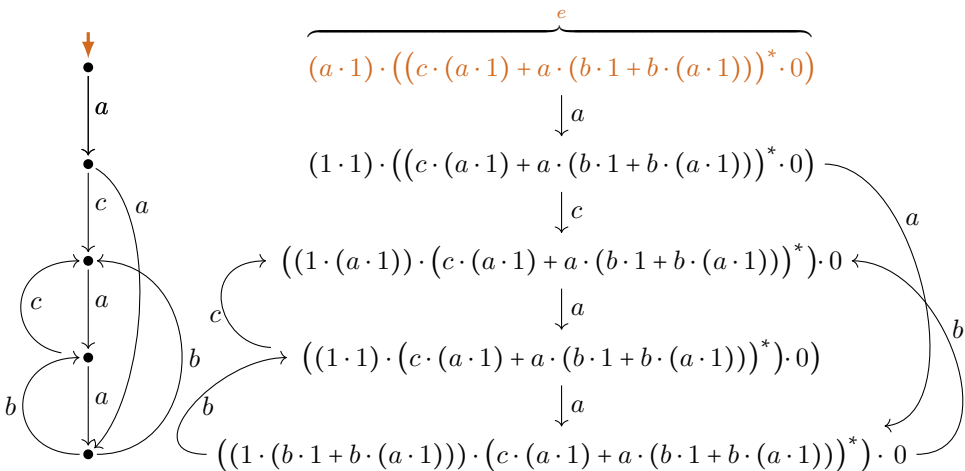
$P(e) = G_5 \xrightarrow{\text{pink}} G_4$



Interpretation of extracted expression

G_5

$$P(e) = G_5 \xrightarrow{\text{pink}} G_4 \not\equiv G_5$$



Overview

- ▶ 1-free regular expressions (with unary/binary star)
- ▶ process interpretation/semantics of regular expressions
 - ▶ expressible/not expressible process graphs
- ▶ loop existence and elimination property (LEE) (G/Fokkink, 2020)
 - ▶ interpretation/extraction correspondences with 1-free reg. expr's
 - ▶ LEE is preserved under bisimulation collapse
- ▶ Q: Image of process interpretation of 1-free regular expressions closed under bisimulation collapse?
 - ▶ A1: No. — But ...
- ▶ compact process interpretation
- ▶ refined expression extraction
 - ▶ A2: compact process interpretation is image-closed under collapse
- ▶ outlook: consequences

Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

$P(uf)$

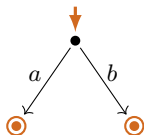


$P(uf)$

$$uf := a \cdot \overbrace{(a \cdot (a + a \cdot 0))^*}^{uf_a} + b \cdot \overbrace{(b \cdot (b + b \cdot 0))^*}^{uf_b}$$

Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

$P(uf)$



$P(uf)$

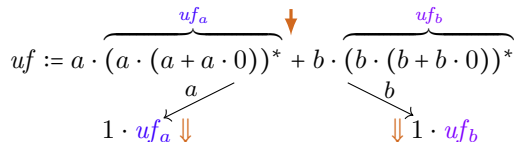
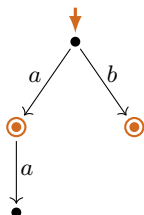


Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

$P(uf)$



$P(uf)$

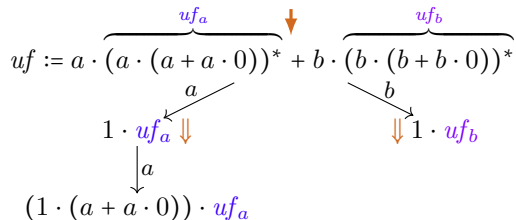
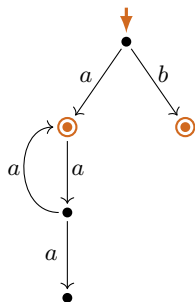


Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

$P(uf)$



$P(uf)$

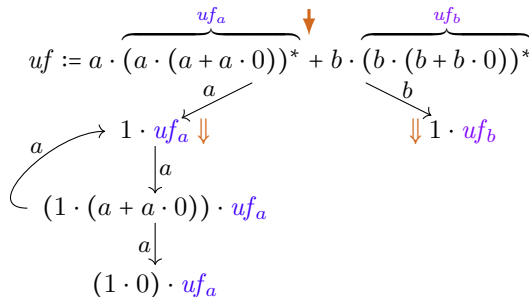
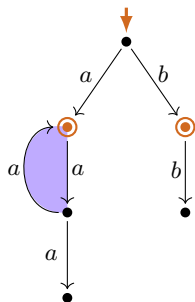


Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

$P(uf)$



$P(uf)$

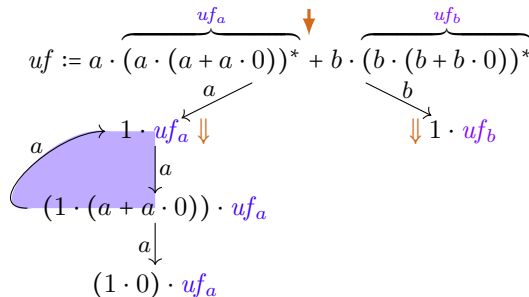
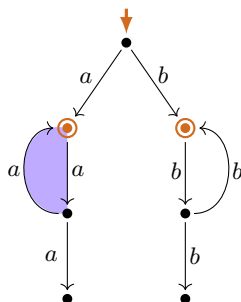


Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

$P(uf)$



$P(uf)$

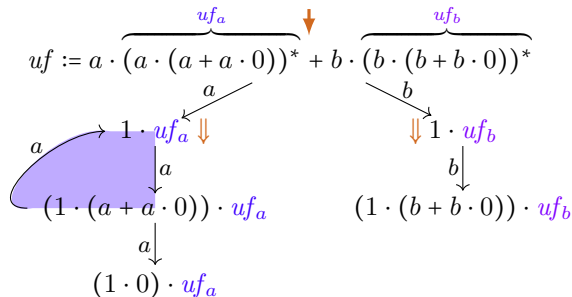
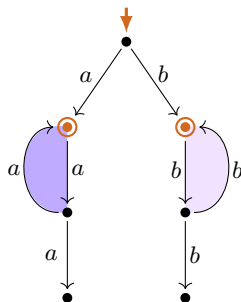


Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

$P(uf)$



$P(uf)$

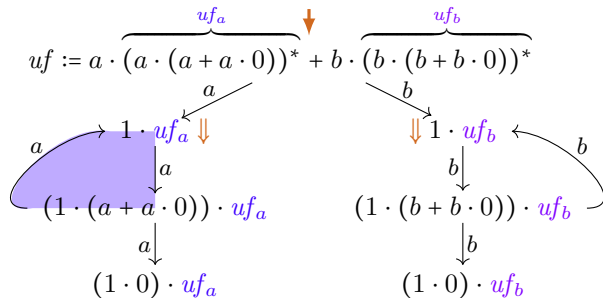
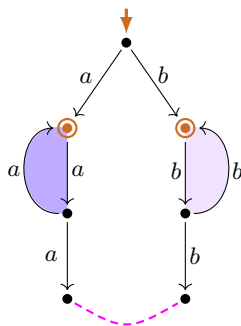
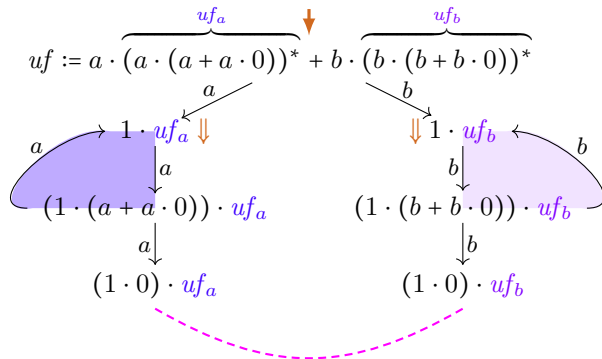


Image of P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

$P(uf)$



$P(uf)$



Compact process interpretation P^\bullet

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T})

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{}{1 \Downarrow} \qquad \frac{e_i \Downarrow}{(e_1 + e_2) \Downarrow} \ (i \in \{1, 2\}) \qquad \frac{e_1 \Downarrow \quad e_2 \Downarrow}{(e_1 \cdot e_2) \Downarrow} \qquad \frac{}{(e^*) \Downarrow} \\
 \\
 \frac{}{a \xrightarrow{a} 1} \qquad \frac{e_i \xrightarrow{a} e'_i}{e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_i} \ (i \in \{1, 2\}) \\
 \\
 \frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1 \cdot e_2} \qquad \frac{e_1 \Downarrow \quad e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_2}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_2} \qquad \frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e' \cdot e^*}
 \end{array}$$

Compact process interpretation P^\bullet

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T})

$$\frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1 \cdot e_2}$$

$$\frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e' \cdot e^*}$$

Compact process interpretation P^\bullet

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T}^\bullet , changed rules w.r.t. \mathcal{T})

$$\frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1 \cdot e_2} \text{ (if } e'_1 \text{ is normed)}$$

$$\frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e' \cdot e^*} \text{ (if } e' \text{ is normed)}$$

Compact process interpretation P^\bullet

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T}^\bullet , changed rules w.r.t. \mathcal{T})

$$\begin{array}{cc}
 \frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1 \cdot e_2} \text{ (if } e'_1 \text{ is normed)} & \frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1} \text{ (if } e'_1 \text{ is not normed)} \\
 \\
 \frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e' \cdot e^*} \text{ (if } e' \text{ is normed)} & \frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e'} \text{ (if } e' \text{ is not normed)}
 \end{array}$$

Compact process interpretation P^\bullet

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T}^\bullet , changed rules w.r.t. \mathcal{T})

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1 \cdot e_2} \text{ (if } e'_1 \text{ is normed)} \qquad \frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1} \text{ (if } e'_1 \text{ is not normed)} \\
 \\
 \frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e' \cdot e^*} \text{ (if } e' \text{ is normed)} \qquad \frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e'} \text{ (if } e' \text{ is not normed)}
 \end{array}$$

Definition

The compact process (graph) interpretation $P^\bullet(e)$ of a reg. expr's e :
 $P^\bullet(e) :=$ labeled transition graph generated by e by derivations in \mathcal{T}^\bullet .

Compact process interpretation P^\bullet

Definition (Transition system specification \mathcal{T}^\bullet , changed rules w.r.t. \mathcal{T})

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1 \cdot e_2} \text{ (if } e'_1 \text{ is normed)} \qquad \frac{e_1 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1}{e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{a} e'_1} \text{ (if } e'_1 \text{ is not normed)} \\
 \\
 \frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e' \cdot e^*} \text{ (if } e' \text{ is normed)} \qquad \frac{e \xrightarrow{a} e'}{e^* \xrightarrow{a} e'} \text{ (if } e' \text{ is not normed)}
 \end{array}$$

Definition

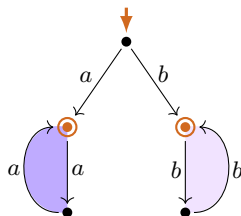
The compact process (graph) interpretation $P^\bullet(e)$ of a reg. expr's e :
 $P^\bullet(e) :=$ labeled transition graph generated by e by derivations in \mathcal{T}^\bullet .

Lemma (P^\bullet increases sharing; P^\bullet, P have same bisimulation semantics)

- (i) $P(e) \Rightarrow P^\bullet(e)$ for all regular expressions e .
- (ii) (G is $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{P^\bullet}$ -expressible $\iff G$ is $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible) for all graphs G .

Image of P^\bullet under bisimulation collapse ...

$P^\bullet(uf)$



$P^\bullet(uf)$

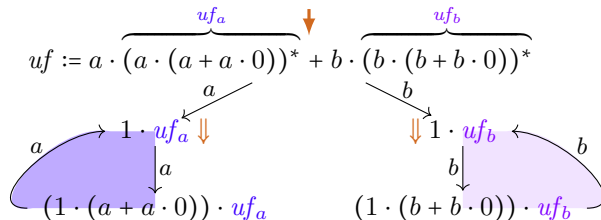
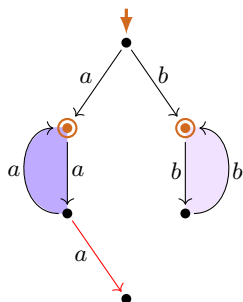


Image of P^\bullet under bisimulation collapse ...

$P^\bullet(uf)$



$P^\bullet(uf)$

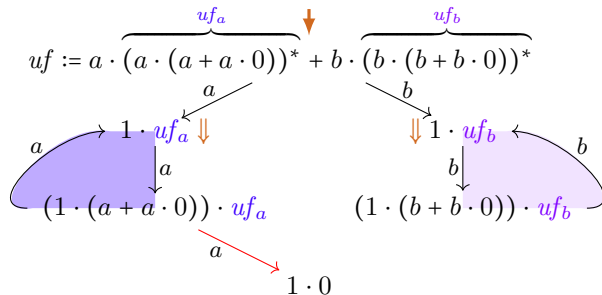
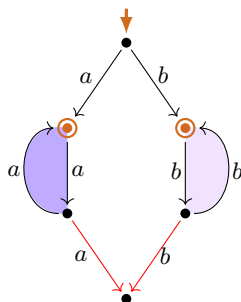
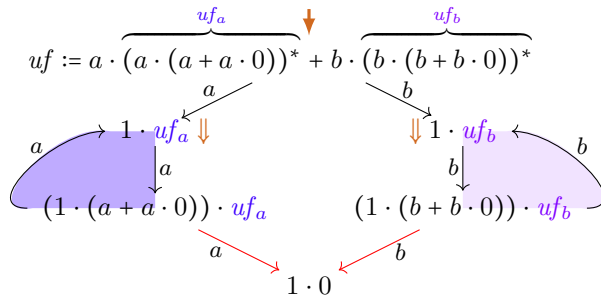


Image of P^\bullet under bisimulation collapse ...

$P^\bullet(uf)$



$P^\bullet(uf)$



Interpretation correspondence of P^\bullet with LEE

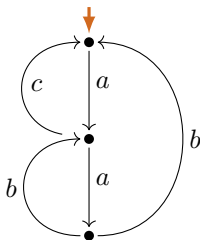
(Int) $_{P^\bullet}^{(\perp \setminus *)}$: By *under-star-1-free* expressions P^\bullet -expressible graphs satisfy LEE:

Compact process interpretations $P^\bullet(uf)$
 of *under-star-1-free* regular expressions uf
 are finite process graphs that satisfy LEE.

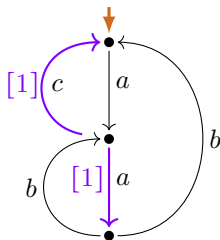
(Extr) $_{P^\bullet}^{(\perp \setminus *)}$: LEE implies $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{P^\bullet}$ -expressibility by *under-star-1-free* reg. expr's:

From every finite process graph G with LEE
 an *under-star-1-free* regular expression uf can be extracted
 such that $G \Rightarrow P^\bullet(uf)$.

Refined extraction expression (example)

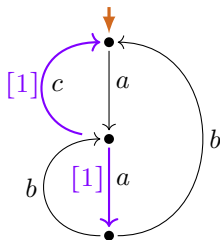
 G_4 

Refined extraction expression (example)

 \widehat{G}_4


Refined extraction expression (example)

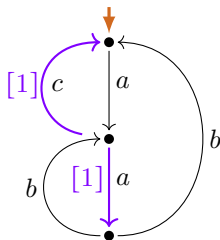
\widehat{G}_4



$$(1 \cdot (\quad)^*) \cdot 0$$

Refined extraction expression (example)

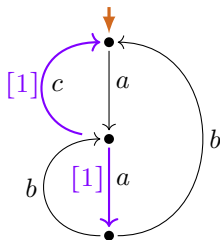
\widehat{G}_4



$$(1 \cdot (\begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ a \\ \vee \end{array})^*) \cdot 0$$

Refined extraction expression (example)

\widehat{G}_4



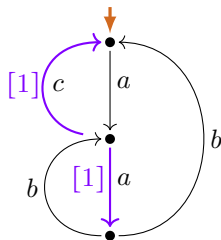
$$((1 \cdot a) \cdot (\quad)^*) \cdot 0$$

$\begin{matrix} \vdots \\ a \\ \vee \end{matrix}$

$$(1 \cdot (\quad)^*) \cdot 0$$

Refined extraction expression (example)

\widehat{G}_4



$((1 \cdot a) \cdot ($

$(1 \cdot ($

$)^*) \cdot 0 \leftarrow$

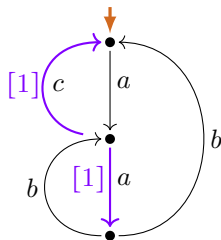
$)^*) \cdot 0$

$\downarrow a$

b

Refined extraction expression (example)

\widehat{G}_4



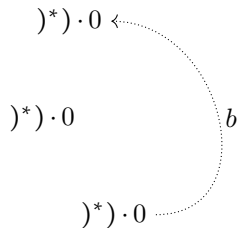
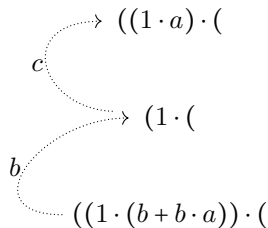
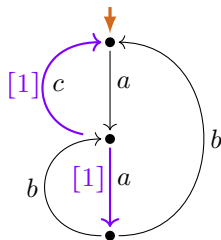
$$\begin{aligned}
 & ((1 \cdot a) \cdot (\\
 & \xrightarrow{b} (1 \cdot (\\
 & ((1 \cdot (b + b \cdot a)) \cdot (
 \end{aligned}$$

$\downarrow a$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &)^*) \cdot 0 \leftarrow \\
 &)^*) \cdot 0 \\
 &)^*) \cdot 0 \xleftarrow{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

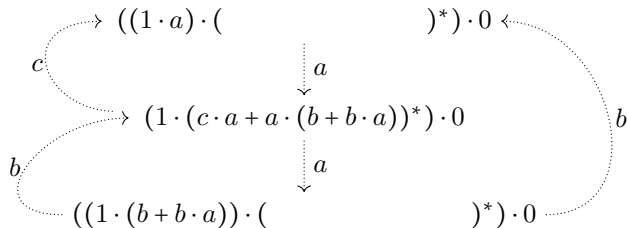
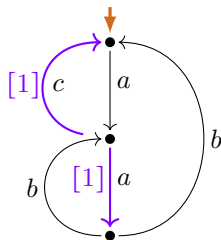
Refined extraction expression (example)

\widehat{G}_4



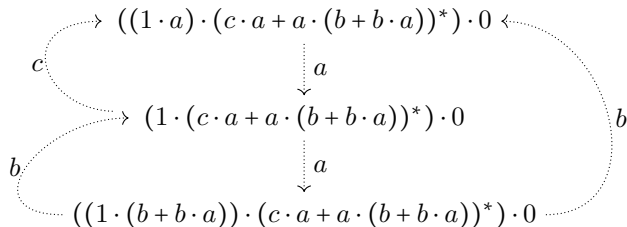
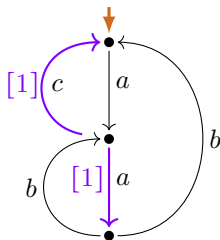
Refined extraction expression (example)

\widehat{G}_4



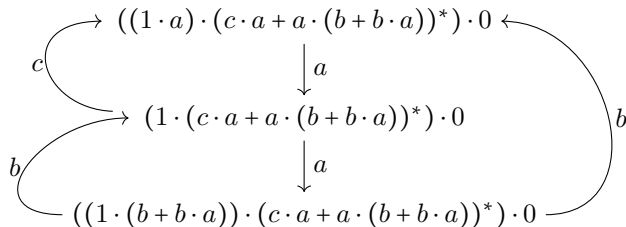
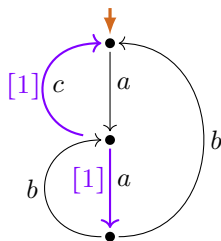
Refined extraction expression (example)

\widehat{G}_4



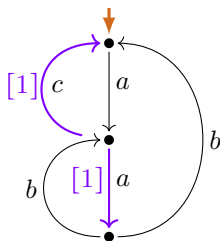
Refined extraction expression (example)

\widehat{G}_4

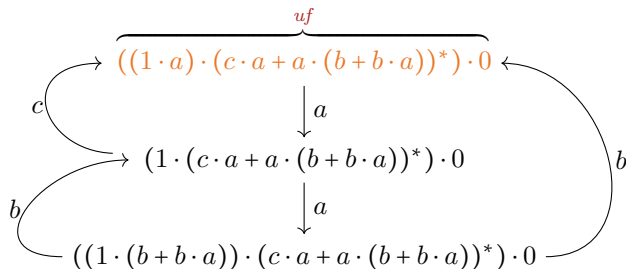


Refined extraction expression (example)

\widehat{G}_4



$$P^\bullet(uf) = P(uf) \simeq G_4$$



Interpretation/extraction correspondences of P^\bullet with LEE

(Int) $_{P^\bullet}^{(\pm \setminus *)}$: By *under-star-1-free* expressions P^\bullet -expressible graphs satisfy LEE:

Compact process interpretations $P^\bullet(uf)$
 of *under-star-1-free* regular expressions uf
 are finite process graphs that satisfy LEE.

(Extr) $_{P^\bullet}^{(\pm \setminus *)}$: LEE implies $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{P^\bullet}$ -expressibility by *under-star-1-free* reg. expr's:

From every finite process graph G with LEE
 an *under-star-1-free* regular expression uf can be extracted
 such that $G \rightrightarrows P^\bullet(uf)$.

From every finite collapsed process graph G with LEE
 an *under-star-1-free* regular expression uf can be extracted
 such that $G \simeq P^\bullet(uf)$.

Interpretation/extraction correspondences of P^\bullet with LEE

(Int) $_{P^\bullet}^{(\pm \setminus *)}$: By *under-star-1-free* expressions P^\bullet -expressible graphs satisfy LEE:

Compact process interpretations $P^\bullet(uf)$
 of *under-star-1-free* regular expressions uf
 are finite process graphs that satisfy LEE.

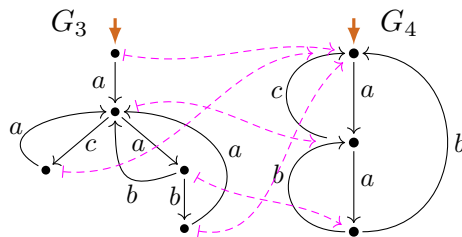
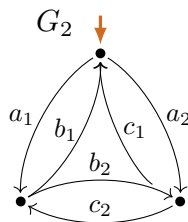
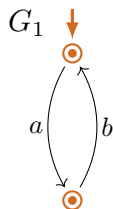
(Extr) $_{P^\bullet}^{(\pm \setminus *)}$: LEE implies $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{P^\bullet}$ -expressibility by *under-star-1-free* reg. expr's:

From every finite process graph G with LEE
 an *under-star-1-free* regular expression uf can be extracted
 such that $G \rightrightarrows P^\bullet(uf)$.

From every finite collapsed process graph G with LEE
 an *under-star-1-free* regular expression uf can be extracted
 such that $G \simeq P^\bullet(uf)$.

(ImColl) $_{P^\bullet}^{(\pm \setminus *)}$: The image of P^\bullet ,
 restricted to *under-star-1-free* regular expressions,
 is closed under bisimulation collapse.

P_-/P^\bullet -expressibility and $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressibility (examples)



not P -expressible
not $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible

P_-/P^\bullet -expressible P^\bullet -expressible
 $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible

Summary and outlook

- ▶ 1-free/under-star-1-free (\perp^*) reg. expr's defined (also) with unary star
- ▶ image of (\perp^*) regular expressions under the process interpretation P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse

Summary and outlook

- ▶ 1-free/under-star-1-free ($\perp\backslash*$) reg. expr's defined (also) with unary star
- ▶ image of ($\perp\backslash*$) regular expressions under the process interpretation P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse
- ▶ compact process interpretation P^\bullet
- ▶ refined expression extraction from process graphs with LEE
- ▶ image of ($\perp\backslash*$) reg. expr's under P^\bullet is closed under collapse

Summary and outlook

- ▶ 1-free/under-star-1-free $(\perp \backslash *)$ reg. expr's defined (also) with unary star
- ▶ image of $(\perp \backslash *)$ regular expressions under the process interpretation P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse
- ▶ compact process interpretation P^\bullet
- ▶ refined expression extraction from process graphs with LEE
- ▶ image of $(\perp \backslash *)$ reg. expr's under P^\bullet is closed under collapse
- ▶ A finite process graph G is $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible by a $(\perp \backslash *)$ regular expression \iff the bisimulation collapse of G satisfies LEE (G/Fokkink 2020).

Summary and outlook

- ▶ 1-free/under-star-1-free $(\pm\backslash*)$ reg. expr's defined (also) with unary star
- ▶ image of $(\pm\backslash*)$ regular expressions under the process interpretation P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse
- ▶ compact process interpretation P^\bullet
- ▶ refined expression extraction from process graphs with LEE
- ▶ image of $(\pm\backslash*)$ reg. expr's under P^\bullet is closed under collapse
- ▶ A finite process graph G is $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible by a $(\pm\backslash*)$ regular expression \iff the bisim. collapse of G is P^\bullet -expressible by a $(\pm\backslash*)$ reg. expr..

Summary and outlook

- ▶ 1-free/under-star-1-free $(\perp \backslash *)$ reg. expr's defined (also) with unary star
- ▶ image of $(\perp \backslash *)$ regular expressions under the process interpretation P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse
- ▶ compact process interpretation P^\bullet
- ▶ refined expression extraction from process graphs with LEE
- ▶ image of $(\perp \backslash *)$ reg. expr's under P^\bullet is closed under collapse
- ▶ A finite process graph G is $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible by a $(\perp \backslash *)$ regular expression \iff the bisim. collapse of G is P^\bullet -expressible by a $(\perp \backslash *)$ reg. expr..

Outlook on an extension:

- ▶ image of $(\perp \backslash *)$ reg. expr's under $P^\bullet =$ finite process graphs with LEE.

Summary and outlook

- ▶ 1-free/under-star-1-free $(\perp \backslash *)$ reg. expr's defined (also) with unary star
- ▶ image of $(\perp \backslash *)$ regular expressions under the process interpretation P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse
- ▶ compact process interpretation P^\bullet
- ▶ refined expression extraction from process graphs with LEE
- ▶ image of $(\perp \backslash *)$ reg. expr's under P^\bullet is closed under collapse
- ▶ A finite process graph G is $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible by a $(\perp \backslash *)$ regular expression \iff the bisim. collapse of G is P^\bullet -expressible by a $(\perp \backslash *)$ reg. expr..

Outlook on an extension:

- ▶ image of $(\perp \backslash *)$ reg. expr's under $P^\bullet =$ finite process graphs with LEE.

A finite process graph G is P^\bullet -expressible by a $(\perp \backslash *)$ regular expression $\iff G$ satisfies LEE.

Summary and outlook

- ▶ 1-free/under-star-1-free ($\perp \backslash *$) reg. expr's defined (also) with unary star
- ▶ image of ($\perp \backslash *$) regular expressions under the process interpretation P is **not** closed under bisimulation collapse
- ▶ compact process interpretation P^\bullet
- ▶ refined expression extraction from process graphs with LEE
- ▶ image of ($\perp \backslash *$) reg. expr's under P^\bullet is closed under collapse
- ▶ A finite process graph G is $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_P$ -expressible by a ($\perp \backslash *$) regular expression \iff the bisimulation collapse of G satisfies LEE (G/Fokkink 2020).

Outlook on an extension:

- ▶ image of ($\perp \backslash *$) reg. expr's under $P^\bullet =$ finite process graphs with LEE.

A finite process graph G is P^\bullet -expressible by a ($\perp \backslash *$) regular expression $\iff G$ satisfies LEE.

Resources

- ▶ Slides/extended abstract on clegra.github.io
 - ▶ slides: [.../1f/TG-2024.pdf](#)
 - ▶ extended abstract: [.../1f/closing-bs-i-pi-us1f.pdf](#)
- ▶ CG, Wan Fokkink: [A Complete Proof System for 1-Free Regular Expressions Modulo Bisimilarity](#),
 - ▶ LICS 2020, [arXiv:2004.12740](#), [video on youtube](#).
- ▶ CG: [Modeling Terms by Graphs with Structure Constraints](#),
 - ▶ TERMGRAPH 2018, [EPTCS 288](#), [arXiv:1902.02010](#).
- ▶ CG: [The Image of the Process Interpretation of Regular Expressions is Not Closed under Bisimulation Collapse](#),
 - ▶ [arXiv:2303.08553](#).
- ▶ CG: [Milner's Proof System for Regular Expressions Modulo Bisimilarity is Complete](#),
 - ▶ LICS 2022, [arXiv:2209.12188](#), [poster](#).

Language semantics $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_L$ of reg. expr's *(Copi-Elgot-Wright, 1958)*

$0 \xrightarrow{L} \text{empty language } \emptyset$

$1 \xrightarrow{L} \{\epsilon\} \quad (\epsilon \text{ the empty word})$

$a \xrightarrow{L} \{a\}$

Language semantics $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_L$ of reg. expr's *(Copi-Elgot-Wright, 1958)*

$0 \xrightarrow{L} \text{empty language } \emptyset$

$1 \xrightarrow{L} \{\epsilon\} \quad (\epsilon \text{ the empty word})$

$a \xrightarrow{L} \{a\}$

$e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{L} \text{union of } L(e_1) \text{ and } L(e_2)$

$e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{L} \text{element-wise concatenation of } L(e_1) \text{ and } L(e_2)$

$e^* \xrightarrow{L} \text{set of words formed by concatenating words in } L(e),$
and adding the empty word ϵ

Language semantics $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_L$ of reg. expr's *(Copi-Elgot-Wright, 1958)*

$0 \xrightarrow{L} \text{empty language } \emptyset$

$1 \xrightarrow{L} \{\epsilon\} \quad (\epsilon \text{ the empty word})$

$a \xrightarrow{L} \{a\}$

$e_1 + e_2 \xrightarrow{L} \text{union of } L(e_1) \text{ and } L(e_2)$

$e_1 \cdot e_2 \xrightarrow{L} \text{element-wise concatenation of } L(e_1) \text{ and } L(e_2)$

$e^* \xrightarrow{L} \text{set of words formed by concatenating words in } L(e),$
and adding the empty word ϵ

$\llbracket e \rrbracket_L := L(e) \quad (\text{language defined by } e)$

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

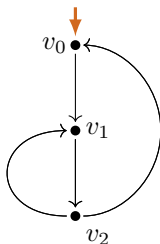
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to **it**.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to **it**.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.

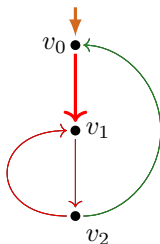


Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to **it**.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



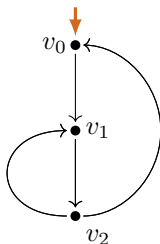
(L1), ~~(L2)~~

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to **it**.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



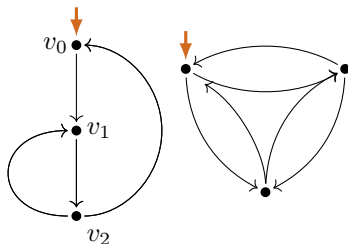
(L1), ~~(L2)~~

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



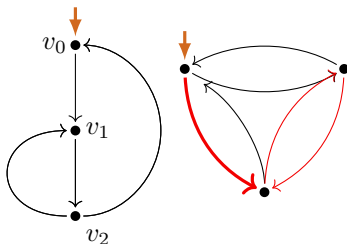
(L1), ~~(L2)~~

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



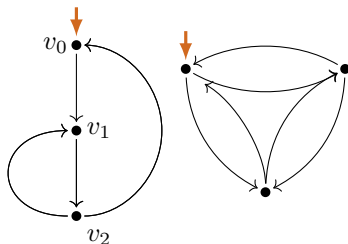
(L1), ~~(L2)~~

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



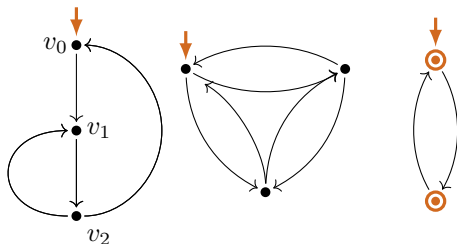
(L1), ~~(L2)~~

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



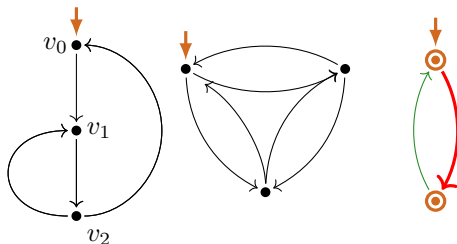
(L1), ~~(L2)~~

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



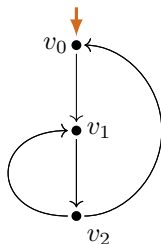
(L1), ~~(L2)~~

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

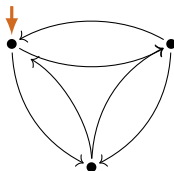
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~

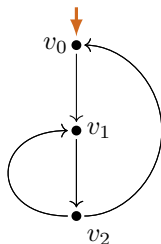


Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

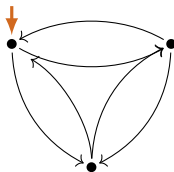
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~

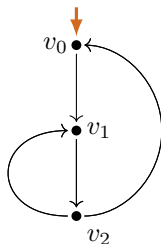


Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

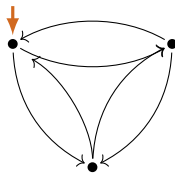
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

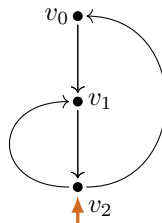
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~

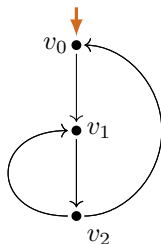


Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

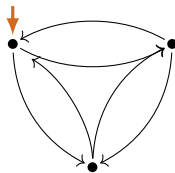
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

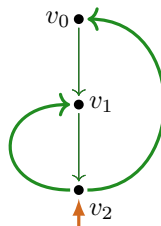
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~

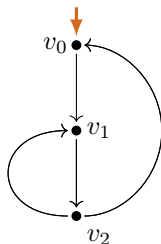


Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

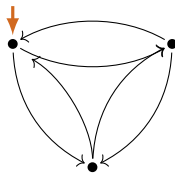
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

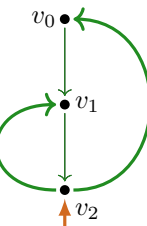
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~



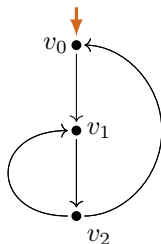
loop chart

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

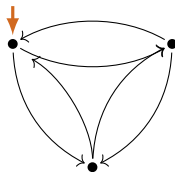
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

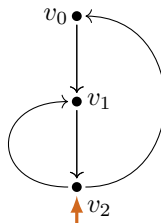
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~



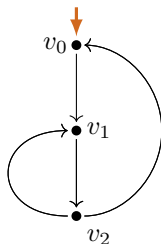
loop chart

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

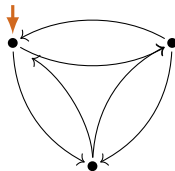
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

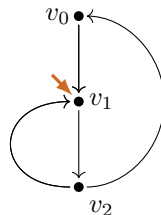
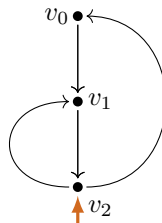
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~ **loop chart**

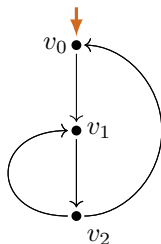


Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

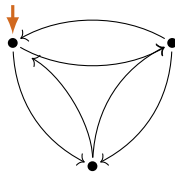
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

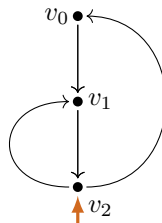
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



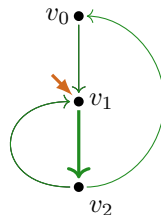
(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~



loop chart

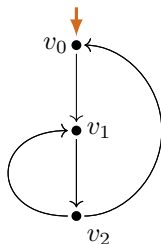


Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

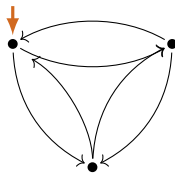
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

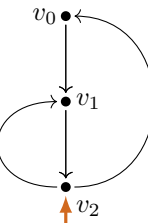
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



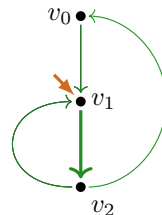
(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~



loop chart



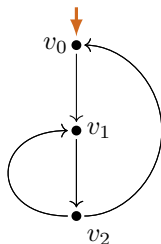
loop chart

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

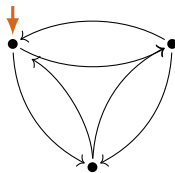
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

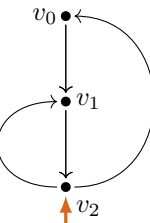
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



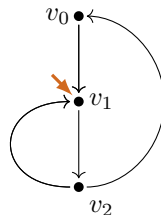
(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~



loop chart



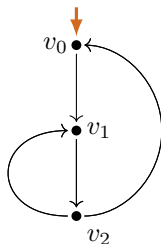
loop chart

Loop charts (interpretations of innermost iterations)

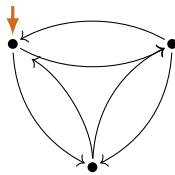
Definition

A chart is a **loop chart** if:

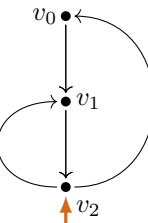
- (L1) There is an infinite path from the **start vertex**.
- (L2) Every infinite path from the **start vertex** returns to it.
- (L3) Termination is **only** possible at the **start vertex**.



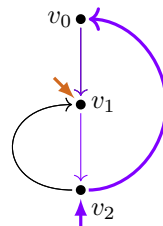
(L1), ~~(L2)~~



(L1), (L2), ~~(L3)~~



loop chart



loop subchart