

The University of Hong Kong
Department of Computer Science
Academic Year 2018 – 2019 Semester 1
COMP1117A: Computer Programming Assignment 3

Overview

We have discussed fundamental computer programming such as loops, functions lists, etc. in Python recently. In this assignment, you are going to implement a staff salary management system for a company. Given a data file “**Assignment3-DataFile.txt**” and the code block of main() function, you are going to complete **seven self-defined functions** with the requirements below.

Reminders

This assignment involves a lot of console input/output. You are reminded that the VPL system on HKU Moodle evaluates your program with a full score under the condition that your **program output is the EXACT MATCH of the expected output**. In other words, any additional or missing space character, tab character, newline character, etc. will be considered during the evaluation of your program. Also, you are suggested to **make more test cases on your own** for testing your program.

Assignment Specifications and Requirements

1. main() Function and loadData() Function

In this assignment, you are given a data file “**Assignment3-DataFile.txt**” which can be downloaded under **Assignments** Section of COMP1117A on HKU Moodle.

The content of “**Assignment3-DataFile.txt**” is as follows:

Billy	12300	11700	11100	10300	10400	14800	14900	13600	12300	14600	13500	14900
Betty	11900	11800	15000	13000	12500	14000	11500	11100	12400	10900	20000	10300
Apple	13600	13700	10900	11900	12000	14900	13600	12400	11700	13700	10300	13900
Kelly	11400	11600	14400	10800	12700	14900	13300	12700	11900	13800	11800	13500
Gigi	14400	12400	11600	11600	12800	13600	11500	14300	13200	10200	14400	14400

For **EACH row of** staff salary **records**, it has a specific saving format:

<NameOfStaff><space><Salary1><space><Salary2><space><Salary3><space><Salary4><space><Salary5><space><Salary6><space><Salary7><space><Salary8><space><Salary9><space><Salary10><space><Salary11><space><Salary12><newline>

The 1st column of data is the name of staff (i.e., Billy) **with ONE word only**. From 2nd column to 13th column of data is the salary for each month (from January to December) for that particular staff. For example, Billy earns a salary of 12300 in January and Kelly earns a salary of 12700 in August. In between 1st column and 13th column of data is **separated by a space character**. After each row of staff salary records (i.e., After 13th column of data), there is **a new line character**.

The code block of main() function is as follows (You are **NOT allowed to change any line** of the programming statements in main() function):

```
def main():
    salary_records = []
    salary_records = loadData(salary_records)
    command = input("Command:")

    while command != 'Quit':
        if command == 'Print':
            printSalaryRecords(salary_records)
        elif command == 'Total':
            totalSalaryPaid(salary_records)
        elif command == 'TotalEach':
            totalSalaryForEach(salary_records)
        elif command == 'WholsMax':
            maxTotalSalary(salary_records)
        elif command == 'MaxEach':
            maxTotalSalaryForEach(salary_records)
        elif command == 'Sort':
            sortRecords(salary_records)
        else:
            print("Please input a valid command!")
            command = input("Command:")
    print("BYE")

main()
```

In the main() function, there is a function call **loadData(salary_records)** before getting the user input. The implementation of **loadData(salary_records)** is as follows:

- It accepts one parameter which is an initially empty list “**salary_records**”.
- In the function body of **loadData(salary_records)**, it:
 - opens the data file “**Assignment3-DataFile.txt**”,
 - reads the data,
 - stores the data in the initially empty list “**salary_records**”.
- Finally, it returns the list “**salary_records**” to the main() function.
- You are NOT required to check whether the data file exists in the same directory of the Python File. You can always assume that the program reads the data file without any errors.
- You are NOT required to check whether there is any data missing. You can always assume that the data file is well-saved with 13 columns of data. 1st column of data must be the name of staff while the others are salary records from January to December for that particular staff.

The main() function should **get a string input** from the user **repeatedly** until getting “**Quit**” (to terminate the program) that indicates which function is going to be called in the main() function. You are reminded that each string input is **CASE-SENSITIVE**. With respect to this, the table below provides more information for you:

String Input	Description
Print	To call printSalaryRecords() function
Total	To call totalSalaryPaid() function
TotalEach	To call totalSalaryForEach() function
WholsMax	To call maxTotalSalary() function
MaxEach	To call maxTotalSalaryForEach() function
Sort	To call sortRecords() function
Quit	To quit from the program

2. printSalaryRecords() Function

- It prints the salary records from January to December for each staff.
- It accepts one parameter which is the list *“salary_records”*.
- The print() statement is provided for printing the header of salary records:
 - `print("Name \t Jan \t Feb \t Mar \t Apr \t May \t Jun \t Jul \t Aug \t Sep \t Oct \t Nov \t Dec")`
- For printing the salary records for each staff, it has a specific format which is similar to the saving format of the data file EXCEPT `<\t>`:
 - `<NameOfStaff><\t><Salary1><\t><Salary2><\t><Salary3><\t><Salary4><\t><Salary5><\t><Salary6><\t><Salary7><\t><Salary8><\t><Salary9><\t><Salary10><\t><Salary11><\t><Salary12><\t><newline>`
- Sample Output (Text in *green* is the user input):

```
Command: Print
Name      Jan      Feb      Mar      Apr      May      Jun      Jul      Aug      Sep      Oct      Nov      Dec
Billy    12300    11700    11100    10300    10400    14800    14900    13600    12300    14600    13500    14900
Betty    11900    11800    15000    13000    12500    14000    11500    11100    12400    10900    20000    10300
Apple    13600    13700    10900    11900    12000    14900    13600    12400    11700    13700    10300    13900
Kelly    11400    11600    14400    10800    12700    14900    13300    12700    11900    13800    11800    13500
Gigi     14400    12400    11600    11600    12800    13600    11500    14300    13200    10200    14400    14400
Command: Quit
BYE
```

3. totalSalaryPaid() Function

- It calculates the sum of 12-month salary paid to **ALL staff**.
- It accepts one parameter which is the list *“salary_records”*.
- You can always assume that each salary record is a positive integer. No validation is required for each salary record.
- Sample Output (Text in *purple* is the user input):

```
Command: Total
Total salary paid: 768600
Command: Quit
BYE
```

4. totalSalaryForEach() Function

- It calculates the sum of 12-month salary paid to *a particular staff*.
- It accepts one parameter which is the list “*salary_records*”.
- You can always assume that each salary record is a positive integer. No validation is required for each salary record.
- In the function body, it gets the user input for indicating which particular staff.
 - If the staff is in the list “*salary_records*”, then prints the sum of 12-month salary paid to that staff. (Refer to the Sample Output)
 - Otherwise, prints the error message. (Refer to the Sample Output)
- Sample Output (Text in *purple* is the user input):

```
Command:TotalEach
Which staff?Kelly
Kelly earns 152800
Command:TotalEach
Which staff?Justin
Justin not found
Command:Quit
BYE
```

5. maxTotalSalary() Function

- It finds the staff with the highest salary.
- It accepts one parameter which is the list “*salary_records*”.
- You can always assume that each salary record is a positive integer. No validation is required for each salary record.
- It is possible that there is **MORE THAN ONE staff with the highest salary**.
- For printing the result, we have three cases with corresponding formatting.

■ Case 1: We have one staff with the highest salary.

- Sample Output (Just an example **WITHOUT referring to the data file**)

```
Command:WholsMax
Apple earn(s) the most
Command:Quit
BYE
```

■ Case 2: We have two staff with the highest salary.

- Sample Output (Just an example **WITHOUT referring to the data file**)

```
Command:WholsMax
Billy and Betty earn(s) the most
Command:Quit
BYE
```

■ Case 3: We have more than two staff with the highest salary.

- Sample Output (**WITH referring to the data file**)

```
Command:WholsMax
Billy, Betty and Gigi earn(s) the most
Command:Quit
BYE
```

6. maxTotalSalaryForEach() Function

- It finds which month(s) a particular staff earns the highest salary among 12 months.
- You can always assume that each salary record is a positive integer. No validation is required for each salary record.
- In the function body, it gets the user input for indicating which particular staff
 - If the staff is in the list “*salary_records*”, then finds which month(s) that staff earns the highest salary among 12 months and prints the result. (Refer to the Sample Output)
 - Otherwise, prints the error message. (Refer to the Sample Output)
 - Sample Output (Text in *purple* is the user input):

```
Command:MaxEach
Which staff?Justin
Justin not found
Command:Quit
BYE
```

- It is possible that there is ***MORE THAN ONE month with the highest salary.***
- For printing the result, we have three cases with the corresponding formatting.
 - Case 1: We have one month with the highest salary.
 - Sample Output (Text in *purple* is the user input):

```
Command:MaxEach
Which staff?Betty
Betty earns the most in November
Command:Quit
BYE
```

- Case 2: We have two months with the highest salary *in chronological order*.

➤ Sample Output (Text in *purple* is the user input):

```
Command:MaxEach
Which staff?Billy
Billy earns the most in July and December
Command:Quit
BYE
```

- Case 3: We have more than two months with the highest salary *in chronological order*.

➤ Sample Output (Text in *purple* is the user input):

```
Command:MaxEach
Which staff?Gigi
Gigi earns the most in January, November and December
Command:Quit
BYE
```


7. sortRecords() Function

- It sorts a list **first by the sum of 12-month salary in ASCENDING order, then by the staff name in ALPHABETIC order** *with implementing Selection Sort learnt in the lecture*.
- It accepts one parameter which is the list “**salary_records**”.
- You can always assume that each salary record is a positive integer. No validation is required for each salary record.
- You are NOT required to update the list “**salary_records**” after sorting. For simplicity, you can create a new list in the function to store the sorting result and print it.
- For printing the result, it has a specific format for each row.
 - <NameOfStaff><space><sumof12MonthSalaryOfThatStaff><newline>
 - Sample Output (Text in *purple* is the user input):

```
Command:Sort
Apple 152600
Kelly 152800
Betty 154400
Billy 154400
Gigi 154400
Command:Quit
BYE
```

Submission

- Your program ***must follow the format*** of the sample input / output strictly.
- Your program ***should be properly indented and documented***.
- You should only submit source codes (*.py), not executables (even if you know how to compile a Python program into an executable).
- You must write down your university number at the beginning of your program (in the comments).
- Please note that we would use another set of test cases to grade your programs.
- Submit your program electronically using the Moodle system to Assignment 3 under Assignments section. ***Late submission will NOT be accepted.***

Plagiarism

Plagiarism is ***STRICTLY PROHIBITED***. No mark will be given for this assignment to both the source and the copier once caught. The following constitutes an act of plagiarism:

- Submitting the work of another student as your own, or asking someone else to do your assignment;
- Direct copying;
- Study someone else's program and then rewrite it as your own;
- Using a substantial part of other's work in your programs;
- Providing your assignment as the source for any of the above actions.