

# Image-Image Domain Adaptation with Preserved Self-Similarity and Domain-Dissimilarity for Person Re- identification

Weijian Deng

# Overview

- Thanks for giving me the opportunity to talk about our work
- This talk covers
  - Generative adversarial network (GAN)
  - CycleGAN
  - SPGAN (our)

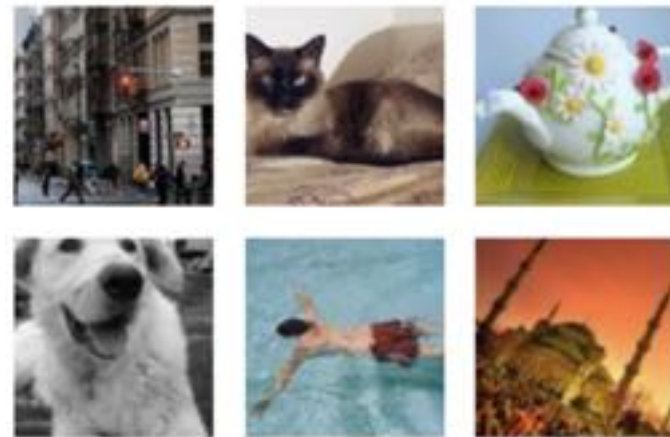
# Generative model

*What I cannot create, I do not understand*  
—Richard Feynman

# Generative model



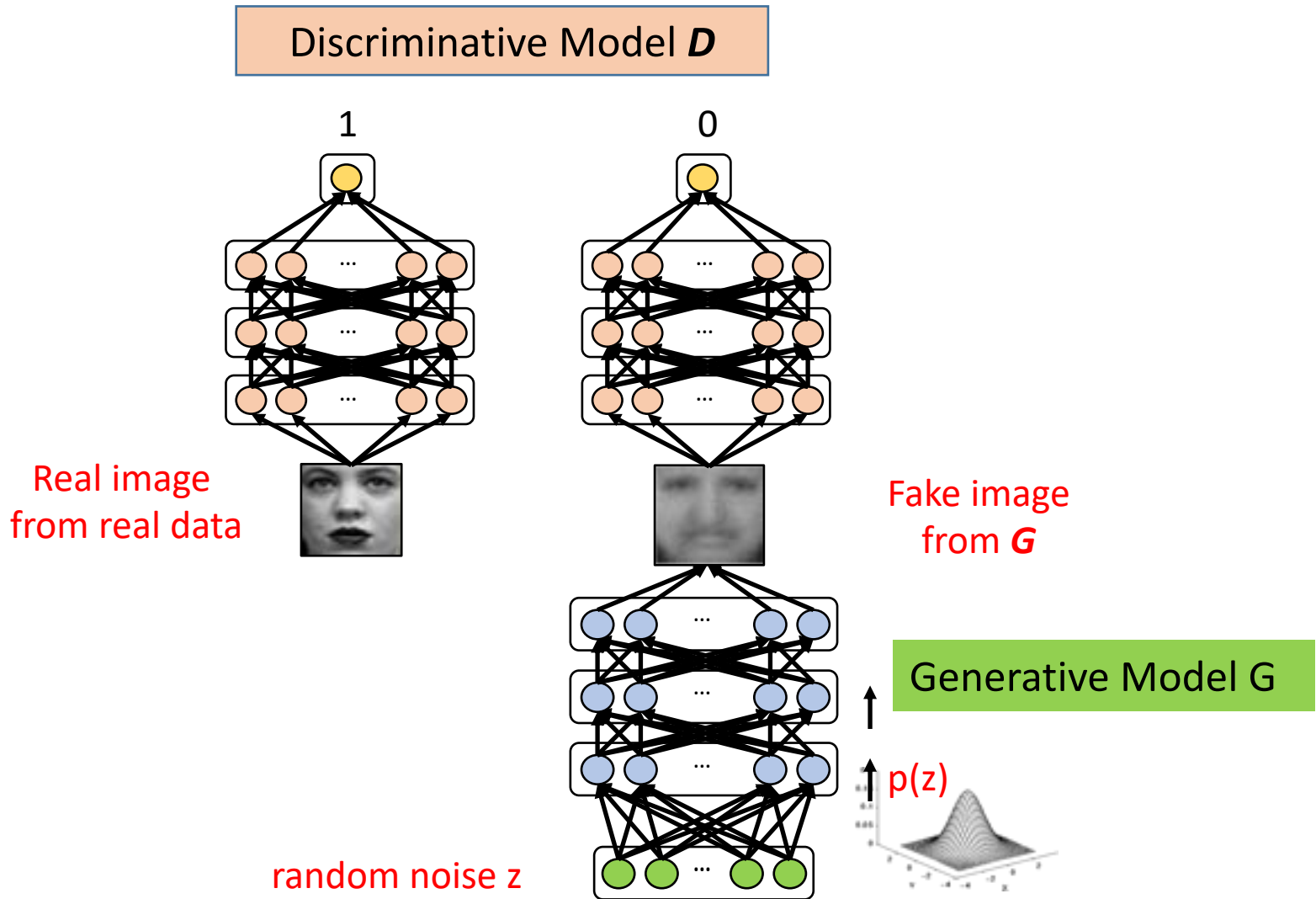
Real images distribution  
 $P_{data}(x)$



generated images distribution  
 $P_G(x)$

***We want to learn  $P_G(x)$  **similar to**  $P_{data}(x)$***

# Generative adversarial network (GAN)



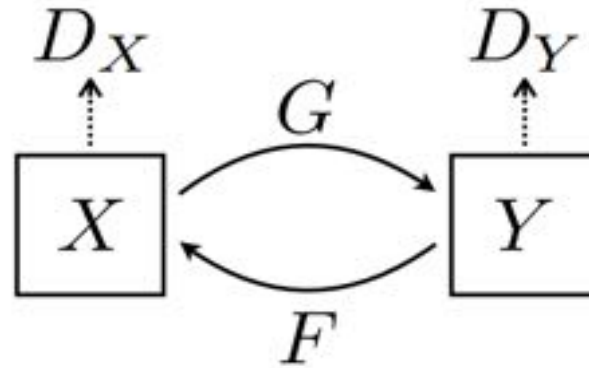
# CycleGAN

Horse → zebra

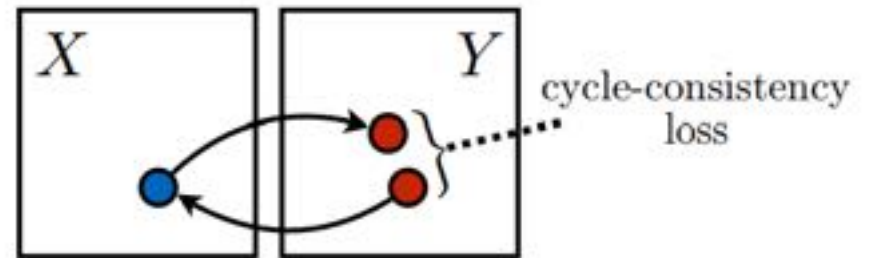
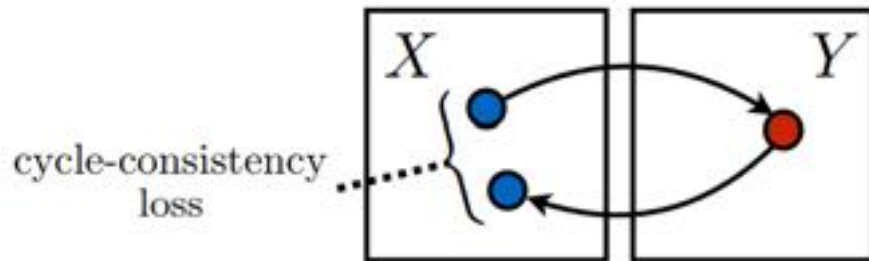
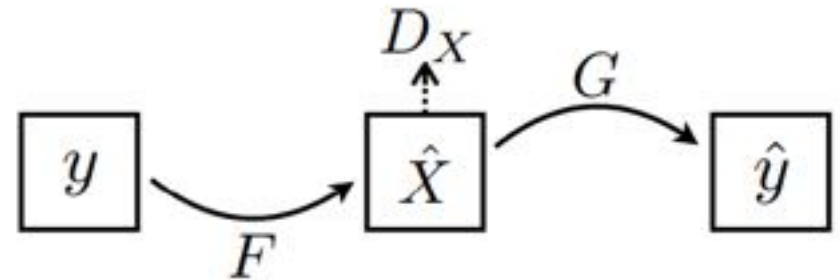
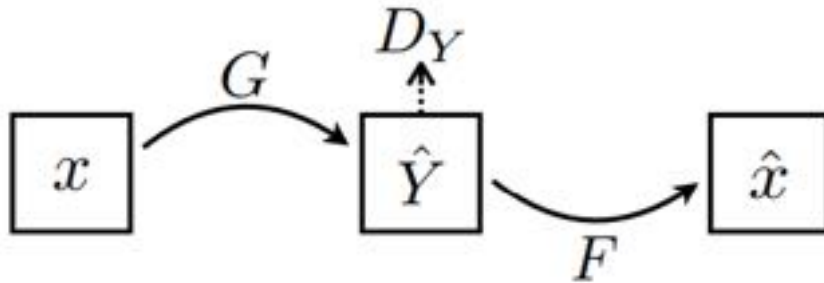


# CycleGAN

forward  
→

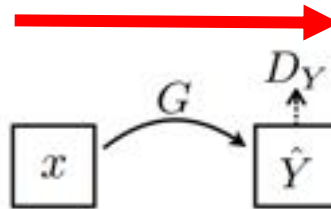


←  
backward

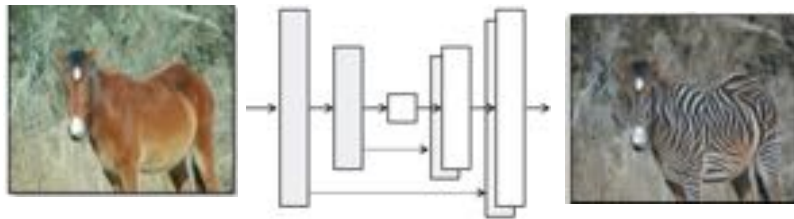


# CycleGAN

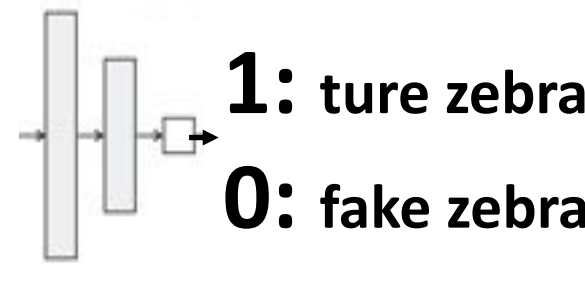
forward



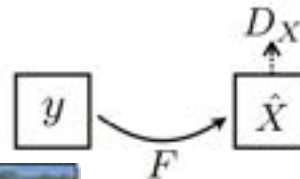
**G**



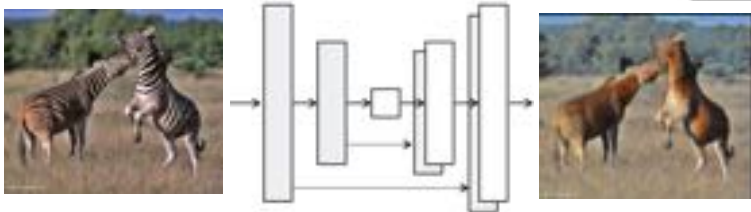
**D<sub>Y</sub>**



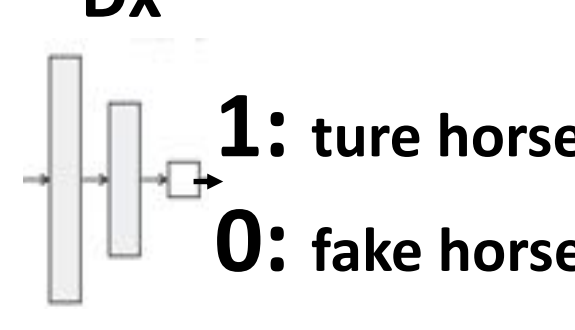
backward



**F**

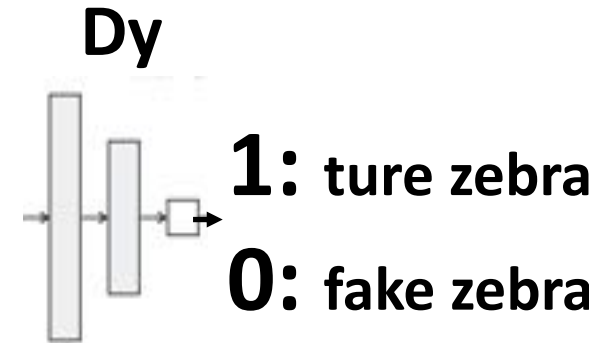
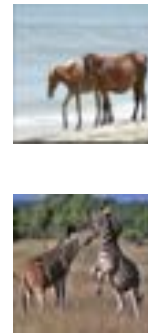
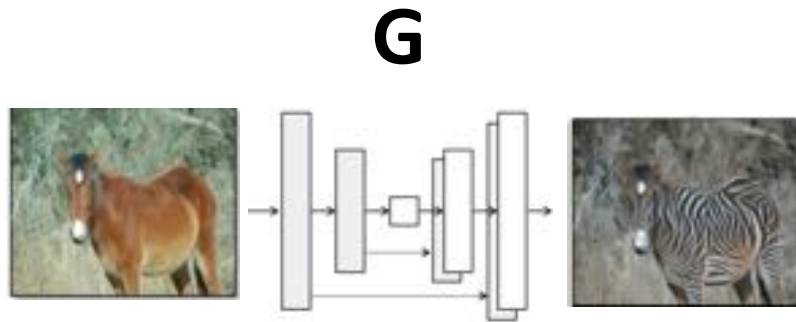
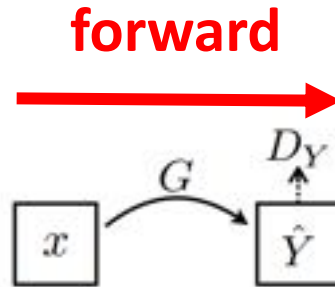


**D<sub>X</sub>**



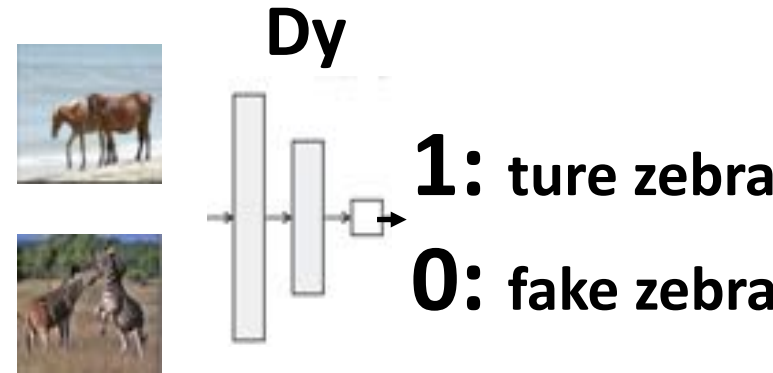
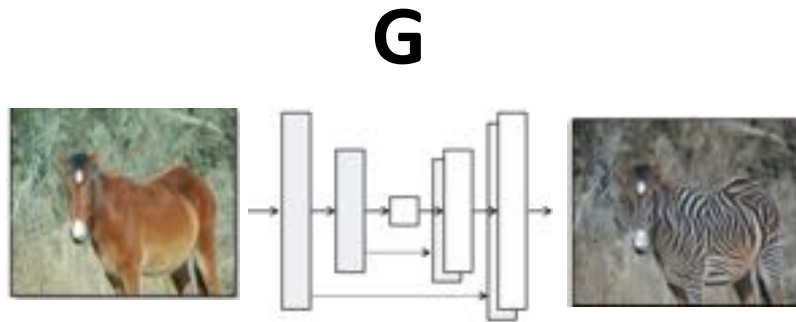
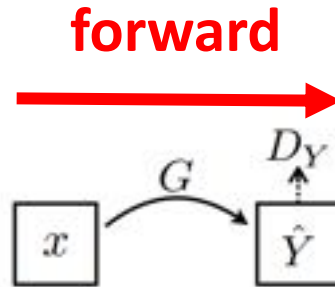


# CycleGAN



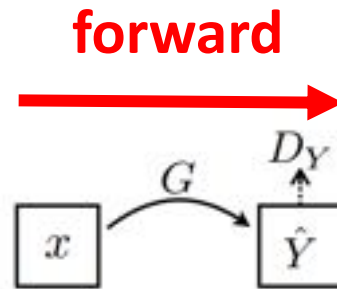
Minmax game

# CycleGAN



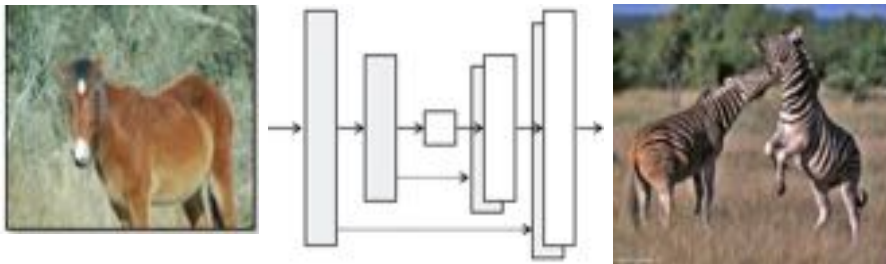
Q? minmax function is enough?

# CycleGAN

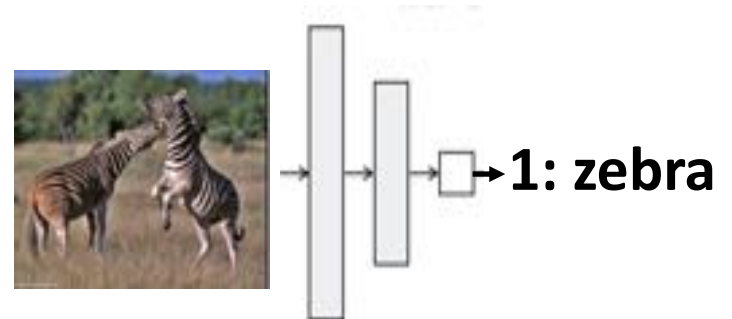


Q? minmax function is enough?

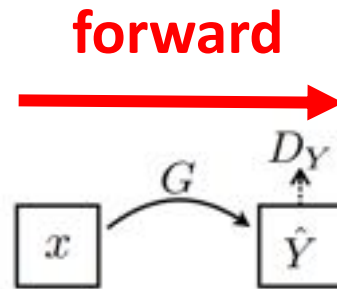
G



Dy

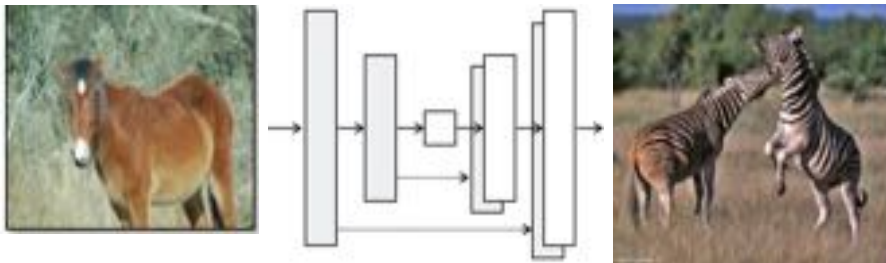


# CycleGAN

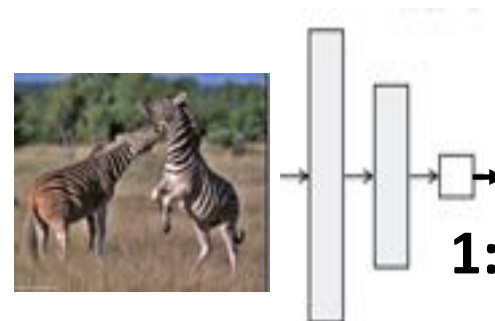


Q? minmax function is enough?  
Content is changed!

G

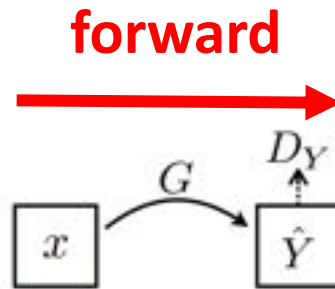


Dy



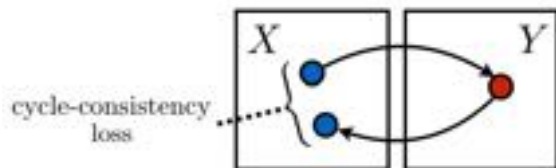
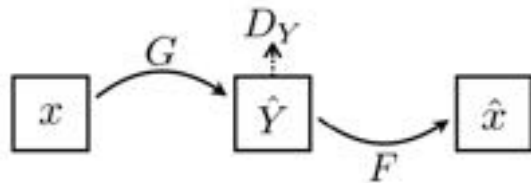
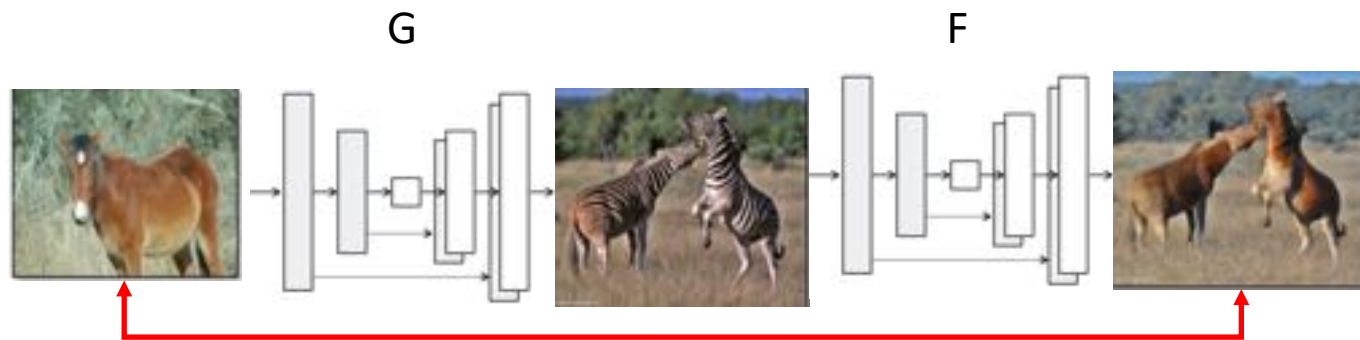
1: true zebra

# CycleGAN



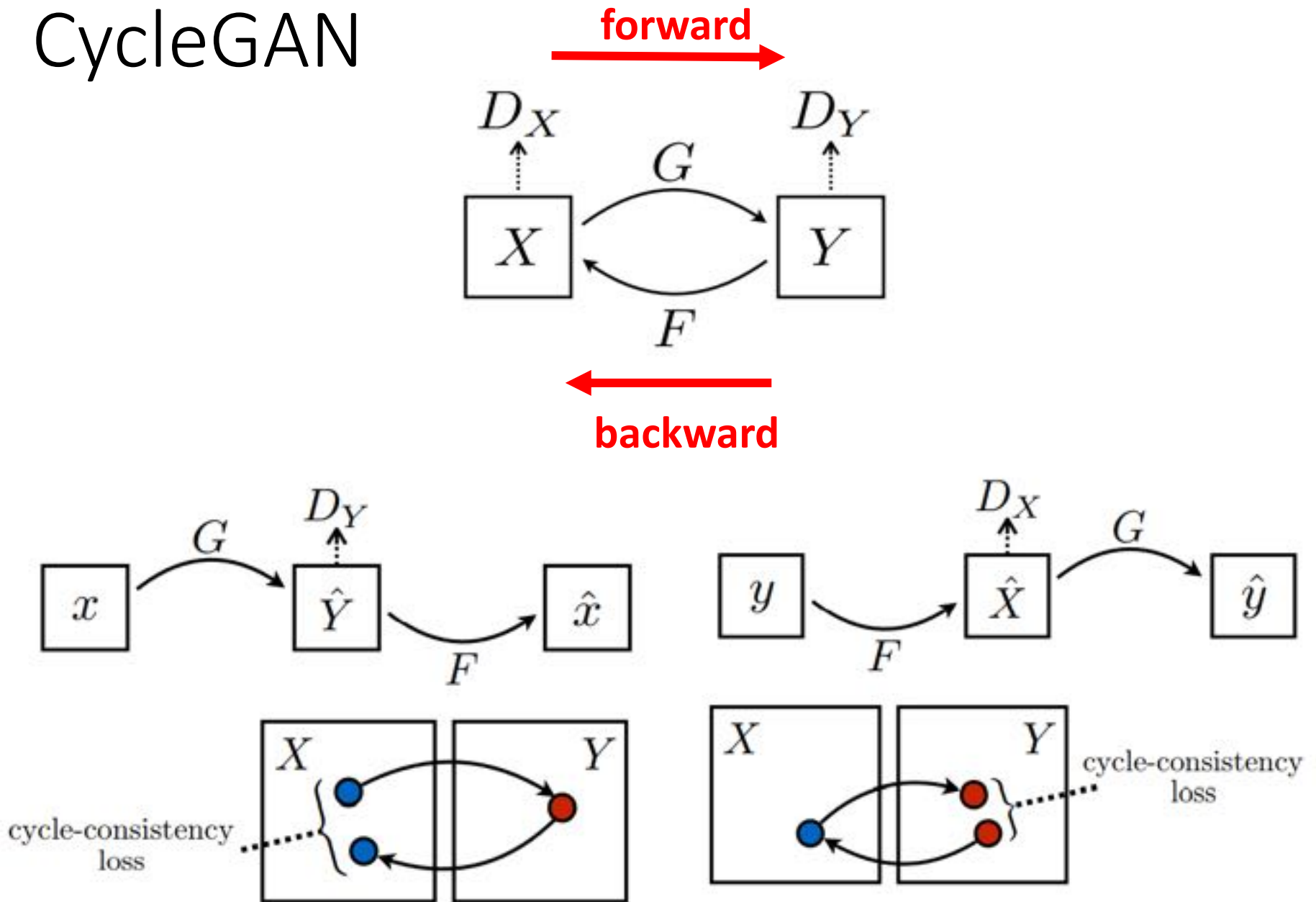
Q? minmax function is enough?

Content is changed!



Cycle-consistency loss  
Preserve the content

# CycleGAN



# CycleGAN

Monet  $\leftrightarrow$  Photos



Monet  $\rightarrow$  photo

Zebras  $\leftrightarrow$  Horses



zebra  $\rightarrow$  horse

Summer  $\leftrightarrow$  Winter



summer  $\rightarrow$  winter



photo  $\rightarrow$  Monet



horse  $\rightarrow$  zebra



winter  $\rightarrow$  summer



Photograph



Monet



Van Gogh



Cezanne



Ukiyo-e



# SPGAN (Similarity Preserving GAN)

Duke images



Market images



Person re-identification (re-ID) models trained on one dataset often **fail to generalize** well to another due to **dataset bias**

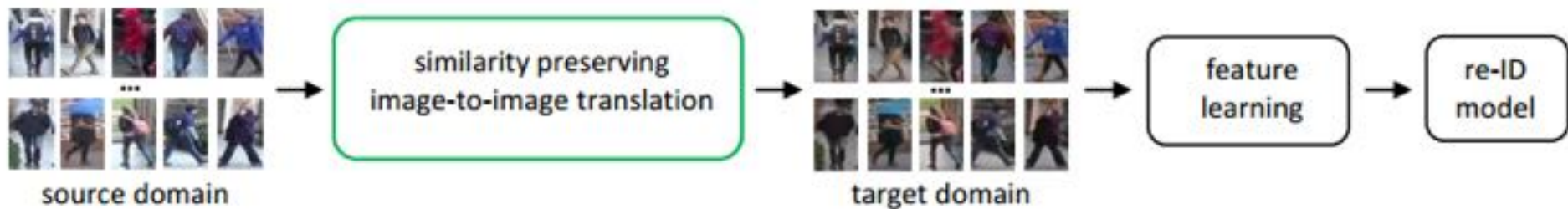
**Big drop!**

76.8%  $\rightarrow$  43.1%  
(train on market)



# SPGAN (Similarity Preserving GAN)

“Learning via translation” framework

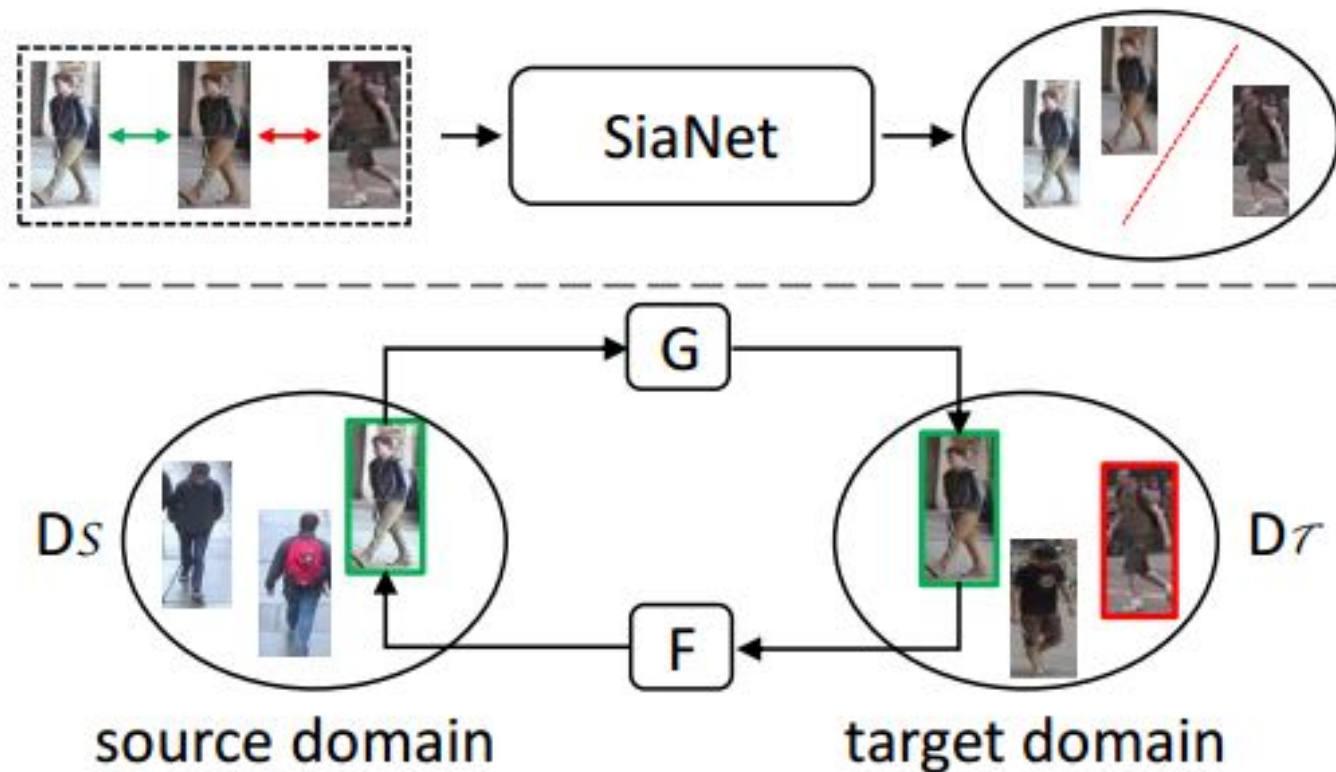


**Step 1: source-target image translation**

**Step 2: feature learning**



# SPGAN (Similarity Preserving GAN)



Source domain: images from one dataset **duke**

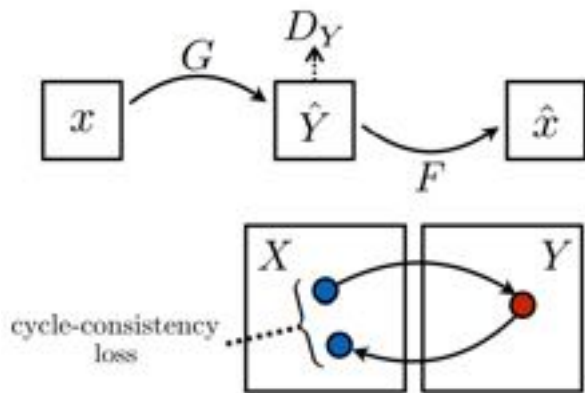
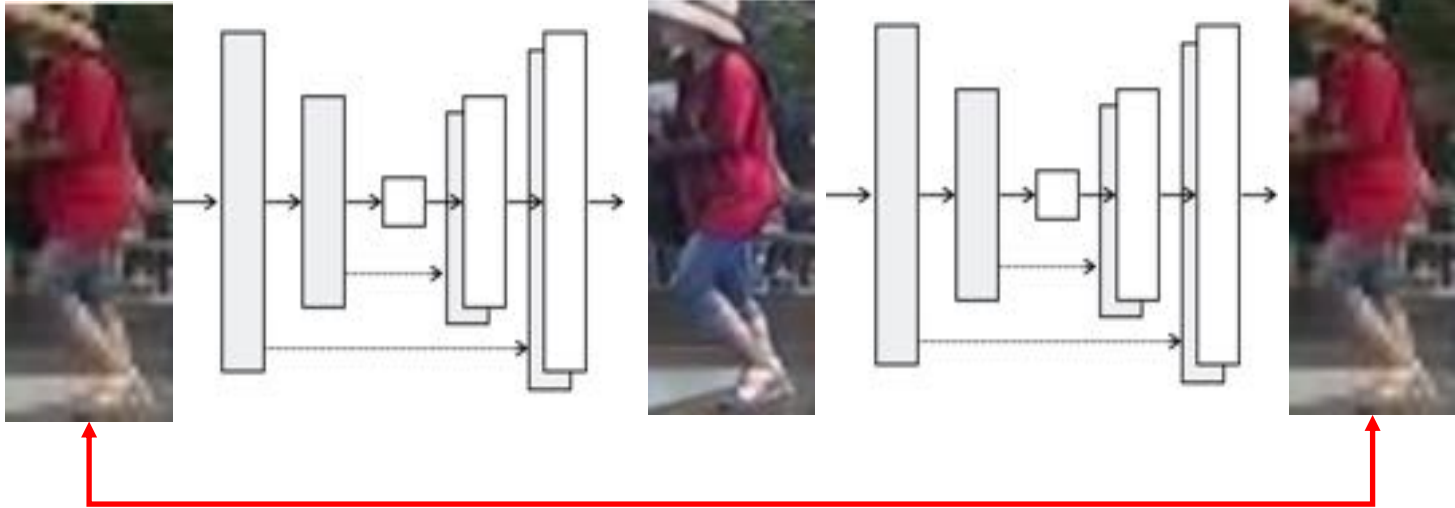
Target domain: images from another dataset **market**

**Note that two datasets contain different classes/ IDs**

# SPGAN

G

F

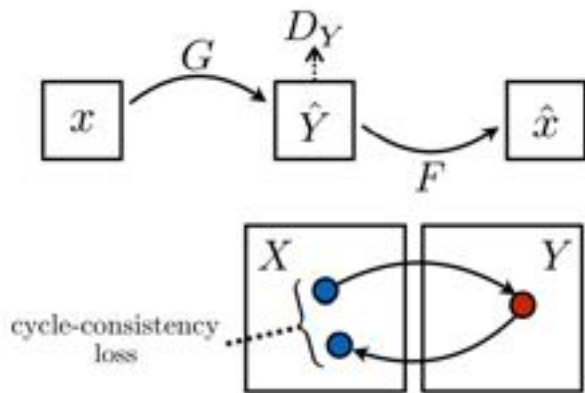
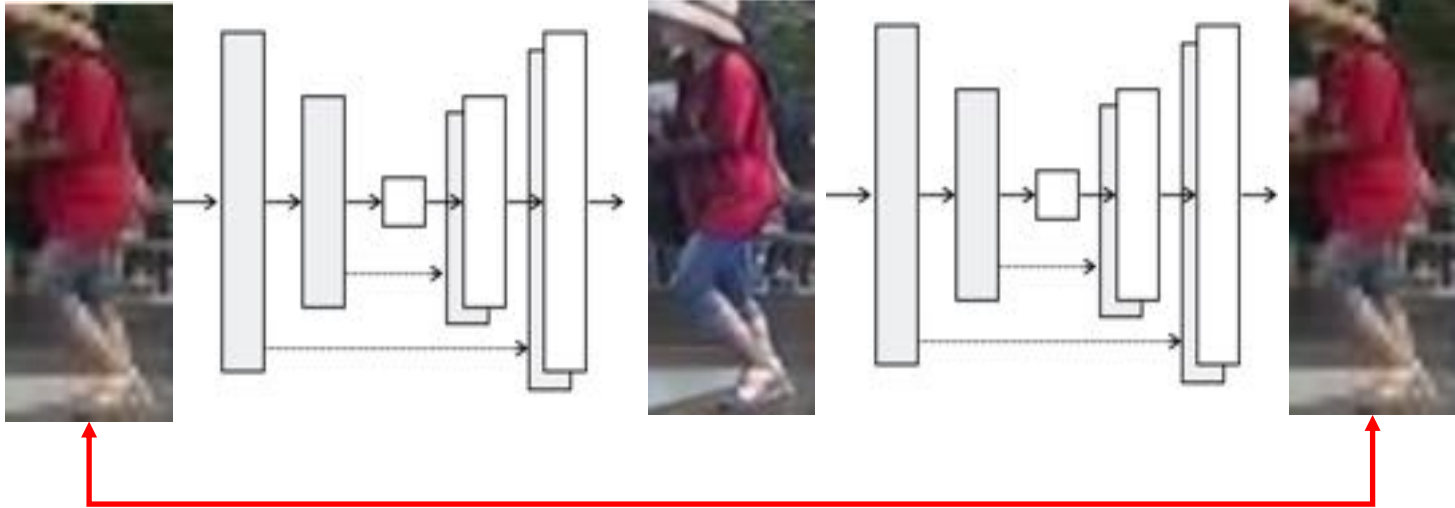


**Cycle-consistency loss**  
**Preserve the content**

# SPGAN

G

F

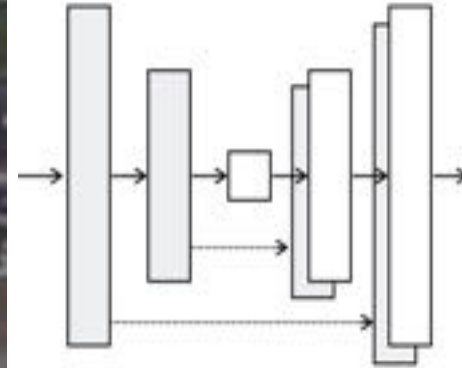
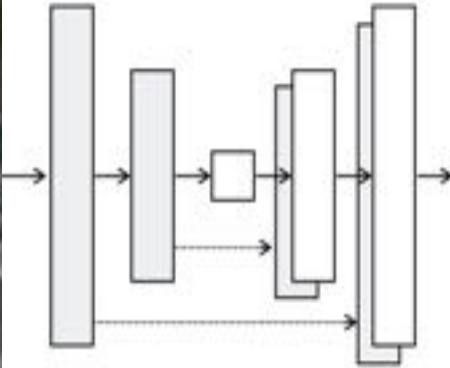


Q: cycle-consistency loss is enough?

# SPGAN

G

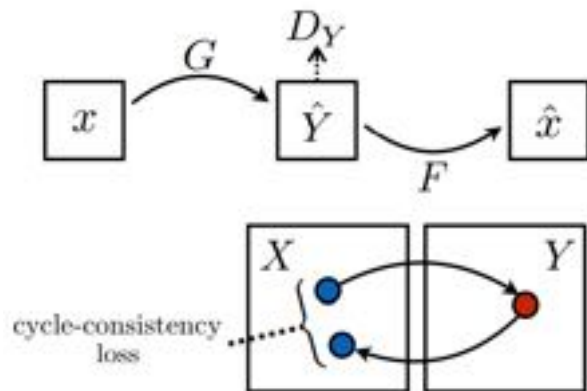
F



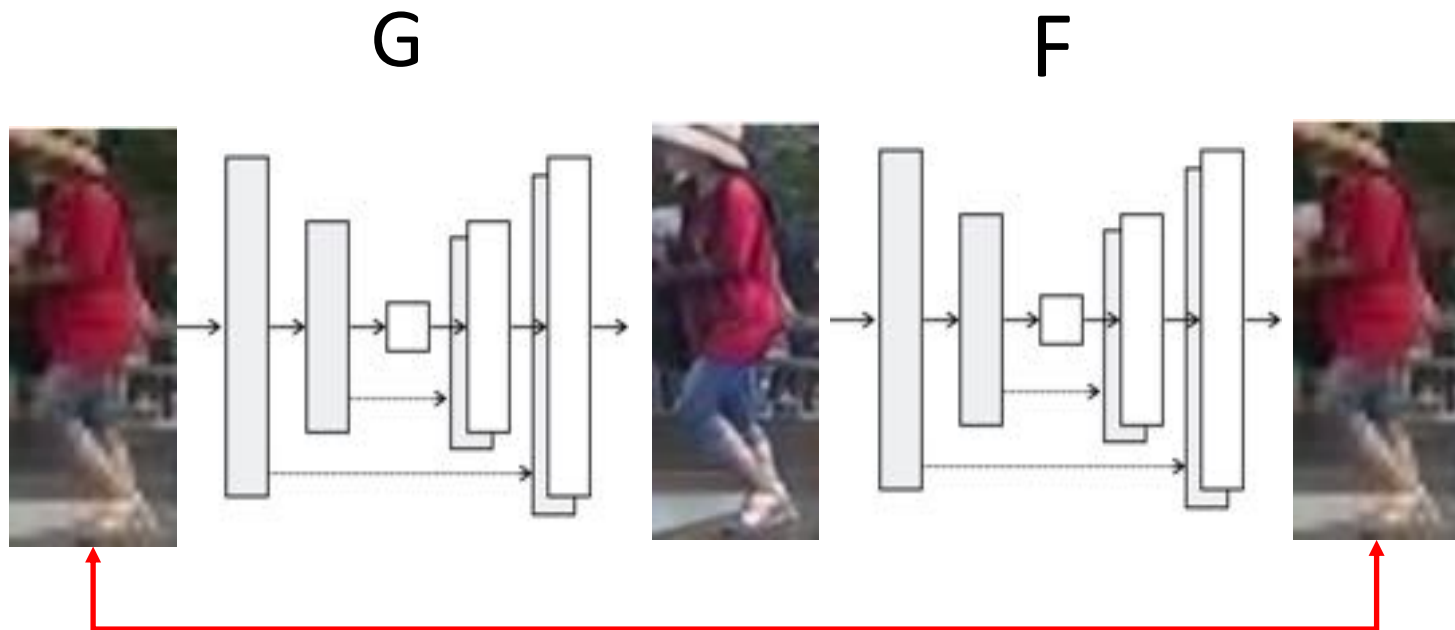
Q: cycle-consistency loss is enough?

The translated image is used for learning feature/ training a classifier.

Thus, identity information should be preserved



# SPGAN



**identity information should be preserved**

**New unsupervised constraints:**



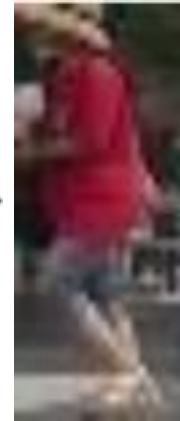
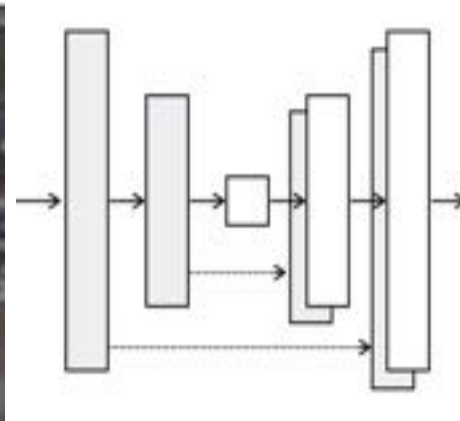
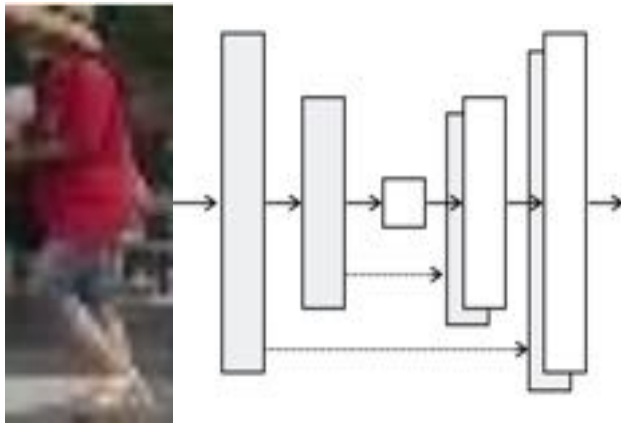
- 1) the translated image should be **close** to its original image at feature space; (similarity)
- 2) The translated images should be **not close** to target images (dissimilarity)



# SPGAN

G

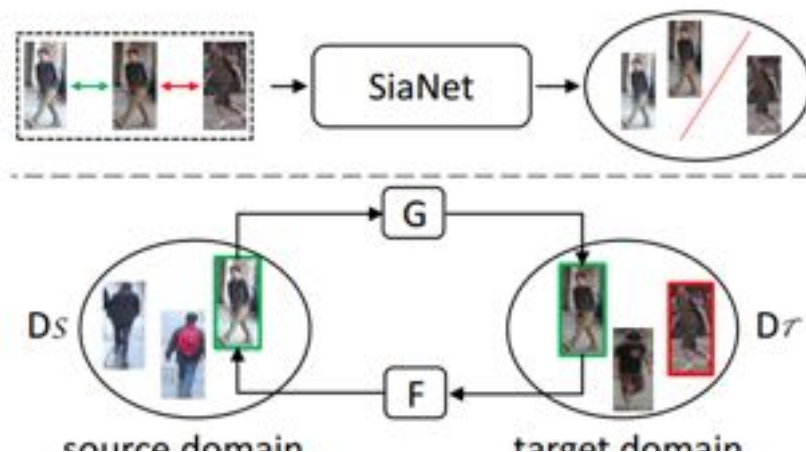
F



identity information should be preserved

New unsupervised constraints:

- 1) the translated image should be **close** to its original image at feature space; (similarity)
- 2) The translated images should be **not close** to target images (dissimilarity)



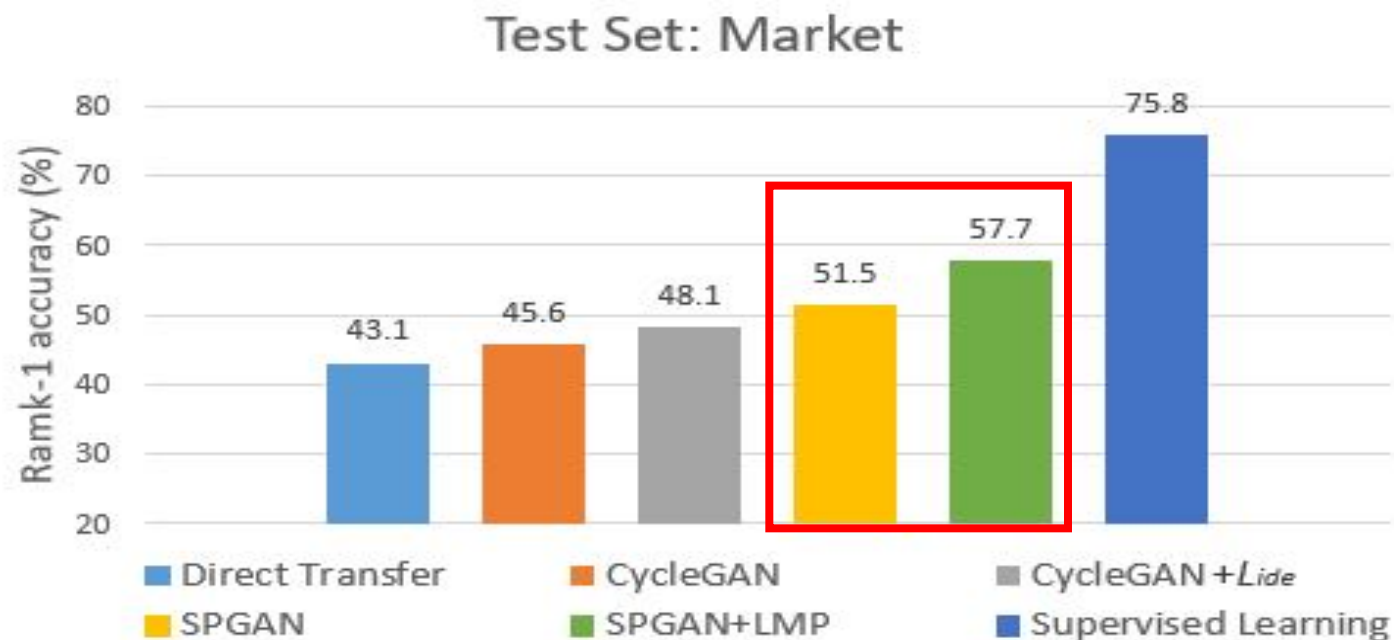
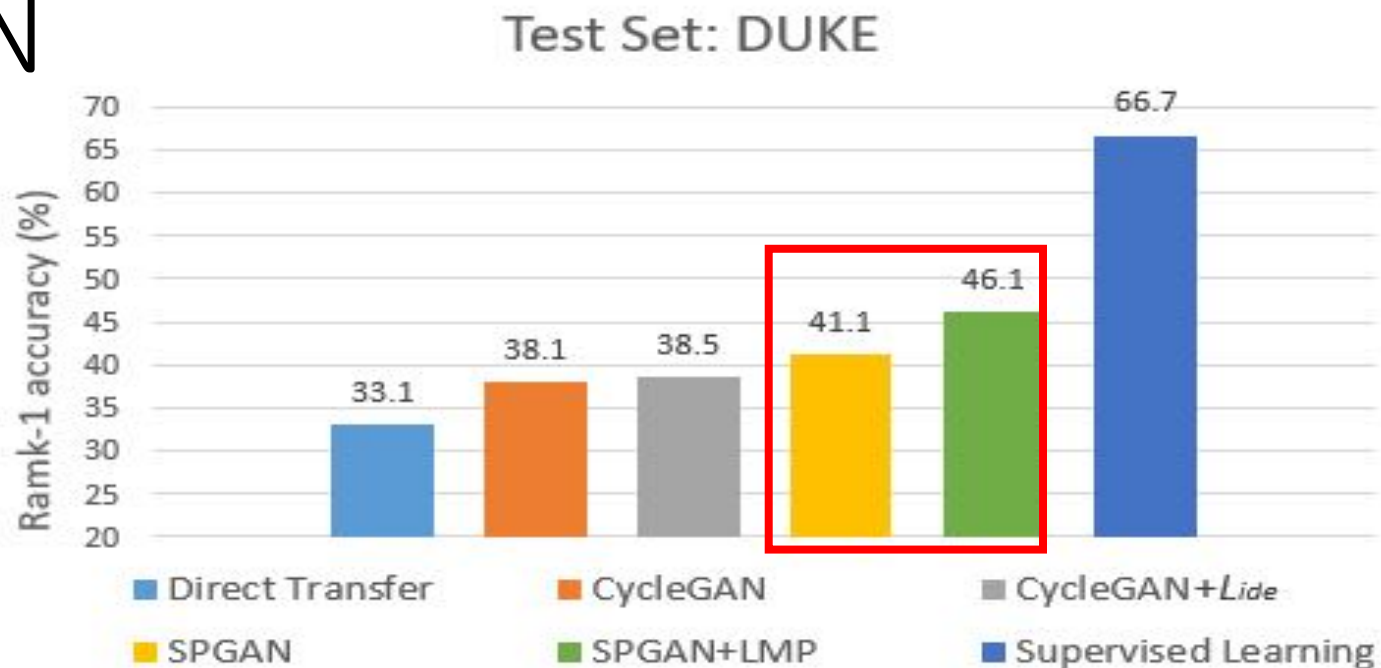
# SPGAN

## Visual examples





# SPGAN



Thank you