



Week 4 Lab



7/9 points earned (77%)

You haven't passed yet. You need at least 80% to pass.

Review the material and try again! You have 3 attempts every 8 hours.

[Back to Week 4](#)



1 / 1
points

1.

Is this an observational study or an experiment?



Observational study



Correct



Experiment



1 / 1
points

2.

Which of the following statements is **false** about the distribution of wage?



The median of the distribution is 905.



25% of respondents make more than 1160 dollars per week.



7 of the respondents make less than 300 dollars per week.



Correct

- ☐ wage is right-skewed, meaning that more respondents fall below the mean wage than above it.
-

✖ 0 / 1
points

3.
Examine the residuals of `m_wage_iq`. Is the assumption of normally distributed errors valid?

- ☐ Yes, since the distribution of the dependent variable (wage) is roughly normally distributed.
- ☐ Yes, since the distribution of the residuals of the model looks approximately normal.
- ☒ No, since the distribution of the residuals of the model is left-skewed.

▲
This should not be selected

- ☐ No, since the distribution of the residuals of the model is right-skewed.
-

✖ 0 / 1
points

4.
Under the reference prior $p(\alpha, \beta, \sigma^2) \propto 1/\sigma^2$, give a 95% posterior credible interval for β , the coefficient of IQ.

- ☐ (0.00793, 0.00967)
- ☐ (0.00709, 0.01050)
- ☐ (0.00663, 0.01098)
- ☒ (0.00010, 0.01750)

▲
This should not be selected



points

5.

From the model, all else begin equal, who would you expect to make more: a married black man or a single non-black man?



The married black man

**Correct**

The single non-black man

1 / 1
points

6.

Elimination of which variable from the full model yielded the lowest BIC?



brthord



sibs



feduc

**Correct**

meduc

1 / 1
points

7.

Based on this reduced data set, according to Bayesian model averaging, which of the following variables has the lowest marginal posterior inclusion probability?



kww



black



south



age


Correct1 / 1
points

8.

True or False: The naive model with all variables included has posterior probability greater than 0.5. (Use a Zellner-Siow null prior for the coefficients and a Beta-Binomial (1,1) prior for the models.)



True

**Correct**

False

1 / 1
points

9.

Estimate a 95% central credible interval for a new observation y_5 .



(-3.71, 5.73)



(-2.06, 4.10)

**Correct**

(-1.18, 3.19)

