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COURSEJ: CMP 301 Computer Architecture
1. __ is a science that shows how the components of the computer system is connected together
A. Computer parts D. Computer architecture C. Computer hardware D. Computer business
 2. How many Prime Implicants are there in Boolean Expression F=£(1,5,6,7,11,12,13,15)? A. 5 B. 4 C. 3 D. 2
 3. Which of the following computer bus connects the CPU to the memory?
 A. Expansion bus B. Width bus C. Long bus D. System bus
  4. Which of the Boolean law states that a+b=b+a and ab+ba?
  A. Associative B. Distributive
                                 C. Commutative D. Absorption
  5. Which of the Boolean laws states that a+1=1 and a+0=a? A Identity B. Summation C. Idempotent D. Null
  6. How many literals are present in Boolean expression (a + b¹) (a + b + c)(b¹ + c²)

A. 2 

✓ 3 C. 6 D. 7
  7. The gate that has it output to be true if all the inputs are true is ___
   A. NOT B. OR P. AND D. None of the above
   8. Grouping of zeroes (0's) in a K-Map is meant for __expression
   A. POS P. SOP C. Neither POS or SOP D. Both POS and SOP
   9. The expression (XY + XZ) is in ___ form. POS B. SOP C. Neither POS or SOP D. Both POS and SOP
    10. __ is the main components of the computer system
                          B. CPU C. Main memory . All of the above
    A. Input/Output unit
    11. Which of the Boolean law states that (a+b)+c=a+(b+c) and a(bc)=(ab)c?
    A. Associative . Distributive
                                   C. Commutative D. Absorption
                                                                          V. Unidirectional D. None of the above
    12. Computer address bus is __? A. Multidirectional B. Bidirectional
                                                                                 A. 5
     13. How many variables are there in Boolean Expression F=£(1,5,6,7,11,12,)?
                                                                                   ₩.7 B.5 C.4 D.3
     14. How many variables are there in Boolean expression (a + b1)(a+b+c)(b1+c1)
     15. How many prime implicants are there in Boolean Expression F=£(0,1,5,7)?
     16. Which of the Boolean law states that a+a'=1 and a*a'=0?
                                       C. Commutative D. Adsorption
     A. Involution V. Complement
    17. which of the Boolean Laws is good to use for converting POS expression to SOP expression?
     A. Associative B. Commutative C. Distributive V. DeMorgan's
    18. The expression (X+Y) (X+Z) is in ___ form . POS B. SOP C. Neither POS or SOP D. Both POS and SOP
    19. The gate that has it output to be true if one or all the inputs are true is ___
    A. NOT O. OR C. AND D. None of the above
    20. How many Prime Implicants are there in Boolean Expression F=£(0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,11,13,15)?
    X. 5 B. 4 C. 3 D. 2
    21. How many prime implicants are there in Boolean Expression F=£(0,1,2,4,5,7)? A. 5 B. 4 d. 3 D. 2
    22. Which of the Boolean law states that a(b+c)=ab+ac and a+bc=ab+ac?
                                  C. Commutative D. Absorption
     A. Associative V. Distributive
     23. Three variable K-Map has __ number of possible forms A. 5 B. 4 4.3 D. 2
     24. How many prime implicants are there in Boolean Expression F=£(0,1,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,13)?  . 5 B. 4 C. 3 D. 2
     25. Computer bus consists of __ wires. A. 0 or 1 B. 1 or less C. Exactly one V. One or more
                                                                                      A. 5 B. 4 C. 3 D. 2
     26. How many prime implicants are there in Boolean Expression F=£(0,2,4,5,6,10)?
     27. Which of the Boolean laws states that a+a=a and a*a=a? A. Identity B. Summation V. Idempotent D. Null
     28. Grouping of ones (1's) in a K-Map is meant for __expression
     POS B. SOP C. Neither POS or SOP D. Both POS and SOP
     29. How many prime implicants are there in Boolean Expression F=£(2,4,5,6,7)?
     30. Which of the Boolean laws states that a+0=1 and a+1=a ?A. Identity B. SummationC. Idempotent
     31. _ is a step by step procedure to solve a problem. A. Graph B. Table . Algorithm D. None of the above
     32. How many Prime Implicants are there in Boolean Expression F=£(1,2,3)? A. 5 B. 4 C. 3 D. 2
     33. Which of the Boolean law states that (a¹)¹=a? W. Involution B. Complement C. Commutative D. Absorption
     34. How many variables are there in Boolean Expression F=£(1,2,3)?
     35. RAM is usually call __ memory. W. Physical B. LogicalC. Conceptual D. User
     36. How many Prime Implicants are there in Boolean Expression F=E(0,3,4,5,7,11,13,15)? Ans: 4
   37. What type of Boolean expression is XY + X¹Y + X¹Z? Ans: sop
      38. Which of the following is not a Boolean law? A. Identity SummationC. Idempotent
      39. Four variable K-Map has __ number of possible forms.
     40. The gate that has it output to be true if all the inputs are true is ___
     A. NOT B. OR AND D. None of the above
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