

Operationalizing Linked Open Data

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Canadian Linked Data Initiative Summit 2016
<https://github.com/rwarren2/cldisummit>

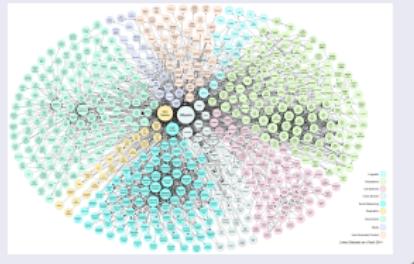
Linked Datasets as of August 2014



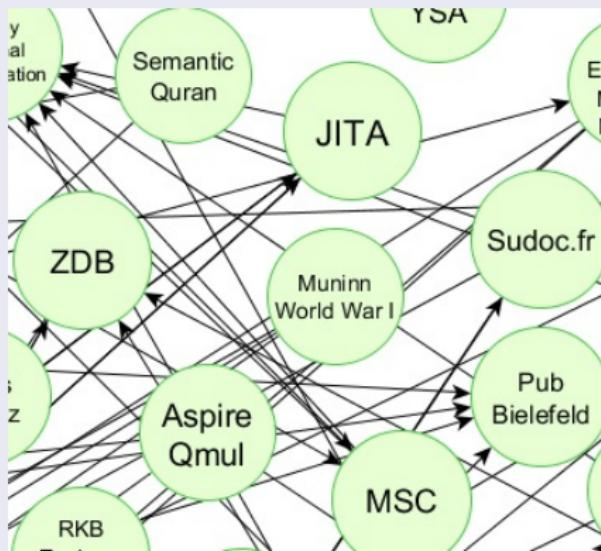
Who am I?
Why Linked (Open) Data?
Field notes on vocabularies
Field notes on publishing data
Field notes on working with triples

Who am I?

LOD Cloud 2014



Muninn WW1



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Who am I?

CWRC



Social Sciences and Humanities
Research Council of Canada
Conseil de recherches en
sciences humaines du Canada



compute | calcul
canada | canada

First ★★★★ data set on the Canada Open Data Portal



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□ First World War Medical Case Files as a Linked Open Data (LOD) Trial

First World War Medical Case Files as a Linked Open Data (LOD) Trial

A trial set of 1,000 scanned Canadian Expeditionary Force (CEF), First World War personnel files, has been used to create a Linked Open Data (LOD) set in Resources Description Format (RDF). The medical case sheet information from up to 3,000 pages from these personnel files was extracted using both human transcription and computer-driven quality control. The transcribed data generated has value for researchers in handwriting recognition, and archival and medical institutions. A collaboration between Library and Archives Canada (LAC) and The Muninn Project.

Have your say



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Publisher

Presentation Outline

- 1 Who am I?
- 2 Why Linked (Open) Data?
- 3 Field notes on vocabularies
- 4 Field notes on publishing data
- 5 Field notes on working with triples

The business value of LOD.

- Citations! If you can cite it, it exists!
- Externalize your costs to someone else.
- Document your data's idiosyncrasies.
- ~~Linked Data is just another fad.~~
- ~~It's already on my website.~~
- ~~People will steal my data.~~
- ~~There are errors in my data.~~

Observations:

- ❶ There is a bigger market for the individual pieces of your publication than the whole of it.
- ❷ There is a bigger market for your data with people that don't share your alphabet.

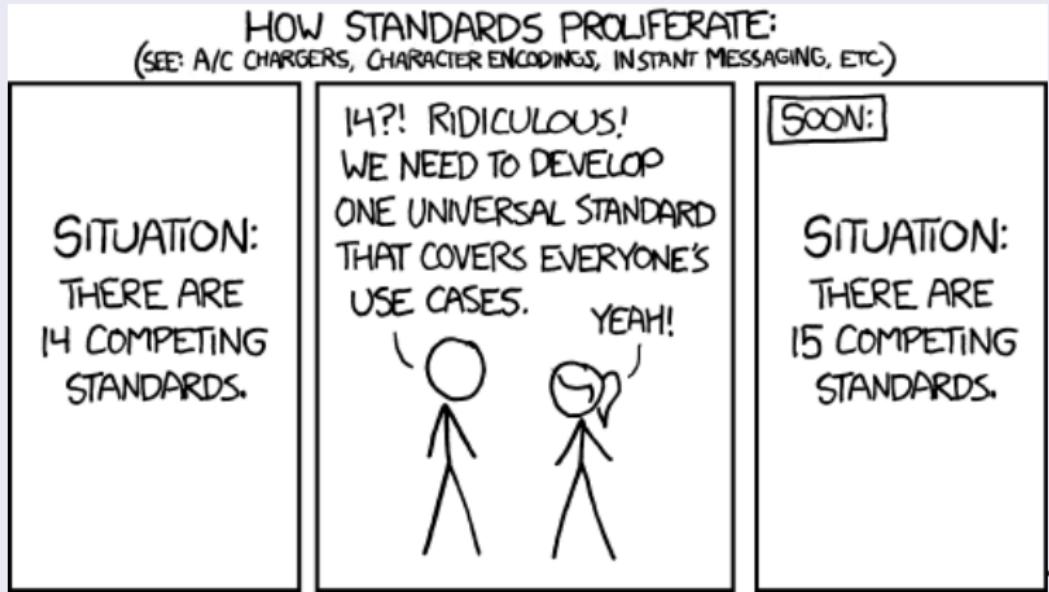
The propeller-head value of LOD.

- You have a machine readable URI to work with.
- You can support multiple serializations.
- You can still reference something, even if not “Open”.
- You can annotate the data to the *n*th degree.
- Easy provenance and tracking of changes.
- You get multiple languages and Unicode for free.

Observations:

- ➊ Forces separation between the **data** and the **application**.
- ➋ Your use cases for the data are never what people want out of the **application**.
- ➌ *LOD engages with people by engaging their machines.*

Vocabularies: Use a standard. (Which one!?)



^a<https://xkcd.com/927/>

Vocabulary use options:

- ① Create your own.
- ② Use one existing vocabulary.
- ③ Use multiple existing vocabularies.

The data consumer's perspective:

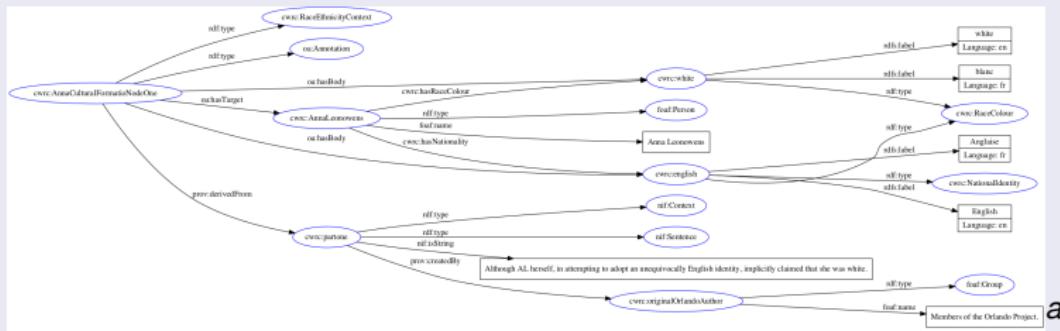
- Consumers want to know what to expect in vocabularies.
- Multiple vocabularies need relationships. (You build them).
- **The vast majority of data consumers cannot use ontological reasoning at query time.**

Case Studies:

Overview: CWRC (<http://www.cwrc.ca/>)

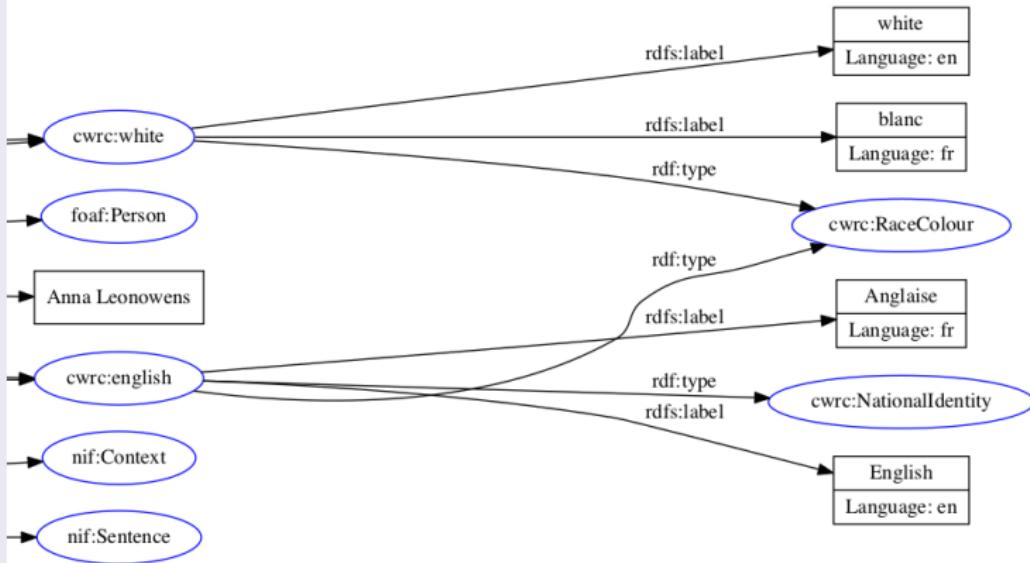
- Primarily Orlando TEI-style data.
- Schema definitions not ontologically sound.
- Custom ontology linked to other ontologies.
- Questions of ethnicity, race, skin colour alternate between vernacular and technical.

Case Studies: CWRC Entry



^a Anna LeonOwens

Case Studies: CWRC Entry



a

^a Anna LeonOwens

Outcomes

- The Ontology is a data explanation tool. Initially (wrongly) seen as a controlled vocabulary.
- Much time is being spent on teasing out the intent of the data as written.
- The process is very demanding of the scholars.
- The CWRC ontology in its final form will have paradoxes. Acceptable because it explains data that was not built within an *ontologically rational* framework.
- This is good enough for partial data exchange.
- Massive ancillary linkages to other dataset.

Case Studies:

Overview: Muninn (<http://rdf.muninn-project.org/>)

- Heterogeneous data sources: text, SQL, images, free form tabular.
- Erroneous, ambiguous and incomplete data.
- Multiple purpose built ontologies for specialized applications.
- Move to standardized ontologies as they become available.
(re: Organization Ontology)
- No “single” truth, but you are free to decide for yourself.

Private Peat, by Harold R. Peat

I was sharing a box with a lad whom I heard the fellows call Bob.

"You're in the right direction-don't turn round!"

Private Peat



Partial Information

```
<owl:oneOf rdf:parseType="Collection">  
<owl:Thing rdf:about="Bob #1"/>  
<owl:Thing rdf:about="Bob #2"/>  
<owl:Thing rdf:about="Bob #3"/> ...  
</owl:oneOf>  
<rel:knowsByReputation  
rdf:resource="The Mad Major"/>
```

Attestation Papers

DOB 1893-02-31 - February 31, 1893

Partial Information

```
<owl:time rdf:about="Birth">  
<time:hasDateTimeDescription>  
<time:DateTimeDescription ...>  
<time:year>1893</time:year>  
<time:DateTimeDescription>  
</time:hasDateTimeDescription>  
<rdf:value>1893-02-31</rdf:value>  
</owl:time>
```

Harry Baird



Case Studies Muninn:

British Trench Map Coordinate Translation App

Great War British Trench Map Coordinates Converter



(Still Experimental - Not working on IE.)
[La Capelle, France](#), [Vimy Ridge, France](#), [Passendale, Belgium](#)

Enter the coordinate string using dots to separate the elements (eg: 57c.1.11.d.5.6):

The centroid of grid location 36c.s.22.a.6.9 is at 50.3792, 2.7743.



Note: The British Trench Map coordinate system is a grid, not a continuous coordinate system. Therefore, all locations are returned as a rectangular region.

[The Muninn Project](#)

Field notes on Vocabularies: Conclusions

- ① The public interacts with Applications not Data, but Data is why we are here.
- ② Do not ever design vocabulary for the application.
- ③ Old data is never clean, sensible or well behaved. The ontology / vocabulary has to say so and work with it.
- ④ Reuse vocabularies and create new ones on a case by case basis.
- ⑤ Great resource at

<https://lov.okfn.org/dataset/lov>

Publishing Linked Data:

Checklist:

- Dereferencable (URI's for everything)?
- Content negotiation (**The data format is dead.**)?
- Public facing SPARQL server?
- Machine and Human readable vocabulary definition?
- Machine and Human readable data set definition?
- Production, in-house use of the SPARQL on day 1?

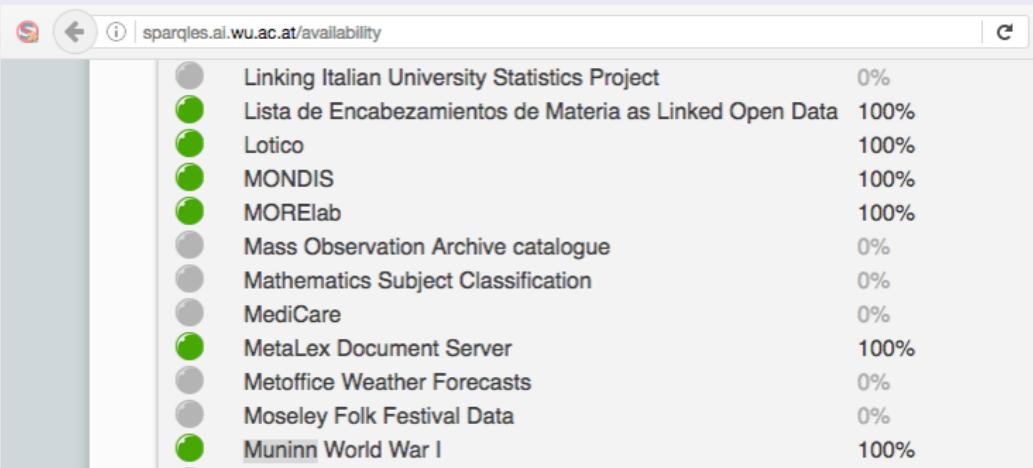
Important Note: People write bad programs.

"If builders built buildings the way programmers make programs, the first woodpecker to come along would destroy civilization." - Gerald Weinberg

Corollary:

Get someone who knows public facing infrastructure to look things over for you.

SPARQL servers



The screenshot shows a list of 14 SPARQL servers with their availability percentages. The servers are listed in two columns: name and availability. The availability column uses a color-coded system where grey indicates 0% and green indicates 100%.

Linking Italian University Statistics Project	0%
Lista de Encabezamientos de Materia as Linked Open Data	100%
Lotic	100%
MONDIS	100%
MORElab	100%
Mass Observation Archive catalogue	0%
Mathematics Subject Classification	0%
MediCare	0%
MetaLex Document Server	100%
Metoffice Weather Forecasts	0%
Moseley Folk Festival Data	0%
Muninn World War I	100%

SPARQL allows for custom retrieval queries over HTTP without having you involved.

An important note about SPARQL

Run SPARQL queries through a reverse HTTP proxy: nginx, polipo, etc.

Why?

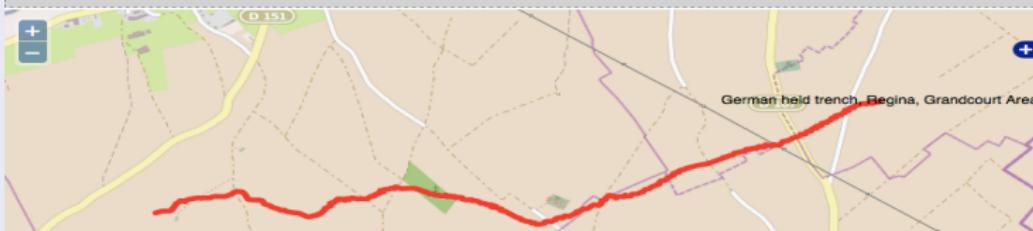
- Offending programmers can be safely ignored.
- Allows for light infrastructure abuse (auto-complete queries).
- Improves performance without heavy planning.

Tracking data in large data stores:

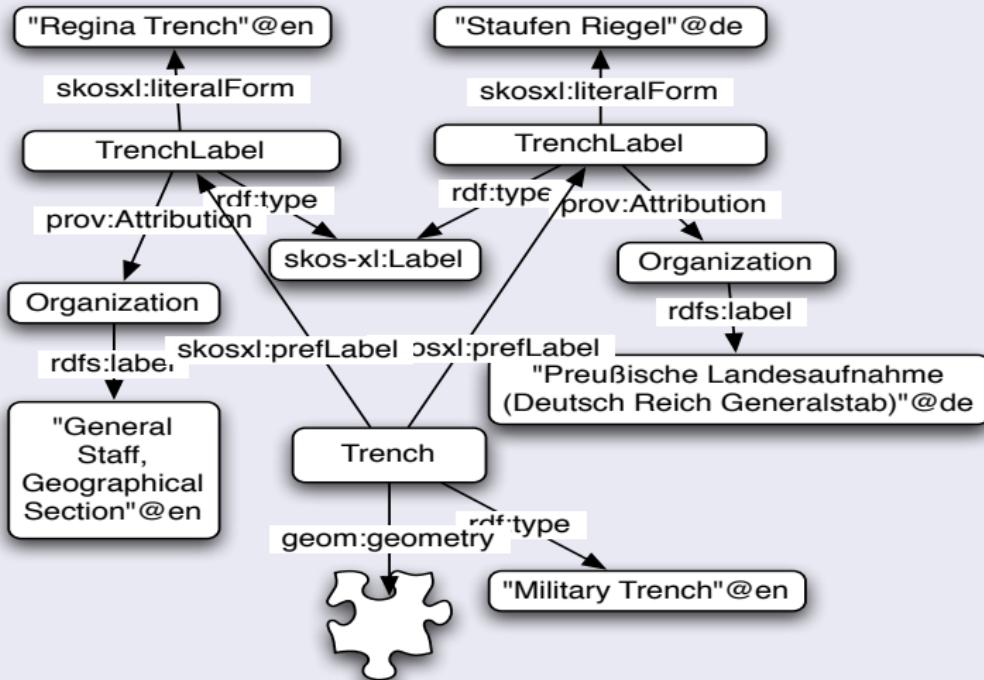
- Generate more data as a byproduct of operations:
It is easier to delete old triples than to rebuild triples that should have existed.
- Tracking provenance of node is trivial; consider building it into your work flow.
- Data and meta-data are merging.
- The most awesome use of your data is a use case you have not thought of.

Dealing with contentious issues (1/2):

```
muninn-ww1:MilitaryTrench@12dc4b/a2a3cr28154d3u480d4cc2t
→ rdf:type → mil:MilitaryTrench, time:TemporalEntity, http://geovocab.org/spatial#Feature
→ rdfs:label → "German held trench, Regina, Grandcourt Area"@en
→ owl:sameAs → dbpedia:Regina_Trench
→ time:hasDateTimeDescription → muninn-ww1:DateTimeDescription/f48c39552b0c7d810f5a59ea7fb9f2de
→ foaf:name → "Regina"@en
→ prov:wasGeneratedBy → muninn-ww1:Process/ReginaTrenchExtraction
→ prov:hadPrimarySource → muninn-ww1:map/f48c39552b0c7d810f5a59ea7fb9f2de
→ void:inDataset → muninn-ww1:Dataset/ReginaTrench
→ geom:geometry → muninn-ww1:MilitaryGeometry/5712bc467a2a3cf2e154b304adb4cc2f
→ http://www.w3.org/2008/05/skos-xl#prefLabel → muninn-ww1:AltLabel/5712bc467a2a3cf2e154b304adb4cc2f, muninn-ww1:PrefLabel/5712bc467a2a3cf2e154b304gdb4cc2f
```



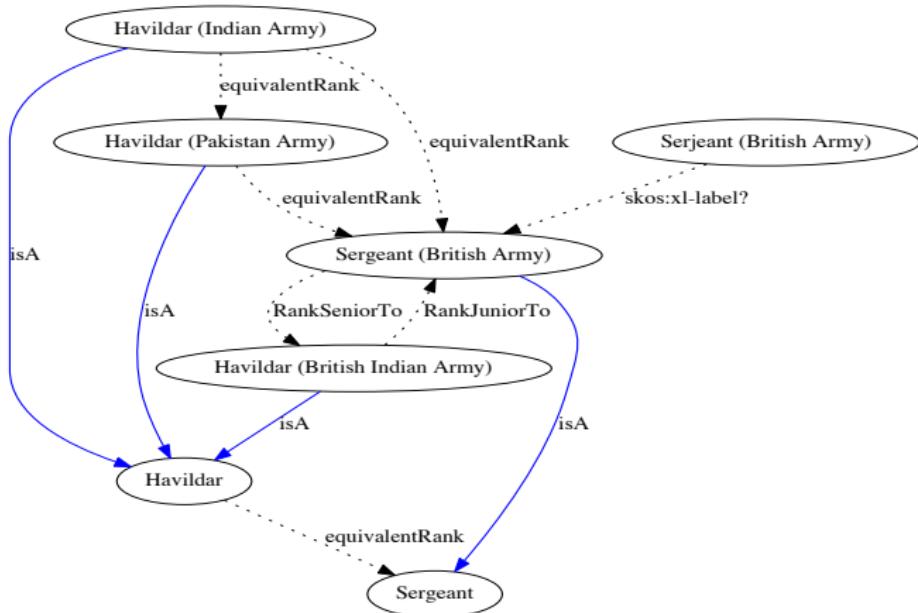
Dealing with contentious issues(2/2):



- Who am I?
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Important ontological note:

The *thing* and the *name of the thing* are not the same *thing*.



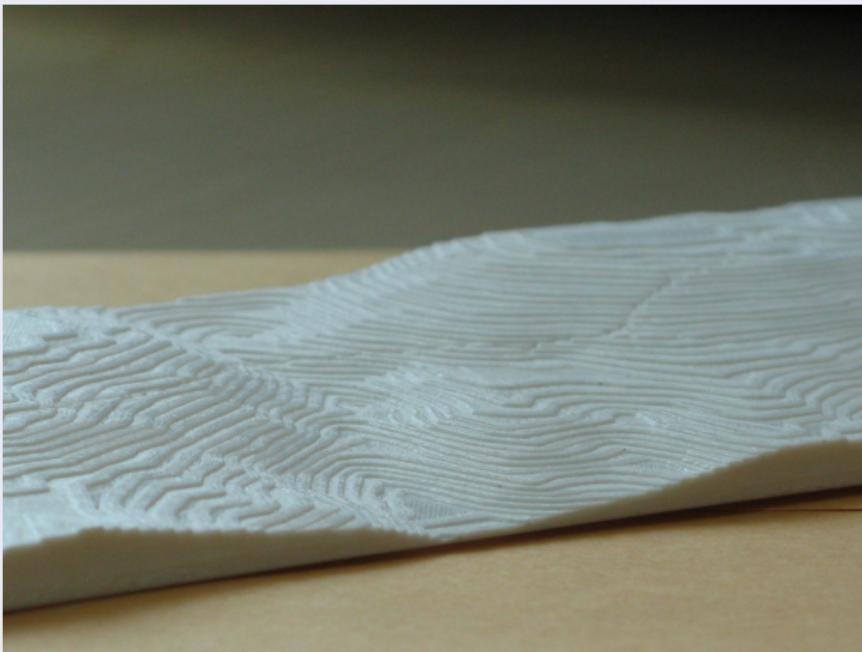
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Getting value out of low-value items:



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Print your own Battlefield



Recap:

- Linked Open Data is about data, not applications.
- The *thing* and the *name of the thing* are not the same *thing*.
- The most awesome use of your data is a use case you have not thought of.
- Vocabulary use means something.
- LOD engages with people by engaging their machines.

Further information

- <http://www.cwrc.ca/>
- <http://www.muninn-project.org/>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aJW16qFkGHU>

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Questions?



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