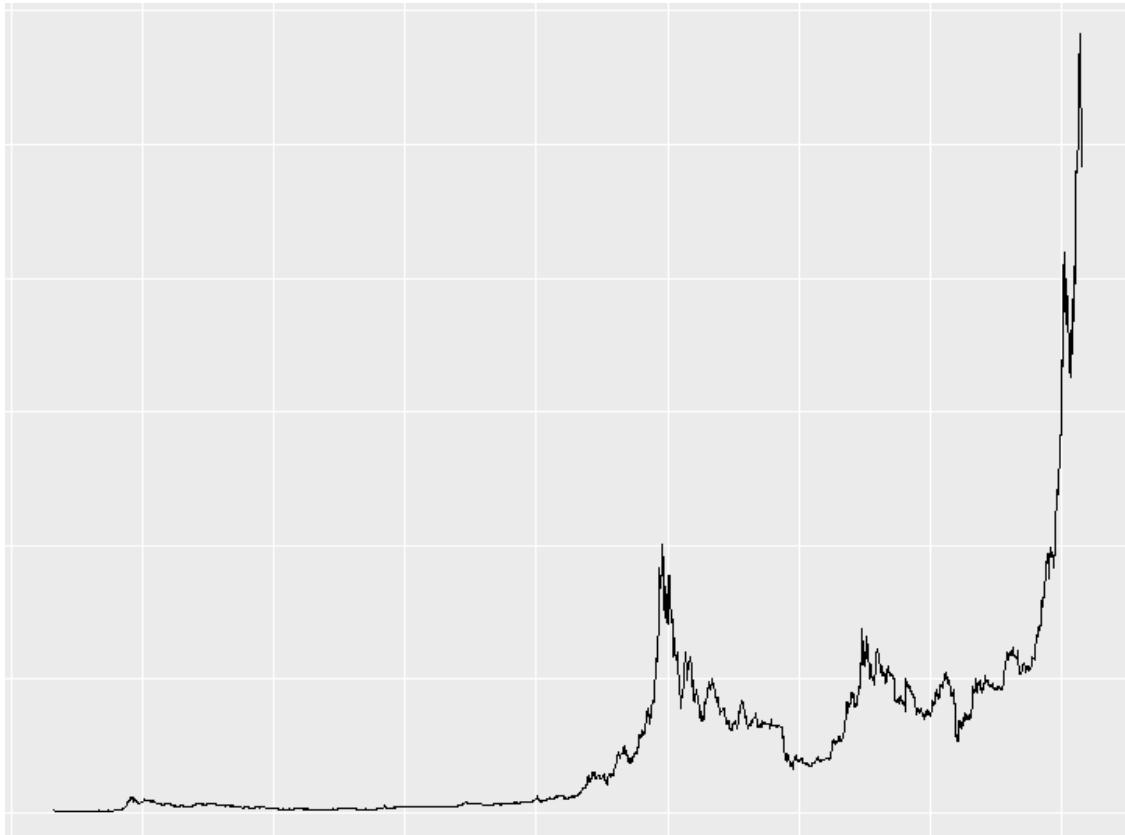


Understanding Cryptocurrency Volatility

Exploring Correlations and Building Predictive Models



Syracuse Master's of Applied Data Science Program

Huang, Cliff
Onyeugbo, Glory

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I. INTRODUCTION

High Level Summary

Cryptocurrencies are digital assets designed to be mediums of exchange that use files as money. Cryptocurrencies use decentralized control as opposed to centralized electronic money and central banking systems. The first and most popular cryptocurrency, Bitcoin, was invented in 2008. Following the success of Bitcoin, alternatives to the currency were launched and given the term ‘altcoins’, which refers to any cryptocurrencies other than Bitcoin. Cryptocurrencies can be transferred from one owner to another directly, or indirectly via an exchange, which functions like a stock market exchange.

Dataset

Subset of [Cryptocurrency Historical Prices](#), which are directly pulled from [coinmarketcap](#) (see subset details below).

Number of Data Points

202,770 (20,277 observations of 10 variables)

Subset Details

Each dataset represents a different cryptocurrency and contains observations of the same 10 variables, which include price, volume and market capitalization over time.

Bitcoin: 2862 observations of 10 variables

Cardano: 1245 observations of 10 variables

Dogecoin: 2631 observations of 10 variables

EOS: 1337 observations of 10 variables

Ethereum: 2031 observations of 10 variables

Iota: 1355 observations of 10 variables

Litecoin: 2682 observations of 10 variables

Monero: 2473 observations of 10 variables

Stellar: 2398 observations of 10 variables

Tron: 1263 observations of 10 variables

Scope and Context of Analysis

The goal of this project is to understand the factors that impact the price movement of several cryptocurrencies in exchanges. We will focus our analysis on ten currencies: Bitcoin, Cardano, Dogecoin, EOS, Ethereum, Iota, Litecoin, Monero, Stellar, and Tron. We will limit our analysis to relatively few variables, which include date, price, volume, market capitalization, and a few calculated variables derived from price and volume.

Business Questions

1. What correlations can we find between the prices of Bitcoin and altcoins?
2. Is there a relationship between trading volume and price?
3. Can we develop a model to predict the price of a coin over a given period of time?
4. Are there outliers in price movements? If so, what can we identify about them?

II. DATA ACQUISITION AND MUNGING

R Studio script is located in the Appendix

Data Acquisition

We selected this source because the data sets are freely available to use, current as of early 2021, and highly organized. Of the 23 data sets available, we focused on a subset of 9 because we are particularly interested in cryptocurrencies with high lifetime returns, high market capitalization, and/or high volatility. We also chose these data sets based on personal interest in each coin's underlying technology and value proposition.

We downloaded the datasets in .csv format from the aforementioned URL; the compiler of the data used Python to access coinmarketcap's API to pull historical data on select coins. We then read each .csv into R Studio for cleansing, transforming, and munging.

Data Dictionary

Attribute	Data Type	Definition
SNo	integer	Observation identity
Name	character	Cryptocurrency name
Symbol	character	Cryptocurrency trading symbol
Date	character	Datetime of observation, in UTC
Open	numeric	opening price on given day
High	numeric	highest price on given day
Low	numeric	lowest price on given day
Close	numeric	closing price on given day (define the exact time)
Volume:	numeric	Volume of transactions on the given day
Market Cap	numeric	Market Capitalization in USD Market Cap = High * Circulating Supply
Daily Return	numeric	Percent return over 24 hours Daily Return = 100 * ((Close - Open)/Open)
Daily Volume Change	numeric	Percent change in volume over 24 hours Value = 100 * ((Volume - (Previous Day's Volume))/Previous Day's Volume)
Big Day	numeric	Day in which daily return exceeds 5%

Structure and Summary of Raw Data

```

> str(bitcoin)
'data.frame': 2862 obs. of 10 variables:
 $ SNo : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
 $ Name : chr "Bitcoin" "Bitcoin" "Bitcoin" "Bitcoin" ...
 $ Symbol : chr "BTC" "BTC" "BTC" "BTC" ...
 $ Date : chr "2013-04-29 23:59:59" "2013-04-30 23:59:59" "2013-05-01 23:59:59" "2013-05-02 23:59:59" ...
 $ High : num 147 147 140 126 108 ...
 $ Low : num 134 134.1 107.7 92.3 79.1 ...
 $ Open : num 134 144 139 116 106 ...
 $ Close : num 144.5 139 117 105.2 97.8 ...
 $ Volume : num 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ Marketcap: num 1.60e+09 1.54e+09 1.30e+09 1.17e+09 1.09e+09 ...

> summary(bitcoin)
      SNo        Name       Symbol        Date        High
Min.   : 1.0  Length:2862  Length:2862  Length:2862  Min.   : 74.56
1st Qu.: 716.2 Class :character  Class :character  Class :character  1st Qu.: 426.05
Median :1431.5 Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Median :1197.33
Mean   :1431.5
3rd Qu.:2146.8
Max.   :2862.0

      Low        Open       Close      Volume     Marketcap
Min.   : 65.53  Min.   : 68.5  Min.   : 68.43  Min.   :0.0000e+00  Min.   : 7.784e+08
1st Qu.: 415.68 1st Qu.: 421.2 1st Qu.: 420.99 1st Qu.:2.786e+07 1st Qu.: 5.989e+09
Median :1164.17 Median :1180.1  Median :1182.81  Median :3.302e+08 Median :1.924e+10
Mean   :4695.10 Mean   :4836.3  Mean   :4852.09  Mean   :8.978e+09 Mean   :8.592e+10
3rd Qu.:7703.36 3rd Qu.:7924.6 3rd Qu.:7926.70 3rd Qu.:1.297e+10 3rd Qu.:1.388e+11
Max.   :55672.61 Max.   :57532.7  Max.   :57539.94  Max.   :3.510e+11 Max.   :1.072e+12

> str(cardano)
'data.frame': 1245 obs. of 10 variables:
 $ SNo : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
 $ Name : chr "Cardano" "Cardano" "Cardano" "Cardano" ...
 $ Symbol : chr "ADA" "ADA" "ADA" "ADA" ...
 $ Date : chr "2017-10-02 23:59:59" "2017-10-03 23:59:59" "2017-10-04 23:59:59" "2017-10-05 23:59:59" ...
 $ High : num 0.0301 0.0274 0.0228 0.0222 0.0215 ...
 $ Low : num 0.02 0.0207 0.0209 0.0209 0.0184 ...
 $ Open : num 0.0246 0.0258 0.0209 0.022 0.0214 ...
 $ Close : num 0.0259 0.0208 0.0219 0.0215 0.0185 ...
 $ Volume : num 57641300 16997800 9000050 5562510 7780710 ...
 $ Marketcap: num 6.29e+08 5.40e+08 5.69e+08 5.57e+08 4.81e+08 ...

> summary(cardano)
      SNo        Name       Symbol        Date        High
Min.   : 1  Length:1245  Length:1245  Length:1245  Min.   : 0.02105
1st Qu.: 312 Class :character  Class :character  Class :character  1st Qu.: 0.04557
Median : 623 Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Median : 0.08351
Mean   : 623
3rd Qu.: 934
Max.   :1245

      Low        Open       Close      Volume     Marketcap
Min.   :0.01762  Min.   :0.01841  Min.   :0.01854  Min.   :1.739e+06  Min.   : 4.807e+08
1st Qu.: 0.04298 1st Qu.: 0.04429 1st Qu.: 0.04433 1st Qu.:4.642e+07 1st Qu.: 1.149e+09
Median : 0.07763 Median : 0.08087 Median : 0.08095 Median :1.012e+08 Median :2.102e+09
Mean   : 0.12934 Mean   : 0.13776 Mean   : 0.13876 Mean   :4.730e+08 Mean   :3.788e+09
3rd Qu.: 0.13810 3rd Qu.: 0.14309 3rd Qu.: 0.14357 3rd Qu.:2.577e+08 3rd Qu.: 3.780e+09
Max.   : 1.23414 Max.   : 1.24215 Max.   : 1.32486 Max.   :1.914e+10 Max.   :4.122e+10

> str(dogecoin)
'data.frame': 2631 obs. of 10 variables:
 $ SNo : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
 $ Name : chr "Dogecoin" "Dogecoin" "Dogecoin" "Dogecoin" ...
 $ Symbol : chr "DOGE" "DOGE" "DOGE" "DOGE" ...
 $ Date : chr "2013-12-16 23:59:59" "2013-12-17 23:59:59" "2013-12-18 23:59:59" "2013-12-19 23:59:59" ...
 $ High : num 0.000866 0.000289 0.000362 0.00152 0.001143 ...
 $ Low : num 0.00015 0.000116 0.000205 0.000328 0.000662 ...
 $ Open : num 0.000299 0.000207 0.000267 0.000395 0.001143 ...
 $ Close : num 0.000205 0.000269 0.000362 0.001162 0.000704 ...
 $ Volume : num 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ Marketcap: num 1509085 2169688 3188943 11150339 7284337 ...

> summary(dogecoin)
      SNo        Name       Symbol        Date        High
Min.   : 1.0  Length:2631  Length:2631  Length:2631  Min.   :8.919e-05
1st Qu.: 658.5 Class :character  Class :character  Class :character  1st Qu.:2.288e-04
Median :1316.0 Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Median :1.645e-03
Mean   :1316.0
3rd Qu.:1973.5
Max.   :2631.0

      Low        Open       Close      Volume     Marketcap
Min.   :8.547e-05 Min.   :8.715e-05 Min.   :8.727e-05 Min.   :0.000e+00 Min.   : 1.509e+06
1st Qu.:2.197e-04 1st Qu.:2.241e-04 1st Qu.:2.243e-04 1st Qu.:2.339e+05 1st Qu.: 2.315e+07
Median :1.387e-03 Median :1.523e-03 Median :1.523e-03 Median :4.485e+06 Median :1.553e+08
Mean   :2.243e-03 Mean   :2.394e-03 Mean   :2.410e-03 Mean   :1.063e+08 Mean   :2.875e+08
3rd Qu.:2.625e-03 3rd Qu.:2.710e-03 3rd Qu.:2.714e-03 3rd Qu.:3.864e+07 3rd Qu.: 3.299e+08
Max.   :6.853e-02 Max.   :7.877e-02 Max.   :7.883e-02 Max.   :2.540e+10 Max.   :1.011e+10

```

```

> str(ethereum)
'data.frame': 2031 obs. of 10 variables:
$ SNo : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
$ Name : chr "Ethereum" "Ethereum" "Ethereum" "Ethereum" ...
$ Symbol : chr "ETH" "ETH" "ETH" "ETH" ...
$ Date : chr "2015-08-08 23:59:59" "2015-08-09 23:59:59" "2015-08-10 23:59:59" "2015-08-11 23:59:59" ...
$ High : num 2.8 0.88 0.73 1.13 1.29 ...
$ Low : num 0.715 0.629 0.637 0.663 0.884 ...
$ Open : num 2.794 0.706 0.714 0.708 1.059 ...
$ Close : num 0.753 0.702 0.708 1.068 1.217 ...
$ Volume : num 674188 532170 405283 1463100 2150620 ...
$ Marketcap: num 45486894 42399573 42818364 64569288 73645011 ...
> summary(ethereum)
      SNo        Name       Symbol        Date        High
Min.   : 1.0  Length:2031  Length:2031  Length:2031  Min.   : 0.483
1st Qu.: 508.5 Class :character  Class :character  Class :character  1st Qu.: 13.222
Median :1016.0 Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Median :189.089
Mean   :1016.0
3rd Qu.:1523.5
Max.   :2031.0
      Low        Open       Close      Volume     Marketcap
Min.   : 0.4209  Min.   : 0.4316  Min.   : 0.4348  Min.   :1.021e+05  Min.   :3.221e+07
1st Qu.: 12.5151 1st Qu.: 12.8582 1st Qu.: 12.8661 1st Qu.:2.849e+07 1st Qu.:1.086e+09
Median : 180.3172 Median : 184.9434 Median : 185.0287 Median :1.844e+09  Median :1.973e+10
Mean   : 246.9864 Mean   : 257.4906 Mean   : 258.1423 Mean   :5.430e+09  Mean   :2.699e+10
3rd Qu.: 317.6260 3rd Qu.: 332.7165 3rd Qu.: 333.3705 3rd Qu.:7.944e+09 3rd Qu.:3.280e+10
Max.   :1896.6845 Max.   :1959.9030 Max.   :1960.1647 Max.   :6.073e+10 Max.   :2.249e+11

> str(eos)
'data.frame': 1337 obs. of 10 variables:
$ SNo : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
$ Name : chr "EOS" "EOS" "EOS" "EOS" ...
$ Symbol : chr "EOS" "EOS" "EOS" "EOS" ...
$ Date : chr "2017-07-02 23:59:59" "2017-07-03 23:59:59" "2017-07-04 23:59:59" "2017-07-05 23:59:59" ...
$ High : num 2.88 5.4 4.19 3.52 3.87 ...
$ Low : num 0.823 2.632 2.933 2.73 3.008 ...
$ Open : num 0.997 2.717 4.098 3.356 3.014 ...
$ Close : num 2.71 4.09 3.37 3 3.36 ...
$ Volume : num 3.20e+08 4.15e+08 2.19e+08 1.24e+08 1.77e+08 ...
$ Marketcap: num 0.00 6.55e+08 5.50e+08 5.01e+08 5.68e+08 ...
> summary(eos)
      SNo        Name       Symbol        Date        High
Min.   : 1  Length:1337  Length:1337  Length:1337  Min.   : 0.5187
1st Qu.: 335 Class :character  Class :character  Class :character  1st Qu.: 2.6612
Median : 669 Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Median : 3.4979
Mean   : 669
3rd Qu.:1003
Max.   :1337
      Low        Open       Close      Volume     Marketcap
Min.   : 0.4802  Min.   : 0.4928  Min.   : 0.4932  Min.   :4.557e+06  Min.   :0.000e+00
1st Qu.: 2.5285 1st Qu.: 2.6005 1st Qu.: 2.6025 1st Qu.:6.466e+08 1st Qu.:2.403e+09
Median : 3.2239 Median : 3.3539 Median : 3.3613 Median :1.501e+09  Median :3.083e+09
Mean   : 4.2981 Mean   : 4.5173 Mean   : 4.5182 Mean   :1.725e+09  Mean   :3.795e+09
3rd Qu.: 5.3369 3rd Qu.: 5.4843 3rd Qu.: 5.4710 3rd Qu.:2.405e+09 3rd Qu.:4.870e+09
Max.   :18.8774 Max.   :21.6391 Max.   :21.5426 Max.   :1.001e+10 Max.   :1.777e+10

> str(iota)
'data.frame': 1355 obs. of 10 variables:
$ SNo : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
$ Name : chr "IOTA" "IOTA" "IOTA" "IOTA" ...
$ Symbol : chr "MIOTA" "MIOTA" "MIOTA" "MIOTA" ...
$ Date : chr "2017-06-14 23:59:59" "2017-06-15 23:59:59" "2017-06-16 23:59:59" "2017-06-17 23:59:59" ...
$ High : num 0.606 0.543 0.448 0.444 0.426 ...
$ Low : num 0.496 0.3 0.31 0.414 0.394 ...
$ Open : num 0.592 0.528 0.353 0.427 0.421 ...
$ Close : num 0.529 0.364 0.411 0.42 0.406 ...
$ Volume : num 14194900 10300400 6920690 3100660 2514450 ...
$ Marketcap: num 1.47e+09 1.01e+09 1.14e+09 1.17e+09 1.13e+09 ...
> summary(iota)
      SNo        Name       Symbol        Date        High
Min.   : 1.0  Length:1355  Length:1355  Length:1355  Min.   :0.1247
1st Qu.: 339.5 Class :character  Class :character  Class :character  1st Qu.: 0.2727
Median : 678.0 Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Median :0.3498
Mean   : 678.0
3rd Qu.:1016.5
Max.   :1355.0
      Low        Open       Close      Volume     Marketcap
Min.   :0.07962  Min.   :0.1103  Min.   :0.1102  Min.   :2.335e+06  Min.   :3.063e+08
1st Qu.:0.25387 1st Qu.:0.2651 1st Qu.:0.2650 1st Qu.:9.420e+06 1st Qu.:7.367e+08
Median :0.31729 Median :0.3336 Median :0.3331 Median :1.696e+07 Median :9.258e+08
Mean   :0.61568 Mean   :0.6590 Mean   :0.6591 Mean   :4.642e+07 Mean   :1.832e+09
3rd Qu.:0.55826 3rd Qu.:0.5858 3rd Qu.:0.5876 3rd Qu.:4.089e+07 3rd Qu.:1.633e+09
Max.   :4.86136 Max.   :5.3711 Max.   :5.3663 Max.   :2.127e+09 Max.   :1.492e+10

```

```

> str(litecoin)
'data.frame': 2862 obs. of 10 variables:
 $ SNo      : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
 $ Name     : chr "Litecoin" "Litecoin" "Litecoin" "Litecoin" ...
 $ Symbol   : chr "LTC" "LTC" "LTC" "LTC" ...
 $ Date     : chr "2013-04-29 23:59:59" "2013-04-30 23:59:59" "2013-05-01 23:59:59" "2013-05-02 23:59:59" ...
 $ High     : num 4.57 4.57 4.36 4.04 3.45 ...
 $ Low      : num 4.23 4.17 3.52 3.01 2.4 ...
 $ Open     : num 4.37 4.4 4.29 3.78 3.39 ...
 $ Close    : num 4.38 4.3 3.8 3.37 3.04 ...
 $ Volume   : num 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ Marketcap: num 75388964 74020918 65604596 58287979 52694847 ...
> summary(litecoin)
      SNo        Name       Symbol        Date        High
Min.   : 1.0  Length:2862  Length:2862  Length:2862  Min.   : 1.345
1st Qu.: 716.2 Class  :character  Class  :character  Class  :character  1st Qu.: 3.815
Median :1431.5 Mode   :character  Mode   :character  Mode   :character  Median  :25.121
Mean   :1431.5
3rd Qu.:2146.8
Max.   :2862.0
      Low        Open       Close      Volume     Marketcap
Min.   : 1.114  Min.   : 1.153  Min.   : 1.157  Min.   :0.000e+00  Min.   :3.789e+07
1st Qu.: 3.682  1st Qu.: 3.753  1st Qu.: 3.753  1st Qu.:2.121e+06  1st Qu.:1.550e+08
Median : 22.683 Median : 23.853 Median : 23.934 Median :4.492e+07  Median :6.311e+08
Mean   : 40.058 Mean   : 41.907 Mean   : 41.956 Mean   :1.119e+09  Mean   :2.429e+09
3rd Qu.: 56.966 3rd Qu.: 58.384 3rd Qu.: 58.476 3rd Qu.:1.616e+09  3rd Qu.:3.599e+09
Max.   :335.675 Max.   :359.125 Max.   :358.336 Max.   :1.799e+10  Max.   :1.948e+10

> str(monero)
'data.frame': 2473 obs. of 10 variables:
 $ SNo      : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
 $ Name     : chr "Monero" "Monero" "Monero" "Monero" ...
 $ Symbol   : chr "XMR" "XMR" "XMR" "XMR" ...
 $ Date     : chr "2014-05-22 23:59:59" "2014-05-23 23:59:59" "2014-05-24 23:59:59" "2014-05-25 23:59:59" ...
 $ High     : num 2.19 3.43 4.01 4.04 3.76 ...
 $ Low      : num 1.36 2.05 2.62 2.8 2.31 ...
 $ Open     : num 1.59 2.05 2.92 4.04 3.22 ...
 $ Close    : num 2.1 2.96 3.7 3.14 3.02 ...
 $ Volume   : num 132918 266852 248028 283545 220148 ...
 $ Marketcap: num 1855608 2692180 3456658 2993339 2946133 ...
> summary(monero)
      SNo        Name       Symbol        Date        High
Min.   : 1  Length:2473  Length:2473  Length:2473  Min.   : 0.2518
1st Qu.: 619 Class  :character  Class  :character  Class  :character  1st Qu.: 1.5139
Median :1237 Mode   :character  Mode   :character  Mode   :character  Median  :49.4574
Mean   :1237
3rd Qu.:1855
Max.   :2473
      Low        Open       Close      Volume     Marketcap
Min.   : 0.213  Min.   : 0.2201  Min.   : 0.2235  Min.   :7.900e+03  Min.   :1.280e+06
1st Qu.: 1.308  1st Qu.: 1.4372  1st Qu.: 1.4457  1st Qu.:1.434e+05  1st Qu.:6.721e+06
Median : 46.010 Median : 47.6853 Median : 47.8302 Median :1.993e+07 Median :7.802e+08
Mean   : 60.210 Mean   : 63.1191 Mean   : 63.1908 Mean   :1.440e+08 Mean   :1.036e+09
3rd Qu.: 88.952 3rd Qu.: 92.1754 3rd Qu.: 92.2993 3rd Qu.:9.051e+07 3rd Qu.:1.550e+09
Max.   :453.391 Max.   :470.2870 Max.   :469.1980 Max.   :2.896e+10 Max.   :7.274e+09

> str(stellar)
'data.frame': 2398 obs. of 10 variables:
 $ SNo      : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
 $ Name     : chr "Stellar" "Stellar" "Stellar" "Stellar" ...
 $ Symbol   : chr "XLM" "XLM" "XLM" "XLM" ...
 $ Date     : chr "2014-08-06 23:59:59" "2014-08-07 23:59:59" "2014-08-08 23:59:59" "2014-08-09 23:59:59" ...
 $ High     : num 0.0034 0.00304 0.00324 0.00371 0.00762 ...
 $ Low      : num 0.00227 0.00245 0.00249 0.00287 0.00336 ...
 $ Open     : num 0.00237 0.00269 0.00249 0.00288 0.0035 ...
 $ Close    : num 0.00266 0.0025 0.00288 0.00348 0.0043 ...
 $ Volume   : num 35820 142864 93708 233579 352737 ...
 $ Marketcap: num 966370 1079148 1260109 1645185 2216012 ...
> summary(stellar)
      SNo        Name       Symbol        Date        High
Min.   : 1.0  Length:2398  Length:2398  Length:2398  Min.   :0.001509
1st Qu.: 600.2 Class  :character  Class  :character  Class  :character  1st Qu.: 0.002495
Median :1199.5 Mode   :character  Mode   :character  Mode   :character  Median  :0.043371
Mean   :1199.5
3rd Qu.:1798.8
Max.   :2398.0
      Low        Open       Close      Volume     Marketcap
Min.   :0.001227  Min.   :0.001352  Min.   :0.001357  Min.   :4.910e+02  Min.   :9.664e+05
1st Qu.: 0.002280  1st Qu.: 0.002374  1st Qu.: 0.002373  1st Qu.:4.307e+04  1st Qu.:1.240e+07
Median : 0.038482 Median : 0.040443 Median : 0.040761 Median :3.359e+07 Median :6.580e+08
Mean   : 0.078909 Mean   : 0.083358 Mean   : 0.083527 Mean   :1.788e+08 Mean   :1.590e+09
3rd Qu.: 0.102993 3rd Qu.: 0.105978 3rd Qu.: 0.106007 3rd Qu.:1.906e+08 3rd Qu.:2.078e+09
Max.   : 0.677496 Max.   : 0.892399 Max.   : 0.896227 Max.   :1.041e+10 Max.   :1.602e+10

```

```

> str(tron)
'data.frame': 1263 obs. of 10 variables:
 $ SNo      : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
 $ Name     : chr "TRON" "TRON" "TRON" "TRON" ...
 $ Symbol   : chr "TRX" "TRX" "TRX" "TRX" ...
 $ Date     : chr "2017-09-14 23:59:59" "2017-09-15 23:59:59" "2017-09-16 23:59:59" "2017-09-17 23:59:59" ...
 $ High     : num 0.00248 0.00183 0.01767 0.00388 0.00344 ...
 $ Low      : num 0.0013 0.00019 0.00137 0.00178 0.00253 ...
 $ Open     : num 0.00201 0.00142 0.00182 0.00184 0.00332 ...
 $ Close    : num 0.00143 0.0018 0.00183 0.00332 0.00326 ...
 $ Volume   : num 58770 26475 54535 124998 159158 ...
 $ Marketcap: num 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
> summary(tron)
      SNo          Name        Symbol       Date        High
Min.   : 1.0  Length:1263  Length:1263  Length:1263  Min.   :0.001831
1st Qu.: 316.5 Class  :character  Class  :character  Class  :character  1st Qu.:0.016729
Median : 632.0 Mode   :character  Mode   :character  Mode   :character  Median :0.024156
Mean   : 632.0
3rd Qu.: 947.5
Max.   :1263.0
      Low          Open        Close       Volume      Marketcap
Min.   :0.001091  Min.   :0.001419  Min.   :0.001427  Min.   :2.648e+04  Min.   :0.000e+00
1st Qu.:0.015794  1st Qu.:0.016193  1st Qu.:0.016201  1st Qu.:1.790e+08  1st Qu.:1.080e+09
Median :0.022816  Median :0.023491  Median :0.023523  Median :5.624e+08  Median :1.562e+09
Mean   :0.025369  Mean   :0.026909  Mean   :0.026931  Mean   :7.331e+08  Mean   :1.808e+09
3rd Qu.:0.029708  3rd Qu.:0.031294  3rd Qu.:0.031351  3rd Qu.:1.092e+09  3rd Qu.:2.175e+09
Max.   :0.176712  Max.   :0.224499  Max.   :0.220555  Max.   :6.184e+09  Max.   :1.450e+10

```

Initial Quality Assessment

There are no NAs in these datasets, and most variables are formatted correctly. However, for some coins, there are dates where trading is taking place, as indicated by volume and/or price changes, but there is no market cap, or no volume, usually early in the life of the coin. It is unclear why, and this appears to be an issue with coinmarketcap's data directly. We will take care to avoid such observations.

We are going to keep all but one variable, SNo. SNo is the observation identity, and does not provide us with any value. We will transform date from character—it is currently a string—into a date datatype. We are especially interested in tracking changes in price and volume over time, within and among coins, in short, medium and long-term. To this end, we want to add some calculated fields, including daily return, daily change in volume, and volatile trading days, to look for interesting correlations and build our models.

Munging

We started with ten data frames, one for each cryptocurrency. Since we wanted to analyze relationships between cryptocurrencies, and our data are time-sensitive, we combined all the data frames into one, and changed the date from character to date datatype. To calculate the dimensions of this new dataframe, we identified our cryptocurrency dataset with the fewest—Cardano—and removed every row from all other cryptocurrency datasets with dates earlier than Cardano's first observation date of 2017-10-02. We merged the dataframes, which now had the same dimensions, into one large dataframe with one date column, no SNo columns, and every other column from the separate datasets.

We then created three functions which we then use to create our calculated columns for daily percent change in price (daily_return), daily percent change in volume, (daily_volume_change) and days with larger than 5% daily returns (big_day) as follows:

```

# create a function to calculate the percent change over 24 hours between the values in any two columns
daily_change <- function(current_value, previous_value) {
  DailyPercentChange <- 100*(current_value - previous_value)/previous_value
  return(DailyPercentChange)
}

# create a function to calculate daily percent change in volume
daily_volume_change <- function(coin.vol){
  volume_change <- daily_change(coin.vol, c(coin.vol[1], coin.vol[-length(coin.vol)]))
  return(volume_change)
}

# create a function to define 'big day' as a day with at least 5% returns
isBigDay <- function(col){
  returncol <- c()
  for(i in 1:length(col)){
    if(col[i]>=5){
      returncol[i] <- 1
    } else {
      returncol[i] <- 0
    }
  }
  return(returncol)
}

```

We also created a second dataframe in order to do specific analysis on the volatility of price by coin. We melted the newly created merged dataframe into a new dataframe with three variables: date, cryptocurrency name as factor, and daily return (listed as “value”).

Starting on the next page is a summary of the new data sets, followed by some interesting initial discoveries we found in the data before performing further analysis.

Structure and Summary of Munged Data

```
> summary(cryptos)
   date      btc.symbol      btc.high      btc.low      btc.open      btc.close      btc.vol      btc.mktpcap
Min. :2017-10-02 Length:1245 Min. : 3275 Min. : 3191 Min. : 3236 Min. : 3237 Min. :9.069e+08 Min. :5.642e+10
1st Qu.:2018-08-09 Class :character 1st Qu.: 6644 1st Qu.: 6450 1st Qu.: 6551 1st Qu.: 6550 1st Qu.:5.800e+09 1st Qu.:1.132e+11
Median :2019-06-16 Mode  :character Median : 8722 Median : 8267 Median : 8522 Median : 8551 Median :1.585e+10 Median :1.497e+11
Mean  :2019-06-16 Mean  :10484 Mean  : 9893 Mean  :10193 Mean  :10226 Mean  :2.039e+10 Mean  :1.833e+11
3rd Qu.:2020-04-22 3rd Qu.:10842 3rd Qu.:10266 3rd Qu.:10578 3rd Qu.:10583 3rd Qu.:2.804e+10 3rd Qu.:1.893e+11
Max. :2021-02-27 Max. :58331 Max. :55673 Max. :57533 Max. :57540 Max. :3.510e+11 Max. :1.072e+12
   ada.symbol      ada.high      ada.low      ada.open      ada.close      ada.vol      ada.mktpcap
Length:1245 Min. :0.02105 Min. :0.01762 Min. :0.01841 Min. :0.01854 Min. :1.739e+06 Min. :4.807e+08
Class :character 1st Qu.:0.04557 1st Qu.:0.04298 1st Qu.:0.04429 1st Qu.:0.04433 1st Qu.:4.642e+07 1st Qu.:1.149e+09
Mode  :character Median :0.08351 Median :0.07763 Median :0.08087 Median :0.08095 Median :1.012e+08 Median :2.102e+08
Mean  :0.14465 Mean  :0.12934 Mean  :0.13776 Mean  :0.13876 Mean  :4.730e+08 Mean  :3.788e+09
3rd Qu.:0.14931 3rd Qu.:0.13810 3rd Qu.:0.14309 3rd Qu.:0.14357 3rd Qu.:2.577e+08 3rd Qu.:3.780e+09
Max. :1.47665 Max. :1.23414 Max. :1.24215 Max. :1.32486 Max. :1.914e+10 Max. :4.122e+10
   doge.symbol      doge.high      doge.low      doge.open      doge.close      doge.vol      doge.mktpcap
Length:1245 Min. :0.001047 Min. :0.0009381 Min. :0.0009804 Min. :0.0009907 Min. :1.072e+06 Min. :1.104e+08
Class :character 1st Qu.:0.002414 1st Qu.:0.0022978 1st Qu.:0.0023550 1st Qu.:0.0023588 1st Qu.:1.590e+07 1st Qu.:2.827e+08
Mode  :character Median :0.002802 Median :0.0026360 Median :0.0027124 Median :0.0027161 Median :4.136e+07 Median :3.310e+08
Mean  :0.004863 Mean  :0.0042421 Mean  :0.0045303 Mean  :0.0045636 Mean  :2.224e+08 Mean  :5.567e+08
3rd Qu.:0.003660 3rd Qu.:0.0033903 3rd Qu.:0.0035337 3rd Qu.:0.0035328 3rd Qu.:9.483e+07 3rd Qu.:4.283e+08
Max. :0.084945 Max. :0.0685255 Max. :0.0787726 Max. :0.0788251 Max. :2.540e+10 Max. :1.011e+10
   eos.symbol      eos.high      eos.low      eos.open      eos.close      eos.vol      eos.mktpcap
Length:1245 Min. : 0.5187 Min. : 0.4802 Min. : 0.4928 Min. : 0.4932 Min. :4.730e+06 Min. :2.090e+08
Class :character 1st Qu.: 2.7409 1st Qu.: 2.5976 1st Qu.: 2.6641 1st Qu.: 2.6641 1st Qu.:7.465e+08 1st Qu.:2.478e+09
Mode  :character Median : 3.6850 Median : 3.4589 Median : 3.5830 Median : 3.5860 Median :1.615e+09 Median :3.268e+09
Mean  : 4.9459 Mean  : 4.5166 Mean  : 4.7430 Mean  : 4.7442 Mean  :1.849e+09 Mean  :4.048e+09
3rd Qu.: 5.8777 3rd Qu.: 5.4669 3rd Qu.: 5.7407 3rd Qu.: 5.7366 3rd Qu.:2.497e+09 3rd Qu.:4.933e+09
Max. :22.8904 Max. :18.8774 Max. :21.6391 Max. :21.5426 Max. :1.001e+10 Max. :1.777e+10
   eth.symbol      eth.high      eth.low      eth.open      eth.close      eth.vol      eth.mktpcap
Length:1245 Min. : 85.34 Min. : 82.83 Min. : 84.28 Min. : 84.31 Min. :2.537e+08 Min. :8.751e+09
Class :character 1st Qu.: 181.67 1st Qu.: 173.13 1st Qu.: 177.34 1st Qu.: 177.34 1st Qu.:2.226e+09 1st Qu.:1.911e+10
Mode  :character Median : 257.36 Median : 241.80 Median : 247.74 Median : 247.52 Median :6.551e+09 Median :2.719e+10
Mean  : 397.50 Mean  : 368.22 Mean  : 383.60 Mean  : 384.43 Mean  :8.734e+09 Mean  :4.064e+10
3rd Qu.: 475.16 3rd Qu.: 449.52 3rd Qu.: 463.70 3rd Qu.: 463.45 3rd Qu.:1.182e+10 3rd Qu.:4.758e+10
Max. :2036.29 Max. :1896.68 Max. :1959.90 Max. :1960.16 Max. :6.073e+10 Max. :2.249e+11
   iota.symbol      iota.high      iota.low      iota.open      iota.close      iota.vol      iota.mktpcap
Length:1245 Min. :0.1247 Min. :0.07962 Min. :0.1103 Min. :0.1102 Min. :2.896e+06 Min. :3.063e+08
Class :character 1st Qu.:0.2697 1st Qu.:0.25217 1st Qu.:0.2617 1st Qu.:0.2617 1st Qu.:9.923e+06 1st Qu.:7.274e+08
Mode  :character Median :0.3312 Median :0.30674 Median :0.3188 Median :0.3187 Median :1.763e+07 Median :8.859e+08
Mean  :0.7106 Mean  :0.62872 Mean  :0.6719 Mean  :0.6720 Mean  :4.901e+07 Mean  :1.868e+09
3rd Qu.:0.6094 3rd Qu.:0.55859 3rd Qu.:0.57973 3rd Qu.:0.57567 3rd Qu.:4.213e+07 3rd Qu.:1.600e+09
Max. :5.6900 Max. :4.86136 Max. :5.3711 Max. :5.3663 Max. :2.127e+09 Max. :1.492e+10
   ltc.symbol      ltc.high      ltc.low      ltc.open      ltc.close      ltc.vol      ltc.mktpcap
Length:1245 Min. : 23.75 Min. : 22.82 Min. : 23.46 Min. : 23.46 Min. :5.179e+07 Min. :1.398e+09
Class :character 1st Qu.: 49.28 1st Qu.: 46.75 1st Qu.: 48.00 1st Qu.: 48.01 1st Qu.:4.525e+08 1st Qu.:3.021e+09
Mode  :character Median : 63.07 Median : 59.49 Median : 61.24 Median : 61.30 Median :2.178e+09 Median :3.816e+09
Mean  : 87.71 Mean  : 80.67 Mean  : 84.32 Mean  : 84.40 Mean  :2.523e+09 Mean  :5.081e+09
3rd Qu.:104.84 3rd Qu.: 97.31 3rd Qu.:101.11 3rd Qu.:101.15 3rd Qu.:3.482e+09 3rd Qu.:6.241e+09
Max. :375.29 Max. :335.68 Max. :359.12 Max. :358.34 Max. :1.799e+10 Max. :1.948e+10
   xmr.symbol      xmr.high      xmr.low      xmr.open      xmr.close      xmr.vol      xmr.mktpcap
Length:1245 Min. : 36.65 Min. : 26.70 Min. : 33.08 Min. : 33.01 Min. :1.016e+07 Min. :5.770e+08
Class :character 1st Qu.: 64.82 1st Qu.: 61.70 1st Qu.: 63.17 1st Qu.: 63.15 1st Qu.:4.486e+07 1st Qu.:1.096e+09
Mode  :character Median : 92.35 Median : 86.56 Median : 89.66 Median : 89.55 Median :8.699e+07 Median :1.521e+09
Mean  :119.67 Mean  :109.76 Mean  :114.98 Mean  :115.05 Mean  :2.801e+08 Mean  :1.910e+09
3rd Qu.:136.53 3rd Qu.:127.53 3rd Qu.:132.02 3rd Qu.:132.63 3rd Qu.:1.471e+08 3rd Qu.:2.249e+09
Max. :495.84 Max. :453.39 Max. :470.29 Max. :469.20 Max. :2.896e+10 Max. :7.274e+09
   xlm.symbol      xlm.high      xlm.low      xlm.open      xlm.close      xlm.vol      xlm.mktpcap
Length:1245 Min. : 0.01254 Min. : 0.01133 Min. : 0.01188 Min. : 0.01185 Min. :1.670e+06 Min. :1.966e+08
Class :character 1st Qu.: 0.07197 1st Qu.: 0.06778 1st Qu.: 0.07006 1st Qu.: 0.07019 1st Qu.:8.499e+07 1st Qu.:1.408e+09
Mode  :character Median : 0.10623 Median : 0.09968 Median : 0.10315 Median : 0.10312 Median :1.805e+08 Median :2.041e+09
Mean  : 0.16348 Mean  : 0.14719 Mean  : 0.15540 Mean  : 0.15571 Mean  :3.418e+08 Mean  :3.019e+09
3rd Qu.: 0.23327 3rd Qu.: 0.21316 3rd Qu.: 0.22301 3rd Qu.: 0.22347 3rd Qu.:3.814e+08 3rd Qu.:4.197e+09
Max. : 0.93814 Max. : 0.67750 Max. : 0.89240 Max. : 0.89623 Max. :1.041e+10 Max. :1.602e+10
   trx.symbol      trx.high      trx.low      trx.open      trx.close      trx.vol      trx.mktpcap
Length:1245 Min. : 0.002006 Min. : 0.001684 Min. : 0.001795 Min. : 0.001783 Min. :1.160e+05 Min. :9.786e+07
Class :character 1st Qu.: 0.016934 1st Qu.: 0.015949 1st Qu.: 0.016384 1st Qu.: 0.016411 1st Qu.:1.883e+08 1st Qu.:1.092e+09
Mode  :character Median : 0.024339 Median : 0.022961 Median : 0.023637 Median : 0.023623 Median :5.711e+08 Median :1.573e+09
Mean  : 0.028759 Mean  : 0.025711 Mean  : 0.027266 Mean  : 0.027288 Mean  :7.437e+08 Mean  :1.834e+09
3rd Qu.: 0.030313 3rd Qu.: 0.029912 3rd Qu.: 0.031476 3rd Qu.: 0.031539 3rd Qu.:1.107e+09 3rd Qu.:2.182e+09
Max. : 0.300363 Max. : 0.176712 Max. : 0.224499 Max. : 0.220555 Max. : 6.184e+09 Max. : 1.450e+10
   btc.daily_return ada.daily_return doge.daily_return eos.daily_return eth.daily_return iota.daily_return ltc.daily_return
Min. : -37.1869 Min. : -39.5344 Min. : -39.7983 Min. : -39.57363 Min. : -42.30885 Min. : -41.9808 Min. : -36.15815
1st Qu.: -1.4318 1st Qu.: -2.9174 1st Qu.: -2.0728 1st Qu.: -2.38190 1st Qu.: -2.00623 1st Qu.: -2.9117 1st Qu.: -2.54885
Median : 0.1722 Median : 0.1393 Median : -0.0491 Median : 0.00708 Median : 0.08765 Median : -0.1128 Median : -0.06894
Mean  : 0.2743 Mean  : 0.6224 Mean  : 0.6912 Mean  : 0.34240 Mean  : 0.24506 Mean  : 0.2574 Mean  : 0.23647
3rd Qu.: 1.9165 3rd Qu.: 3.2734 3rd Qu.: 1.8569 3rd Qu.: 2.61217 3rd Qu.: 2.58864 3rd Qu.: 3.1189 3rd Qu.: 2.52993
Max. : 25.4702 Max. : 136.5243 Max. : 355.6254 Max. : 41.95707 Max. : 25.95129 Max. : 45.9443 Max. : 48.80591
xmr.daily_return xlm.daily_return trx.daily_return btc.daily_volume_change ada.daily_volume_change doge.daily_volume_change
Min. : -38.9748 Min. : -33.6227 Min. : -40.75704 Min. : -86.9188 Min. : -74.49 Min. : -84.840
1st Qu.: -2.3752 1st Qu.: -2.78938 1st Qu.: -2.74860 1st Qu.: -10.8031 1st Qu.: -20.58 1st Qu.: -14.272
Median : 0.1047 Median : -0.06619 Median : 0.01799 Median : -0.8359 Median : -2.59 Median : -1.052
Mean  : 0.2042 Mean  : 0.53404 Mean  : 0.58403 Mean  : 2.7529 Mean  : 9.16 Mean  : 13.975
3rd Qu.: 2.8492 3rd Qu.: 2.61560 3rd Qu.: 2.92014 3rd Qu.: 12.3013 3rd Qu.: 23.92 3rd Qu.: 15.171
Max. : 27.6401 Max. : 94.75207 Max. : 119.10428 Max. : 543.9003 Max. : 505.43 Max. : 5257.273
eos.daily_volume_change eth.daily_volume_change iota.daily_volume_change ltc.daily_volume_change xmr.daily_volume_change
Min. : -65.600 Min. : -66.1533 Min. : -82.284 Min. : -56.695 Min. : -98.997
1st Qu.: -15.031 1st Qu.: -11.3838 1st Qu.: -20.654 1st Qu.: -11.579 1st Qu.: -13.483
Median : -1.786 Median : -0.6393 Median : -2.725 Median : -1.129 Median : -0.432
Mean  : 5.635 Mean  : 2.8218 Mean  : 8.351 Mean  : 3.596 Mean  : 26.810
3rd Qu.: 15.613 3rd Qu.: 11.2360 3rd Qu.: 22.973 3rd Qu.: 11.177 3rd Qu.: 14.810
Max. : 706.465 Max. : 192.4079 Max. : 520.575 Max. : 494.822 Max. : 13804.304
xlm.daily_volume_change trx.daily_volume_change
Min. : -72.460 Min. : -64.2571
1st Qu.: -15.985 1st Qu.: -11.8092
Median : -1.208 Median : -0.7027
Mean  : 9.526 Mean  : 5.4367
3rd Qu.: 16.202 3rd Qu.: 11.7665
Max. : 3119.044 Max. : 845.4179
btc.big_day ada.big_day doge.big_day eos.big_day eth.big_day iota.big_day ltc.big_day xmr.big_day xlm.big_day trx.big_day
0:1138 0:1031 0:1099 0:1060 0:1088 0:1049 0:1076 0:1070 0:1059 0:1047
1: 107 1: 214 1: 146 1: 185 1: 157 1: 196 1: 169 1: 175 1: 186 1: 198
```

```

> summary(cryptos.molten)
   date           variable      value
Min. :2017-10-02  btc.daily_return :1245  Min.  :-42.3088
1st Qu.:2018-08-09  ada.daily_return :1245  1st Qu.: -2.4079
Median :2019-06-16  doge.daily_return:1245  Median : 0.0295
Mean  :2019-06-16  eos.daily_return :1245  Mean  : 0.3992
3rd Qu.:2020-04-22  eth.daily_return :1245  3rd Qu.: 2.6335
Max.  :2021-02-27  iota.daily_return:1245  Max.  :355.6254
(Other)          :4980

> str(cryptos.molten)
'data.frame': 12450 obs. of 3 variables:
 $ date    : Date, format: "2017-10-02" "2017-10-03" "2017-10-04" ...
 $ variable: Factor w/ 10 levels "btc.daily_return",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ value   : num  0.307 -2.064 -2.084 2.329 1.072 ...
> unique(cryptos.molten$variable)
 [1] btc.daily_return ada.daily_return doge.daily_return eos.daily_return eth.daily_return
 iota.daily_return ltc.daily_return xmr.daily_return xlm.daily_return trx.daily_return
Levels: btc.daily_return ada.daily_return doge.daily_return eos.daily_return eth.daily_return
 iota.daily_return ltc.daily_return xmr.daily_return xlm.daily_return trx.daily_return

> str(cryptos)
'data.frame': 1245 obs. of 101 variables:
 $ date       : Date, format: "2017-10-02" "2017-10-03" "2017-10-04" ...
 $ $date      : chr "BTC" "BTC" "BTC" ...
 $ $btc.symbol: num 4470 4432 4352 4363 4413 ...
 $ $btc.high  : num 4377 4259 4210 4164 4321 ...
 $ $btc.low   : num 4396 4408 4318 4230 4324 ...
 $ $btc.open  : num 4409 4317 4228 4328 4371 ...
 $ $btc.vol   : num 1.43e+09 1.29e+09 1.12e+09 1.16e+09 1.07e+09 ...
 $ $btc.mktcap: num 7.32e+10 6.02e+10 7.19e+10 7.26e+10 ...
 $ $ada.symbol: chr "ADA" "ADA" "ADA" ...
 $ $ada.high  : num 0.0301 0.0274 0.0228 0.0222 0.0215 ...
 $ $ada.low   : num 0.02 0.0207 0.0209 0.0209 0.0184 ...
 $ $ada.open  : num 0.0246 0.0258 0.0209 0.022 0.0214 ...
 $ $ada.close : num 0.0259 0.0208 0.0218 0.0215 0.0185 ...
 $ $ada.vol   : num 57641300 16997800 9000050 5562510 7780710 ...
 $ $ada.mktcap: num 6.29e+08 5.40e+08 5.69e+08 5.57e+08 4.81e+08 ...
 $ $doge.symbol: chr "DOGE" "DOGE" "DOGE" ...
 $ $doge.high : num 0.00113 0.00112 0.00108 0.00108 0.00108 ...
 $ $doge.low  : num 0.00105 0.00104 0.000938 0.000979 0.000995 ...
 $ $doge.open : num 0.00108 0.00108 0.00112 0.00102 0.001 ...
 $ $doge.close: num 0.00111 0.00111 0.00102 0.001 0.00106 ...
 $ $doge.vol  : num 3145110 2044110 2119210 2656730 1505160 ...
 $ $doge.mktcap: num 1.21e+08 1.23e+08 1.14e+08 1.12e+08 1.18e+08 ...
 $ $eos.symbol: chr "EOS" "EOS" "EOS" ...
 $ $eos.high  : num 0.714 0.669 0.634 0.621 0.609 ...
 $ $eos.low   : num 0.636 0.616 0.585 0.576 0.591 ...
 $ $eos.open  : num 0.708 0.653 0.632 0.599 0.607 ...
 $ $eos.close : num 0.655 0.631 0.604 0.606 0.6 ...
 $ $eos.vol   : num 825080 825080 825080 825080 8038660 6785670 ...
 $ $eos.mktcap: num 2.50e+08 2.42e+08 2.32e+08 2.35e+08 2.33e+08 ...
 $ $eth.symbol: chr "ETH" "ETH" "ETH" ...
 $ $eth.high  : num 303 300 299 298 309 ...
 $ $eth.low   : num 295 288 291 289 295 ...
 $ $eth.open  : num 302 297 293 293 295 ...
 $ $eth.close : num 297 292 293 296 309 ...
 $ $eth.vol   : num 3.39e+08 3.22e+08 2.58e+08 2.54e+08 3.19e+08 ...
 $ $eth.mktcap: num 2.82e+10 2.78e+10 2.78e+10 2.81e+10 2.93e+10 ...
 $ $iota.symbol: chr "MIOTA" "MIOTA" "MIOTA" "MIOTA" ...
 $ $iota.high : num 0.665 0.582 0.571 0.568 0.563 ...
 $ $iota.low  : num 0.565 0.516 0.52 0.521 0.493 ...
 $ $iota.open : num 0.618 0.577 0.561 0.547 0.543 ...
 $ $iota.close: num 0.575 0.562 0.547 0.541 0.503 ...
 $ $iota.vol  : num 1.60e+09 1.56e+09 1.52e+09 1.50e+09 1.40e+09 ...
 $ $ltc.symbol: chr "LTC" "LTC" "LTC" ...
 $ $ltc.high  : num 54.8 53.6 53 51.9 52.6 ...
 $ $ltc.low   : num 53.3 51.6 50.8 50.4 51.5 ...
 $ $btc.big.day: Factor w/ 2 levels "0","1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ $ada.big.day: Factor w/ 2 levels "0","1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ $xmr.big.day: Factor w/ 2 levels "0","1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ $eos.big.day: Factor w/ 2 levels "0","1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ $eth.big.day: Factor w/ 2 levels "0","1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ $iota.big.day: Factor w/ 2 levels "0","1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ $ltc.big.day: Factor w/ 2 levels "0","1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ $xmr.big.day: Factor w/ 2 levels "0","1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...

```

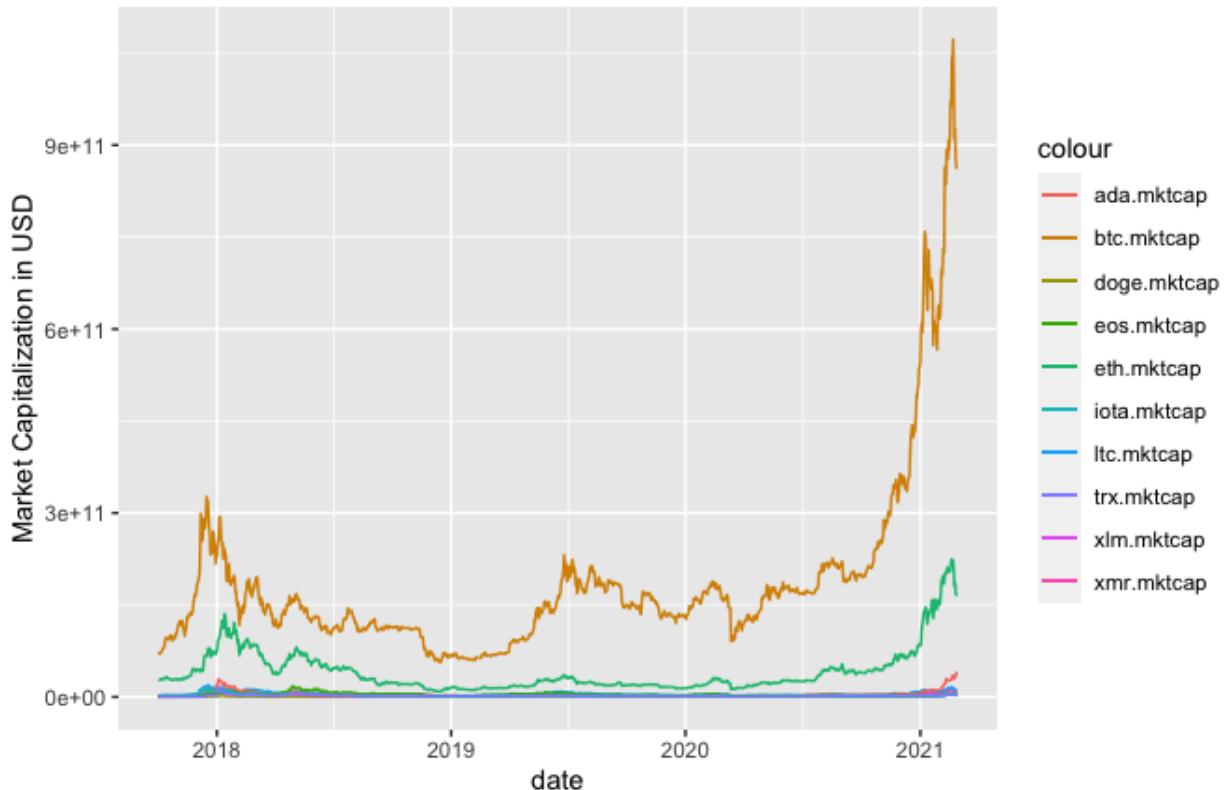
[list output truncated]

We now have a large data set that is now well-suited to our needs. We have successfully removed the undesired identity variable, merged our separate dataframes into one master dataframe, *cryptos*, created our desired calculated variables, and melted *cryptos* into *crypto.molten*.

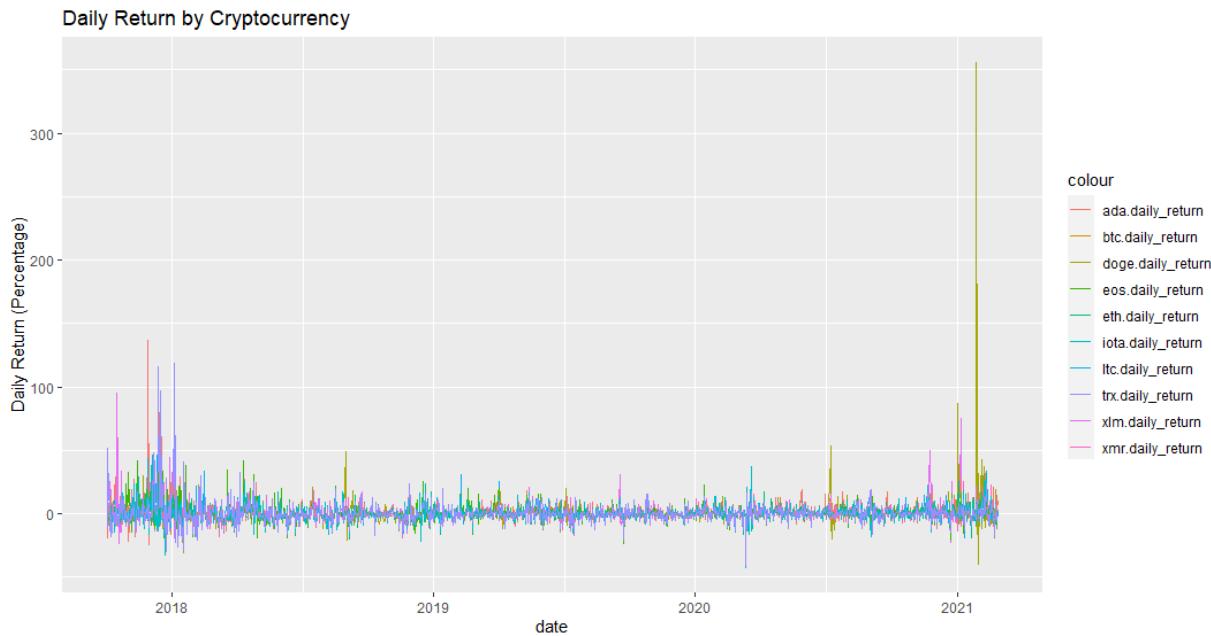
Initial Interesting Findings after Munging

Cryptocurrency exchanges were modeled after stock exchanges, which have opening and closing times, and therefore daily highs and daily lows. The exchanges for cryptocurrencies never close, however, so the daily high/low and open/close are based on the last 24-hour frame of reference (if looking at live data) or some arbitrary 24-hour block of time (in this case, each 24-hour trading day starts at 00:00:00 UTC).

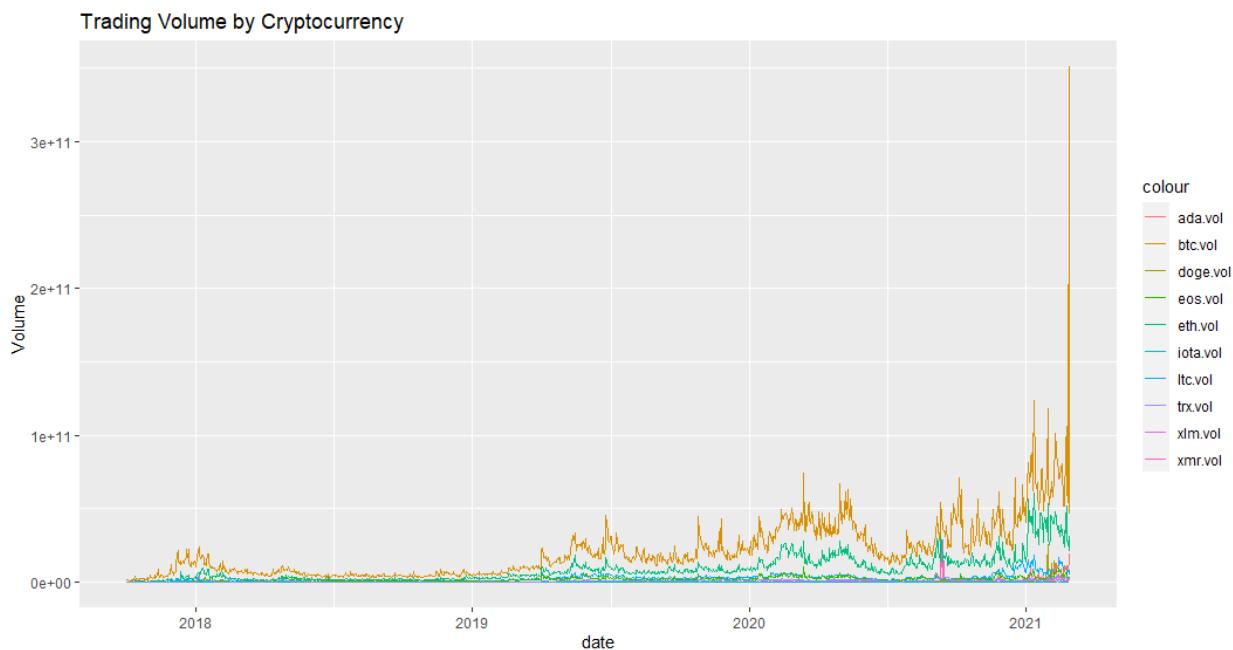
Market Capitalization by Cryptocurrency



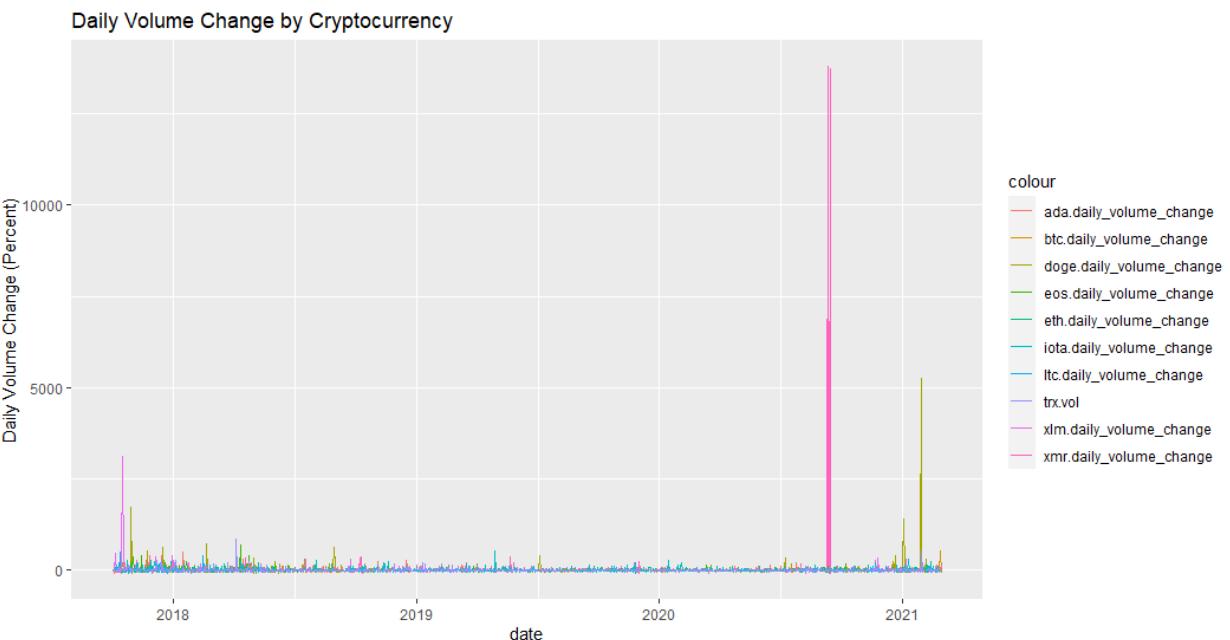
An initial comparison of market capitalizations by cryptocurrency showing Bitcoin's role as the flagship in the cryptocurrency space. Coincidentally, Bitcoin is also by far the most valuable of these assets as of 2021. For these reasons, we will expect to see a lower volatility in Bitcoin's relative price movement compared to altcoins.



Additionally, while Bitcoin has the highest trading volume, other cryptocurrencies also have significantly high volumes that have equaled or surpassed Bitcoin at times, most notably Ethereum, even though Ethereum has historically traded for a fraction of Bitcoin's value.



Finally, while the absolute difference in trading volume appears quite high for some coins, the percent change in volume seems to have less variability. There are some outlier days where volume for certain coins spiked extremely high.



III. DATA SET DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS AND STRUCTURE

R Studio Script is located in Appendix

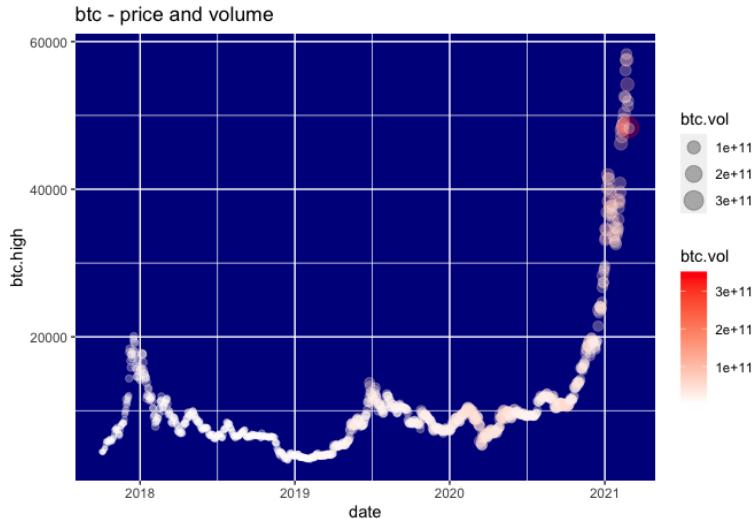
Methods

We explored the relationships in our data in more detail after performing initial analysis by:

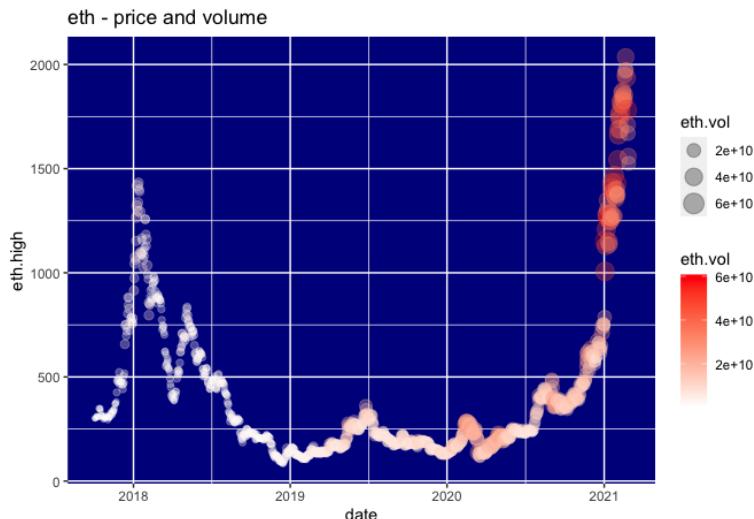
- Plotting price vs date for each coin, double-encoding volume into size and color to make identifying relationships easier;
- Plotting bitcoin price vs altcoin price, and plotting linear models onto those scatterplots, to examine correlations between Bitcoin price and altcoin price;
- Creating a volatility heatmap to analyze the coins with the highest and lowest returns;
- Creating barcharts and histograms to analyze the most volatile coins.

More Interesting Findings

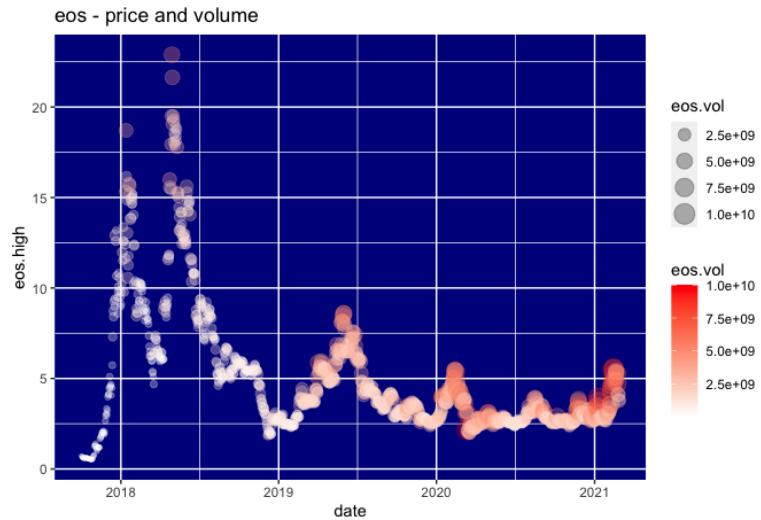
We can see that as the price spikes for Bitcoin, volume also spikes:



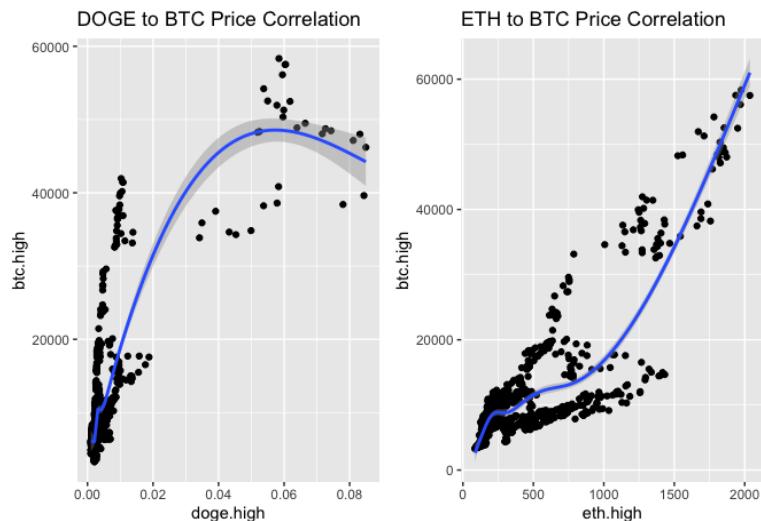
This trend is even more pronounced for Ethereum:



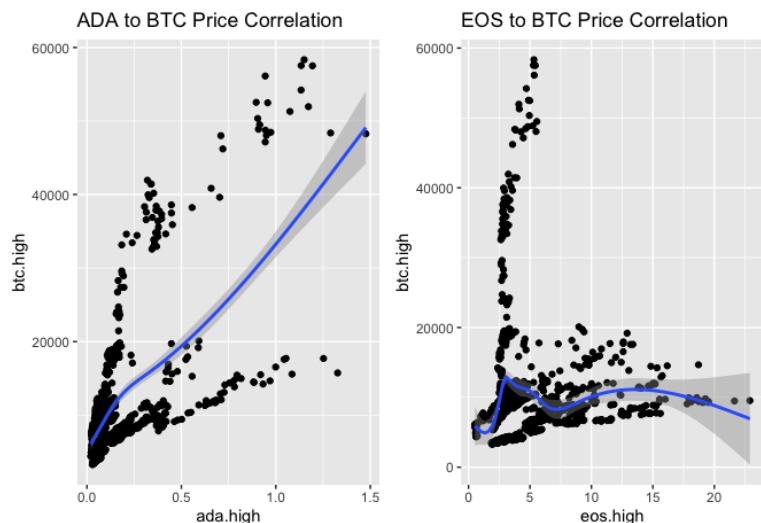
We see a similar correlation in EOS, and a recent increase in volume could be a bullish signal:



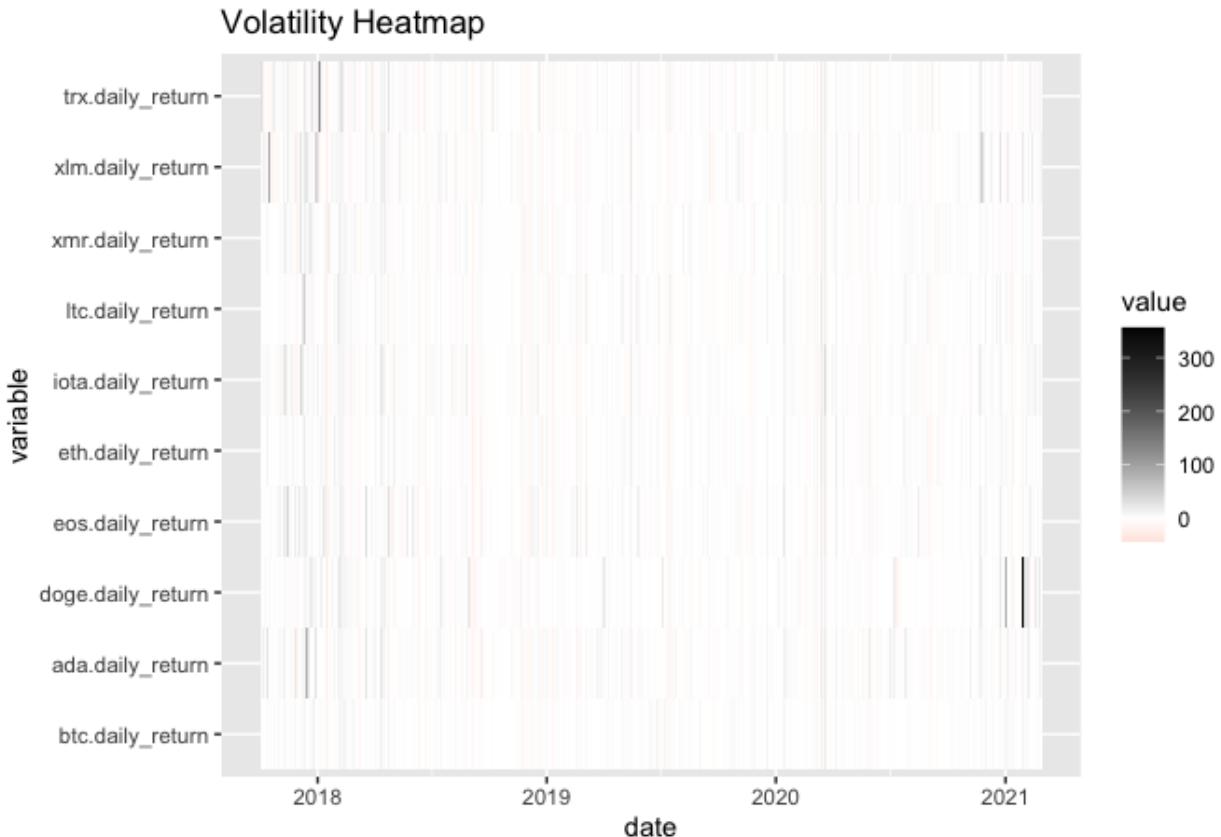
When we examined the relationship between Bitcoin and altcoin prices, we found strong positive correlations in most coins, with one notable exception.



EOS to BTC plot shows that EOS price has not moved up in tandem with BTC's recent spike to \$60,000, being more independent in its price movement.



This heatmap helped us visualize days of extreme volatility across all coins, which is where our melted, three-column dataframe came in handy. By mapping days of extreme positive returns to black, zero to white, and negative returns to red, we could quickly scan a broad range of dates for highly volatile trading days.



At first glance, we realized that there weren't very many days with values at the extreme minimum and maximum of daily return, so we drilled into our data to understand more.

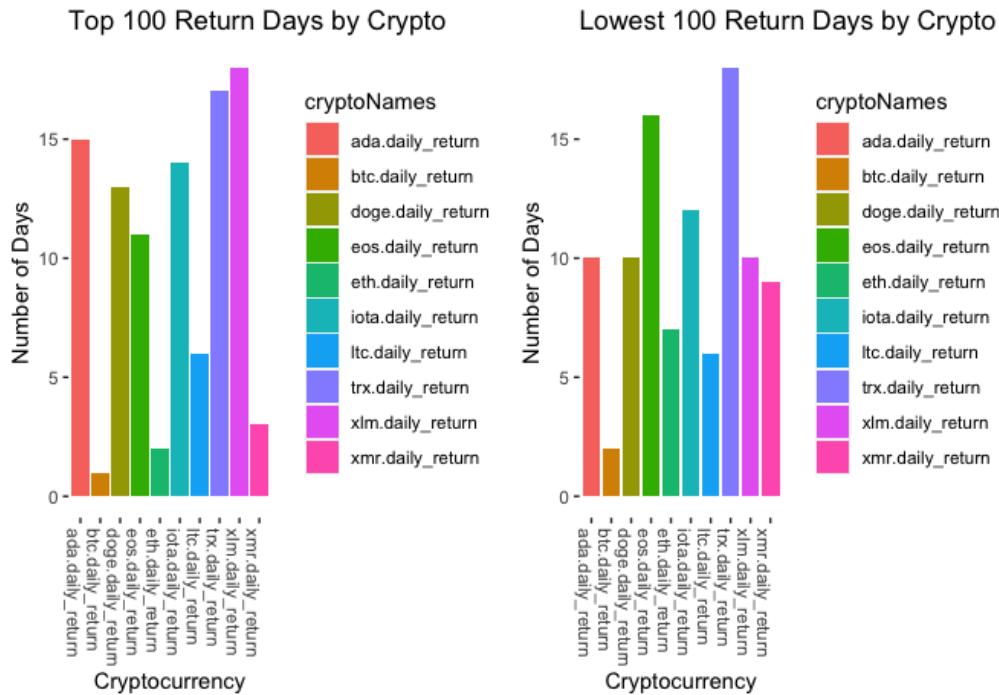
```
> min(cryptos.molten$value)
[1] -42.30885
> max(cryptos.molten$value)
[1] 355.6254
> quantile(cryptos.molten$value, c(0.01, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 0.99))
  1%   10%   20%   30%   40%   50%   60%   70%   80%   90%   99% 
-15.0854817 -5.9148921 -3.2076757 -1.7793817 -0.8180329  0.0295488  0.8709536  1.9275815  3.5074745  6.4580796 20.8248697
```

As it turns out, for these 10 coins over this date range, 98% of the daily returns were between -15.09% and 20.82%, making the minimum of -42.31% and the maximum of 355.63% extreme outliers. Given that most days were not very volatile, we wanted to examine the days that were volatile. We ordered this dataframe by return value, then stored the first 100 observations and the last 100 observations. Then we plotted the results in two barcharts. Our results are on the next page.

Stellar had 18 of the top 100 highest single day returns, followed by Tron (17), Cardano (15), Iota (14), Doge (13) and EOS (11). Bitcoin had only 1 such day.

As far as the top 100 most negative days, Tron had the most (18), then EOS (16), Iota (12), Doge (10), Cardano (10), and Stellar (10). Bitcoin had only 2 such days.

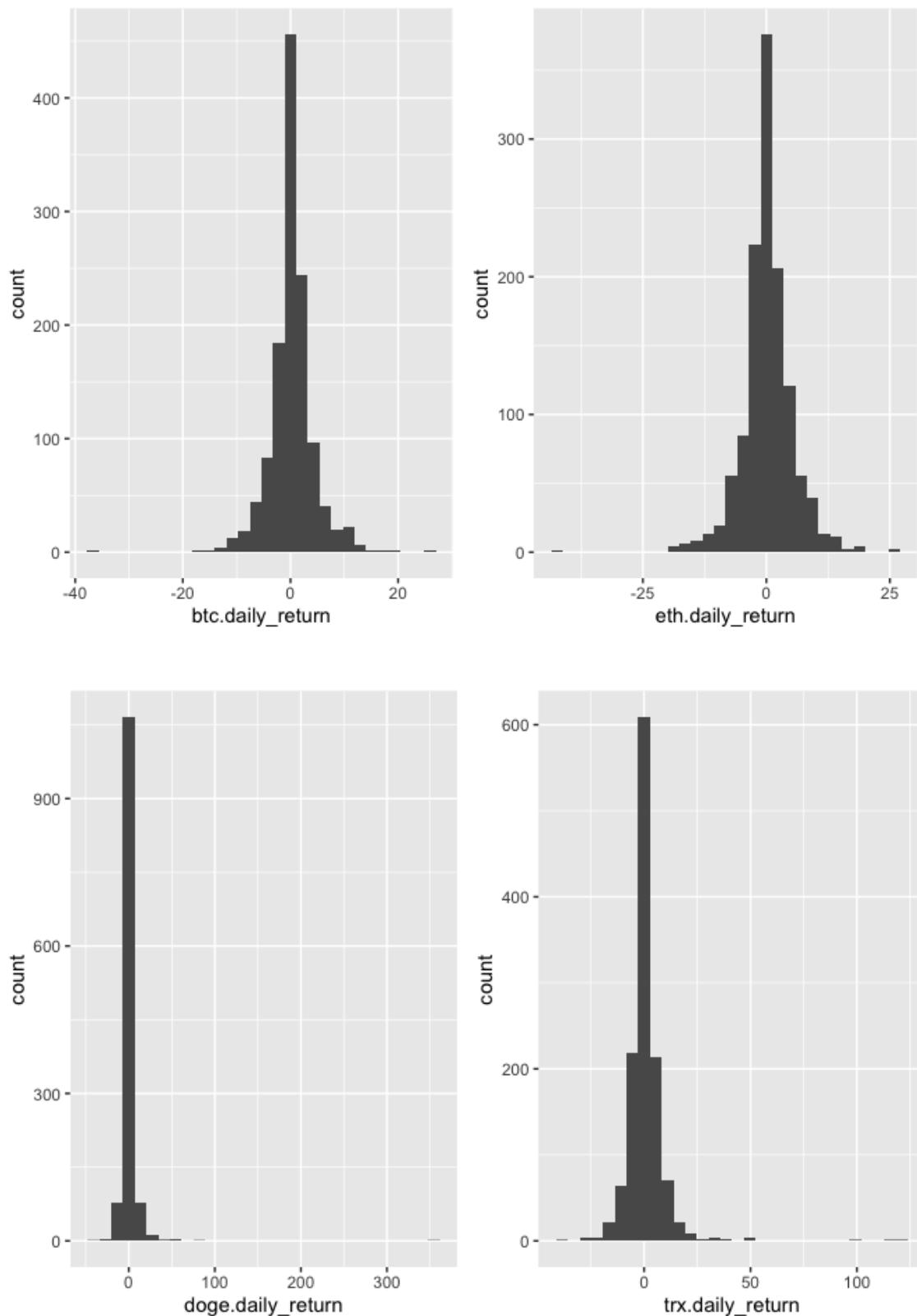
This tells us that Bitcoin is relatively stable in price compared to these coins.



```
> summary(cryptos.100_most_positive_returns$variable)
btc.daily_return ada.daily_return doge.daily_return
1 15 13
xmr.daily_return xlm.daily_return trx.daily_return
3 18 17
> summary(cryptos.100_most_negative_returns$variable)
btc.daily_return ada.daily_return doge.daily_return
2 10 10
xmr.daily_return xlm.daily_return trx.daily_return
9 10 18
```

These data tell us that Bitcoin, which had only 1 “extreme” positive day and 2 “extreme” negative days, is relatively stable compared to these other coins, some of which we might describe as particularly volatile—Stellar, Tron, Cardano, Doge, and EOS. This is not surprising given Bitcoin’s high marketcap and price.

If we look at the distributions of daily returns for some of these volatile coins and compare them to more stable coins (next page), we can see that while all distributions appear normally distributed, the volatile coins are positively skewed (since the maximum positive returns are significantly higher than the maximum negative returns).



We decided to focus our models on exploring the particularly volatile coins, along with Bitcoin, and attempt to use correlations we had assessed to predict coin performance.

IV. MODELS

R Studio Script is located in Appendix

Linear Regression

We used linear regression in our initial modeling process. We wanted to determine if the price movement of one coin can explain the price movement of another. The models on the left displays the prediction of the highest price of an altcoin on a given day from the highest price of bitcoin on that day.

In the first model, Bitcoin's high accounts for approximately 43% of the variability in the Cardano's high, and the extremely low p-value demonstrates that the predictive variable is statistically significant. This affirms what we saw earlier on our scatterplot of BTC vs ADA.

```
Call:
lm(formula = ada.high ~ btc.high)

Residuals:
    Min      1Q  Median      3Q     Max 
-0.31942 -0.07240 -0.02863  0.01045  1.09870 

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept) -1.840e-02  6.716e-03   -2.74  0.00624 **  
btc.high     1.569e-05  5.092e-07   30.81 < 2e-16 *** 
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 

Residual standard error: 0.1438 on 1243 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared:  0.433,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.4325 
F-statistic: 949.1 on 1 and 1243 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Contrast the ADA model with the EOS model: BTC.high explains a negligible proportion of EOS.high, and with a p-value of 0.6, is nowhere near statistically significant. This also affirms what we saw in our scatterplot of BTC vs EOS.

```
Call:
lm(formula = eos.high ~ btc.high)

Residuals:
    Min      1Q  Median      3Q     Max 
-4.4556 -2.1994 -1.2765  0.9308 17.9385 

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept)  5.012e+00  1.594e-01  31.438 <2e-16 ***  
btc.high    -6.313e-06  1.209e-05  -0.522   0.602    
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 

Residual standard error: 3.414 on 1243 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared:  0.0002194, Adjusted R-squared:  -0.0005849 
F-statistic: 0.2728 on 1 and 1243 DF,  p-value: 0.6015
```

But of our highly volatile coins, EOS is unique in that BTC is not a statistically significant predictor of price as seen in the rest of our linear models (next page):

Although BTC only explains 15.57% of the variability in Stellar, it's still a statistically significant predictor of price.

```
call:
lm(formula = xlm.high ~ btc.high)

Residuals:
    Min      1Q  Median      3Q     Max 
-0.18598 -0.08800 -0.04413  0.07137  0.73949 

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept) 9.331e-02  5.816e-03 16.04   <2e-16 ***
btc.high    6.693e-06  4.409e-07 15.18   <2e-16 ***  
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 

Residual standard error: 0.1245 on 1243 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared:  0.1564, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1557 
F-statistic: 230.4 on 1 and 1243 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Just as it is for Tron, albeit explaining only 5.48% of this coin's variability.

```
call:
lm(formula = trx.high ~ btc.high)

Residuals:
    Min      1Q  Median      3Q     Max 
-0.029160 -0.011147 -0.004026  0.003389  0.266895 

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept) 2.192e-02  1.006e-03 21.787   <2e-16 ***
btc.high    6.520e-07  7.629e-08  8.547   <2e-16 ***  
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 

Residual standard error: 0.02155 on 1243 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared:  0.05551, Adjusted R-squared:  0.05475 
F-statistic: 73.05 on 1 and 1243 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

However, BTC's high explains a majority—59.7% of the variability in Dogecoin.

```
call:
lm(formula = doge.high ~ btc.high)

Residuals:
    Min      1Q  Median      3Q     Max 
-0.022916 -0.001676  0.000170  0.001933  0.053250 

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept) -4.579e-03  2.767e-04 -16.55   <2e-16 ***
btc.high     9.007e-07  2.098e-08  42.94   <2e-16 ***  
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 

Residual standard error: 0.005925 on 1243 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared:  0.5973, Adjusted R-squared:  0.597 
F-statistic: 1844 on 1 and 1243 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

All-in-all, it doesn't seem like linear models offer the best means to predict price, which makes sense: price doesn't follow a linear pattern. Even the altcoins with prices most strongly correlated to bitcoin's price don't have much of their variability explained by bitcoin's price. Only one coin—Dogecoin—has more than 50% of its variability explained by Bitcoin's price using such a linear model.

So we turned to machine learning in order to construct (hopefully) better models.

Support-Vector Machines

We created support-vector machines to predict daily returns greater than 5% for altcoins (which we defined as “big days”). We chose to iteratively create three models each for Cardano, EOS, and Ethereum. In the first model for each coin, daily return acts as the predictor, whereas daily volume change acts as the predictor in the second model. In the third model, both variables are used to predict volatile days. Once we trained and tested the models, we computed the accuracy to determine which models were the best predictors of volatile days for each coin.

To create our training and testing data, we randomly selected 90% of the indexes from composite cryptos data frame for training and used the remaining 10% for testing. We chose a relatively 9:1 ratio in order to have a higher performance model.

Cardano

The first set of SVMs we created was to predict big days for Cardano.

- SVM 1: daily return, 82.4% prediction accuracy
- SVM 2: daily volume, 81.6% prediction accuracy
- SVM 3: daily return & daily volume 82.4%, prediction accuracy

```

Call:
svm(formula = ada.big_day ~ btc.daily_return, data = trainData)

Parameters:
  SVM-Type: C-classification
  SVM-Kernel: radial
  cost: 1

Number of Support Vectors: 463

> ada.svm2 <- svm(ada.big_day~btc.daily_volume_change, data=trainData)
> ada.svm2

Call:
svm(formula = ada.big_day ~ btc.daily_volume_change, data = trainData)

Parameters:
  SVM-Type: C-classification
  SVM-Kernel: radial
  cost: 1

Number of Support Vectors: 472

> ada.svm3 <- svm(ada.big_day~btc.daily_volume_change + btc.daily_return, data=trainData)
> ada.svm3

Call:
svm(formula = ada.big_day ~ btc.daily_volume_change + btc.daily_return, data = trainData)

Parameters:
  SVM-Type: C-classification
  SVM-Kernel: radial
  cost: 1

Number of Support Vectors: 387

> ada.svm1.predict.accuracy <- (table(ada.predict1 , testData$ada.big_day)[1,1]
+                               + table(ada.predict1 , testData$ada.big_day)[2,2]) / length(testData$ada.big_day)
> ada.svm1.predict.accuracy
[1] 0.824
>
> # model 2 accuracy
> ada.svm2.predict.accuracy <- (table(ada.predict2 , testData$ada.big_day)[1,1]
+                               + table(ada.predict2 , testData$ada.big_day)[2,2]) / length(testData$ada.big_day)
> ada.svm2.predict.accuracy
[1] 0.816
>
> # model 3 accuracy
> ada.svm3.predict.accuracy <- (table(ada.predict3 , testData$ada.big_day)[1,1]
+                               + table(ada.predict3 , testData$ada.big_day)[2,2]) / length(testData$ada.big_day)
> ada.svm3.predict.accuracy
[1] 0.824

```

EOS

Again we attempted to predict days for this altcoin with returns greater than 5% using Bitcoin data.

- SVM 1: daily return, 88% prediction accuracy
- SVM 2: daily volume, 87.2% prediction accuracy
- SVM 3: daily return & daily volume, 87.2% prediction accuracy

```

<--->
svm(formula = eos.big_day ~ btc.daily_return, data = trainData)

Parameters:
  SVM-Type: C-classification
  SVM-Kernel: radial
  cost: 1

Number of Support Vectors: 378

> eos.svm2 <- svm(eos.big_day~btc.daily_volume_change, data=trainData)
> eos.svm2

Call:
svm(formula = eos.big_day ~ btc.daily_volume_change, data = trainData)

Parameters:
  SVM-Type: C-classification
  SVM-Kernel: radial
  cost: 1

Number of Support Vectors: 408

> eos.svm3 <- svm(eos.big_day~btc.daily_volume_change + btc.daily_return, data=trainData)
> eos.svm3

Call:
svm(formula = eos.big_day ~ btc.daily_volume_change + btc.daily_return, data = trainData)

Parameters:
  SVM-Type: C-classification
  SVM-Kernel: radial
  cost: 1

Number of Support Vectors: 341

> eos.svm1.predict.accuracy <- (table(eos.predict1 ,testData$eos.big_day)[1,1]
+                               + table(eos.predict1 ,testData$eos.big_day)[2,2]) / length(testData$eos.big_day)
> eos.svm1.predict.accuracy
[1] 0.88
>
> # model 2 accuracy
> eos.svm2.predict.accuracy <- (table(eos.predict2 ,testData$eos.big_day)[1,1]
+                               + table(eos.predict2 ,testData$eos.big_day)[2,2]) / length(testData$eos.big_day)
> eos.svm2.predict.accuracy
[1] 0.872
>
> # model 3 accuracy
> eos.svm3.predict.accuracy <- (table(eos.predict3 ,testData$eos.big_day)[1,1]
+                               + table(eos.predict3 ,testData$eos.big_day)[2,2]) / length(testData$eos.big_day)
> eos.svm3.predict.accuracy
[1] 0.872

```

Ethereum

Finally, our last set of SVMs predicted big days for Ethereum in the same way as our other SVMs.

- SVM 1: daily return, 93.6% prediction accuracy
- SVM 2: daily volume, 92.8% prediction accuracy
- SVM 3: daily return & daily volume, 93.6% prediction accuracy

```
svm(formula = eth.big_day ~ btc.daily_return, data = trainData)

Parameters:
  SVM-Type: C-classification
  SVM-Kernel: radial
  cost: 1

Number of Support Vectors: 348

> eth.svm2 <- svm(eth.big_day~btc.daily_volume_change, data=trainData)
> eth.svm2

Call:
svm(formula = eth.big_day ~ btc.daily_volume_change, data = trainData)

Parameters:
  SVM-Type: C-classification
  SVM-Kernel: radial
  cost: 1

Number of Support Vectors: 415

> eth.svm3 <- svm(eth.big_day~btc.daily_volume_change + btc.daily_return, data=trainData)
> eth.svm3

Call:
svm(formula = eth.big_day ~ btc.daily_volume_change + btc.daily_return, data = trainData)

Parameters:
  SVM-Type: C-classification
  SVM-Kernel: radial
  cost: 1

Number of Support Vectors: 296

> eth.svm1.predict.accuracy <- (table(eth.predict1 , testData$eth.big_day)[1,1]
+                               + table(eth.predict1 , testData$eth.big_day)[2,2]) / length(testData$eth.big_day)
> eth.svm1.predict.accuracy
[1] 0.936
> # model 2 accuracy
> eth.svm2.predict.accuracy <- (table(eth.predict2 , testData$eth.big_day)[1,1]
+                               + table(eth.predict2 , testData$eth.big_day)[2,2]) / length(testData$eth.big_day)
> eth.svm2.predict.accuracy
[1] 0.928
>
> # model 3 accuracy
> eth.svm3.predict.accuracy <- (table(eth.predict3 , testData$eth.big_day)[1,1]
+                               + table(eth.predict3 , testData$eth.big_day)[2,2]) / length(testData$eth.big_day)
> eth.svm3.predict.accuracy
[1] 0.936
```

By using only the daily return of Bitcoin to predict days of large returns for altcoins, we could generate highly accurate predictions in our models. Adding the daily volume change did not improve our models, and at times it actually weakened them.

V. CONCLUSIONS

Bullish spikes in price movement in our price and volume charts showed a strong correlation between the two variables. Histograms showed normal distributions for daily percent returns on all coins. Outliers in the daily percent returns were skewed to the right, corroborating the booming state of cryptocurrencies.

The vast majority of the positive return outliers took place in altcoins, with Bitcoin having only one of the top 100 daily returns between 2017-10-02 and early 2021. This finding can, at least, partly reflect the public enthusiasm for altcoins.

Our plots and linear models showed strong correlations between bitcoin and altcoins, with EOS being a notable exception.

We were not surprised that our linear models were not very good predictors of price, but we were surprised that our SVMs were highly accurate in predicting days with high returns—more than 90% accurate in our best model.

While we were able to create simple models to achieve our learning goals, we realize that a model that could solve advanced business problems remains to be completed. In future steps, we could expand the model to take live API data and create more powerful models using more complicated transformations in our computations. Nonetheless, we have focused our efforts in creating visualizations that would be of interest to traders, investors and market analysts.

VI. APPENDIX

We have appended our R Studio Script in full to the end of this document, starting on the next page. If you would like our .R file, please contact us.

```

#####
# Course: IST 687
# Assignment: Final Project Deliverable
# Team Members: Deery-Schmitt, Sam
#                 Huang, Cliff
#                 Onyeugbo, Glory
#####
# libraries
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(viridis)
library(Interpol.T)
library(lubridate)
library(ggExtra)
library(tidyr)
library(reshape2)
library(grid)
library(gridExtra)
library(lattice)
library(e1071)
#####
# data
# subset of the csv files available from
# 'https://www.kaggle.com/sudalairajkumar/cryptocurrencypricehistory'

#-----
# II. DATA ACQUISITION AND MUNGING
#-----

#-----
# Data Acquisition
#-----


bitcoin <- read.csv("C:\\\\Users\\\\SamDe\\\\Desktop\\\\MS\\\\
\\IST_687_Applied_Data_Science\\\\coin_Bitcoin.csv")
cardano <- read.csv("C:\\\\Users\\\\SamDe\\\\Desktop\\\\MS\\\\
\\IST_687_Applied_Data_Science\\\\coin_Cardano.csv")
dogecoin <- read.csv("C:\\\\Users\\\\SamDe\\\\Desktop\\\\MS\\\\
\\IST_687_Applied_Data_Science\\\\coin_Dogecoin.csv")
eos <- read.csv("C:\\\\Users\\\\SamDe\\\\Desktop\\\\MS\\\\IST_687_Applied_Data_Science\\\\
\\coin_EOS.csv")
ethereum <- read.csv("C:\\\\Users\\\\SamDe\\\\Desktop\\\\MS\\\\
\\IST_687_Applied_Data_Science\\\\coin_Ethereum.csv")
iota <- read.csv("C:\\\\Users\\\\SamDe\\\\Desktop\\\\MS\\\\IST_687_Applied_Data_Science\\\\
\\coin_Iota.csv")
litecoin <- read.csv("C:\\\\Users\\\\SamDe\\\\Desktop\\\\MS\\\\
\\IST_687_Applied_Data_Science\\\\coin_Litecoin.csv")
monero <- read.csv("C:\\\\Users\\\\SamDe\\\\Desktop\\\\MS\\\\
\\IST_687_Applied_Data_Science\\\\coin_Monero.csv")
stellar <- read.csv("C:\\\\Users\\\\SamDe\\\\Desktop\\\\MS\\\\
\\IST_687_Applied_Data_Science\\\\coin_Stellar.csv")
tron <- read.csv("C:\\\\Users\\\\SamDe\\\\Desktop\\\\MS\\\\IST_687_Applied_Data_Science\\\\
\\coin_Tron.csv")

```

```

#-----
# Structure and Summary of Raw Data
#-----

str(bitcoin)
summary(bitcoin)
str(cardano)
summary(cardano)
str(dogecoin)
summary(dogecoin)
str(ethereum)
summary(ethereum)
str(eos)
summary(eos)
str(iota)
summary(iota)
str(litecoin)
summary(litecoin)
str(monero)
summary(monero)
str(stellar)
summary(stellar)
str(tron)
summary(tron)

#-----
# Munging
#-----

# Creating a composite data frame

# identify the shortest data frame
head(cardano)
# cardano starts at 2017-10-02
# get all data frames to same time frame
bitcoin <- bitcoin[which(bitcoin$Date == '2017-10-02 23:59:59'): dim(bitcoin)[1],]
dogecoin <- dogecoin[which(dogecoin$Date == '2017-10-02 23:59:59'): dim(dogecoin)[1],]
eos <- eos[which(eos$Date == '2017-10-02 23:59:59'): dim(eos)[1],]
ethereum <- ethereum[which(ethereum$Date == '2017-10-02 23:59:59'): dim(ethereum)[1],]
iota <- iota[which(iota$Date == '2017-10-02 23:59:59'): dim(iota)[1],]
litecoin <- litecoin[which(litecoin$Date == '2017-10-02 23:59:59'): dim(litecoin)[1],]
monero <- monero[which(monero$Date == '2017-10-02 23:59:59'): dim(monero)[1],]
stellar <- stellar[which(stellar$Date == '2017-10-02 23:59:59'): dim(stellar)[1],]
tron <- tron[which(tron$Date == '2017-10-02 23:59:59'): dim(tron)[1],]

#check to see if dates match
all.equal(bitcoin$Date,
          cardano$Date,
          dogecoin$Date,
          eos$Date,
          iota$Date,
          iota$df$Date,

```

```

        litecoin$Date,
        monero$Date,
        stellar$Date,
        tron$Date
    )

# create composite data frame
cryptos <- data.frame(bitcoin$Date,
                      bitcoin$Symbol, bitcoin$High, bitcoin$Low,
                      bitcoin$Open, bitcoin$Close, bitcoin$Volume, bitcoin$Marketcap,
                      cardano$Symbol, cardano$High, cardano$Low,
                      cardano$Open, cardano$Close, cardano$Volume, cardano$Marketcap,
                      dogecoin$Symbol, dogecoin$High, dogecoin$Low,
                      dogecoin$Open, dogecoin$Close, dogecoin$Volume, dogecoin$Marketcap,
                      eos$Symbol, eos$High, eos$Low, eos$Open,
                      eos$Close, eos$Volume, eos$Marketcap,
                      ethereum$Symbol, ethereum$High, ethereum$Low,
                      ethereum$Open, ethereum$Close, ethereum$Volume, ethereum$Marketcap,
                      iota$Symbol, iota$High, iota$Low,
                      iota$Open, iota$Close, iota$Volume, iota$Marketcap,
                      litecoin$Symbol, litecoin$High, litecoin$Low,
                      litecoin$Open, litecoin$Close, litecoin$Volume, litecoin$Marketcap,
                      monero$Symbol, monero$High, monero$Low,
                      monero$Open, monero$Close, monero$Volume, monero$Marketcap,
                      stellar$Symbol, stellar$High, stellar$Low,
                      stellar$Open, stellar$Close, stellar$Volume, stellar$Marketcap,
                      tron$Symbol, tron$High, tron$Low,
                      tron$Open, tron$Close, tron$Volume, tron$Marketcap)
# give intuitive column names
colnames(cryptos) <- c('date',
                       'btc.symbol', 'btc.high', 'btc.low', 'btc.open',
                       'btc.close', 'btc.vol', 'btc.mktpcap',
                       'ada.symbol', 'ada.high', 'ada.low', 'ada.open',
                       'ada.close', 'ada.vol', 'ada.mktpcap',
                       'doge.symbol', 'doge.high', 'doge.low', 'doge.open',
                       'doge.close', 'doge.vol', 'doge.mktpcap',
                       'eos.symbol', 'eos.high', 'eos.low', 'eos.open',
                       'eos.close', 'eos.vol', 'eos.mktpcap',
                       'eth.symbol', 'eth.high', 'eth.low', 'eth.open',
                       'eth.close', 'eth.vol', 'eth.mktpcap',
                       'iota.symbol', 'iota.high', 'iota.low', 'iota.open',
                       'iota.close', 'iota.vol', 'iota.mktpcap',
                       'ltc.symbol', 'ltc.high', 'ltc.low', 'ltc.open',
                       'ltc.close', 'ltc.vol', 'ltc.mktpcap',
                       'xmr.symbol', 'xmr.high', 'xmr.low', 'xmr.open',
                       'xmr.close', 'xmr.vol', 'xmr.mktpcap',
                       'xlm.symbol', 'xlm.high', 'xlm.low', 'xlm.open',
                       'xlm.close', 'xlm.vol', 'xlm.mktpcap',
                       'trx.symbol', 'trx.high', 'trx.low', 'trx.open',
                       'trx.close', 'trx.vol', 'trx.mktpcap')

# change from character to date; remove hours, minutes, seconds
cryptos$date <- as.Date(cryptos$date)

# create calculated columns

```

```

attach(cryptos)
# create a function to calculate the percent change over 24 hours between the
values in any two columns
daily_change <- function(current_value, previous_value) {
  DailyPercentChange <- 100*(current_value - previous_value)/previous_value
  return(DailyPercentChange)
}

# calculate daily percent returns for each coin
cryptos$btc.daily_return <- daily_change(btc.close, btc.open)
cryptos$ada.daily_return <- daily_change(ada.close, ada.open)
cryptos$doge.daily_return <- daily_change(doge.close, doge.open)
cryptos$eos.daily_return <- daily_change(eos.close, eos.open)
cryptos$eth.daily_return <- daily_change(eth.close, eth.open)
cryptos$iota.daily_return <- daily_change(iota.close, iota.open)
cryptos$ltc.daily_return <- daily_change(ltc.close, ltc.open)
cryptos$xmr.daily_return <- daily_change(xmr.close, xmr.open)
cryptos$xlm.daily_return <- daily_change(xlm.close, xlm.open)
cryptos$trx.daily_return <- daily_change(trx.close, trx.open)

# create a function to calculate daily percent change in volume
daily_volume_change <- function(coin.vol){
  volume_change <- daily_change(coin.vol, c(coin.vol[1], coin.vol[-length(coin.vol)]))
  return(volume_change)
}

# calculate daily change in volume for each coin
cryptos$btc.daily_volume_change <- daily_volume_change(btc.vol)
cryptos$ada.daily_volume_change <- daily_volume_change(ada.vol)
cryptos$doge.daily_volume_change <- daily_volume_change(doge.vol)
cryptos$eos.daily_volume_change <- daily_volume_change(eos.vol)
cryptos$eth.daily_volume_change <- daily_volume_change(eth.vol)
cryptos$iota.daily_volume_change <- daily_volume_change(iota.vol)
cryptos$ltc.daily_volume_change <- daily_volume_change(ltc.vol)
cryptos$xmr.daily_volume_change <- daily_volume_change(xmr.vol)
cryptos$xlm.daily_volume_change <- daily_volume_change(xlm.vol)
cryptos$trx.daily_volume_change <- daily_volume_change(trx.vol)

# create a function to define 'big day' as a day with at least 5% returns
isBigDay <- function(col){
  returncol <- c()
  for(i in 1:length(col)){
    if(col[i]>=5){
      returncol[i] <- 1
    } else {
      returncol[i] <- 0
    }
  }
  return(returncol)
}

attach(cryptos)

# make a big_days column
cryptos$btc.big_day <- as.factor(isBigDay(btc.daily_return))

```

```

cryptos$ada.big_day <- as.factor(isBigDay(ada.daily_return))
cryptos$doge.big_day <- as.factor(isBigDay(doge.daily_return))
cryptos$eos.big_day <- as.factor(isBigDay(eos.daily_return))
cryptos$eth.big_day <- as.factor(isBigDay(eth.daily_return))
cryptos$iotा. big_day <- as.factor(isBigDay(iota.daily_return))
cryptos$ltc.big_day <- as.factor(isBigDay(ltc.daily_return))
cryptos$xmr.big_day <- as.factor(isBigDay(xmr.daily_return))
cryptos$xlm.big_day <- as.factor(isBigDay(xlm.daily_return))
cryptos$trx.big_day <- as.factor(isBigDay(trx.daily_return))

# create a function to check vector for NAs, just in case there are NAs in the
calculated columns
NAcheck <- function(vector) {
  if (sum(is.na(vector)) > 0)
    paste("WARNING: There are", sum(is.na(vector)), "NAs in",
deparse(substitute(vector)))
  else paste("0 NAs")
}

# search every column for NAs
sapply(cryptos, NAcheck)

# melt data frame into 3 columns: date, coin, daily return
# will be used for heat map analysis

cryptos.molten <- melt(data=cryptos, id.vars='date',
measure.vars=colnames(cryptos)[72:81])
# View(cryptos.molten)

#-----
# Structure and Summary of Munged Data
#-----

summary(cryptos)
str(cryptos)

summary(cryptos.molten)
str(cryptos.molten)
unique(cryptos.molten$variable)

#-----
# Interesting Findings after Munging
#-----

# market cap
mktcap.multiLine <- ggplot(cryptos, aes(x = date)) + geom_line(aes (y =
btc.mktcap, color = "btc.mktcap")) +
  geom_line(aes (y = doge.mktcap, color = "doge.mktcap")) + geom_line(aes(y =
xmr.mktcap, color = "xmr.mktcap")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = xlm.mktcap, color = "xlm.mktcap")) + geom_line(aes(y =
ltc.mktcap, color = "ltc.mktcap")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = ada.mktcap, color = "ada.mktcap")) + geom_line(aes(y =
eos.mktcap, color = "eos.mktcap")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = eth.mktcap, color = "eth.mktcap")) + geom_line(aes(y =
iotা.mktcap, color = "iotা.mktcap"))

```

```

geom_line(aes(y = trx.mktcap, color = "trx.mktcap"))
mktcap.multiLine <- mktcap.multiLine + ggtitle("Market Capitalization by
Cryptocurrency") + ylab('Market Capitalization in USD')
mktcap.multiLine

# daily returns
daily_return.multiLine <- ggplot(cryptos, aes(x = date)) + geom_line(aes (y =
btc.daily_return, color = "btc.daily_return")) +
  geom_line(aes (y = doge.daily_return, color = "doce.daily_return")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = xmr.daily_return, color = "xmr.daily_return")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = xlm.daily_return, color = "xlm.daily_return")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = ltc.daily_return, color = "ltc.daily_return")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = ada.daily_return, color = "ada.daily_return")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = eos.daily_return, color = "eos.daily_return")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = eth.daily_return, color = "eth.daily_return")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = iota.daily_return, color = "iota.daily_return")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = trx.daily_return, color = "trx.daily_return"))
daily_return.multiLine <- daily_return.multiLine + ggtitle("Daily Return by
Cryptocurrency") + ylab('Daily Return (Percentage)')
daily_return.multiLine

# trading volume
volume.multiLine <- ggplot(cryptos, aes(x = date)) + geom_line(aes (y =
btc.vol, color = "btc.vol")) +
  geom_line(aes (y = doge.vol, color = "doce.vol")) + geom_line(aes(y =
xmr.vol, color = "xmr.vol")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = xlm.vol, color = "xlm.vol")) + geom_line(aes(y = ltc.vol,
color = "ltc.vol")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = ada.vol, color = "ada.vol")) + geom_line(aes(y = eos.vol,
color = "eos.vol")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = eth.vol, color = "eth.vol")) + geom_line(aes(y = iota.vol,
color = "iota.vol")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = trx.vol, color = "trx.vol"))
volume.multiLine <- volume.multiLine + ggtitle("Trading Volume by
Cryptocurrency") + ylab('Volume')
volume.multiLine

# daily volume change
daily_volume_change.multiLine <- ggplot(cryptos, aes(x = date)) +
  geom_line(aes (y = btc.daily_volume_change, color =
"btc.daily_volume_change")) +
  geom_line(aes (y = doge.daily_volume_change, color =
"doce.daily_volume_change")) + geom_line(aes(y = xmr.daily_volume_change,
color = "xmr.daily_volume_change")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = xlm.daily_volume_change, color =
"xlm.daily_volume_change")) + geom_line(aes(y = ltc.daily_volume_change, color =
"ltc.daily_volume_change")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = ada.daily_volume_change, color =
"ada.daily_volume_change")) + geom_line(aes(y = eos.daily_volume_change, color =
"eos.daily_volume_change")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = eth.daily_volume_change, color =
"eth.daily_volume_change")) + geom_line(aes(y = iota.daily_volume_change,
color = "iota.daily_volume_change")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = trx.daily_volume_change, color = "trx.vol"))

```

```

daily_volume_change.multiLine <- daily_volume_change.multiLine +
  ggtitle("Daily Volume Change by Cryptocurrency") + ylab('Daily Volume Change
(Percent)')
daily_volume_change.multiLine

# price
price.multiLine <- ggplot(cryptos, aes(x = date)) + geom_line(aes (y =
btc.high, color = "btc.high")) +
  geom_line(aes (y = doge.high, color = "doge.high")) + geom_line(aes(y =
xmr.high, color = "xmr.high")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = xlm.high, color = "xlm.high")) + geom_line(aes(y =
ltc.high, color = "ltc.high")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = ada.high, color = "ada.high")) + geom_line(aes(y =
eos.high, color = "eos.high")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = eth.high, color = "eth.high")) + geom_line(aes(y =
iota.high, color = "iota.high")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = trx.high, color = "trx.high"))
price.multiLine <- price.multiLine + ggtitle("Price by Cryptocurrency") +
  ylab('Daily High in USD')
price.multiLine

#-----
# III. DATA SET DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS AND STRUCTURE
#-----
# price vs volume by coin

#btc - price and volume
btc.chart <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(date, btc.high)) +
  geom_point(aes(color=btc.vol, size=btc.vol), alpha=0.3) +
  scale_color_gradient(high='red', low='white') +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "darkblue")) +
  ggtitle('btc - price and volume')
btc.chart
# we can see that as the price spikes, volume also spikes

#ada - price and volume
ada.chart <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(date, ada.high)) +
  geom_point(aes(color=ada.vol, size=ada.vol), alpha=0.3) +
  scale_color_gradient(high='red', low='white') +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "darkblue")) +
  ggtitle('ada - price and volume')
ada.chart
# the trend looks consistent and even stronger in cardano

#doge - price and volume
doge.chart <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(date, doge.high)) +
  geom_point(aes(color=doge.vol, size=doge.vol), alpha=0.3) +
  scale_color_gradient(high='red', low='white') +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "darkblue")) +
  ggtitle('doge - price and volume')
doge.chart

#eos - price and volume
eos.chart <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(date, eos.high)) +
  geom_point(aes(color=eos.vol, size=eos.vol), alpha=0.3) +
  scale_color_gradient(high='red', low='white') +

```

```

theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "darkblue")) +
  ggtitle('eos - price and volume')
eos.chart
# increase in EOS volume is perhaps a bullish signal based on our inferences

#eth - price and volume
eth.chart <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(date, eth.high)) +
  geom_point(aes(color=eth.vol, size=eth.vol), alpha=0.3) +
  scale_color_gradient(high='red', low='white') +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "darkblue")) +
  ggtitle('eth - price and volume')
eth.chart

#iota - price and volume
iota.chart <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(date, iota.high)) +
  geom_point(aes(color=iota.vol, size=iota.vol), alpha=0.3) +
  scale_color_gradient(high='red', low='white') +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "darkblue")) +
  ggtitle('iota - price and volume')
iota.chart

#ltc - price and volume
ltc.chart <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(date, ltc.high)) +
  geom_point(aes(color=ltc.vol, size=ltc.vol), alpha=0.3) +
  scale_color_gradient(high='red', low='white') +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "darkblue")) +
  ggtitle('ltc - price and volume')
ltc.chart

#xmr - price and volume
xmr.chart <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(date, xmr.high)) +
  geom_point(aes(color=xmr.vol, size=xmr.vol), alpha=0.3) +
  scale_color_gradient(high='red', low='white') +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "darkblue")) +
  ggtitle('xmr - price and volume')
xmr.chart

#xlm - price and volume
xlm.chart <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(date, xlm.high)) +
  geom_point(aes(color=xlm.vol, size=xlm.vol), alpha=0.3) +
  scale_color_gradient(high='red', low='white') +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "darkblue")) +
  ggtitle('xlm - price and volume')
xlm.chart

#trx - price and volume
trx.chart <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(date, trx.high)) +
  geom_point(aes(color=trx.vol, size=trx.vol), alpha=0.3) +
  scale_color_gradient(high='red', low='white') +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "darkblue")) +
  ggtitle('trx - price and volume')
trx.chart

# Altcoin to BTC price correlation plots

#ada to btc - correlation

```

```

adatobtc.plot <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(ada.high, btc.high)) +
  geom_jitter() + geom_smooth() + ggtitle('ADA to BTC Price Correlation')
adatobtc.plot

#doge to btc - correlation
dogetobtc.plot <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(doge.high, btc.high)) +
  geom_jitter() + geom_smooth() + ggtitle('DOGE to BTC Price Correlation')
dogetobtc.plot

#eos to btc - correlation
eostobtc.plot <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(eos.high, btc.high)) +
  geom_jitter() + geom_smooth() + ggtitle('EOS to BTC Price Correlation')
eostobtc.plot

#eth to btc - correlation
ethbtobtc.plot <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(eth.high, btc.high)) +
  geom_jitter() + geom_smooth() + ggtitle('ETH to BTC Price Correlation')
ethbtobtc.plot

#iota to btc - correlation
iotatobtc.plot <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(iota.high, btc.high)) +
  geom_jitter() + geom_smooth() + ggtitle('Iota to BTC Price Correlation')
iotatobtc.plot

#ltc to btc - correlation
ltctobtc.plot <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(ltc.high, btc.high)) +
  geom_jitter() + geom_smooth() + ggtitle('LTC to BTC Price Correlation')
ltctobtc.plot

#xmr to btc - correlation
xmrtobtc.plot <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(xmr.high, btc.high)) +
  geom_jitter() + geom_smooth() + ggtitle('XMR to BTC Price Correlation')
xmrtobtc.plot

#xlm to btc - correlation
xlmtobtc.plot <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(xlm.high, btc.high)) +
  geom_jitter() + geom_smooth() + ggtitle('XLM to BTC Price Correlation')
xlmtobtc.plot

#trx to btc - correlation
trxtobtc.plot <- ggplot(data=cryptos, aes(trx.high, btc.high)) +
  geom_jitter() + geom_smooth() + ggtitle('TRX to BTC Price Correlation')
trxtobtc.plot

grid.arrange(adatobtc.plot, eostobtc.plot, nrow=1) #eos is the outlier - only
one with p-value that is not near-zero (0.6)
grid.arrange(dogetobtc.plot, ethbtobtc.plot, nrow=1)

# heat map with all daily returns

# creating heat map
ggplot(data=cryptos.molten, aes(x=date, y=variable, group=variable,
fill=value)) +
  geom_tile(size=0.1) + ggtitle('Volatility Heatmap') +
  scale_fill_gradient2(low='red', mid='white', high='black', midpoint=0)
# on the heat map, we can see the darkest days as the days with extreme
volatility on the positive side
# anything areas with a shade of red indicates extreme negative volatility

summary(cryptos.molten)

```

```

min(cryptos.molten$value)
max(cryptos.molten$value)
quantile(cryptos.molten$value, c(0.01, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9,
0.99))
# 98% percent of the percent return values lie between -15.08 and 20.82
percent
# the min and max are -42.3 and 355.62, respectively, indicating some heavy
outliers

# which altcoin had the most days out of the top 100
# which of the coins produced the most positive outliers?
cryptos.100_most_positive_returns <- cryptos.molten[order(-
cryptos.molten$value),]
cryptos.100_most_positive_returns <- cryptos.100_most_positive_returns[1:100,]
cryptos.100_most_positive_returns # view 100 most positive return days
cryptos.100_most_positive_returns <- cryptos.
100_most_positive_returns[order(cryptos.100_most_positive_returns$variable, -
cryptos.100_most_positive_returns$value),]
cryptos.100_most_positive_returns # view 100 most positive return days by
crypto
# only one of the 100 most positive returns belonged to btc
summary(cryptos.100_most_positive_returns$variable)
# stellar had 18 of the top 100 positive outliers, followed by tron (17),
cardano (15), iota (14), doge (13), eos (11)

# which of the coins produced the most negative outliers?
cryptos.100_most_negative_returns <-
cryptos.molten[order(cryptos.molten$value),]
cryptos.100_most_negative_returns <- cryptos.100_most_negative_returns[1:100,]
cryptos.100_most_negative_returns # view 100 most negative return days
cryptos.100_most_negative_returns <- cryptos.
100_most_negative_returns[order(cryptos.100_most_negative_returns$variable,
cryptos.100_most_negative_returns$value),]
cryptos.100_most_negative_returns # view 100 most negative return days by
crypto
summary(cryptos.100_most_negative_returns$variable)
#btc had 2 of the top 100 negative outliers
#tron had the most (18), eos (16), iota (12), doge (10), cardano (10), stellar
(10)

positiveData <- summary(cryptos.100_most_positive_returns$variable)
cryptoNames <- names(positiveData)
names(positiveData) <- NULL
pData <- data.frame(cryptoNames, positiveData)
pData
top100returns <- ggplot(pData, aes(cryptoNames, positiveData)) +
  geom_bar(stat='identity', aes(fill=cryptoNames)) +
  theme(axis.text.x=element_text(angle = -90, hjust = 0)) +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = 'white')) +
  ylab('Number of Days') + xlab('Cryptocurrency') +
  ggtitle('Top 100 Return Days by Crypto')

negativeData <- summary(cryptos.100_most_negative_returns$variable)
cryptoNames <- names(negativeData)
names(negativeData) <- NULL
nData <- data.frame(cryptoNames, negativeData)

```

```

neg100returns <- ggplot(nData, aes(cryptoNames, negativeData)) +
  geom_bar(stat='identity', aes(fill=cryptoNames)) +
  theme(axis.text.x=element_text(angle = -90, hjust = 0)) +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = 'white')) +
  ylab('Number of Days') + xlab('Cryptocurrency') +
  ggtitle('Lowest 100 Return Days by Crypto')

grid.arrange(top100returns, neg100returns, nrow=1)

# Histograms

btc.histdata <- cryptos[order(-cryptos$btc.daily_return),
c('date','btc.symbol','btc.high','btc.daily_return')]
btc.hist <- ggplot(data=btc.histdata, aes(x=btc.daily_return)) +
geom_histogram()

ada.histdata <- cryptos[order(-cryptos$ada.daily_return),
c('date','ada.symbol','ada.high','ada.daily_return')]
ada.hist <- ggplot(data=ada.histdata, aes(x=ada.daily_return)) +
geom_histogram()

doge.histdata <- cryptos[order(-cryptos$doge.daily_return),
c('date','doge.symbol','doge.high','doge.daily_return')]
doge.hist <- ggplot(data=doge.histdata, aes(x=doge.daily_return)) +
geom_histogram()

eos.histdata <- cryptos[order(-cryptos$eos.daily_return),
c('date','eos.symbol','eos.high','eos.daily_return')]
eos.hist <- ggplot(data=eos.histdata, aes(x=eos.daily_return)) +
geom_histogram()

eth.histdata <- cryptos[order(-cryptos$eth.daily_return),
c('date','eth.symbol','eth.high','eth.daily_return')]
eth.hist <- ggplot(data=eth.histdata, aes(x=eth.daily_return)) +
geom_histogram()

iota.histdata <- cryptos[order(-cryptos$iota.daily_return),
c('date','iota.symbol','iota.high','iota.daily_return')]
iota.hist <- ggplot(data=iota.histdata, aes(x=iota.daily_return)) +
geom_histogram()

ltc.histdata <- cryptos[order(-cryptos$ltc.daily_return),
c('date','ltc.symbol','ltc.high','ltc.daily_return')]
ltc.hist <- ggplot(data=ltc.histdata, aes(x=ltc.daily_return)) +
geom_histogram()

xmr.histdata <- cryptos[order(-cryptos$xmr.daily_return),
c('date','xmr.symbol','xmr.high','xmr.daily_return')]
xmr.hist <- ggplot(data=xmr.histdata, aes(x=xmr.daily_return)) +
geom_histogram()

xlm.histdata <- cryptos[order(-cryptos$xlm.daily_return),
c('date','xlm.symbol','xlm.high','xlm.daily_return')]
xlm.hist <- ggplot(data=xlm.histdata, aes(x=xlm.daily_return)) +
geom_histogram()

```

```

trx.histdata <- cryptos[order(-cryptos$trx.daily_return),
c('date','trx.symbol','trx.high','trx.daily_return')]
trx.hist <- ggplot(data=trx.histdata, aes(x=trx.daily_return)) +
geom_histogram()

grid.arrange(btc.hist, eth.hist, nrow=1) # we can see the daily percent
returns all follow a fairly normal distribution
grid.arrange(eos.hist, xlm.hist, nrow=1) # some altcoins have lower counts in
the 0 range, around the 400 range
grid.arrange(doge.hist, trx.hist, nrow=1) # some altcoins have very high
counts in the 0 range, in the 900 range

#-----
# IV. MODELS
#-----

# creating linear models
lm.adafrombtc <- lm(formula=ada.high~btc.high)
summary(lm.adafrombtc)

lm.eosfrombtc <- lm(formula=eos.high~btc.high)
summary(lm.eosfrombtc)
#interesting to see that btc~xlm has a p-value of 0.6
#compared to the near zero p-value in btc~ada

lm.iotafrombtc <- lm(formula=iota.high~btc.high)
summary(lm.iotafrombtc)

lm.xlmfrombtc <- lm(formula=xlm.high~btc.high)
summary(lm.xlmfrombtc)

lm.trxfomrbtc <- lm(formula=trx.high~btc.high)
summary(lm.trxfomrbtc)

lm.dogefrombtc <- lm(formula=doge.high~btc.high)
summary(lm.dogefrombtc)
#eos is the only coin that seems to have a life of its own, so to speak,
#in regards to its price movement

#-----
# creating SVMs
#-----

# use daily return, and daily volume change to predict volatile days in
altcoins

attach(cryptos)
#preparing train and test data
set.seed(150)
randIndex <- sample(1:dim(cryptos)[1]) #creating randomized index to ensure
fairness in data selection
cutPoint9_10 <- floor(9 * dim(cryptos)[1]/10) #creating cutpoint to group 9/10
of randomly selected data for training
trainData <- cryptos[randIndex[1:cutPoint9_10],] #create training data set
testData <- cryptos[randIndex[(cutPoint9_10+1):dim(cryptos)[1]],] #create
testing data set

```

```

#Cardano
ada.svm1 <- svm(ada.big_day~btc.daily_return, data=trainData) #creating models
ada.svm1
ada.svm2 <- svm(ada.big_day~btc.daily_volume_change, data=trainData)
ada.svm2
ada.svm3 <- svm(ada.big_day~btc.daily_volume_change + btc.daily_return,
data=trainData)
ada.svm3
ada.predict1 <- predict(ada.svm1, testData) #creating predictions
ada.predict2 <- predict(ada.svm2, testData)
ada.predict3 <- predict(ada.svm3, testData)
ada.error1 <- as.numeric(testData$ada.big_day) - as.numeric(ada.predict1)
#measuring errors
ada.error2 <- as.numeric(testData$ada.big_day) - as.numeric(ada.predict2)
ada.error3 <- as.numeric(testData$ada.big_day) - as.numeric(ada.predict3)

# model 1 accuracy
ada.svm1.predict.accuracy <- (table(ada.predict1 ,testData$ada.big_day) [1,1]
                                + table(ada.predict1 ,testData$ada.big_day)
[2,2]) / length(testData$ada.big_day)
ada.svm1.predict.accuracy

# model 2 accuracy
ada.svm2.predict.accuracy <- (table(ada.predict2 ,testData$ada.big_day) [1,1]
                                + table(ada.predict2 ,testData$ada.big_day)
[2,2]) / length(testData$ada.big_day)
ada.svm2.predict.accuracy

# model 3 accuracy
ada.svm3.predict.accuracy <- (table(ada.predict3 ,testData$ada.big_day) [1,1]
                                + table(ada.predict3 ,testData$ada.big_day)
[2,2]) / length(testData$ada.big_day)
ada.svm3.predict.accuracy

#Eos
eos.svm1 <- svm(eos.big_day~btc.daily_return, data=trainData) #creating models
eos.svm1
eos.svm2 <- svm(eos.big_day~btc.daily_volume_change, data=trainData)
eos.svm2
eos.svm3 <- svm(eos.big_day~btc.daily_volume_change + btc.daily_return,
data=trainData)
eos.svm3
eos.predict1 <- predict(eos.svm1, testData) #creating predictions
eos.predict2 <- predict(eos.svm2, testData)
eos.predict3 <- predict(eos.svm3, testData)
eos.error1 <- as.numeric(testData$eos.big_day) - as.numeric(eos.predict1)
#measuring errors
eos.error2 <- as.numeric(testData$eos.big_day) - as.numeric(eos.predict2)
eos.error3 <- as.numeric(testData$eos.big_day) - as.numeric(eos.predict3)

# model 1 accuracy
eos.svm1.predict.accuracy <- (table(eos.predict1 ,testData$eos.big_day) [1,1]
                                + table(eos.predict1 ,testData$eos.big_day)
[2,2]) / length(testData$eos.big_day)
eos.svm1.predict.accuracy

```

```

# model 2 accuracy
eos.svm2.predict.accuracy <- (table(eos.predict2 , testData$eos.big_day) [1,1]
                                + table(eos.predict2 , testData$eos.big_day)
[2,2]) / length(testData$eos.big_day)
eos.svm2.predict.accuracy

# model 3 accuracy
eos.svm3.predict.accuracy <- (table(eos.predict3 , testData$eos.big_day) [1,1]
                                + table(eos.predict3 , testData$eos.big_day)
[2,2]) / length(testData$eos.big_day)
eos.svm3.predict.accuracy

#eth
eth.svm1 <- svm(eth.big_day~btc.daily_return, data=trainData) #creating models
eth.svm1
eth.svm2 <- svm(eth.big_day~btc.daily_volume_change, data=trainData)
eth.svm2
eth.svm3 <- svm(eth.big_day~btc.daily_volume_change + btc.daily_return,
data=trainData)
eth.svm3
eth.predict1 <- predict(eth.svm1, testData) #creating predictions
eth.predict2 <- predict(eth.svm2, testData)
eth.predict3 <- predict(eth.svm3, testData)
eth.error1 <- as.numeric(testData$eth.big_day) - as.numeric(eth.predict1)
#measuring errors
eth.error2 <- as.numeric(testData$eth.big_day) - as.numeric(eth.predict2)
eth.error3 <- as.numeric(testData$eth.big_day) - as.numeric(eth.predict3)

# model 1 accuracy
eth.svm1.predict.accuracy <- (table(eth.predict1 , testData$eth.big_day) [1,1]
                                + table(eth.predict1 , testData$eth.big_day)
[2,2]) / length(testData$eth.big_day)
eth.svm1.predict.accuracy

# model 2 accuracy
eth.svm2.predict.accuracy <- (table(eth.predict2 , testData$eth.big_day) [1,1]
                                + table(eth.predict2 , testData$eth.big_day)
[2,2]) / length(testData$eth.big_day)
eth.svm2.predict.accuracy

# model 3 accuracy
eth.svm3.predict.accuracy <- (table(eth.predict3 , testData$eth.big_day) [1,1]
                                + table(eth.predict3 , testData$eth.big_day)
[2,2]) / length(testData$eth.big_day)
eth.svm3.predict.accuracy

#to predict the big return days for altcoins, using only the volatility of btc
was the best performer
# adding the percent change in volume of btc did not improve the model
#at times it actually weakened the model

detach(cryptos)

```