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Homework #8 SolutionSection 4.1

$$y \quad f(t) = \begin{cases} -1 & t < 1 \\ 1 & t \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \{f(t)\} &= \int_0^1 -e^{-st} dt + \int_1^\infty e^{-st} dt = \frac{1}{s} e^{-st} \Big|_0^1 - \frac{1}{s} e^{-st} \Big|_1^\infty \\ &= \frac{1}{s} e^{-s} - \frac{1}{s} - \left(0 - \frac{1}{s} e^{-s}\right) = \frac{2}{s} e^{-s} - \frac{1}{s}, \quad s > 0. \end{aligned}$$

$$3/ \quad f(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 1 & t \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \{f(t)\} &= \int_0^1 t e^{-st} dt + \int_1^\infty e^{-st} dt = \left(-\frac{1}{s} t e^{-st} - \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-st}\right) \Big|_0^1 - \frac{1}{s} e^{-st} \Big|_1^\infty \\ &= \left(-\frac{1}{s} e^{-s} - \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-s}\right) - \left(0 - \frac{1}{s^2}\right) - \frac{1}{s} (0 - e^{-s}) = \frac{1}{s^2} (1 - e^{-s}), \quad s > 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$6/ \quad f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin t & 0 \leq t < \pi/2 \\ 0 & t \geq \pi/2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \{f(t)\} &= \int_0^{\pi/2} e^{-st} \sin t dt = -\frac{e^{-st} (s \sin t + \cos t)}{s^2 + 1} \Big|_0^{\pi/2} \\ &= -\frac{e^{-\pi/2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \sin \frac{\pi}{2} + \cos \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{e^0 (\cos 0)}{s^2 + 1} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{\pi}{2} e^{\frac{\pi}{2}} + 1}{s^2 + 1} = \frac{1 - \frac{\pi}{2} e^{\frac{\pi}{2}}}{s^2 + 1}$$

(2)

$$7/ \quad f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & 0 < t < 1 \\ t & t > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\{f(t)\} = \int_1^{\infty} t e^{-st} dt = \left(-\frac{1}{s} t e^{-st} - \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-st} \right) \Big|_1^{\infty} = \frac{1}{s} e^{-s} + \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-s}, \quad s > 0$$

$$8/ \quad f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & 0 < t < 1 \\ 2t-2 & t > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\{f(t)\} = 2 \int_1^{\infty} (t-1) e^{-st} dt = 2 \left(-\frac{1}{s} (t-1) e^{-st} - \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-st} \right) \Big|_1^{\infty} \\ = \frac{2}{s^2} e^{-s}, \quad s > 0.$$

$$10/ \quad f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & 0 < t < a \\ c & a < t < b \\ 0 & t > b \end{cases}$$

$$\{f(t)\} = \int_a^b c e^{-st} dt = -\frac{c}{s} e^{-st} \Big|_a^b = \frac{c}{s} (e^{-sa} - e^{-sb}), \quad s > 0$$

$$20 \quad f(t) = t^5$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \frac{5!}{s^6}$$

$$22 \quad f(t) = 7t + 3$$

$$\{7t+3\} = \frac{7}{s^2} + \frac{3}{s}$$

(3)

33 $f(t) = \sinh kt$

$$\{ \sinh kt \} = \frac{k}{s^2 - k^2}$$

37 $f(t) = \sin 2t \cos 2t$

$$\{ \sin 2t \cos 2t \} = \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \sin 4t \right\} = \frac{2}{s^2 + 16}$$

40 $f(t) = 10 \cos(t - \pi/6)$

$$\cos(t - \pi/6) = \cos t \cos \frac{\pi}{6} + \sin t \sin \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos t + \frac{1}{2} \sin t$$

$$\Rightarrow \{ 10 \cos(t - \pi/6) \} = 10 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \{ \cos t \} + \frac{1}{2} \{ \sin t \} \right)$$

$$= 5\sqrt{3} \frac{s}{s^2 + 1} + 5 \frac{1}{s^2 + 1}$$

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(a) $\Gamma(a+1) = \int_0^\infty t^a e^{-t} dt$

(Integration by parts, $a > 0$)

$$= -t^a e^{-t} \Big|_0^\infty + a \int_0^\infty t^{a-1} e^{-t} dt = a \Gamma(a)$$

(b)

$$\{ t^a \} = \int_0^\infty e^{-st} t^a dt \quad \text{Let } u = st \Rightarrow du = s dt$$

$$\Rightarrow \{ t^a \} = \int_0^\infty e^{-u} \left(\frac{u}{s} \right)^a \frac{1}{s} du = \frac{1}{s^{a+1}} \Gamma(a+1), \quad a > -1$$

(4)

SECTION 4.2

$$\frac{2}{\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^4}\right\}} = \frac{1}{6} t^3$$

$$\frac{4}{\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\left(\frac{2}{s} - \frac{1}{s^3}\right)^2\right\}} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{4\frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{4}{6}\frac{3!}{s^4} + \frac{1}{120}\frac{5!}{s^6}\right\} = 4t - \frac{2}{3}t^3 + \frac{1}{120}t^5$$

$$\frac{6}{\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{(s+2)^2}{s^3}\right\}} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s} + 4\frac{1}{s^2} + 2\frac{2}{s^3}\right\} = 1 + 4t + 2t^2$$

$$\frac{8}{\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{4}{s} + \frac{6}{s^5} - \frac{1}{s+8}\right\}} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{4\frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{4}\frac{4!}{s^5} - \frac{1}{s+8}\right\} = 4 + \frac{1}{4}t^4 - e^{-8t}$$

$$\frac{10}{\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{ss-2}\right\}} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s-2/5}\right\} = \frac{2}{5}e^{2t/5}$$

$$\frac{12}{\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{10s}{s^2+16}\right\}} = 10 \cos 4t$$

$$\frac{14}{\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{4s^2+1}\right\}} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1/2}{s^2+1/4}\right)\right\} = \frac{1}{2} \sin \frac{1}{2}t$$

$$\frac{16}{\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s+1}{s^2+2}\right\}} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s}{s^2+2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\frac{\sqrt{2}}{s^2+2}\right\} = \cos \sqrt{2}t + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \sin \sqrt{2}t$$

$$\frac{18}{\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s+1}{s^2-4s}\right\}} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{-\frac{1}{4}\cdot\frac{1}{s} + \frac{5}{4}\frac{1}{s-4}\right\} = -\frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{4}e^{4t}$$

$$\frac{20}{\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2+s-20}\right\}} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{9}\frac{1}{s-4} - \frac{1}{9}\frac{1}{s+5}\right\} = \frac{1}{9}e^{4t} - \frac{1}{9}e^{-5t}$$

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$$\underline{22} \quad \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s-3}{(s-\sqrt{3})(s+\sqrt{3})} \right\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s-3}{s^2-3} \right\} =$$

$$= \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{s^2-3} - \sqrt{3} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{s^2-3} \right\} = \cosh \sqrt{3} t - \sqrt{3} \sinh \sqrt{3} t$$

$$\underline{24} \quad \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s^2+1}{s(s-1)(s+1)(s-2)} \right\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s-1} - \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{s+1} + \frac{5}{6} \frac{1}{s-2} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} - e^t - \frac{1}{3} e^{-t} + \frac{5}{6} e^{2t}$$

$$\underline{26} \quad \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{(s+2)(s^2+4)} \right\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{4} \frac{s}{s^2+4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{2}{s^2+4} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{s+2} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \cos 2t + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2t - \frac{1}{4} e^{-2t}$$

$$\underline{28} \quad \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s^4-9} \right\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{6\sqrt{3}} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{s^2-3} - \frac{1}{6\sqrt{3}} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{s^2+3} \right\} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{6\sqrt{3}} \sinh \sqrt{3} t - \frac{1}{6\sqrt{3}} \sin \sqrt{3} t$$

$$\underline{30} \quad \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{6s+3}{s^4+5s^2+4} \right\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ 2 \frac{s}{s^2+1} + \frac{1}{s^2+1} - 2 \frac{s}{s^2+4} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{s^2+4} \right\}$$

$$= 2 \cos t + \sin t - 2 \cos 2t - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2t$$

(6)

SECTION 4.3

$$2 \quad \mathcal{L}\{te^{-6t}\} = \frac{1}{(s+6)^2}$$

$$5 \quad \mathcal{L}\{t(e^t + e^{2t})^2\} = \mathcal{L}\{te^{2t} + 2te^{3t} + te^{4t}\} = \frac{1}{(s-2)^2} + \frac{2}{(s-3)^2} + \frac{1}{(s-4)^2}$$

$$7 \quad \mathcal{L}\{e^t \sin 3t\} = \frac{3}{(s-1)^2 + 9}$$

$$13 \quad \mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2 - 6s + 10}\right\} = \mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{1}{(s-3)^2 + 1}\right\} = e^{3t} \sin t$$

$$14 \quad \mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 5}\right\} = \mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{(s+1)^2 + 2^2}\right\} = \frac{1}{2} e^{-t} \sin 2t$$

$$16 \quad \mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{2s+5}{s^2+2s+34}\right\} = \mathcal{L}\left\{2 \frac{s+3}{(s+3)^2+5^2} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{5}{(s+3)^2+5^2}\right\} =$$

$$= 2e^{-3t} \cos t - \frac{1}{5} e^{-3t} \sin t$$

$$19 \quad \mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{2s-1}{s^2(s+1)^3}\right\} = \mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{s}{3} - \frac{1}{3} - \frac{5}{s+1} - \frac{4}{(s+1)^2} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{2}{(s+1)^3}\right\}$$

$$= s - t - se^{-t} - 4te^{-t} - \frac{3}{2}t^2e^{-t}$$