

* Unstapled, frills, messy -5pts

20

10pts

1) 3pts Blank 1) $P = P_0 e^{rt}$ 1pt
 $= 450,000 e^{.06(213)}$
 $\approx \$1.5977 \times 10^{11}$
 $\approx \$160 \text{ billion}$ 2pts

3pts Blank 2) $P = P_0 (1+r)^t$ 1pt
 $= 450,000 (1+.06)^{213}$
 $\approx \$1.105 \times 10^{11}$
 $\approx \$110.5 \text{ billion}$ 2pts

4pts Blank 3) The principal is \$110.5 billion 1pt

The amount of interest earned in 1990 is

$$110.5 \times 10^9 (.06) = \$6.63 \times 10^9 \text{ 1pt}$$

Want Interest/second. Need # of seconds in a year:

$$\left(365 \frac{\text{days}}{\text{year}}\right) \left(24 \frac{\text{hours}}{\text{day}}\right) \left(60 \frac{\text{mins}}{\text{hour}}\right) \left(60 \frac{\text{sec}}{\text{min}}\right)$$

$$= 31,536,000 \text{ sec/year} \text{ 1pt}$$

Interest is accruing at

$$\frac{\$6.63 \times 10^9}{31,536,000} \approx \$210.24/\text{sec} \text{ 1pt}$$

10pts

2) T_r decays exponentially so

$2pts$ $T_r = Ae^{rt}$ where r is negative

From the table we know

$2pts$ $37 = Ae^{r(4)}$ and $13 = Ae^{r(19.5)}$

Need to find A (the amount at $t=0$) so
first solve for r then plug in to solve for A .

$$\frac{13}{37} = \frac{Ae^{19.5r}}{Ae^{4r}}$$

$$\frac{13}{37} = e^{15.5r}$$

$$\ln(13/37) = 15.5r$$

$$r = \frac{\ln(13/37)}{15.5} \approx -0.06748 \quad 2pts$$

$$37 = Ae^{4\left(\frac{\ln(13/37)}{15.5}\right)}$$

$$A = \frac{37}{e^{4\left(\frac{\ln(13/37)}{15.5}\right)}} \approx 48.5 \text{ ng/ml} \quad 2pts$$

Since the peak is greater than 45 ng/ml,
we CAN diagnose anaphylaxis.

2pts

If people did
a linear approx
I gave 1pt for
conclusion.