Math 141: Section 3.10 Related Rates Part II - Notes

Example 1 A ladder 10 ft long rests against a vertical wall. If the bottom of the ladder slides away from the wall at a rate of 1 ft/sec, how fast is the top of the ladder sliding down when the bottom is 6 ft from the wall?

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 1 \text{ f/sec}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 7 \text{ when } x = 6 \text{ f} + 2 \text{ for } x = 6 \text{$$

Example 2 Car A is traveling west at 50 mph and Car B is traveling north at 60 mph. Both are headed for the intersection of two roads. At what rate are the cars approaching each other when Car A is 0.3 mi and Car B is 0.4 mi from the intersection?

$$\frac{da}{dt} = 50 \frac{db}{dt} = 60$$

$$\frac{dc}{dt} = 7 \text{ when } 0 = 0.3$$

$$b = 0.4$$

$$2a \frac{da}{dt} + 2b \frac{db}{dt} = 2c \frac{dc}{dt}$$

$$2(0.3)^2 + (0.4)^2 = c^2$$

$$2(0.5) \frac{dc}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dc}{dt} = (-78 \text{ mph})$$
the cars are yellow closer touther

20ft

Example 3 A searchligh is following a boat moving east at 4 ft/sec. If the searchlight is located due south of where the boat left dock, how fast is the searchlight rotating? when the boat is 15ft away from the dock?

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dx = 4 ft/sec

do = ? When X = 15ft

 $\tan \theta = \frac{x}{20}$ $\tan \theta = \frac{15}{20}$

 $20 \tan \theta = X \qquad \tan \theta = \frac{3}{4}$ $20 \sec^2 \theta \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{dx}{dt} \qquad \theta = \tan^{-1}(\frac{3}{4})$

 $20\sec^2(\lambda)\frac{d\theta}{dt} = 4$

20 sec2 (tan-1(3/4)) de = 4

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{4}{20\sec^2(\tan^{-1}(\frac{3}{4}))}$$