

Grade this Quiz

35
10

Name: _____

A student was asked to find the derivative of the following functions. Mark each answer as correct or incorrect. If the answer is wrong, explain to the student both what their error was and how to do the problem correctly. At the top of a page, give the total score out of 10.

1. $f(x) = x^3 + 7x^2 - 3 + \sqrt{x}$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 + 14x - 3 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$(x^3)' = 3x^2$$

$$(-3)' = 0$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 + 14x + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

2. $g(x) = x^2 \sin x$

Product Rule

$$g'(x) = 2x \cos x$$

$$g'(x) = 2x \sin x + x^2 \cos x$$

3. $h(x) = \tan^2 x$

$$h'(x) = 2 \tan x \cdot \sec^2 x$$

4. $m(x) = \tan(x^2)$

$$m'(x) = 2 \tan x \sec^2 x$$

"outside" function is
tan(u) this time

$$m'(x) = \sec^2(x^2)(2x)$$

5. $n(x) = e^{\sec x}$

$$n'(x) = e^{\sec x \tan x}$$

Chain Rule

$$n'(x) = e^{\sec x} (\sec x \tan x)$$

6. $p(x) = 2^x$

NOT a power rule application!

~~$p'(x) = x \cdot 2^{x-1}$~~

$p'(x) = \ln(2) 2^x$

7. $q(x) = \frac{x}{\ln x}$

$q'(x) = \frac{\ln x - 1}{(\ln x)^2}$

8. $l(x) = \sqrt{\cos(x^3)}$

Two chain rule applications

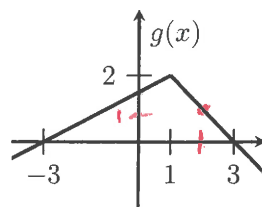
$l'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\cos(x^3)}} \cdot 3x^2$

$l'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\cos(x^3)}} \cdot (-\sin(x^3)) \cdot 3x^2$

9. $h(x) = f(g(x))$

$(h(x)f(g(x)))' = h'(x)f(g(x)) + h(x) \cdot f'(g(x))(g'(x))$

10. Find $h'(2)$. Assume $f(1) = 2, f(2) = 0, f'(1) = 3, f'(2) = 4$.
 $g(x)$ is given by the graph to the right.



$(1, 2) \quad (3, 0)$
 $m = \frac{2-0}{1-3} = -1$
 $g'(2) = -1$

(a) $h(x) = f(x)g(x)$

$h'(2) = f(2) \cdot g'(2) + f'(2) \cdot g(2) = 0 \cdot -1 + 4 \cdot 1 = 4$

(b) $h(x) = g(f(x))$

~~$h'(2) = g'(2) \cdot f'(2) = -1 \cdot 4 = -4$~~

Chain Rule

$(1, 2) \quad (-3, 0)$
 $m = \frac{2-0}{1-(-3)} = \frac{1}{2}$
 $g'(0) = \frac{1}{2}$

$h'(2) = g'(f(2)) \cdot f'(2) = g'(0)(4)$
 $= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(4) = 2$