MATH 122: IDENTIFYING INTEGRAL SUBSTITUTIONS

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Goal: To identify what (if any) u-substitutions are necessary to compute an integral and to practice making such substitutions.

For each problem, identify what (if any) u-substitution(s) need to be made to evaluate each integral. Make the substitution and simplify, but **do not** evaluate the integral.

$$1: \int x \sin(x^2) dx$$

$$2: \int \sqrt{x}(x+3)dx$$

$$3: \int \frac{\sqrt{\ln(x)}}{x} dx$$

4:
$$\int \frac{x+4}{x} dx$$

$$5: \int \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{1 - e^{2x}}} dx$$

6:
$$\int \frac{3x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^3}} dx$$

7:
$$\int (4-2x)^3 dx$$

8:
$$\int 4x \tan(x^2) dx$$

$$9: \int \frac{dx}{x(\ln x)^2}$$

10:
$$\int x4^{x^2}dx$$

11: Show the following two integrals are equivalent by identifying the correct u-substitution:

$$\int 3x\sqrt{9+x^2}dx = \int \frac{3\sqrt{u}}{2}du$$