Yupan Liu

Curriculum Vitae

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Education

2017.10- M.Sc. in Computer Science, Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel.

2020.03 Advisors: Dorit Aharonov and Itai Arad (Technion)

Overall GPA: 93.29

M.Sc. Thesis: Towards a quantum-inspired proof for IP = PSPACE

2013.09- B.Eng. in Computer Science and Technology, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou, China.

2017.07 Overall GPA: 85.28, Major (last-two-year) GPA: 88.22

Senior Project Advisor: Xin Wan

Research Interests

My research interests lie in theoretical computer science, with a particular focus on quantum computing and complexity theory, such as consequences of derandomization from a quantum perspective, Hamiltonian complexity (e.g., learning local Hamiltonian, stoquastic area law), and delegating quantum computation using interactive proofs. I am also interested in theoretical computer science in general.

Research Experience

2017-2020 Research Student, CS Theory Group, Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel.

Advisors: Dorit Aharonov and Itai Arad

Working on 2D area laws for graphical Hamiltonians, which are some kinds of classical systems, namely its local Hamiltonian problem is inside MA; also using methods from computer science and combinatorics such as random walks.

2018-2019 **Research Student**, *CS Theory Group*, Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel.

Advisors: Guy Kindler

Worked on in-class interactive proof for NP^{PP} using the celebrated sum-check protocol, while the well-known result is in-class interactive proofs for PSPACE, PP and NL.

Summer 2019 Research Internship, National University of Singapore, Singapore.

Advisors: Itai Arad and Miklos Santha

Learning Pauli commuting local Hamiltonians, namely given many copies of the Gibbs state of the Hamiltonian, recovering the Hamiltonian by classical measurements and post-processing.

Summer 2016 **Research Internship**, National University of Singapore, Singapore.

Advisors: Itai Arad and Miklos Santha

Developed new efficient algorithms to calculate the expectation value (and ground state) of physical systems which satisfy 2D area law, using tensor-network method and convex optimization with translation-invariant property and commutator gauge property, and also try to give insights for showing that LHP is in NP for 2D gapped local systems.

2016–2017 Research Student, Department of Physics, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou, China.

Advisor: Xin Wan

My senior project is developing new efficient algorithms via convex optimization, to calculate the expectation value of many-body system satisfied area law.

Publications

(In preparation).

Title: StoqMA meets distribution property testing

Author: Yupan Liu

<u>Abstract</u>: It is known that $MA \subseteq StoqMA \subseteq AM$ [BBT06], and all complexity classes are supposed to be equal under the derandomization assumption. Also, StoqMA is originally defined in the scenario of stoquastic local Hamiltonians and sign-problem free adiabatic evolution [BBT06,BT09]. Here we make the first step towards proving StoqMA = MA, and provide several strong evidences of this equivalence:

- First, we show that easy-witness StoqMA (i.e. eStoqMA) is in MA, where there is an efficient deterministic algorithm returns the coordinate of the given index of the non-negative witness.
 The proof essentially comes from the distribution property testing.
- o Second, we provide an AND-type repetition procedure of StoqMA, and it implies a direct error reduction of StoqMA $_1$ (i.e. StoqMA with perfect completeness) which is not known before. It further leads us to an alternating proof of StoqMA $_1 \subseteq MA$ [BBT06,BT09], since it is implied by StoqMA $_1 \subseteq eStoqMA$.
- Third, we prove the classical analog of Non-Identity Check (which is known to be QMA-complete) is StoqMA-complete, when we restrict these two quantum circuits to be reversible circuits with the same number of $|0\rangle$ and $|+\rangle$ ancillas.
- Forth, we prove that StoqMA with perfect soundness is in NP. This property is known for public-coin classical interactive proofs, such as MA and AM [FGMSZ89].

Jan 2020 QIP 2020 (accepted poster), Peng Cheng Laboratory and SUSTech, Shenzhen, China.

<u>Title</u>: Learning Pauli commuting local Hamiltonians

Author: Yupan Liu

Abstract: Learning an unknown Hamiltonian from local measurements is an increasingly important task in the NISQ era. Recent work by Bairey, Arad, and Lindner [BAL19] proposed an approach to learn non-commuting local Hamiltonians, however, their approach fails in the commuting Hamiltonians case. In this note, we provide a method to learn Pauli commuting local Hamiltonians, which is a subclass of general commuting local Hamiltonians: Given many copies of the Gibbs state of a Pauli commuting local Hamiltonian on n qubits, one can learn the Hamiltonian by applying an $O(n/\log n)$ -depth Clifford circuit and classical post-processing. Our result sheds light on learning general commuting local Hamiltonians using local measurements.

Aug 2019 AQIS 2018 (accepted poster), Korea Institute of Advanced Studies, Seoul, South Korea.

Title: Towards a quantum-inspired proof for IP = PSPACE

Author: Ayal Green, Guy Kindler, Yupan Liu (alphabet order)

<u>Abstract</u>: We explore an in-class interactive proof systems where the prover is limited. Namely, we improve on a result by [AG17] showing a quantum-inspired interactive protocol (IP) for PreciseBQP where the prover is only assumed to be a PreciseBQP machine, and show that the result can be strengthened to show an IP for NP^{PP} with a prover which is only assumed to be an NP^{PP} machine which was not known before. Our results shed lights on a quantum-inspired pro of for PSPACE = IP, since PreciseQMA captures the full PSPACE power.

Professional Service

Reviewer \diamond The 61st Annual Symposium on Foundations of Computer Science (FOCS 2020)

♦ The 15th Conference on the Theory of Quantum Computation, Communication and Cryptography (TQC 2020)

Teaching Experience

Fall 2019 Kazhdanś Lecture: Computation, quantumness, symplectic geometry, information,

Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel.

Instructors: Gil Kalai, Leonid Polterovich, Dorit Aharonov, Guy Kindler Scribed notes for all computer science oriented lectures (half of the course).

Languages

Chinese Mothertongue

English Fluent

References

Dorit Aharonov, *Hebrew University of Jerusalem*, dorit.aharonov@gmail.com. **Itai Arad**, *Technion - Israel Institute of Technology*, arad.itai@fastmail.com.