

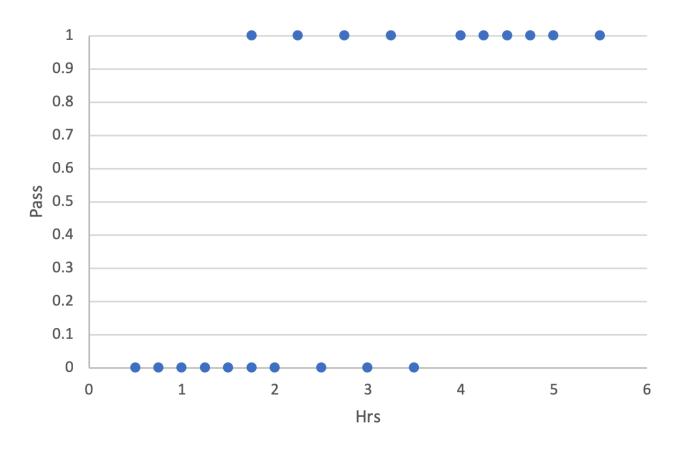
Machine Learning

Logistic Regression

GreatlearningLinear Regression for Classification $P^{rning for Life}$

- How likely is a student to pass if he/she studies for 5 hrs?
 - Using data from 20 students
- Classification problem! Can use linear regression?

Hrs		Pass?	
	0.5		0
().75		0
	1		0
1	1.25		0
	1.5		0
1	1.75		0
1	1.75		1
	2		0
2	2.25		1
	2.5		0
2	2.75		1
	3		0
3	3.25		1
	3.5		0
	4		1
4	1.25		1
	4.5		1
4	1.75		1
	5		1
	5.5		1



Instead can we fit a curve? | Control of the curve of th

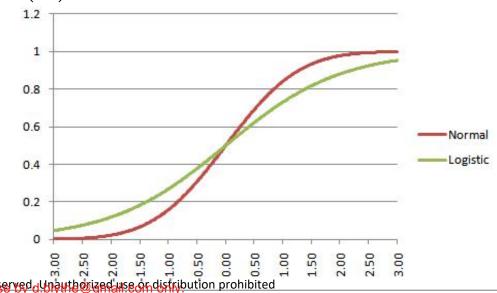
- Regression fits y = a + bx
- Instead why not fit?

$$y = f(a + bx)$$

• Common choices for f()

• Logistic Regression:
$$y = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(a+bx)}}$$

• Probit Regression: $y=\Phi(x)$





The Logit function

• Logit function:
$$y = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(a+bx)}}$$

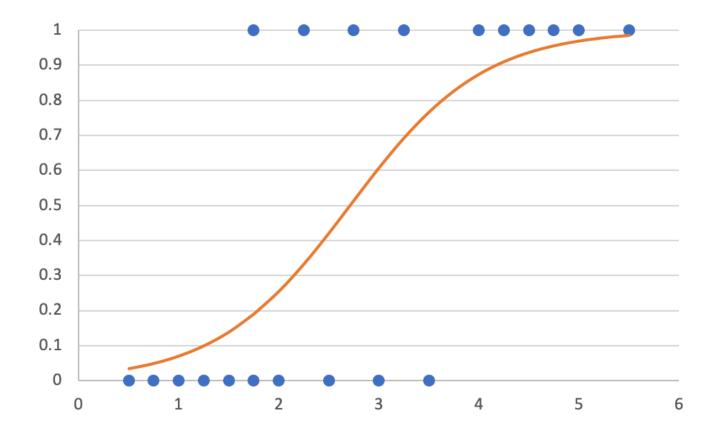
• Equivalent to thinking of
$$\log\left(\frac{y}{1-y}\right) = a + bx$$

Finding the best fit logic curve? Learning for Life

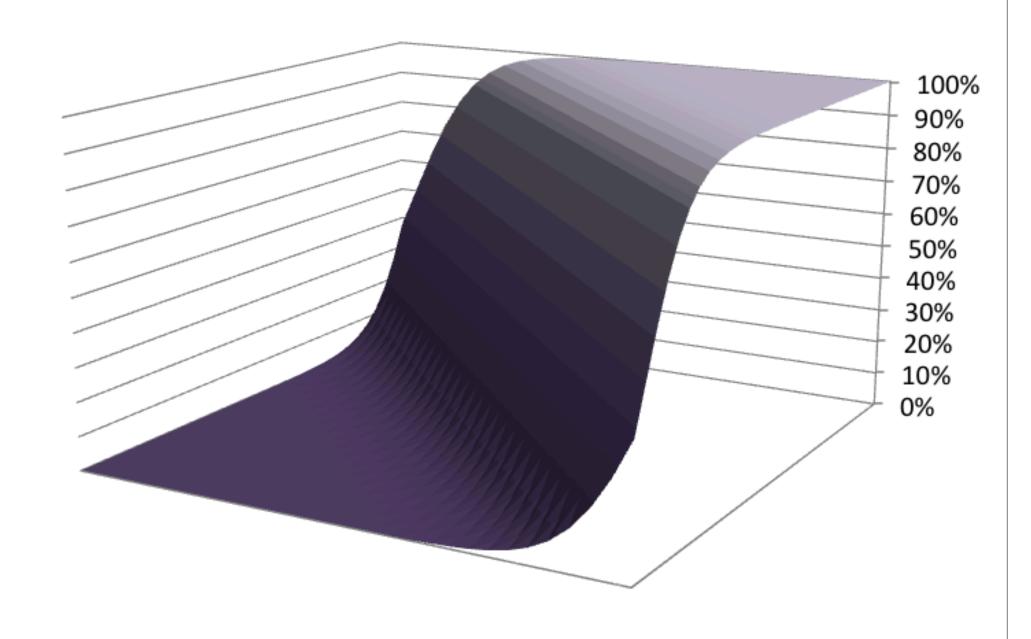
- Linear regression minimized sum of squared residuals. This unfortunately will not work in logistic regression!
- Instead we choose to minimize the "Log Loss" or "Cross-Entropy"

$$-y \log(\hat{y}) - (1-y) \log(1-\hat{y})$$

How likely is a student to pass if he/she studies for 5 hrs?



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Logistic Reg - Pros and Cons Learning for Life

- Advantages
 - A classification model that does give probabilities
 - Easily extended to multiple classes (multinomial regression)
 - Quick to train and very fast at classifying unknown records
- Disadvantages
 - Constructs linear boundaries
 - Assumes that variables are independent (eg. does not include interaction terms)
 - Interpretation of coefficients is difficult