Clinton Hawkes hawkesc@oregonstate.edu CS475-400 Project #0

## **Introduction to Parallel Programming**

 This was run on my laptop with the following specs: Lenovo X1 Extreme
 Intel Core i7 9750H (6 cores/12 threads)
 32GB Ram
 Nvidia GTX 1650
 Running Linux kernel 5.5.9

2. Results using SIZE = 32768 and NUMTRIES = 100000

Using 1 thread: Peak Performance = 590.16 MegaMults/Sec Avg Performance = 573.20 MegaMults/Sec

Using 4 threads: Peak Performance = 2116.66 MegaMults/Sec Avg Performance = 1874.43 MegaMults/Sec

I did not use the -O3 flag when compiling my program, because it seemed to throw off the results. I was getting an increase of about 2 when using it. The MegaMults/Sec were also much higher when using it, which is good, but the figures I was seeing did not match what I was expecting. I was expecting an increase of about 4, due to using 4 threads rather than 1. Peak performance for 1 thread was about 5000 MM/S and peak performance for 4 threads when using the flag was about 10000 MM/S. I saw a post on Slack that mentioned results were closer to the expected results when omitting the flag, so I dropped it and got the results presented above.

- 3. S = 2116.66/590.16 = 3.59
- 4. We may be using 4 times the number of threads when implementing parallel computing, but there is a certain amount of overhead involved to setup and take down the multi-threading. This may include creating the thread pool, thread wait time, memory management, and deleting the threads when task has been completed. This may be why the speedup is below 4.
- 5. Parallel Fraction = (4/3)\*(1-(1/3.59)) = .9619 I don't know what this means, but I am thinking it is the portion of code that can be effectively "parallelized".

I hope that is enough commentary. This was a pretty simple assignment with most of the code provided, so I am at a loss for words. I'm sure the next projects will involve more analysis.