TivaC Lab 7 - USB CPE 403

Checklist for Lab 7

- ☑ A text/word document of the initial code with comments
- ☑ In the document, for each task submit the modified or included code (only) with highlights and justifications of the modifications. Also include the comments.
- ☑ Provide a permanent link to all main and dependent source code files only (name them as LabXX-TYY, XX-Lab# and YY-task#)Screenshots of debugging process along with pictures of actual circuit
- **☑** *Video link of demonstration.*

Code for Experiment

Task 1:

```
//
// usb dev bulk.c - Main routines for the generic bulk device example.
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// CIRCUMSTANCES, BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL
// DAMAGES, FOR ANY REASON WHATSOEVER.
//
// This is part of revision 2.1.1.71 of the EK-TM4C123GXL Firmware Package.
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "inc/hw_ints.h"
#include "inc/hw memmap.h"
#include "inc/hw_types.h"
#include "driverlib/debug.h"
#include "driverlib/fpu.h"
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/interrupt.h"
#include "driverlib/pin_map.h"
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "driverlib/systick.h"
#include "driverlib/timer.h"
#include "driverlib/uart.h"
#include "driverlib/rom.h"
#include "usblib/usblib.h"
#include "usblib/usb-ids.h"
#include "usblib/device/usbdevice.h"
#include "usblib/device/usbdbulk.h"
#include "utils/uartstdio.h"
```

```
#include "utils/ustdlib.h"
#include "usb bulk structs.h"
//! \addtogroup example_list
//! <h1>USB Generic Bulk Device (usb dev bulk)</h1>
//!
//! This example provides a generic USB device offering simple bulk data
//! transfer to and from the host. The device uses a vendor-specific class ID
//! and supports a single bulk IN endpoint and a single bulk OUT endpoint.
//! Data received from the host is assumed to be ASCII text and it is
//! echoed back with the case of all alphabetic characters swapped.
//! A Windows INF file for the device is provided on the installation CD and
//! in the C:/ti/TivaWare-for-C-Series/windows drivers directory of TivaWare C
//! series releases. This INF contains information required to install the
//! WinUSB subsystem on Windowi16XP and Vista PCs. WinUSB is a Windows
//! subsystem allowing user mode applications to access the USB device without
//! the need for a vendor-specific kernel mode driver.
//!
//! A sample Windows command-line application, usb_bulk_example, illustrating
//! how to connect to and communicate with the bulk device is also provided.
//! The application binary is installed as part of the ''Windows-side examples
//! for USB kits'' package (SW-USB-win) on the installation CD or via download
//! from http://www.ti.com/tivaware . Project files are included to allow
//! the examples to be built using Microsoft VisualStudio 2008. Source code
//! for this application can be found in directory
//! TivaWare-for-C-Series/tools/usb bulk example.
// The system tick rate expressed both as ticks per second and a millisecond
// period.
//
#define SYSTICKS_PER_SECOND 100
                       (1000 / SYSTICKS_PER_SECOND)
#define SYSTICK_PERIOD_MS
// The global system tick counter.
volatile uint32 t g ui32SysTickCount = 0;
```

```
// Variables tracking transmit and receive counts.
volatile uint32_t g_ui32TxCount = 0;
volatile uint32_t g_ui32RxCount = 0;
#ifdef DEBUG
uint32 t g ui32UARTRxErrors = 0;
#endif
// Debug-related definitions and declarations.
// Debug output is available via UARTO if DEBUG is defined during build.
#ifdef DEBUG
//
// Map all debug print calls to UARTprintf in debug builds.
#define DEBUG_PRINT UARTprintf
#else
// Compile out all debug print calls in release builds.
#define DEBUG_PRINT while(0) ((int (*)(char *, ...))0)
//
// Flags used to pass commands from interrupt context to the main loop.
#define COMMAND PACKET RECEIVED 0x00000001
#define COMMAND_STATUS_UPDATE 0x00000002
volatile uint32_t g_ui32Flags = 0;
// Global flag indicating that a USB configuration has been set.
//
```

```
static volatile bool g bUSBConfigured = false;
// The error routine that is called if the driver library encounters an error.
#ifdef DEBUG
void
__error__(char *pcFilename, uint32_t ui32Line)
  UARTprintf("Error at line %d of %s\n", ui32Line, pcFilename);
  {
  }
}
#endif
//
// Interrupt handler for the system tick counter.
SysTickIntHandler(void)
  //
  // Update our system tick counter.
  g_ui32SysTickCount++;
}
//
// Receive new data and echo it back to the host.
// \param psDevice points to the instance data for the device whose data is to
// be processed.
// \param pui8Data points to the newly received data in the USB receive buffer.
// \param ui32NumBytes is the number of bytes of data available to be processed.
//
// This function is called whenever we receive a notification that data is
// available from the host. We read the data, byte-by-byte and swap the case
// of any alphabetical characters found then write it back out to be
// transmitted back to the host.
// \return Returns the number of bytes of data processed.
//
```

```
static uint32 t
EchoNewDataToHost(tUSBDBulkDevice *psDevice, uint8_t *pui8Data,
                 uint32_t ui32NumBytes)
{
   uint32_t ui32Loop, ui32Space, ui32Count;
   uint32 t ui32ReadIndex;
   uint32 t ui32WriteIndex;
   tUSBRingBufObject sTxRing;
   // Get the current buffer information to allow us to write directly to
   // the transmit buffer (we already have enough information from the
   // parameters to access the receive buffer directly).
   USBBufferInfoGet(&g sTxBuffer, &sTxRing);
   // How much space is there in the transmit buffer?
   ui32Space = USBBufferSpaceAvailable(&g sTxBuffer);
   // How many characters can we process this time round?
   ui32Loop = (ui32Space < ui32NumBytes) ? ui32Space : ui32NumBytes;</pre>
   ui32Count = ui32Loop;
   // Update our receive counter.
   g_ui32RxCount += ui32NumBytes;
   // Dump a debug message.
   DEBUG_PRINT("Received %d bytes\n", ui32NumBytes);
   // Set up to process the characters by directly accessing the USB buffers.
   ui32ReadIndex = (uint32_t)(pui8Data - g_pui8USBRxBuffer);
   ui32WriteIndex = sTxRing.ui32WriteIndex;
   while(ui32Loop)
   {
       // Copy from the receive buffer to the transmit buffer converting
       // character case on the way.
```

```
//
//
// Is this a lower case character?
if((g_pui8USBRxBuffer[ui32ReadIndex] >= 'a') &&
   (g_pui8USBRxBuffer[ui32ReadIndex] <= 'z'))</pre>
{
    // Convert to upper case and write to the transmit buffer.
    g_pui8USBTxBuffer[ui32WriteIndex] =
        (g_pui8USBRxBuffer[ui32ReadIndex] - 'a') + 'A';
}
else
{
    // Is this an upper case character?
    //
    if((g_pui8USBRxBuffer[ui32ReadIndex] >= 'A') &&
       (g_pui8USBRxBuffer[ui32ReadIndex] <= 'Z'))</pre>
        // Convert to lower case and write to the transmit buffer.
        g_pui8USBTxBuffer[ui32WriteIndex] =
            (g_pui8USBRxBuffer[ui32ReadIndex] - 'Z') + 'z';
    }
    else
    {
        // Copy the received character to the transmit buffer.
        g_pui8USBTxBuffer[ui32WriteIndex] =
                g_pui8USBRxBuffer[ui32ReadIndex];
    }
}
//
// Move to the next character taking care to adjust the pointer for
// the buffer wrap if necessary.
//
ui32WriteIndex++;
ui32WriteIndex = (ui32WriteIndex == BULK_BUFFER_SIZE) ?
                 0 : ui32WriteIndex;
ui32ReadIndex++;
ui32ReadIndex = (ui32ReadIndex == BULK_BUFFER_SIZE) ?
                0 : ui32ReadIndex;
```

```
ui32Loop--;
   }
   //
   // We've processed the data in place so now send the processed data
   // back to the host.
   //
   USBBufferDataWritten(&g sTxBuffer, ui32Count);
   DEBUG PRINT("Wrote %d bytes\n", ui32Count);
   // We processed as much data as we can directly from the receive buffer so
   // we need to return the number of bytes to allow the lower layer to
   // update its read pointer appropriately.
   //
   return(ui32Count);
}
// Handles bulk driver notifications related to the transmit channel (data to
// the USB host).
// \param pvCBData is the client-supplied callback pointer for this channel.
// \param ui32Event identifies the event we are being notified about.
// \param ui32MsgValue is an event-specific value.
// \param pvMsgData is an event-specific pointer.
// This function is called by the bulk driver to notify us of any events
// related to operation of the transmit data channel (the IN channel carrying
// data to the USB host).
//
// \return The return value is event-specific.
TxHandler(void *pvCBData, uint32 t ui32Event, uint32 t ui32MsgValue,
        void *pvMsgData)
   //
   // We are not required to do anything in response to any transmit event
   // in this example. All we do is update our transmit counter.
   if(ui32Event == USB_EVENT_TX_COMPLETE)
   {
       g_ui32TxCount += ui32MsgValue;
   }
```

```
//
   // Dump a debug message.
   DEBUG_PRINT("TX complete %d\n", ui32MsgValue);
   return(0);
}
// Handles bulk driver notifications related to the receive channel (data from
// the USB host).
// \param pvCBData is the client-supplied callback pointer for this channel.
// \param ui32Event identifies the event we are being notified about.
// \param ui32MsgValue is an event-specific value.
// \param pvMsgData is an event-specific pointer.
//
// This function is called by the bulk driver to notify us of any events
// related to operation of the receive data channel (the OUT channel carrying
// data from the USB host).
// \return The return value is event-specific.
uint32 t
RxHandler(void *pvCBData, uint32_t ui32Event,
             uint32_t ui32MsgValue, void *pvMsgData)
{
   // Which event are we being sent?
   //
   switch(ui32Event)
   {
       // We are connected to a host and communication is now possible.
      case USB EVENT CONNECTED:
          g bUSBConfigured = true;
          UARTprintf("Host connected.\n");
          //
          // Flush our buffers.
          USBBufferFlush(&g_sTxBuffer);
          USBBufferFlush(&g sRxBuffer);
```

```
break;
}
// The host has disconnected.
//
case USB_EVENT_DISCONNECTED:
    g_bUSBConfigured = false;
    UARTprintf("Host disconnected.\n");
    break;
}
// A new packet has been received.
case USB_EVENT_RX_AVAILABLE:
    tUSBDBulkDevice *psDevice;
    //
    // Get a pointer to our instance data from the callback data
    // parameter.
    psDevice = (tUSBDBulkDevice *)pvCBData;
    // Read the new packet and echo it back to the host.
    return(EchoNewDataToHost(psDevice, pvMsgData, ui32MsgValue));
}
//
// Ignore SUSPEND and RESUME for now.
case USB_EVENT_SUSPEND:
case USB_EVENT_RESUME:
{
    break;
}
// Ignore all other events and return 0.
//
default:
    break;
}
```

}

```
return(0);
}
// Configure the UART and its pins. This must be called before UARTprintf().
void
ConfigureUART(void)
   // Enable the GPIO Peripheral used by the UART.
   ROM SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPIOA);
   // Enable UART0
   ROM_SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_UART0);
   // Configure GPIO Pins for UART mode.
   ROM_GPIOPinConfigure(GPIO_PA0_U0RX);
   ROM_GPIOPinConfigure(GPIO_PA1_U0TX);
   ROM_GPIOPinTypeUART(GPIO_PORTA_BASE, GPIO_PIN_0 | GPIO_PIN_1);
   //
   // Use the internal 16MHz oscillator as the UART clock source.
   UARTClockSourceSet(UART0_BASE, UART_CLOCK_PIOSC);
   //
   // Initialize the UART for console I/O.
   UARTStdioConfig(0, 115200, 16000000);
}
//
// This is the main application entry function.
int
main(void)
{
   volatile uint32_t ui32Loop;
```

```
uint32_t ui32TxCount;
uint32 t ui32RxCount;
// Enable lazy stacking for interrupt handlers. This allows floating-point
// instructions to be used within interrupt handlers, but at the expense of
// extra stack usage.
//
ROM FPULazyStackingEnable();
// Set the clocking to run from the PLL at 50MHz
ROM_SysCtlClockSet(SYSCTL_SYSDIV_4 | SYSCTL_USE_PLL | SYSCTL_OSC_MAIN |
                  SYSCTL_XTAL_16MHZ);
//
// Enable the GPIO port that is used for the on-board LED.
ROM_SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_GPIOF);
// Enable the GPIO pins for the LED (PF2 & PF3).
ROM GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 3 | GPIO PIN 2);
// Open UARTO and show the application name on the UART.
ConfigureUART();
UARTprintf("\033[2JTiva C Series USB bulk device example\n");
UARTprintf("----\n\n");
//
// Not configured initially.
g_bUSBConfigured = false;
// Enable the GPIO peripheral used for USB, and configure the USB
// pins.
ROM SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPIOD);
ROM_GPIOPinTypeUSBAnalog(GPIO_PORTD_BASE, GPIO_PIN_4 | GPIO_PIN_5);
// Enable the system tick.
//
```

```
ROM_SysTickPeriodSet(ROM_SysCtlClockGet() / SYSTICKS_PER_SECOND);
ROM SysTickIntEnable();
ROM SysTickEnable();
// Tell the user what we are up to.
UARTprintf("Configuring USB\n");
//
// Initialize the transmit and receive buffers.
USBBufferInit(&g_sTxBuffer);
USBBufferInit(&g_sRxBuffer);
// Set the USB stack mode to Device mode with VBUS monitoring.
USBStackModeSet(0, eUSBModeForceDevice, 0);
// Pass our device information to the USB library and place the device
// on the bus.
USBDBulkInit(0, &g sBulkDevice);
// Wait for initial configuration to complete.
UARTprintf("Waiting for host...\n");
// Clear our local byte counters.
ui32RxCount = 0;
ui32TxCount = 0;
// Main application loop.
//
while(1)
{
    // See if any data has been transferred.
    if((ui32TxCount != g_ui32TxCount) || (ui32RxCount != g_ui32RxCount))
        // Has there been any transmit traffic since we last checked?
```

```
if(ui32TxCount != g ui32TxCount)
   // Turn on the Green LED.
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_3, GPIO_PIN_3);
    // Delay for a bit.
    for(ui32Loop = 0; ui32Loop < 150000; ui32Loop++)</pre>
    {
    }
    // Turn off the Green LED.
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_3, 0);
   // Take a snapshot of the latest transmit count.
   ui32TxCount = g_ui32TxCount;
}
// Has there been any receive traffic since we last checked?
if(ui32RxCount != g_ui32RxCount)
    // Turn on the Blue LED.
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2, GPIO_PIN_2);
    //
    // Delay for a bit.
    for(ui32Loop = 0; ui32Loop < 150000; ui32Loop++)</pre>
    }
    // Turn off the Blue LED.
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2, 0);
    //
```

```
// Take a snapshot of the latest receive count.
//
ui32RxCount = g_ui32RxCount;
}

//
// Update the display of bytes transferred.
//
UARTprintf("\rTx: %d Rx: %d", ui32TxCount, ui32RxCount);
}
}
}
```

Video Link to Demo

NONE