# Practical Python - Internet of Things

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## Introducing MicroPython

- ▶ Python for microcontroller boards
- ► Started as a Kickstarter
- ► All Open Source

### Outline

Introduction

Installation

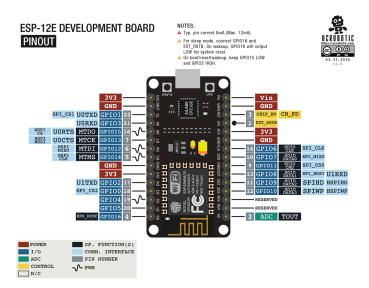
Circuits

Resources

# Introducing the ESP8266

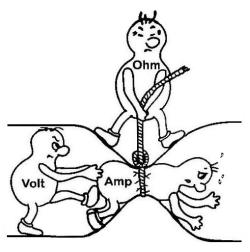
- ▶ 80MHZ processor
- ▶ lots of GPIO pins
- ► Digital interfaces
- ► One Analogue
- ▶ Wifi
- Cheap
- ► reasonably well documented (now)

## ESP8266 Development Board



### Introduction to Electricity

► The water analogy



http://www.electricalonline4u.com/2015/10/ohm-law-explanation-guide.html

### Pin Mapping

```
Micropython
            Board
             D3
             D4 (also Led1 but inverse)*
             D2
             D1
             SD2
            SD3
        10
             D6
        12
        13
            D7
        14 D5
             D8
        15
             D0 (also Led2 but inverse)*
```

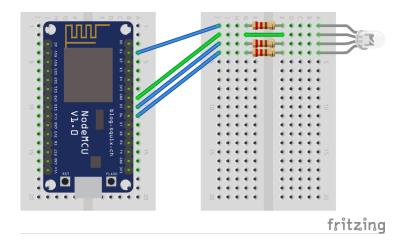
#### Installation

- ▶ Install Python, e.g. http://anaconda.org
- ► Install esptool
- > pip install esptool
  - ► Clear flash memory
- > esptool.py --port /dev/ttyUSBO erase\_flash
  - ► Download MicroPython http://github.com/micropython/micropython/releases
  - ► Flash board
- > esptool.py --port /dev/ttyUSB0 --baud 460800 write\_flash
   --flash\_size=detect 0 ~/Downloads/esp8266-\$version.bin

## Setup

- ► Connect to the board
- > screen /dev/ttyUSB0 115200
  - ► Hit enter!
  - ► Work out WIFI name
- > import network
- > ap = network.WLAN(network.AP\_IF)
- > ap.config("essid")
  - ► Write this down!
  - ► Turn on the Web Server
- > import webrepl\_setup
  - ▶ Follow the prompts. Pick a simple password.
  - ► Turn on Web Server
  - ► Reboot...
  - ► Connect to Board, password is micropythoN

# RGB LED Layout



#### Look Around

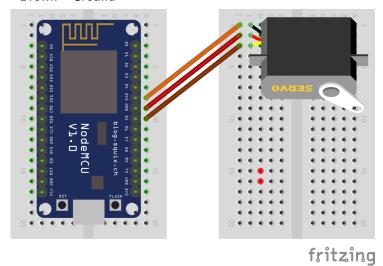
- ▶ Micropython implements a filesystem, just like a computer.
- > import os
- > os.listdir()

#### RGB LED Code

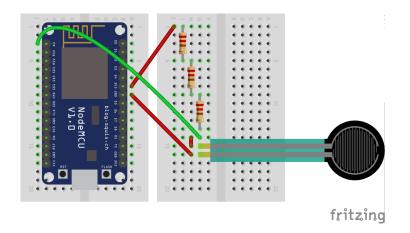
```
> from machine import Pin, PWM
> r = PWM(Pin(4), freq=500, duty=0)
> g = PWM(Pin(12), freq=500, duty=0)
> b = PWM(Pin(14), freq=500, duty=0)
>
```

# Servo Layout

- ► Orange PWM
- ► Red +V
- ► Brown Ground



# Force Sensor Layout



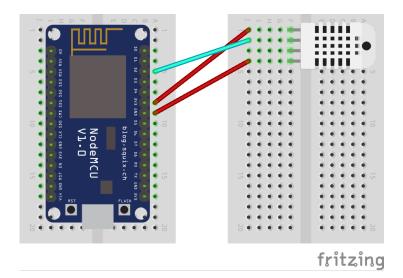
# Servo Code

```
> from machine import Pin, PWM
> s = PWM(Pin(14), freq=50, duty=0)
```

### Force Sensor Code

- > from machine import ADC
- > adc = ADC(0)
- > adc.read()

# Temperature Sensor Layout



### Resources

- ► These notes: Copyright © 2017 Clinton Roy
  - ▶ https://github.com/clintonroy/slq2017python @••
- ► https://docs.micropython.org/en/latest/esp8266/esp8266/tutorial/
- http://fritzing.org/

# Temperature Sensor Code

```
> import dht
> import machine
> d = dht.DHT11(machine.Pin(4))
>
> # Only once a second.
> d.measure()
> d.temperature()
> d.humidity()
```