

Sourcing Rapa Nui *mata‘a* from the collections of Bishop Museum using non-destructive
pXRF

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ABSTRACT

On Rapa Nui (Easter Island), four geological sources of rhyolitic obsidian were utilised to manufacture obsidian artefacts, including tanged implements known as mata‘a. In the present study, a total of 332 mata‘a from the collections of Bishop Museum were analysed using portable X-ray fluorescence (pXRF). Two analytical methods, Discriminant Function Analysis and Support Vector Machines Classification, were used to assign geographical provenance to these artefacts, which appear to be manufactured using obsidians predominantly from Orito, one of the four geological sources on the island. This study demonstrates how non-destructive analyses of museum collections can contribute to our understanding of obsidian procurement and production on Rapa Nui.

INTRODUCTION

Obsidian and volcanic glass provided useful material for the manufacture of cutting implements throughout the Pacific during the period before European contact. Obsidian artefacts including flakes, cores, and a variety of cutting tools are commonly encountered in archaeological deposits situated in both Near and Remote Oceania (e.g., Ambrose 1996; Kirch and Yen 1982; Sheppard et al. 2011; Torrence et al. 2013; Vargas et al. 2006). Advances in provenance methods since the early 1970s have resulted in a proliferation of studies that utilise techniques such as X-ray fluorescence (XRF) and instrumental neutron activation analysis (INAA) to accurately characterise the chemical properties of obsidian and other lithic materials (see Shackley 2005). Studies of obsidian characterisation in

Oceania (e.g., Bird et al. 1978; Reepmeyer and Clark 2010; Sand and Sheppard 2000; Smith et al. 1977; Specht 2002; Spriggs et al. 2010; Torrence et al. 2013; Weisler 2012; Weisler and Clague 1998; White and Harris 1997) and more specifically in New Zealand (e.g., Green 1962, 1964; Green et al. 1967; Leach and Anderson 1978; McCoy et al. 2010; Mosley and McCoy 2010; Sheppard et al. 2011) and on Rapa Nui (e.g., Beardsley and Goles 1998, 2001; Beardsley et al. 1991; Stevenson et al. 2013) have been widespread. These studies have been fundamental in providing insights into the dynamics of local and regional interaction spheres in a variety of contexts throughout the region.

Rapa Nui contains four sources of obsidian in the southwestern portion of the island (Figure 1) that have been identified through intensive archaeological survey (McCoy 1976; Stevenson et al. 1984; Vargas et al. 2006). As the only large source of true obsidian outside of New Zealand in East Polynesia, this material would have been both a novel and valuable resource for the production of portable artefacts. Artefacts that were manufactured using obsidian are common across the island, and the assignment of geographical provenance using geochemical sourcing methods has provided insights into the exploitation of these source locations and social dynamics relating to access and exchange (e.g., Beardsley et al. 1996; Cristino et al. 1999; Stevenson et al. 2013).

The obsidian artefacts encountered on Rapa Nui are the product of a core-flake reduction technology (Stevenson et al. 1984) and include unretouched flakes, scrapers, small adzes, and *mata'a* (tanged obsidian tools). *Mata'a* are reported to have “proliferated widely on Rapa Nui in late archaeological and surface contexts” (Van Tilburg 1994: 109) although chronometric data to substantiate this are lacking. Although typically described as

spear points (e.g., Flenley and Bahn 2002: 152-153; Métraux 1940: 166-167), use-wear analyses carried out during the 1990s, which identified wear patterns and edge damage associated with the cutting of fibrous plants and wood, suggest that *mata'a* were more likely used for crop harvesting and/or light woodworking (Church 1994, 1998; Church and Ellis 1996; Church and Rigney 1994). More recent analyses have identified the remains of sweet potato (*Ipomoea batatas*) on the cutting edges of these artefacts (Stevenson pers. comm. 2013), further suggesting that they were involved in food preparation. This empirical archaeological evidence is supported by the early observation by Bouman, a mariner onboard the first recorded European ship to visit the island in 1722 under the command of Jacob Roggeveen. Bouman observed that the Rapanui “cut their bananas with a sharp little black stone” (von Saher 1990: 52), but this observation may pertain to flakes rather than *mata'a*.

If tanged obsidian tools (*mata'a*) did have an agricultural function, they would have been an important production tool for the chiefly economy, which was reliant on dryland agricultural practices that developed throughout the Rapa Nui cultural sequence (see Ladefoged et al. 2010; Stevenson 2002; Stevenson and Haoa 2008). However, the fact that hundreds of *mata'a* were surface-collected from ceremonial contexts, including 355 from Vinapu and 287 from the Ahu Akivi-Ahu Vai Teka ceremonial complex (Mulloy 1961; Mulloy and Figueroa 1978) may suggest that they were not solely agricultural tools.

In the present study, we analyze a total of 332 artefacts, including 302 complete *mata'a* and 30 broken *mata'a* from the Cultural Collections of Bishop Museum using pXRF (portable X-ray fluorescence) to assign geological provenance. This builds on the

recent research of Stevenson et al. (2013), who used Discriminant Function Analysis (DFA) of laboratory-based EDXRF (energy dispersive x-ray fluorescence) data to source 331 obsidian flakes from various archaeological contexts across the island in order to explore regional exchange and use patterns. Stevenson et al. (2013) assigned the artefacts to the four geological sources that were exploited during Rapa Nui prehistory, and their findings suggested that quarries were differentially represented in ceremonial versus domestic contexts. Here, we apply a similar approach and utilise pXRF to non-destructively source the complete and incomplete *mata'a* from the collections at Bishop Museum. Discriminant Function Analysis (DFA) and Support Vector Machines (SVM) Classification were carried out to explore obsidian procurement activities and the results of these analyses are used to address the reasons for differential obsidian source exploitation and how elite personnel may have played a role in this process.

BACKGROUND

Mata'a in the Collections of Bishop Museum

In general, the *mata'a* curated by Bishop Museum are from ethnographic collections that lack specific provenance information. Along with a number of other cultural objects from Rapa Nui, a total of 232 complete and incomplete *mata'a* were purchased in 1920 from the private collector J.L. Young. Young was a merchant who lived in French Polynesia and traveled to Rapa Nui often during the 1880s. Many of the *mata'a* from Young's collection have twine around the neck of the artefact, which suggests that they were likely purchased from the CEDIP (Compania Explotadora de Isla de Pascua) store on the island (historic

photos of the Company store show artefacts displayed on the wall using twine). Bishop Museum anthropologist Kenneth P. Emory collected 81 *mata'a* during a research expedition in 1929-1931, and these were accessioned in 1931. The remaining 20 artefacts were gifts to the museum; six *mata'a* were gifts from the Hawaiian National Museum in 1891, seven were gifted by J.L. Young in 1902, the Societe d'Etudes Oceaniennes gifted two in 1928, ethnographer Alfred Métraux gifted two in 1936, and ethnobotanist Douglas Yen gifted three *mata'a* in 1964. Those donated by Yen are the only artefacts for which any provenance details are given. Yen indicated that these artefacts were collected from near an *ahu* (ceremonial platform) in the northeastern area of the island. Aside from this very general description, there is no specific provenance information for any of the objects in the collections. Nonetheless, these artefacts were selected for analysis in order to explore obsidian procurement on a general level.

Mata'a Classifications

Mata'a exhibit a wide range of morphological variation. Numerous classifications have been put forth, but they have generally been based on intuitive or an *ad hoc* selection of attributes. Ethnographic accounts from the late 19th and early 20th century (Routledge 1919; Thomson 1891) described these tools as weapons, and Thomson and Routledge both attempted to classify these artefacts based on overall shape. Thomson divided a collection of *mata'a*, which he purchased in 1886 from A.A. Salmon, an entrepreneur resident on Rapa Nui, into nine types and assigned each one a Rapanui name. Similarly, Routledge (1919: 223) was given fourteen different descriptive names for *mata'a* by Rapanui

informants, such as “tail of a fish”, “backbone of a rat”, and “leaf of a banana”. It is, however, not certain if these names were used traditionally nor whether they related to different functional types.

Since the early 20th century, a number of more formal classification schemes have been presented for *mata‘a*. During the early 1920s, H.D. Skinner classified 194 artefacts from the collections of Bishop Museum (as cited in Métraux 1940: 166-167). His classification was based on overall shape and consisted of six types (Figure 2). In 1951, Bórmida presented a classification consisting of four types, three of which had two subdivisions. Bórmida studied 500 specimens from a museum collection in Chile and concluded that particular edge morphologies might have been employed for different woodworking functions. Bórmida’s (1951) classification and Skinner’s earlier one were built upon by Mulloy (1961), who analysed 355 *mata‘a* that were surface-collected from the Vinapu area during the Norwegian Expedition to Rapa Nui in 1955-1956. A total of 219 of these were placed into Skinner’s categories and “Type 2” specimens were more prevalent than the other types, with the most variation occurring in the blades of the artefacts, which were “almost infinitely varied” (Mulloy 1961: 152). Heyerdahl (1961: 399) added that “about two hundred additional surface specimens collected from most other sections on the island evince the same general characteristics...” and he thus concluded that Mulloy’s study reflected island-wide variation in morphology of these tools. In 1978, Mulloy and Figueroa expanded upon Mulloy’s previous analysis and compared the *mata‘a* assemblages from Vinapu and Ahu Akivi. Most recently, Lipo et al.’s (2010) stylistic seriation on 447 artefacts from various areas of the island suggested

localised patterns in *mata‘a* stylistic attributes. In the present study, a stylistic seriation analysis was not undertaken due to a lack of geographic and temporal provenance for the artefacts under study.

Rapa Nui Geology and Obsidian Sourcing Studies

Rapa Nui’s four major obsidian sources are all associated with the final eruptive phase of the Rano Kau volcanic series (Vezzoli and Acocella 2009). These include: 1) the Motu Iti source, consisting of a massive dike of obsidian located on the small (1.6 ha) offshore islet of Motu Iti that is associated with a dense accumulation of flaking debris; 2) the Orito source, situated on the vitrophyric dome of Maunga Orito, which contains expansive north and south flanking exposures of blocky material ~10-30cm in length that was extracted through open pit mining; 3) the Rano Kau I source, located at the perlitic dome of Te Manavai consisting of a light surface distribution of fragmentary obsidian on the northeast slopes of Rano Kau; and 4) the Rano Kau II source, which consists of small obsidian shards contained within a 20m thick breccia along the northern edge of the Rano Kau caldera (see Figure 1; also see McCoy 1976; Vezzoli and Acocella 2009: 874).

The material attributes of the Rapa Nui obsidian sources may have imposed some constraints on the production of *mata‘a*. The small and irregular shards of the Rano Kau II source preclude the production of large flakes and we would not expect any *mata‘a* made from this glass to be present. Larger cobbles or fragments of obsidian are present at the Rano Kau I source, but they frequently contain perlite inclusions which likely made the material difficult to work (McCoy 1976:329) and may have been visually undesirable. The

Motu Iti source has a very suitable material for the production of large flakes but with the practical drawback that it is located off-shore. The Orito source contains large, easily acquired blocks of obsidian that are tabular in shape, and are well-suited for the creation of large flakes from which *mata'a* would be fashioned. We therefore predict that most of the *mata'a* in the collections of Bishop Museum will be from the Orito source with significantly fewer *mata'a* from Motu Iti and Rano Kau II.

Previous sourcing studies have had variable success in distinguishing between the four sources of obsidian on Rapa Nui. In 1974, Baker et al. utilised major, minor, and trace element analysis on single samples to geochemically characterise the Orito, Motu Iti, and Rano Kau I sources. Their analysis showed that the sources were broadly similar, and they were unable to distinguish among any of the sources completely. Bird (1988) performed a composition analysis using the PIXE/PIGME technique and, based on an analysis of 13 elements, found that the Te Manavai (Rano Kau I) source's geochemistry overlapped with the Orito and Rano Kau II sources.

In 1996, Beardsley et al. analysed 39 flakes from archaeological contexts and carried out a trace element analysis; they concluded that 82% of the samples (n=32) came from the Orito source and 18% of the samples (n=7) likely came from the Motu Iti source. They also assessed five obsidian samples from a site on the crater rim of Rano Kau (Site 1-193) and all five were assigned to the Orito source. As with Bird's previous study, their analysis could not distinguish between the Orito, Rano Kau I, and Rano Kau II sources. Shortly thereafter, Cristino et al. (1999) utilised INAA and EDXRF to analyse 567 samples of source material in carrying out an extensive elemental characterisation of the four

obsidian sources. Using a DFA, which included 23 elements determined by INAA and seven major and minor oxides determined using EDXRF, they assessed 120 samples from Rano Kau II (identified simply as Rano Kau in that study), 118 samples from Rano Kau I (identified as Te Manavai by Cristino et al.), 118 samples from Motu Iti, and 211 samples from Orito. Their analysis was unable to fully partition the sources; the Orito and Rano Kau I sources showed considerable overlap.

In 2007, Thomas et al. carried out an analysis of *mata'a* from nine parcels in the interior Te Miro O'one and Te Kahurea areas of the island and also analysed source material using TOF-LA-ICP-MS (Time of Flight-Laser Ablation-Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectrometry). They utilised a DFA to separate out the Rano Kau I (Te Manavai) and Orito sources. Although their results have not been published, they concluded that “when the stemmed biface tools [*mata'a*] are projected onto bivariate plots that include the sources, most of them appear to come from the Orito source, with a few coming from Motu Iti. None could be plausibly attributed to Rano Kau, potentially indicating an inferior outcrop of obsidian.”

Most recently, Stevenson et al. (2013) processed 331 obsidian flakes from nine archaeological deposits and utilised a reference collection of 126 source material samples to assign provenance to the artefacts. They carried out a DFA of EDXRF data on seven elements and were able to accurately classify 89.6% of the 126 samples of source material analysed. They then compared archaeological samples to the geological sample distribution and showed that the sources were differentially represented in domestic versus ritual contexts (domestic: 47% Orito, 45% Rano Kau I, 2% Motu Iti, 5% Rano Kau II;

ritual: 70% Orito, 16% Rano Kau I, 14% Motu Iti, 0% Rano Kau II), and also that the Rano Kau II source was rarely used. Here, we build on these previous sourcing analyses and utilise two methods (DFA and SVM) to assign geographic provenance to artefacts from the collections of Bishop Museum.

METHODS

The 332 *mata'a*, as well as a reference collection of 115 geological samples (Table 1), were analysed using a Bruker Tracer III SD pXRF instrument. The reference collection was also utilised by Stevenson et al. (2013), and the samples were re-analysed during the present analysis using the same pXRF instrument used to analyse the *mata'a*. Of the 115 geological samples, 31 came from the Maunga Orito source. Samples from the Orito pit mines on the northwest flanks were collected by Stevenson (Stevenson et al. 1984) and samples from across the site were collected by Beardsley during the course of a systematic survey of the entire dome (Beardsley and Goles 2001). Twenty-nine samples came from each of the Rano Kau I and Rano Kau II sources. The former were collected by Stevenson from the Te Manavai exposure and the latter came from a road cut adjacent to the road leading to the summit of Rano Kau. From Motu Iti, Stevenson collected 20 surface samples and also obtained samples that were collected from a submerged area of cultural debris. Six additional samples from Motu Iti were provided by Sonia Haoa.

All samples were processed in Bishop Museum's Conservation Laboratory. Samples were placed on the instrument with a base covering mylar film and were exposed to 200 seconds of live counting time. Values for iron (Fe), gallium (Ga), manganese (Mn),

niobium (Nb), rubidium (Rb), strontium (Sr), thorium (Th), yttrium (Y), zinc (Zn), and zirconium (Zr) were calculated as parts-per-million (ppm) concentrations using the S1CalProcess software provided with the Bruker instrument. The instrument was calibrated for analysing obsidian by the manufacturer before it was loaned to Bishop Museum and a supplied reference sample was run daily to check for analytical stability.

The resulting dataset was analysed using two techniques: Discriminant Function Analysis (DFA) and Support Vector Machines (SVM) classification. Discriminant Function Analysis is commonly used in archaeological studies (e.g., Sheppard et al. 2011) but SVM classification is a recently-developed technique (see Cortes and Vapnik 1995). The method is conceptually similar to DFA, in that it assigns unknown specimens to groups based on a reference set. However, it operates on non-parametric principles; instead of maximising the distance between group *means* as is the case with DFA, this method maximises the distance between group *boundaries*, potentially making it less sensitive to departures from the assumptions of parametric techniques, such as normal group distributions and equality of group variance. Employing two methodologically different techniques provides a useful means of ensuring robust results.

RESULTS

Discriminant Function Analysis

A DFA was carried out using the IBM SPSS statistics program (Version 20). Various combinations of elements were examined using standardised and log-transformed data, most of which gave similar results. It was found that an analysis using the same seven (untransformed) elements as in Stevenson et al.'s (2013) previous study (i.e., Mn, Fe, Zn,

Rb, Sr, Y, and Zr) produced results with the fewest misclassifications among the geological sample material. This DFA analysis placed the four sources into separate clusters, two of which overlapped slightly (Figures 2 and 3). Overall, 94.8% of the source material samples were accurately classified, a figure which dropped slightly to 92.2% under Leave Out One Cross Validation (LOOCV) (Table 2). All misclassifications involved specimens from the Orito and Rano Kau I sources. The resulting discriminant functions were used to provide a geological provenance to the *mata'a* (n=332). The vast majority of the artefacts (95.2%) were assigned to the Orito source (n=317). Nine artefacts (2.7%) were assigned to the Rano Kau I (Te Manavai) source and seven (2.1%) to the Motu Iti source (see Appendix). No *mata'a* were assigned to the Rano Kau II source.

Support Vector Machine (SVM) Classification

The SVM analysis was carried out using the *ksvm* implementation in the Kernlab package for R (Karatzoglou et al. 2013: 54-61). The *vanilladot* kernel was selected to produce a linear classification function and all other settings were left at their default values. An initial assessment of the reference data suggested that different combinations of elements would be required to separate the four sources. Accordingly, a nested approach was used for the analysis; first, a pair of mid-Z element ratios (Sr/Y against Nb/Y) was used to discriminate the two most distinct sources, Motu Iti and Rano Kau II (Figure 5). This combination produced a clear separation for these sources but resulted in considerable overlap among the Orito and Rano Kau I samples.

For the second stage of the analysis, all paired combinations of elements and element ratios were examined and the pair that best visually separated Orito from Rano Kau I (Y against Zn) was used to generate an SVM classification function (Figure 6). This resulted in seven misclassifications for the reference samples; five samples from the Orito source were assigned to Rano Kau I, while two Rano Kau I samples were assigned to Orito. Overall, 93.9% of the geological reference samples were classified correctly using SVM and 93.0% under LOOCV (Table 3), a result almost identical to the DFA. The SVM classification functions were then applied to the artefacts. Eight were assigned to the Motu Iti source and the remainder (n=324) were assigned to either the Orito or Rano Kau I sources (Figure 5). No artefacts were assigned to the Rano Kau II source. For the second stage of the SVM classification, five artefacts were assigned to Rano Kau I, and the remaining 319 to Orito (Figure 6).

Comparison of Results

Overall, both methods gave very similar results; the Motu Iti and Rano Kau II sources each possess distinct chemical compositions and were completely separated using either method. The same seven *mata'a* (2.4%) were assigned to the Motu Iti source by both methods, but the SVM assigned one additional artefact (Accession Number C8353) to Motu Iti, which was assigned to Orito in the DFA. The scatterplot of the DFA classification shows that this specimen plots close to the junctions of three DFA grouping boundaries (Orito, Rano Kau II, and Motu Iti) and appears to be more closely associated with the cluster of artefacts assigned to the Motu Iti source than to the Orito artefact cluster

(Figure 3). This artefact also plotted close to group boundaries when log-transformed data were used in a DFA. In contrast, the SVM analysis shows the specimen to be clearly associated with the Motu Iti reference samples and artefacts assigned to that source (Figure 4). On balance, these results suggest that the artefact is more likely derived from the Motu Iti source. It is noteworthy that Sample C8353 has the lowest values for Zr (523 ppm) and Nb (86 ppm) of all of the artefacts, so it may represent the extreme range of the Motu Iti source.

The other two sources, Rano Kau I and Orito, could not be completely separated using either method. Six reference samples were misclassified by DFA and seven by the SVM analysis. Our results concur with previous analyses (e.g., Stevenson et al. 2013) and indicate that the Rano Kau I and Orito sources are too similar to be completely separated by geochemical means alone. However, with the exception of two specimens (B3841c and B3841bbbb), which appear to be clearly associated with the Rano Kau I source, the remainder of these artefacts form a single homogenous cluster that is more closely associated with the Orito reference samples than those from Rano Kau I. The virtually identical results obtained using two methodologically different (i.e. parametric and non-parametric) techniques (see Figures 4 and 6) suggests that Orito is the most likely source for this cluster.

Comparison of mata'a metric data by obsidian source

Upon completion of the source discrimination, we completed a statistical analysis of differences between metric data on the *mata'a* assemblage. The samples were analysed

according to length, width, and length/width ratio metrics. The primary reason for conducting the metric analysis was to distinguish if material source might have contributed to limitations and constraints in the shape and metric characteristics of the finished *mata'a*. Consequently, if significant metric differences exist between *mata'a* items sourced to various quarry locales, future hypotheses linking tool function, raw material quality, and ultimately resource extraction and procurement may be addressed. However, these results should be viewed with some caution due to the small sample size for *mata'a* from sources outside Orito.

In carrying out this analysis, the maximum length and width of each *mata'a* was measured, and each artifact was weighed. Length was measured from the base of the stem to the top of the tool, and maximum width measurements were taken perpendicular to the stem. Incomplete *mata'a* were not included in the analysis. A total of 302 *mata'a* were measured. This included 288 that were assigned to the Orito Source by both DFA and SVM, seven assigned to the Motu Source by DFA and SVM, and seven that were assigned to the Rano Kau Source by DFA.

Comparison of the width for *mata'a* from the three obsidian sources suggests that the mean width of *mata'a* from each source group is similar (Table 4, Figure 7). Although samples sizes for the Rano Kau Source (n=7) and the Motu Source (n=7) are relatively small when compared to Orito (n=288), a Kruskal-Wallis non-parametric comparison of mean width returned a value of $X^2 = 2.168$ (sig = 0.338) which indicates that the mean width differences between sources is not statistically significant at a 90% confidence level.

Mata'a length was also compared between the obsidian source groups (Table 5, Figure 8). The Kruskal-Wallis non-parametric comparison of group means indicates that *mata'a* made from different source material are significantly different in mean length at a 90% confidence level ($X^2 = 5.1773$, sig. = 0.075). In order to determine where the significance differences between the three quarry groups exist, we ran a set of Mann-Whitney U t-tests comparing the groups pairwise. The results indicate that the only difference between *mata'a* mean length is found when comparing Orito *mata'a* to the Motu samples ($z = -2.26$, sig. = 0.02). Inspection of the group mean values and the sign of the z score indicate that the Orito Source contains smaller mean length *mata'a* than *mata'a* from the Motu source. Additional Mann-Whitney U t-test results did not identify differences between Orito and Rano Kau assemblages ($z = -0.130$, sig. = 0.897), or Motu and Rano Kau assemblages ($z = -0.575$, sig. = 0.620).

The length/width ratio of *mata'a* from the three different sources was also compared using the Kruskal-Wallis non-parametric test (Figure 9). The results demonstrate that *mata'a* from different sources are not significantly different in mean length/width ratio ($X^2 = 2.120$, sig. = 0.346). Descriptive statistics for the length/width ratio for three quarry sources are presents in Table 6.

Overall, the mean dimensions of artefacts from all three identified sources were similar. The only significant difference in means we identified was that *mata'a* from Orito were on average 21 mm shorter than those from the other sources. This may be due to differences in raw material form or, given the non-significant differences in width, more intense resharpening of *mata'a* from Orito. However, the dimensional ranges of *mata'a*

from all three sources overlap, suggesting functional similarities across all sources. Additionally, we note a higher variability in the lengths of the artefacts sourced to Rano Kau I (see Table 5), which might reflect difficulty in controllable flaking due to perlite inclusions.

DISCUSSION

With the exception of very recent analyses (e.g. Stevenson et al. 2013), most previous provenance studies on Rapa Nui relied on destructive methods of analysis. As shown by this study, which employed two separate analytical methods, the use of non-destructive pXRF analysis results in source discrimination with levels of accuracy similar to those obtained using destructive techniques. Museum collections like the one examined herein sometimes lack firm artefact provenances when compared with assemblages from excavated contexts. However, because museum collections are often from a variety of contexts, they might provide a useful space and time-averaged overview of “typical” resource exploitation for a region. This can provide a baseline for comparing to individual site assemblages, which may have had different functions (i.e. domestic vs. ritual) or status.

The present study analysed complete tools as opposed to flakes. This may provide better insights into the quantification of obsidian usage, because several dozen flakes could potentially represent the manufacturing process involved in making a single tool.

Therefore, even though this collection is not from secure archaeological contexts, it does provide general insights into resource exploitation on Rapa Nui.

Both of the sourcing methods indicate that a very low proportion of artefacts appear to be manufactured using obsidian from the Motu Iti (n=7) and Rano Kau I (n=7) sources, and no artefacts in our sample were fashioned using obsidian from the Rano Kau II source. The absence of obsidian from the Rano Kau II source in the collections from this study (which contains artefacts that may represent variable time periods and/or geographical areas) suggests that this source was never intensively exploited. We suggest that this past use pattern may stem from the fact that the Orito and Motu Iti obsidians are of a better quality than the Rano Kau II material, which has unfavourable fracture properties (Baker et al. 1974; McCoy 1976; Thomas et al. 2007).

The results of the present analysis are also in general agreement with the findings of Stevenson et al. (2013) in relation to the extraction of obsidian from the Motu Iti source, especially in the case of the assemblages they analysed from inland habitation contexts. In those contexts, Stevenson et al.'s study suggested that only 2% of flakes were sourced to Motu Iti (versus coastal ritual contexts, where 14% of flakes are from the Motu Iti source). Both of the analytical methods employed in the present study suggest that approximately 2% of the museum's collections were made using obsidian from the Motu Iti source.

With respect to the Rano Kau I source, the number of *mata'a* made from this material also constitute 2% of the museum assemblage. This is vastly lower than the 45% reported by Stevenson et al. (2013) for the occurrence of Rano Kau I obsidian in their flake assemblage. It would seem reasonable to propose that the material size, or quality, of this

obsidian was not desirable for the production of *mata'a*. However, the high proportion of Rano Kau I obsidian identified by Stevenson et al. suggests that this material was commonly used for informal flake tools.

The vast majority of the *mata'a* analysed in this study were quarried from Orito, the largest source on Rapa Nui, suggesting that the ancient Rapanui may have chosen geographical ease of access and abundance of raw materials, as well as performance characteristics of the raw material, when manufacturing these tools. The very low proportion of artefacts manufactured using the less accessible offshore Motu Iti source, coupled with the possibility that more controlled distribution may have been enforced by elites, as has been suggested by Stevenson et al. (2013:119), may indicate that Orito became the preferred option. However, an elite presence in the immediate vicinity of Orito in the form of a chiefly dwelling (*hare paenga*), as noted by Stevenson et al. (2013), raises the possibility that access to the quarry may also have been controlled. Instead of restriction, as appears to have been the case for Motu Iti, chiefly control at Orito may instead have involved encouraging access to this source of high-quality obsidian as a means of building and maintaining prestige. Indeed, the ubiquity of *mata'a* on Rapa Nui raises the question as to whether or not they were used exclusively in subsistence activities. The possibility of elite intervention in their production hints at an ideological component for this object which is reinforced by the prolific occurrence of these items at ceremonial centres.

CONCLUSION

In the current study, a Discriminant Function Analysis and Support Vector Machines classification produced almost identical results. However, neither method could completely separate the Orito and Rano Kau I sources; in this respect our analyses agree with previous research, suggesting that the compositions of the sources are too similar to allow complete separation using the suite of major and trace elements commonly quantified with XRF instruments. While it is likely that more advanced analytical techniques, such as radiogenic isotope analysis (Woodhead and Weisler 1997), could provide better source discrimination, these methods tend to be at least partially destructive, which might preclude their use on artefacts, especially those from museum collections.

Overall, each of the methods outlined here was effective in assigning geographical provenience to source material and artefacts, as indicated by the fact that each method correctly assigned geological sample materials to source over 90% of the time. The results of both analyses suggest the ancient Rapanui preferentially accessed the Orito source in manufacturing these tools. These findings are in line with previous studies of both *mata'a* (Thomas et al. 2007) and obsidian flakes (Stevenson et al. 2013). The discovery that the overwhelming majority of these island *mata'a* were manufactured at the Orito quarry adds another indication of possible chiefly involvement to the activities at the quarry initially identified on the basis of residential architecture. Future sourcing studies on securely-provenanced *mata'a* may lend further insights into lithic extraction and exchange patterns across the island and the elite management entailed therein.

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Figure and Table captions:

Figure 1: Obsidian source locations on Rapa Nui.

Figure 2: Examples of *mata'a* from the Bishop Museum collections showing Skinner's classification (drawings by H.D. Skinner; reproduced from Métraux 1940:166, Fig. 3).

Figure 3: Plot of the first two Discriminant Functions of *mata'a* (n=332) from the Bishop Museum collections and reference samples (n=115). The upper plot shows the separation of the reference samples. The lower plot shows the assignment of *mata'a*. Dashed lines indicate the Discriminant Function group boundaries. Sample C8353 (labeled) was assigned to Orito by the DFA and to the Motu Iti source by the SVM classification.

Figure 4: Plot of the second and third functions from the DFA, showing the separation of the Orito and Rano Kau I sources. The Motu Iti and Rano Kau II source materials and associated artefacts are omitted for clarity. The upper plot shows the separation of the reference samples. The lower plot shows the assignment of *mata'a*. The dashed line indicates the Discriminant Function group boundary.

Figure 5: Stage 1 of the Support Vector Machines classification. The upper plot shows the separation of the Motu Iti and Rano Kau II reference samples from the other two sources. The lower plot shows the assignment of *mata'a*. Data are the same as in Figure 3. Sample

C8353 (labeled) was assigned to Orito by the DFA and to Motu Iti Sources by the SVM classification.

Figure 6: Stage 2 of the Support Vector Machines classification. The upper plot shows the separation of the Orito and Rano Kau I reference samples. The lower plot shows the assignment of *mata'a* assigned to those two sources in Figure 5.

Figure 7: Box-plots of *mata'a* width values by obsidian source. 1.00 = Orito, 2.00 = Motu Iti, and 3.00 = Rano Kau I.

Figure 8: Box-plots of *mata'a* length values by obsidian source. 1.00 = Orito, 2.00 = Motu Iti, and 3.00 = Rano Kau I.

Figure 9: Box-plots of *mata'a* length/width values by obsidian source. 1.00 = Orito, 2.00 = Motu Iti, and 3.00 = Rano Kau I.

Table 1: Means and standard deviations for the four Rapa Nui obsidian sources. All values are in parts-per-million (ppm).

Table 2: Predicted group assignments for obsidian source samples as determined by Discriminant Function Analysis (DFA). The upper table shows the original results and the lower shows the results of Leave Out One Cross Validation (LOOCV).

Table 3: Predicted group assignments for obsidian source samples as determined by Support Vector Machines (SVM) classification. The upper table shows the original results and the lower shows the results of Leave Out One Cross Validation (LOOCV).

Table 4: Descriptive statistics for width for *mata'a* from Orito, Motu Iti, and Rano Kau I.

Table 5: Descriptive statistics for length for *mata'a* from Orito, Motu Iti, and Rano Kau I.

Table 6: Descriptive statistics for length/ratio for *mata'a* from Orito, Motu Iti, and Rano Kau I.

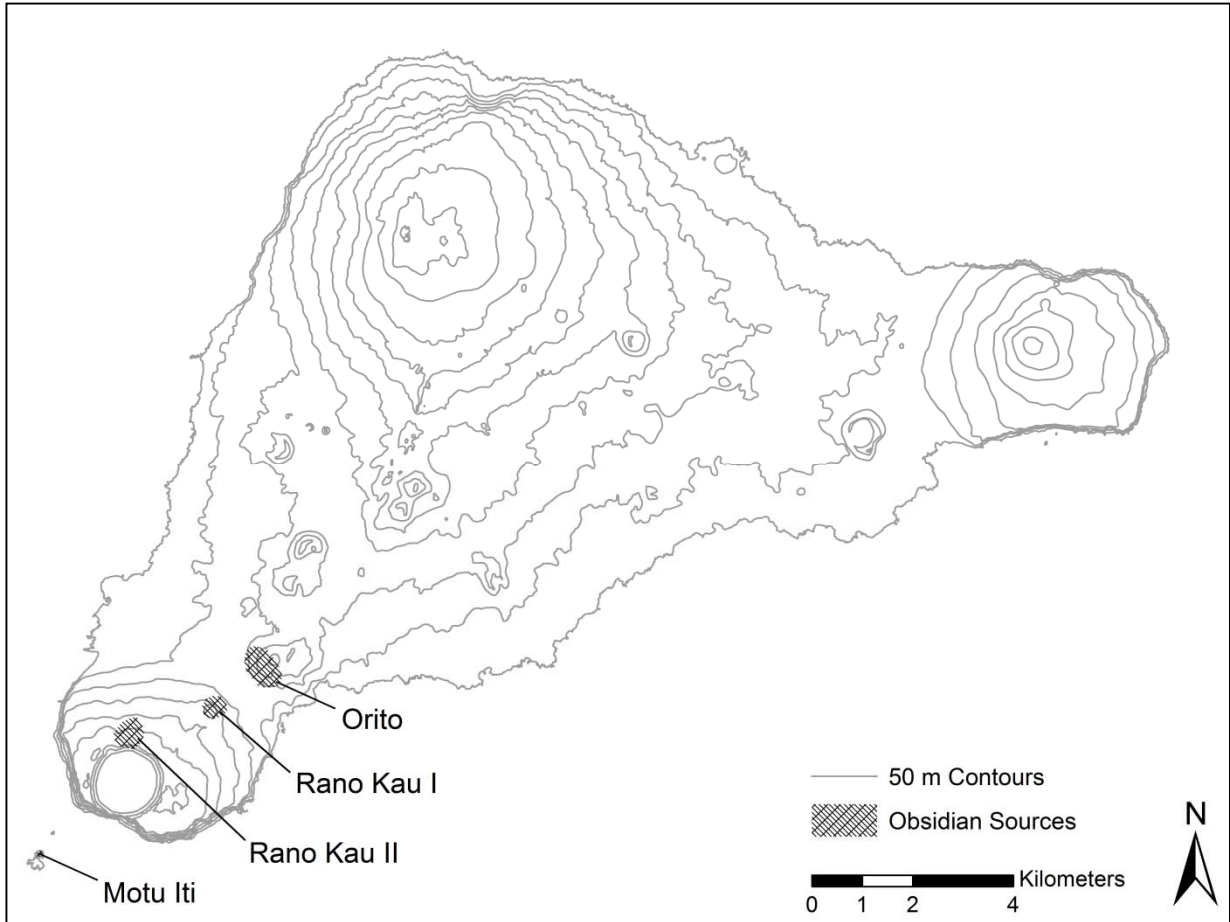


Figure 1: Obsidian source locations on Rapa Nui.

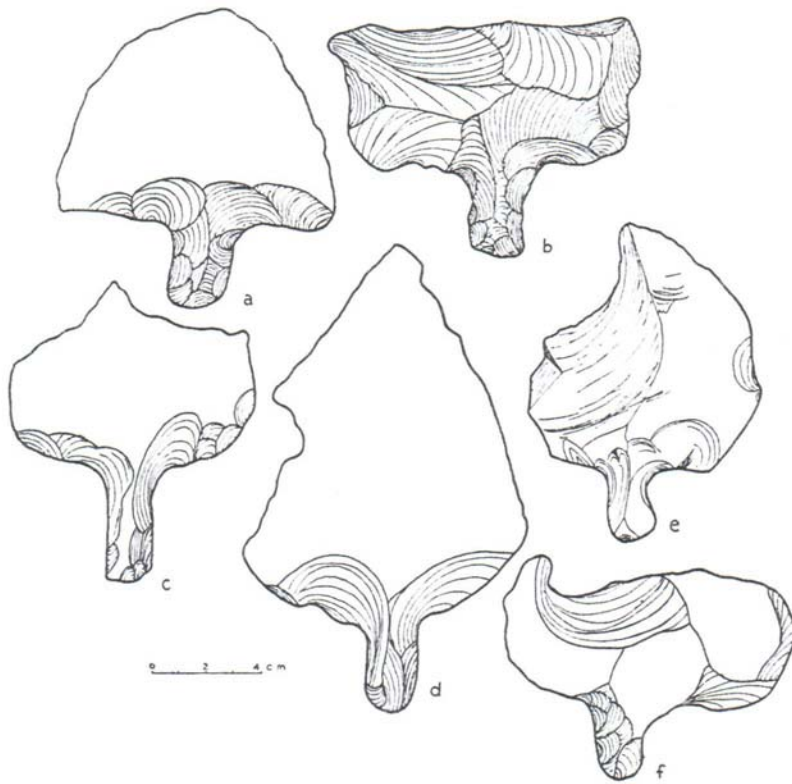


Figure 2: Examples of *mata'a* from the Bishop Museum collections analysed in this study showing Skinner's classification (drawings by H.D. Skinner; reproduced from Métraux 1940:166, Figure 3).

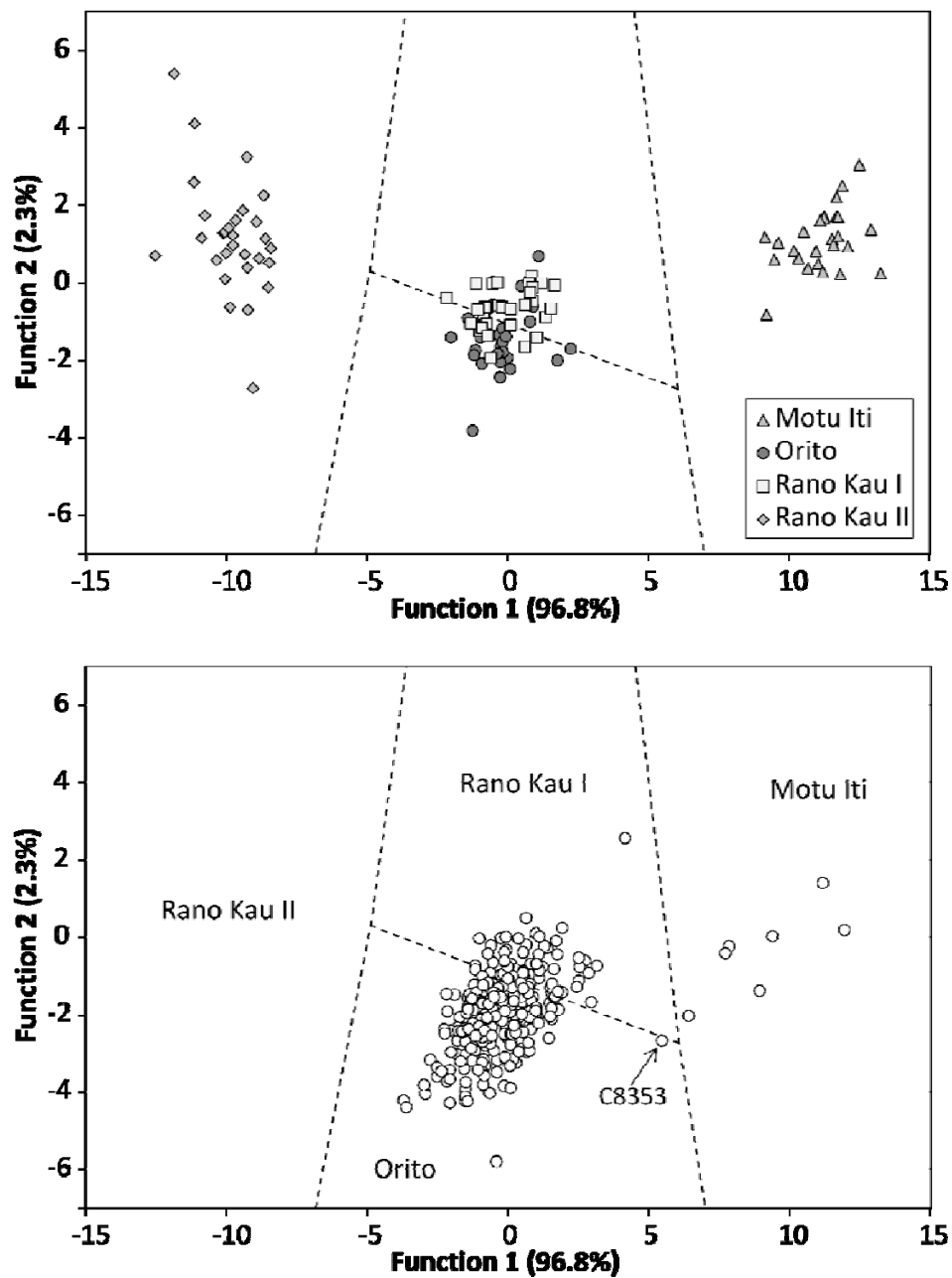


Figure 3: Plot of the first two Discriminant Functions of *mata'a* (n=332) from the Bishop Museum collections and reference samples (n=115). The upper plot shows the separation of the reference samples. The lower plot shows the assignment of *mata'a*. Dashed lines indicate the Discriminant Function group boundaries. Sample C8353 (labeled) was assigned to Orito by the DFA and to the Motu Iti source by the SVM classification.

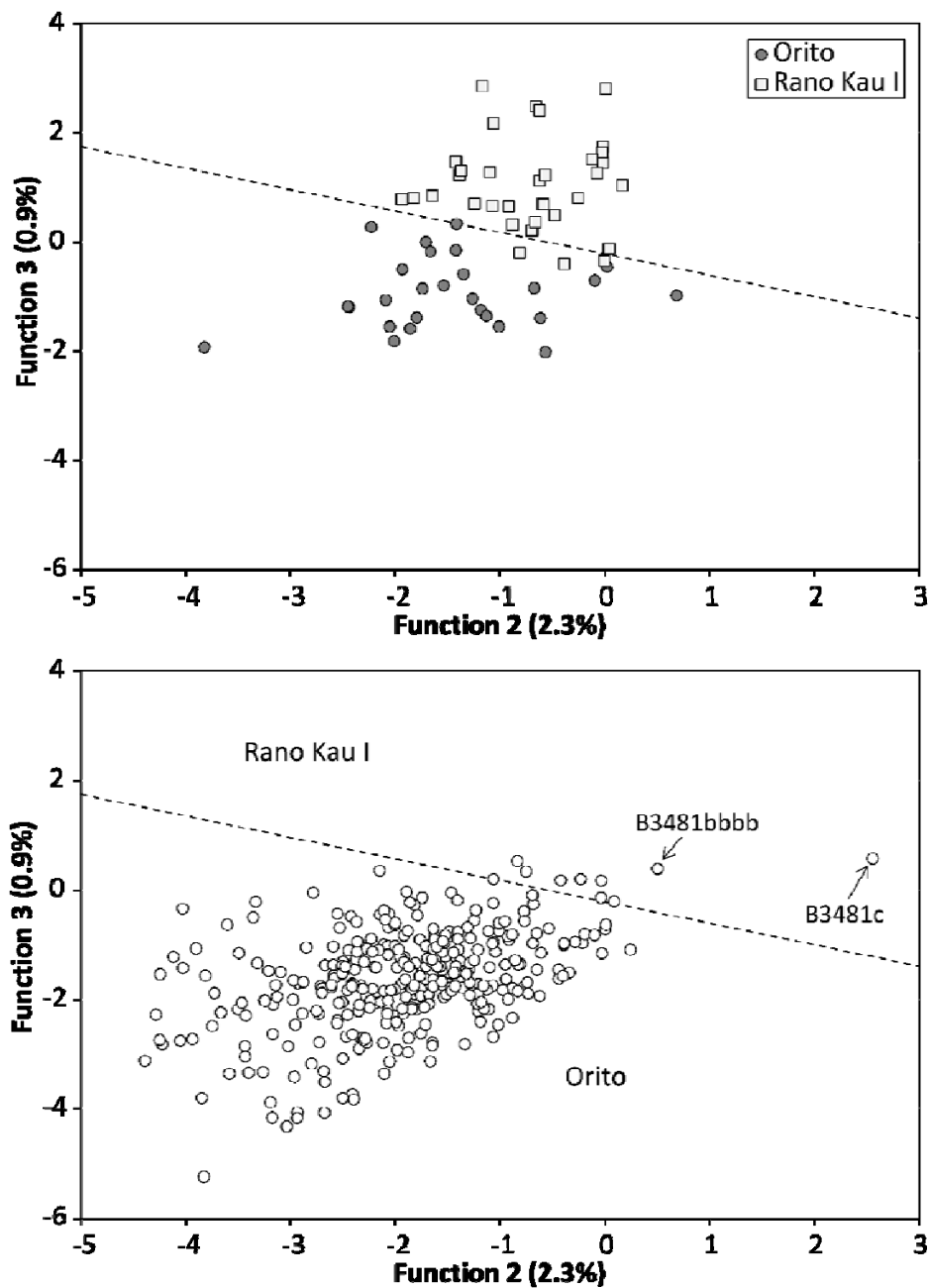


Figure 4: Plot of the second and third functions from the Discriminant Function Analysis, showing the separation of the Orito and Rano Kau I sources. The Motu Iti and Rano Kau II source materials and associated artefacts are omitted for clarity. The upper plot shows the separation of the reference samples. The lower plot shows the assignment of *mata'a*. The dashed line indicates the Discriminant Function group boundary.

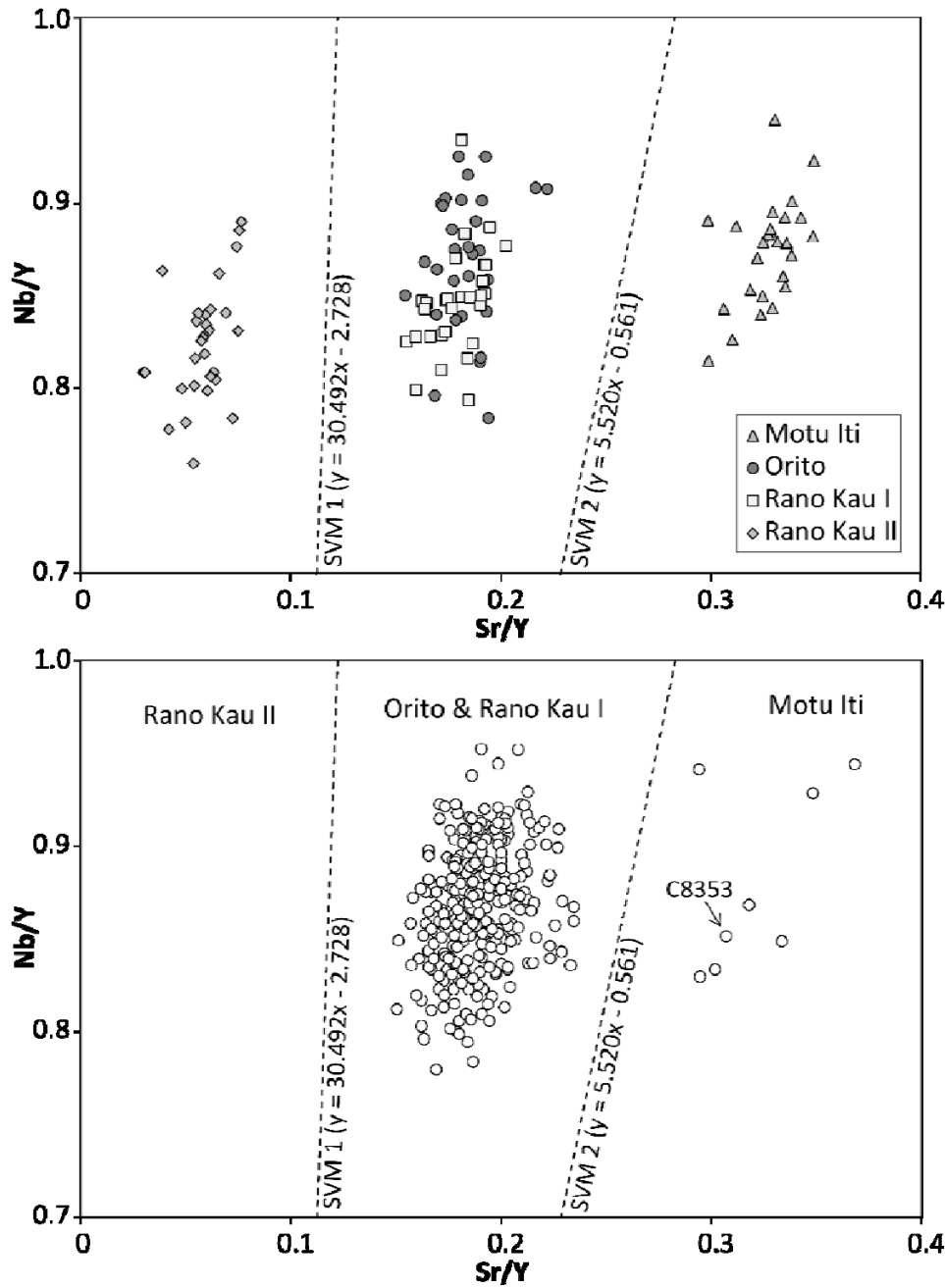


Figure 5: Stage 1 of the Support Vector Machines classification. The upper plot shows the separation of the Motu Iti and Rano Kau II reference samples from the other two sources. The lower plot shows the assignment of *mata'a*. Data are the same as in Figure 3. Sample C8353 (labeled) was assigned to Orito by the DFA and to Motu Iti Sources by the SVM classification.

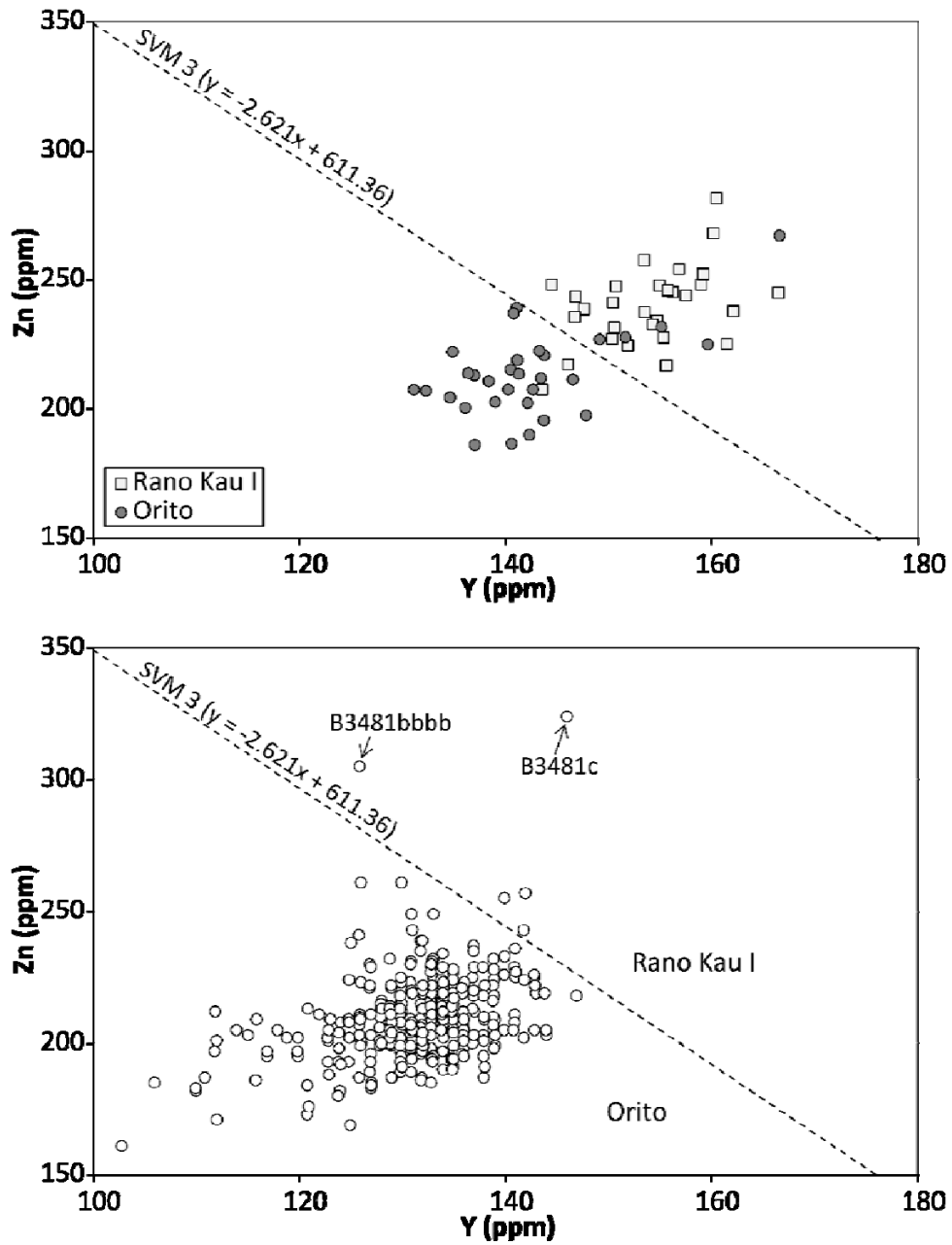


Figure 6: Stage 2 of the Support Vector Machines classification. The upper plot shows the separation of the Orito and Rano Kau I reference samples. The lower plot shows the assignment of *mata'a* assigned to those two sources in Figure 5.

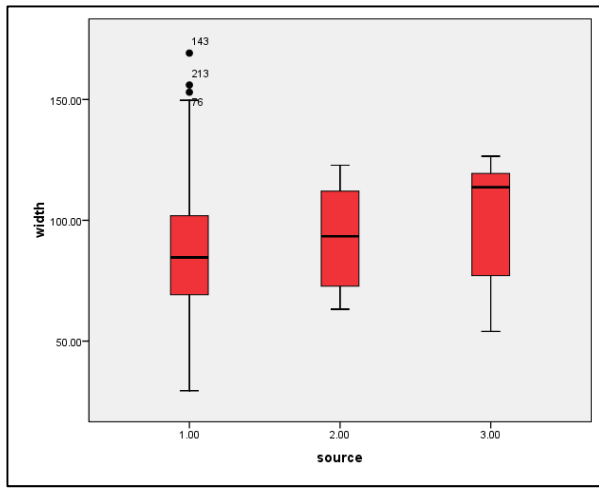


Figure 7: Box-plots of *mata* 'a width values by obsidian source. 1.00 = Orito, 2.00 = Motu Iti, and 3.00 = Rano Kau I.

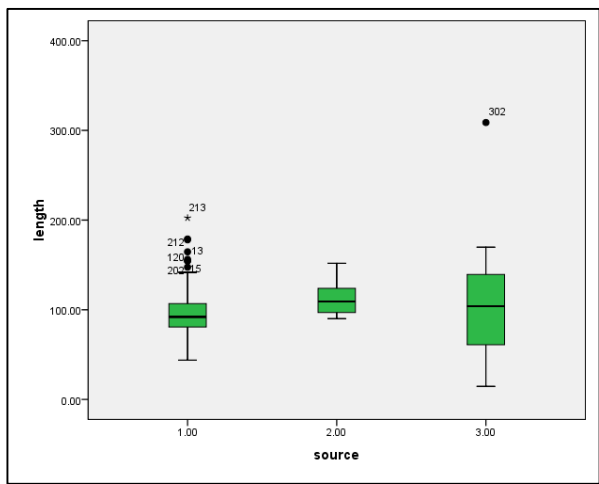


Figure 8: Box-plots of *mata* 'a length values by obsidian source. 1.00 = Orito, 2.00 = Motu Iti, and 3.00 = Rano Kau I.

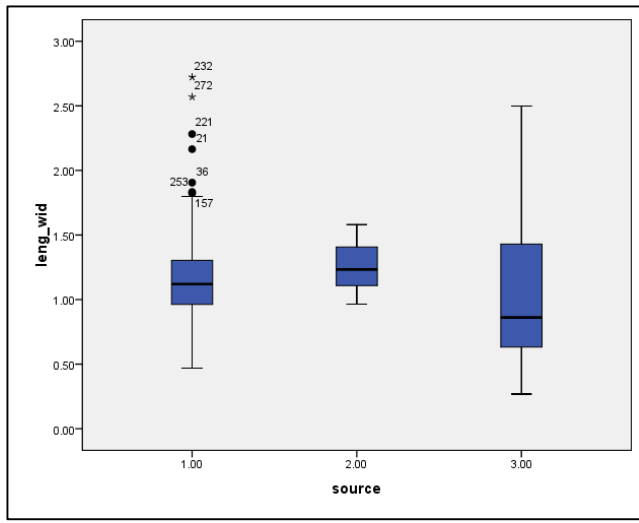


Figure 9: Box-plots of *mata* 'a length/width values by obsidian source. 1.00 = Orito, 2.00 = Motu Iti, and 3.00 = Rano Kau I.

Table 1: Means and standard deviations for the four Rapa Nui obsidian sources. All values are in parts-per-million (ppm).

| Element | Rano Kau II (n=29) | | Motu Iti (n=26) | | Orito (n=31) | | Rano Kau I (n=29) | |
|---------|--------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|--------------|--------|-------------------|-------|
| | μ | S.D. | μ | S.D. | μ | S.D. | μ | S.D. |
| Mn | 440 | 55.3 | 644 | 88.3 | 555 | 54.2 | 622 | 66.7 |
| Fe | 20,732 | 1468.9 | 23,950 | 1508.5 | 22,367 | 1094.6 | 24,156 | 931.6 |
| Zn | 236 | 17.8 | 220 | 17.3 | 214 | 16.8 | 240 | 15.4 |
| Rb | 96 | 6.1 | 81 | 5.6 | 84 | 5.1 | 91 | 4.6 |
| Sr | 9 | 1.8 | 46 | 2.5 | 26 | 2.2 | 28 | 2 |
| Y | 160 | 8.3 | 139 | 7.5 | 143 | 7.6 | 154 | 5.7 |
| Zr | 837 | 45.3 | 751 | 110.7 | 837 | 114 | 880 | 65.7 |
| Nb | 132 | 5.3 | 122 | 5.3 | 124 | 5.4 | 130 | 4.5 |
| Ga | 31 | 3.2 | 29 | 4.2 | 28 | 2.6 | 31 | 2.9 |
| Th | 13 | 2.5 | 11 | 2 | 12 | 1.9 | 12 | 2.5 |

Table 2: Predicted group assignments for obsidian source samples and artefacts as determined by Discriminant Function Analysis (DFA). The upper table shows the original results and the lower shows the results of Leave Out One Cross Validation (LOOCV).

| Original | <i>Predicted Group</i> | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>Actual Group</i> | Rano Kau II | Motu Iti | Orito | Rano Kau I | <i>Correctly Classified</i> |
| Rano Kau II | 29 | | | | 1.000 |
| Motu Iti | | 26 | | | 1.000 |
| Orito | | | 27 | 4 | 0.871 |
| Rano Kau I | | | 2 | 27 | 0.931 |
| Artefacts | | 7 | 316 | 9 | |
| Overall Correct Classification Rate | | | | | 0.948 |

| LOOCV | <i>Predicted Group</i> | | | | |
|---|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>Actual Group</i> | Rano Kau II | Motu Iti | Orito | Rano Kau I | <i>Correctly Classified</i> |
| Rano Kau II | 29 | | | | 1.000 |
| Motu Iti | | 26 | | | 1.000 |
| Orito | | | 26 | 5 | 0.839 |
| Rano Kau I | | | 4 | 25 | 0.862 |
| Overall Correct Cross-Validated Classification Rate | | | | | 0.922 |

Table 3: Predicted group assignments for obsidian source samples and artefacts as determined by Support Vector Machines (SVM) classification. The upper table shows the original results and the lower shows the results of Leave Out One Cross Validation (LOOCV).

| | <i>Predicted Group</i> | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>Actual Group</i> | Rano Kau II | Motu Iti | Orito | Rano Kau I | <i>Correctly Classified</i> |
| Rano Kau II | 29 | | | | 1.000 |
| Motu Iti | | 26 | | | 1.000 |
| Orito | | | 26 | 5 | 0.839 |
| Rano Kau I | | | 2 | 27 | 0.931 |
| Artefacts | | 8 | 319 | 5 | n/a |
| Overall Correct Classification Rate | | | | | 0.939 |

| LOOCV | <i>Predicted Group</i> | | | | |
|---|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>Actual Group</i> | Rano Kau II | Motu Iti | Orito | Rano Kau I | <i>Correctly Classified</i> |
| Rano Kau II | 29 | | | | 1.000 |
| Motu Iti | | 26 | | | 1.000 |
| Orito | | | 25 | 6 | 0.806 |
| Rano Kau I | | | 2 | 27 | 0.931 |
| Overall Correct Cross-validated Classification Rate | | | | | 0.930 |

Table 4: Descriptive statistics for width for *mata'a* from Orito, Motu Nui/Iti and Rano Kau I.

| Source | N | Min | Max | Mean | S.D |
|------------|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Orito | 288 | 29.5 | 169.2 | 85.84 | 24.39 |
| Motu Iti | 7 | 63.2 | 122.8 | 92.71 | 23.86 |
| Rano Kau I | 7 | 54.0 | 126.5 | 98.17 | 28.36 |

Table 5: Descriptive statistics for length for *mata'a* from Orito, Motu Nui/Iti and Rano Kau I

| Source | N | Min | Max | Mean | S.D |
|------------|-----|------|-------|--------|-------|
| Orito | 288 | 43.8 | 202.4 | 94.52 | 22.66 |
| Motu Iti | 7 | 90.1 | 151.8 | 113.27 | 21.68 |
| Rano Kau I | 7 | 14.5 | 308.8 | 118.29 | 97.33 |

Table 6: Descriptive statistics for length/ratio for *mata'a* from Orito, Motu Nui/Iti and Rano Kau I.

| Source | N | Min | Max | Mean | S.D |
|------------|-----|------|------|------|--------|
| Orito | 288 | 0.47 | 2.72 | 1.15 | 0.3012 |
| Motu Iti | 7 | 0.96 | 1.58 | 1.26 | 0.2386 |
| Rano Kau I | 7 | 0.27 | 2.5 | 1.11 | 0.7486 |

Appendix

Table A1: pXRF data and source determinations for *mata'a* in the Bishop Museum collections by Support Vector Machines (SVM) classification and Discriminant Function Analysis (DFA).

| Sample No. | MnKa1 | FeKa1 | ZnKa1 | RbKa1 | SrKa1 | Y Ka1 | ZrKa1 | NbKa1 | GaKa1 | ThLa1 | Source (SVM) | Source (DFA) | Description |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|--------------|----------------------|
| 2013.057.001 | 569 | 22256 | 236 | 84 | 27 | 141 | 988 | 116 | 28 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (incomplete) |
| 2013.057.002 | 558 | 22023 | 215 | 83 | 26 | 130 | 759 | 114 | 26 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (incomplete) |
| 2013.057.003 | 591 | 20964 | 217 | 79 | 25 | 135 | 790 | 116 | 27 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (incomplete) |
| 5962 | 483 | 21634 | 255 | 79 | 25 | 140 | 865 | 119 | 28 | 12 | Rano Kau 1 | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| 5963 | 495 | 21221 | 208 | 80 | 24 | 135 | 700 | 122 | 25 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| 5964 | 587 | 21540 | 232 | 79 | 24 | 129 | 796 | 110 | 26 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| 5965 | 479 | 19668 | 208 | 71 | 21 | 124 | 703 | 109 | 27 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| 5966 | 543 | 20080 | 203 | 79 | 21 | 127 | 866 | 114 | 22 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| 5967 | 694 | 22322 | 195 | 77 | 44 | 132 | 662 | 112 | 24 | 12 | Motu Iti | Motu Iti | Mata'a (complete) |
| 6714 | 632 | 21938 | 215 | 90 | 23 | 132 | 770 | 118 | 23 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| 6715 | 438 | 18605 | 182 | 62 | 22 | 110 | 603 | 92 | 20 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| 6716 | 543 | 20978 | 213 | 80 | 21 | 133 | 726 | 116 | 29 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| 6717 | 570 | 21357 | 199 | 82 | 24 | 139 | 800 | 117 | 26 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| 6718 | 470 | 21144 | 206 | 78 | 25 | 133 | 901 | 120 | 28 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| 6719 | 513 | 18178 | 187 | 69 | 23 | 111 | 737 | 97 | 25 | 7 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481a | 557 | 21557 | 211 | 80 | 30 | 141 | 1078 | 118 | 21 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481a_6 | 671 | 20989 | 214 | 77 | 27 | 128 | 703 | 112 | 27 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481a_7 | 457 | 21123 | 218 | 77 | 25 | 133 | 739 | 114 | 28 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481a_8 | 447 | 19681 | 200 | 70 | 23 | 136 | 779 | 106 | 23 | 15 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481a_9 | 628 | 21740 | 209 | 79 | 24 | 139 | 804 | 115 | 26 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481aa | 582 | 20290 | 209 | 72 | 25 | 131 | 844 | 112 | 23 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481aaa | 664 | 20835 | 225 | 83 | 25 | 137 | 883 | 120 | 24 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481aaaa | 579 | 21082 | 207 | 70 | 39 | 112 | 605 | 104 | 22 | 13 | Motu Iti | Motu Iti | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481aaaaa | 512 | 20369 | 261 | 80 | 24 | 130 | 731 | 111 | 26 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481b | 489 | 21340 | 207 | 83 | 25 | 136 | 763 | 114 | 24 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481b_6 | 503 | 21265 | 213 | 80 | 26 | 128 | 715 | 116 | 25 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481b_7 | 485 | 21352 | 214 | 81 | 25 | 135 | 791 | 115 | 24 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481b_8 | 531 | 19432 | 196 | 75 | 24 | 120 | 658 | 102 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481b_9 | 537 | 19110 | 195 | 73 | 22 | 117 | 650 | 104 | 30 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481bb | 597 | 22112 | 205 | 83 | 26 | 133 | 758 | 121 | 24 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481bbb | 510 | 21151 | 209 | 81 | 27 | 132 | 713 | 116 | 27 | 15 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481bbbb | 556 | 20957 | 305 | 80 | 26 | 126 | 712 | 107 | 29 | 13 | Rano Kau 1 | Rano Kau 1 | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481bbbbb | 505 | 19202 | 186 | 71 | 22 | 116 | 682 | 106 | 25 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481c | 569 | 21781 | 324 | 82 | 34 | 146 | 968 | 122 | 24 | 13 | Rano Kau 1 | Rano Kau 1 | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481c_6 | 572 | 21556 | 225 | 80 | 30 | 133 | 761 | 114 | 24 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481c_7 | 542 | 21085 | 223 | 79 | 23 | 131 | 822 | 119 | 28 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481c_8 | 470 | 19129 | 195 | 68 | 20 | 120 | 667 | 105 | 23 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481c_9 | 513 | 21041 | 205 | 82 | 24 | 134 | 807 | 117 | 27 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481cc | 548 | 21077 | 205 | 83 | 25 | 136 | 746 | 117 | 27 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ccc | 568 | 20834 | 197 | 76 | 29 | 130 | 729 | 110 | 25 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481cccc | 448 | 22115 | 205 | 79 | 28 | 139 | 881 | 113 | 26 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ccccc | 433 | 21086 | 216 | 78 | 23 | 128 | 753 | 110 | 22 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481d | 580 | 21272 | 187 | 83 | 28 | 138 | 966 | 115 | 25 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |

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|------------|-----|-------|-----|----|----|-----|------|-----|----|----|------------|------------|----------------------|
| B3481d_6 | 538 | 21844 | 210 | 82 | 26 | 135 | 780 | 122 | 27 | 15 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481d_7 | 512 | 17397 | 185 | 64 | 21 | 106 | 603 | 94 | 23 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481d_8 | 515 | 21047 | 204 | 78 | 26 | 124 | 689 | 111 | 27 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481d_9 | 652 | 20497 | 200 | 78 | 23 | 126 | 788 | 110 | 24 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481dd | 532 | 22092 | 205 | 83 | 24 | 134 | 773 | 123 | 24 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ddd | 617 | 21163 | 207 | 83 | 26 | 132 | 826 | 120 | 20 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481dddd | 463 | 19105 | 209 | 70 | 22 | 116 | 683 | 100 | 24 | 7 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| B3481ddddd | 589 | 21543 | 208 | 75 | 24 | 126 | 772 | 112 | 29 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481e | 535 | 21382 | 226 | 83 | 25 | 140 | 940 | 112 | 23 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481e_6 | 633 | 21065 | 229 | 84 | 22 | 133 | 778 | 119 | 24 | 7 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481e_7 | 571 | 20884 | 230 | 81 | 23 | 127 | 744 | 109 | 29 | 15 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481e_8 | 518 | 21059 | 205 | 74 | 27 | 133 | 710 | 111 | 23 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481e_9 | 518 | 20747 | 210 | 74 | 25 | 139 | 944 | 112 | 19 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ee | 394 | 21520 | 219 | 79 | 26 | 135 | 813 | 115 | 25 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481eee | 552 | 20081 | 209 | 77 | 24 | 133 | 705 | 113 | 28 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| B3481eeee | 618 | 21446 | 227 | 82 | 25 | 135 | 848 | 121 | 24 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481eeeee | 530 | 21629 | 228 | 89 | 27 | 135 | 992 | 120 | 24 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481f | 638 | 21720 | 209 | 77 | 27 | 134 | 771 | 121 | 28 | 15 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481f_6 | 652 | 22183 | 206 | 82 | 26 | 135 | 806 | 118 | 25 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481f_7 | 542 | 21438 | 227 | 83 | 24 | 133 | 765 | 115 | 27 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481f_8 | 469 | 18991 | 197 | 73 | 24 | 117 | 739 | 100 | 26 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481f_9 | 559 | 18926 | 197 | 66 | 20 | 112 | 634 | 99 | 28 | 5 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ff | 599 | 22704 | 257 | 83 | 28 | 142 | 836 | 118 | 26 | 9 | Rano Kau 1 | Rano Kau 1 | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481fff | 574 | 20854 | 203 | 77 | 27 | 137 | 792 | 114 | 20 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ffff | 429 | 18064 | 171 | 68 | 20 | 112 | 620 | 100 | 22 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481fffff | 597 | 21209 | 214 | 81 | 24 | 129 | 718 | 113 | 30 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481g | 592 | 20672 | 209 | 80 | 27 | 138 | 984 | 113 | 22 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481g_6 | 613 | 21519 | 207 | 76 | 24 | 126 | 720 | 120 | 26 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481g_7 | 545 | 21864 | 197 | 77 | 24 | 133 | 770 | 119 | 30 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481g_8 | 623 | 21508 | 243 | 77 | 29 | 131 | 725 | 118 | 25 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481g_9 | 565 | 21825 | 218 | 83 | 25 | 137 | 809 | 119 | 23 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481gg | 499 | 21193 | 225 | 77 | 24 | 141 | 767 | 116 | 25 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ggg | 591 | 20294 | 217 | 79 | 23 | 134 | 693 | 114 | 28 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481gggg | 566 | 20958 | 198 | 76 | 24 | 133 | 726 | 113 | 23 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ggggg | 608 | 21909 | 215 | 80 | 27 | 135 | 797 | 122 | 27 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481h | 644 | 21066 | 212 | 80 | 24 | 130 | 747 | 119 | 24 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481h_6 | 521 | 20655 | 224 | 72 | 24 | 125 | 711 | 114 | 25 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481h_7 | 495 | 20745 | 198 | 83 | 23 | 136 | 734 | 116 | 24 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481h_8 | 645 | 21525 | 196 | 81 | 27 | 135 | 778 | 118 | 26 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481h_9 | 600 | 21152 | 229 | 83 | 26 | 134 | 726 | 118 | 27 | 15 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481hh | 544 | 21054 | 211 | 79 | 24 | 126 | 801 | 115 | 27 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481hhh | 571 | 20974 | 212 | 77 | 27 | 137 | 731 | 117 | 27 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481hhhh | 625 | 20974 | 261 | 79 | 23 | 126 | 735 | 114 | 25 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481hhhhh | 633 | 22339 | 204 | 75 | 41 | 129 | 681 | 112 | 26 | 8 | Motu Iti | Motu Iti | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481i | 674 | 21634 | 225 | 83 | 26 | 143 | 729 | 119 | 27 | 10 | Orito | Rano Kau 1 | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481i_6 | 454 | 18425 | 212 | 63 | 25 | 112 | 626 | 94 | 26 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481i_7 | 546 | 19853 | 202 | 74 | 24 | 131 | 712 | 106 | 24 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481i_8 | 420 | 21601 | 205 | 78 | 27 | 143 | 1139 | 118 | 27 | 17 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481i_9 | 604 | 23562 | 214 | 84 | 25 | 133 | 758 | 118 | 28 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ii | 444 | 21182 | 219 | 79 | 23 | 143 | 1234 | 120 | 22 | 15 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481iii | 650 | 21097 | 209 | 78 | 26 | 125 | 715 | 119 | 25 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (incomplete) |

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|------------|-----|-------|-----|----|----|-----|------|-----|----|----|----------|------------|----------------------|
| B3481iiii | 480 | 19867 | 197 | 73 | 24 | 120 | 645 | 102 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481iiiii | 507 | 18892 | 193 | 71 | 23 | 124 | 658 | 100 | 28 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481j | 625 | 21780 | 215 | 74 | 26 | 130 | 858 | 113 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481j_6 | 549 | 20146 | 206 | 76 | 22 | 132 | 750 | 110 | 22 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481j_7 | 609 | 20700 | 210 | 77 | 23 | 128 | 729 | 106 | 25 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481j_8 | 606 | 20579 | 196 | 72 | 27 | 132 | 726 | 112 | 20 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481j_9 | 559 | 20819 | 216 | 82 | 25 | 133 | 952 | 118 | 24 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481jj | 514 | 20690 | 195 | 78 | 23 | 130 | 727 | 110 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481jjj | 563 | 21355 | 224 | 79 | 23 | 139 | 771 | 116 | 28 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| B3481jjjj | 550 | 20737 | 214 | 75 | 26 | 134 | 865 | 115 | 27 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| B3481jjjjj | 530 | 19631 | 201 | 73 | 23 | 123 | 697 | 110 | 25 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| B3481k | 702 | 21510 | 235 | 76 | 28 | 132 | 768 | 117 | 27 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481k_6 | 548 | 20833 | 187 | 81 | 28 | 126 | 743 | 111 | 25 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481k_7 | 383 | 21507 | 218 | 79 | 24 | 147 | 1309 | 117 | 20 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481k_8 | 660 | 21003 | 212 | 81 | 26 | 130 | 752 | 116 | 23 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481k_9 | 517 | 20302 | 198 | 75 | 22 | 131 | 710 | 111 | 25 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481kk | 629 | 21247 | 225 | 77 | 26 | 137 | 741 | 114 | 23 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481kkk | 369 | 18710 | 205 | 70 | 21 | 118 | 696 | 101 | 28 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481kkkk | 532 | 20634 | 215 | 77 | 23 | 128 | 754 | 110 | 21 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481kkkkk | 618 | 21511 | 219 | 77 | 28 | 132 | 735 | 115 | 23 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481l | 508 | 20544 | 223 | 76 | 25 | 126 | 724 | 116 | 24 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481l_6 | 638 | 20073 | 187 | 71 | 23 | 132 | 1014 | 110 | 22 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481l_7 | 615 | 20580 | 199 | 76 | 27 | 129 | 914 | 114 | 22 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481l_8 | 504 | 20740 | 219 | 75 | 23 | 136 | 889 | 118 | 25 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481l_9 | 498 | 20796 | 202 | 79 | 24 | 126 | 684 | 109 | 23 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ll | 441 | 20411 | 191 | 76 | 25 | 135 | 733 | 115 | 26 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481lll | 652 | 21559 | 233 | 78 | 32 | 140 | 985 | 118 | 27 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481llll | 584 | 20361 | 189 | 73 | 23 | 130 | 755 | 116 | 22 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481lllll | 514 | 21520 | 212 | 82 | 26 | 130 | 721 | 119 | 25 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481m | 582 | 21106 | 211 | 79 | 24 | 130 | 774 | 115 | 25 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481m_6 | 542 | 20283 | 237 | 74 | 24 | 137 | 738 | 115 | 26 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481m_7 | 602 | 21734 | 213 | 80 | 24 | 137 | 783 | 117 | 28 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481m_8 | 514 | 21530 | 229 | 84 | 25 | 137 | 736 | 119 | 27 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481m_9 | 558 | 21065 | 191 | 81 | 26 | 138 | 791 | 119 | 27 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481mm | 563 | 20285 | 209 | 76 | 24 | 123 | 702 | 105 | 29 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481mmm | 584 | 21238 | 210 | 82 | 25 | 134 | 730 | 119 | 28 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481mmmm | 542 | 21416 | 206 | 82 | 27 | 133 | 858 | 121 | 24 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481mmmmm | 559 | 21758 | 204 | 75 | 38 | 126 | 660 | 105 | 25 | 8 | Motu Iti | Motu Iti | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481n | 573 | 20754 | 215 | 76 | 30 | 128 | 727 | 110 | 24 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481n_6 | 602 | 21021 | 211 | 75 | 23 | 122 | 727 | 106 | 26 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| B3481n_7 | 703 | 21410 | 222 | 79 | 27 | 139 | 745 | 116 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Rano Kau 1 | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481n_8 | 576 | 21476 | 223 | 76 | 26 | 130 | 771 | 113 | 28 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481n_9 | 632 | 21241 | 216 | 74 | 21 | 134 | 841 | 115 | 27 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481nn | 562 | 22425 | 203 | 81 | 28 | 144 | 869 | 122 | 25 | 15 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481nnn | 596 | 20797 | 185 | 74 | 26 | 127 | 764 | 109 | 24 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481nnnn | 501 | 21639 | 210 | 79 | 25 | 126 | 733 | 119 | 27 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481nnnnn | 558 | 22366 | 202 | 76 | 38 | 129 | 655 | 107 | 27 | 8 | Motu Iti | Motu Iti | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481o | 644 | 21590 | 220 | 79 | 26 | 137 | 749 | 121 | 27 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481o_6 | 640 | 22234 | 229 | 87 | 26 | 141 | 727 | 116 | 29 | 9 | Orito | Rano Kau 1 | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| B3481o_7 | 550 | 21487 | 189 | 80 | 22 | 131 | 803 | 115 | 24 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481o_8 | 607 | 21386 | 225 | 74 | 26 | 130 | 708 | 113 | 28 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |

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|-------------|-----|-------|-----|----|----|-----|------|-----|----|----|-------|------------|----------------------|
| B3481o_9 | 548 | 21469 | 239 | 81 | 26 | 132 | 744 | 112 | 28 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ooo | 531 | 21794 | 231 | 82 | 26 | 131 | 729 | 112 | 29 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481oooo | 507 | 21192 | 208 | 81 | 24 | 125 | 729 | 115 | 28 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ooooo | 597 | 21214 | 200 | 77 | 25 | 137 | 784 | 114 | 25 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481oooooo | 392 | 21059 | 200 | 78 | 24 | 132 | 730 | 119 | 29 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481p | 489 | 21292 | 209 | 80 | 26 | 135 | 781 | 116 | 24 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481p_6 | 512 | 21431 | 223 | 81 | 25 | 136 | 846 | 108 | 20 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481p_7 | 583 | 20865 | 193 | 75 | 25 | 123 | 714 | 113 | 24 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481p_8 | 562 | 21715 | 239 | 75 | 25 | 132 | 733 | 120 | 29 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481p_9 | 613 | 21170 | 207 | 81 | 23 | 134 | 843 | 116 | 25 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481pp | 590 | 19284 | 203 | 74 | 19 | 115 | 742 | 97 | 23 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ppp | 642 | 22285 | 235 | 81 | 27 | 137 | 733 | 120 | 27 | 12 | Orito | Rano Kau 1 | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| B3481pppp | 607 | 20542 | 201 | 79 | 25 | 131 | 817 | 110 | 27 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (incomplete) |
| B3481ppppp | 501 | 21879 | 218 | 81 | 25 | 139 | 879 | 111 | 21 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481q | 514 | 21007 | 196 | 82 | 23 | 136 | 766 | 119 | 24 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481q_6 | 595 | 20335 | 232 | 74 | 25 | 133 | 1005 | 116 | 25 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481q_7 | 568 | 20288 | 197 | 77 | 24 | 132 | 732 | 112 | 19 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481q_8 | 504 | 18855 | 183 | 73 | 25 | 110 | 684 | 100 | 19 | 6 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481q_9 | 543 | 19517 | 202 | 77 | 23 | 120 | 685 | 107 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481qq | 454 | 21351 | 215 | 81 | 28 | 130 | 742 | 113 | 24 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481qqq | 539 | 21077 | 203 | 76 | 27 | 133 | 794 | 114 | 27 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| B3481qqqq | 502 | 20628 | 221 | 77 | 26 | 129 | 739 | 114 | 22 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481qqqqq | 508 | 21593 | 222 | 76 | 26 | 129 | 818 | 118 | 26 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481r | 566 | 21453 | 206 | 79 | 24 | 131 | 753 | 119 | 29 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481r_6 | 696 | 20164 | 213 | 74 | 27 | 121 | 704 | 107 | 27 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481r_7 | 581 | 20864 | 221 | 75 | 27 | 127 | 726 | 118 | 26 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481r_8 | 478 | 18612 | 197 | 78 | 25 | 134 | 1397 | 105 | 24 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481r_9 | 541 | 20189 | 201 | 73 | 21 | 128 | 716 | 112 | 23 | 17 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481rr | 612 | 21125 | 207 | 76 | 26 | 130 | 739 | 114 | 30 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481rrr | 456 | 20547 | 183 | 85 | 23 | 127 | 821 | 112 | 26 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| B3481rrrr | 569 | 21701 | 227 | 78 | 25 | 141 | 806 | 116 | 26 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481rrrrr | 625 | 19125 | 173 | 74 | 22 | 121 | 699 | 103 | 23 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481s | 691 | 21555 | 224 | 79 | 24 | 134 | 751 | 115 | 25 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481s_6 | 394 | 18945 | 205 | 70 | 23 | 114 | 652 | 104 | 21 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481s_7 | 579 | 21155 | 186 | 84 | 23 | 132 | 697 | 116 | 29 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481s_8 | 567 | 20153 | 200 | 79 | 23 | 129 | 779 | 119 | 24 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ss | 371 | 20206 | 182 | 77 | 23 | 124 | 773 | 109 | 23 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481sss | 540 | 21892 | 249 | 79 | 23 | 131 | 702 | 110 | 25 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481sssss | 639 | 19786 | 193 | 71 | 23 | 125 | 808 | 107 | 21 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ssssss | 463 | 18795 | 201 | 68 | 20 | 112 | 625 | 100 | 24 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481t | 504 | 21681 | 218 | 80 | 28 | 130 | 728 | 118 | 21 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481t_6 | 572 | 21118 | 217 | 82 | 26 | 135 | 802 | 120 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481t_7 | 621 | 21356 | 206 | 80 | 23 | 134 | 765 | 114 | 30 | 15 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481t_8 | 633 | 21059 | 209 | 77 | 25 | 126 | 788 | 114 | 24 | 15 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481tt | 602 | 20785 | 213 | 76 | 23 | 129 | 712 | 111 | 24 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ttt | 490 | 21309 | 212 | 78 | 25 | 135 | 1027 | 117 | 22 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481tttt | 520 | 19393 | 184 | 75 | 22 | 121 | 703 | 110 | 25 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ttttt | 612 | 21497 | 195 | 80 | 23 | 138 | 809 | 112 | 27 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481u | 571 | 20996 | 214 | 80 | 22 | 129 | 807 | 119 | 23 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481u_6 | 515 | 20030 | 201 | 79 | 25 | 126 | 817 | 111 | 26 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481u_7 | 472 | 20966 | 205 | 75 | 22 | 131 | 730 | 111 | 26 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |

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|-------------|-----|-------|-----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|------------|------------|----------------------|
| B3481u_8 | 663 | 23310 | 221 | 85 | 27 | 136 | 855 | 116 | 23 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481uu | 621 | 21024 | 205 | 80 | 23 | 136 | 820 | 118 | 25 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481uuu | 642 | 21780 | 220 | 84 | 25 | 131 | 742 | 111 | 23 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481uuuu | 490 | 21421 | 224 | 81 | 23 | 135 | 762 | 116 | 25 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481uuuuu | 523 | 19790 | 196 | 76 | 24 | 127 | 810 | 113 | 21 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481v | 613 | 21187 | 199 | 84 | 28 | 132 | 709 | 121 | 25 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481v_6 | 571 | 19927 | 198 | 71 | 22 | 124 | 684 | 107 | 24 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481v_7 | 391 | 19793 | 188 | 69 | 24 | 123 | 692 | 104 | 24 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481v_8 | 495 | 21246 | 204 | 79 | 26 | 131 | 795 | 114 | 23 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481vv | 526 | 20702 | 203 | 77 | 27 | 138 | 790 | 118 | 23 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481vvv | 585 | 20723 | 193 | 76 | 29 | 135 | 922 | 113 | 26 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481vvvv | 568 | 22992 | 205 | 85 | 22 | 140 | 804 | 117 | 22 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481w | 666 | 21083 | 216 | 78 | 22 | 134 | 725 | 115 | 26 | 7 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481w_6 | 497 | 20592 | 195 | 77 | 22 | 133 | 784 | 115 | 26 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481w_7 | 536 | 21481 | 201 | 85 | 26 | 132 | 758 | 120 | 23 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481w_8 | 581 | 21076 | 205 | 87 | 24 | 131 | 897 | 116 | 22 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481ww | 635 | 21667 | 243 | 79 | 23 | 142 | 776 | 116 | 27 | 11 | Rano Kau 1 | Rano Kau 1 | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481www | 553 | 21369 | 211 | 80 | 23 | 130 | 733 | 114 | 25 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| B3481wwwwww | 487 | 20707 | 230 | 78 | 25 | 131 | 765 | 106 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481wwwww | 610 | 21237 | 210 | 78 | 26 | 138 | 779 | 113 | 28 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481x | 530 | 21533 | 207 | 86 | 27 | 139 | 805 | 112 | 23 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481x_6 | 486 | 21357 | 222 | 78 | 25 | 138 | 832 | 114 | 25 | 7 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481x_7 | 585 | 20311 | 193 | 77 | 21 | 130 | 742 | 114 | 24 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481x_8 | 610 | 21625 | 212 | 86 | 28 | 136 | 971 | 120 | 23 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481xx | 615 | 19748 | 180 | 75 | 25 | 124 | 718 | 108 | 26 | 7 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481xxx | 607 | 21438 | 232 | 78 | 25 | 139 | 753 | 119 | 24 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481xxxxx | 559 | 20631 | 208 | 78 | 24 | 129 | 773 | 113 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481y | 583 | 20039 | 192 | 72 | 24 | 124 | 698 | 101 | 23 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481y_6 | 724 | 20816 | 213 | 81 | 25 | 130 | 743 | 115 | 25 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481y_7 | 507 | 21573 | 213 | 88 | 26 | 132 | 729 | 116 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481y_8 | 574 | 20915 | 202 | 74 | 25 | 130 | 759 | 116 | 25 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481yy | 457 | 20268 | 205 | 77 | 23 | 131 | 701 | 105 | 20 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481yyy | 665 | 21194 | 213 | 78 | 27 | 128 | 777 | 114 | 26 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481yyyy | 604 | 21367 | 223 | 77 | 29 | 134 | 727 | 114 | 25 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481yyyyy | 491 | 21938 | 190 | 80 | 26 | 134 | 752 | 119 | 27 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481z | 674 | 21504 | 203 | 85 | 26 | 136 | 851 | 116 | 27 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481z_6 | 547 | 21105 | 208 | 78 | 23 | 130 | 786 | 113 | 25 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481z_7 | 528 | 20527 | 194 | 79 | 24 | 133 | 705 | 115 | 27 | 7 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481z_8 | 490 | 19909 | 187 | 79 | 23 | 129 | 790 | 111 | 24 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481zz | 587 | 21251 | 198 | 83 | 24 | 139 | 950 | 113 | 25 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481zzz | 535 | 21256 | 203 | 79 | 24 | 126 | 792 | 113 | 27 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481zzzz | 540 | 19489 | 200 | 78 | 23 | 129 | 766 | 115 | 24 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3481zzzzz | 527 | 19820 | 185 | 75 | 20 | 133 | 686 | 108 | 20 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| B3482a | 541 | 21174 | 206 | 75 | 30 | 128 | 744 | 111 | 24 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (incomplete) |
| B3482b | 540 | 21398 | 204 | 79 | 24 | 132 | 726 | 110 | 28 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a stem |
| B3482c | 582 | 21553 | 249 | 78 | 29 | 133 | 879 | 121 | 25 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a stem |
| B3482d | 687 | 21644 | 205 | 72 | 35 | 119 | 640 | 112 | 26 | 6 | Motu Iti | Motu Iti | Mata'a (incomplete) |
| B611 | 571 | 21060 | 222 | 77 | 23 | 134 | 828 | 118 | 26 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4120 | 558 | 18505 | 161 | 61 | 22 | 103 | 659 | 94 | 19 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121a | 531 | 21479 | 221 | 83 | 25 | 134 | 764 | 116 | 27 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121aa | 597 | 21595 | 209 | 81 | 25 | 136 | 770 | 117 | 30 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |

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|-----------|-----|-------|-----|----|----|-----|------|-----|----|----|----------|------------|----------------------|
| C4121aaa | 570 | 19573 | 176 | 70 | 25 | 121 | 703 | 105 | 20 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121aaaa | 460 | 19886 | 238 | 75 | 23 | 125 | 706 | 112 | 21 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121b | 616 | 20794 | 214 | 81 | 28 | 134 | 721 | 116 | 22 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121bb | 548 | 21722 | 218 | 85 | 26 | 134 | 833 | 117 | 28 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121bbb | 664 | 22067 | 219 | 76 | 25 | 133 | 740 | 121 | 28 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121bbbb | 606 | 21849 | 208 | 79 | 24 | 141 | 743 | 117 | 26 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121c | 580 | 21207 | 201 | 80 | 23 | 138 | 776 | 118 | 23 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121cc | 649 | 21059 | 222 | 80 | 25 | 133 | 736 | 116 | 26 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (incomplete) |
| C4121ccc | 449 | 21072 | 199 | 81 | 24 | 135 | 1004 | 110 | 28 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121d | 542 | 20835 | 208 | 78 | 26 | 131 | 736 | 118 | 23 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121dd | 552 | 20565 | 241 | 76 | 27 | 126 | 706 | 109 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| C4121ddd | 428 | 20736 | 191 | 77 | 24 | 130 | 750 | 113 | 26 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121e | 604 | 21385 | 216 | 82 | 27 | 139 | 745 | 122 | 26 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121ee | 586 | 20966 | 201 | 76 | 24 | 136 | 711 | 113 | 21 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121eee | 691 | 21687 | 228 | 86 | 24 | 139 | 747 | 120 | 22 | 13 | Orito | Rano Kau 1 | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121f | 463 | 21110 | 231 | 77 | 25 | 133 | 791 | 114 | 25 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121ff | 682 | 22172 | 194 | 88 | 25 | 135 | 836 | 120 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121fff | 530 | 19762 | 202 | 74 | 25 | 125 | 974 | 111 | 28 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121g | 553 | 20001 | 208 | 73 | 23 | 129 | 678 | 111 | 21 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121gg | 548 | 20908 | 199 | 82 | 25 | 126 | 710 | 115 | 28 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| C4121ggg | 542 | 22115 | 201 | 79 | 23 | 129 | 776 | 113 | 26 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121h | 444 | 20157 | 187 | 78 | 25 | 129 | 770 | 115 | 27 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121hh | 586 | 22335 | 220 | 80 | 25 | 137 | 998 | 118 | 25 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121hhh | 618 | 22884 | 218 | 86 | 26 | 138 | 741 | 120 | 29 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (incomplete) |
| C4121i | 494 | 20385 | 169 | 77 | 26 | 125 | 789 | 107 | 24 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121ii | 470 | 19524 | 202 | 72 | 22 | 123 | 702 | 104 | 24 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121iii | 528 | 21294 | 203 | 81 | 25 | 137 | 935 | 120 | 30 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121j | 628 | 21589 | 202 | 77 | 23 | 142 | 859 | 114 | 30 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121jj | 554 | 20729 | 197 | 79 | 24 | 134 | 783 | 115 | 26 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121jjj | 640 | 20747 | 222 | 78 | 22 | 127 | 724 | 117 | 24 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121k | 512 | 20677 | 234 | 75 | 25 | 134 | 703 | 118 | 24 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121kk | 629 | 21072 | 207 | 81 | 25 | 131 | 757 | 118 | 23 | 7 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121kkk | 553 | 21576 | 199 | 76 | 28 | 131 | 794 | 118 | 24 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121l | 529 | 21181 | 213 | 81 | 22 | 129 | 851 | 118 | 26 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121ll | 654 | 20904 | 209 | 79 | 24 | 134 | 699 | 119 | 27 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a stem |
| C4121lll | 633 | 23674 | 225 | 81 | 46 | 125 | 651 | 118 | 27 | 11 | Motu Iti | Motu Iti | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121m | 585 | 20401 | 214 | 78 | 23 | 133 | 786 | 112 | 27 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121mm | 439 | 20945 | 194 | 79 | 24 | 131 | 781 | 112 | 25 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121mmm | 593 | 21382 | 190 | 82 | 24 | 135 | 699 | 115 | 25 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121n | 534 | 20897 | 211 | 82 | 25 | 133 | 954 | 121 | 26 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121nn | 557 | 20797 | 199 | 77 | 24 | 128 | 856 | 114 | 25 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121nnn | 578 | 22747 | 219 | 76 | 25 | 144 | 771 | 121 | 25 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121o | 579 | 21594 | 205 | 80 | 25 | 141 | 738 | 118 | 25 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121oo | 553 | 20962 | 229 | 76 | 28 | 127 | 737 | 116 | 22 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121ooo | 524 | 21035 | 204 | 78 | 25 | 135 | 838 | 118 | 23 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121p | 517 | 21738 | 214 | 82 | 27 | 135 | 789 | 114 | 28 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121pp | 401 | 21986 | 203 | 80 | 24 | 129 | 845 | 121 | 24 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121ppp | 617 | 20616 | 200 | 87 | 27 | 129 | 845 | 119 | 24 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| C4121q | 445 | 20122 | 189 | 76 | 25 | 127 | 674 | 112 | 21 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121qq | 520 | 20217 | 202 | 79 | 23 | 129 | 692 | 108 | 23 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121qqq | 564 | 21239 | 229 | 78 | 23 | 134 | 740 | 114 | 28 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |

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|----------|-----|-------|-----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----------|-------|----------------------|
| C4121r | 538 | 22986 | 229 | 87 | 25 | 138 | 781 | 119 | 26 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121rr | 539 | 21392 | 222 | 82 | 25 | 143 | 979 | 120 | 25 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (incomplete) |
| C4121rrr | 604 | 21100 | 203 | 75 | 21 | 139 | 789 | 118 | 26 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121s | 449 | 20018 | 193 | 76 | 24 | 127 | 710 | 111 | 24 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121ss | 491 | 21258 | 220 | 78 | 25 | 132 | 768 | 111 | 25 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121sss | 566 | 21316 | 223 | 81 | 25 | 134 | 740 | 117 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121t | 509 | 20297 | 219 | 79 | 25 | 134 | 806 | 115 | 25 | 8 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121tt | 530 | 22155 | 224 | 84 | 29 | 142 | 802 | 117 | 27 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121ttt | 542 | 21284 | 217 | 81 | 22 | 135 | 839 | 115 | 23 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121u | 638 | 21192 | 212 | 81 | 26 | 135 | 756 | 117 | 25 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121uu | 501 | 21347 | 222 | 77 | 25 | 132 | 714 | 114 | 25 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121uuu | 617 | 19971 | 193 | 76 | 24 | 133 | 804 | 117 | 22 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121v | 509 | 20596 | 230 | 76 | 23 | 133 | 748 | 109 | 24 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121vv | 550 | 21447 | 214 | 78 | 24 | 135 | 705 | 115 | 22 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121vvv | 580 | 21135 | 211 | 80 | 27 | 134 | 756 | 118 | 22 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121w | 523 | 20526 | 195 | 78 | 24 | 136 | 840 | 120 | 25 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121ww | 483 | 20178 | 202 | 77 | 27 | 119 | 701 | 107 | 25 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121www | 593 | 21596 | 212 | 77 | 28 | 134 | 744 | 117 | 24 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121x | 551 | 20203 | 184 | 72 | 21 | 127 | 770 | 112 | 25 | 10 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121xx | 556 | 21069 | 202 | 81 | 25 | 134 | 787 | 111 | 28 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121xxx | 529 | 19228 | 205 | 73 | 22 | 123 | 694 | 104 | 25 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121y | 638 | 21082 | 205 | 81 | 23 | 144 | 740 | 118 | 23 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121yy | 638 | 21737 | 226 | 80 | 24 | 143 | 912 | 120 | 21 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121yyy | 516 | 20919 | 205 | 83 | 24 | 129 | 740 | 118 | 26 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121z | 464 | 20722 | 199 | 77 | 26 | 130 | 824 | 114 | 27 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121zz | 582 | 21111 | 200 | 81 | 27 | 128 | 759 | 118 | 24 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C4121zzz | 663 | 21704 | 205 | 78 | 24 | 134 | 751 | 116 | 25 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |
| C602 | 550 | 20725 | 211 | 83 | 26 | 129 | 742 | 111 | 21 | 11 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C603 | 580 | 21082 | 211 | 78 | 22 | 127 | 751 | 109 | 26 | 9 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C8353 | 541 | 18501 | 174 | 61 | 31 | 101 | 523 | 86 | 21 | 9 | Motu Iti | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| C8354 | 643 | 21101 | 194 | 80 | 24 | 135 | 738 | 120 | 24 | 13 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| D2969 | 575 | 21737 | 217 | 84 | 27 | 135 | 729 | 121 | 24 | 12 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| D2970 | 533 | 21286 | 219 | 79 | 30 | 131 | 821 | 114 | 24 | 14 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (complete) |
| D2971 | 492 | 21038 | 204 | 82 | 24 | 129 | 750 | 116 | 23 | 7 | Orito | Orito | Mata'a (broken stem) |