

① EU Call/share = \$4
 stock price = \$47
 exercise price = \$50

$47 - 50 = -\$3 \rightarrow$ NOT exercised

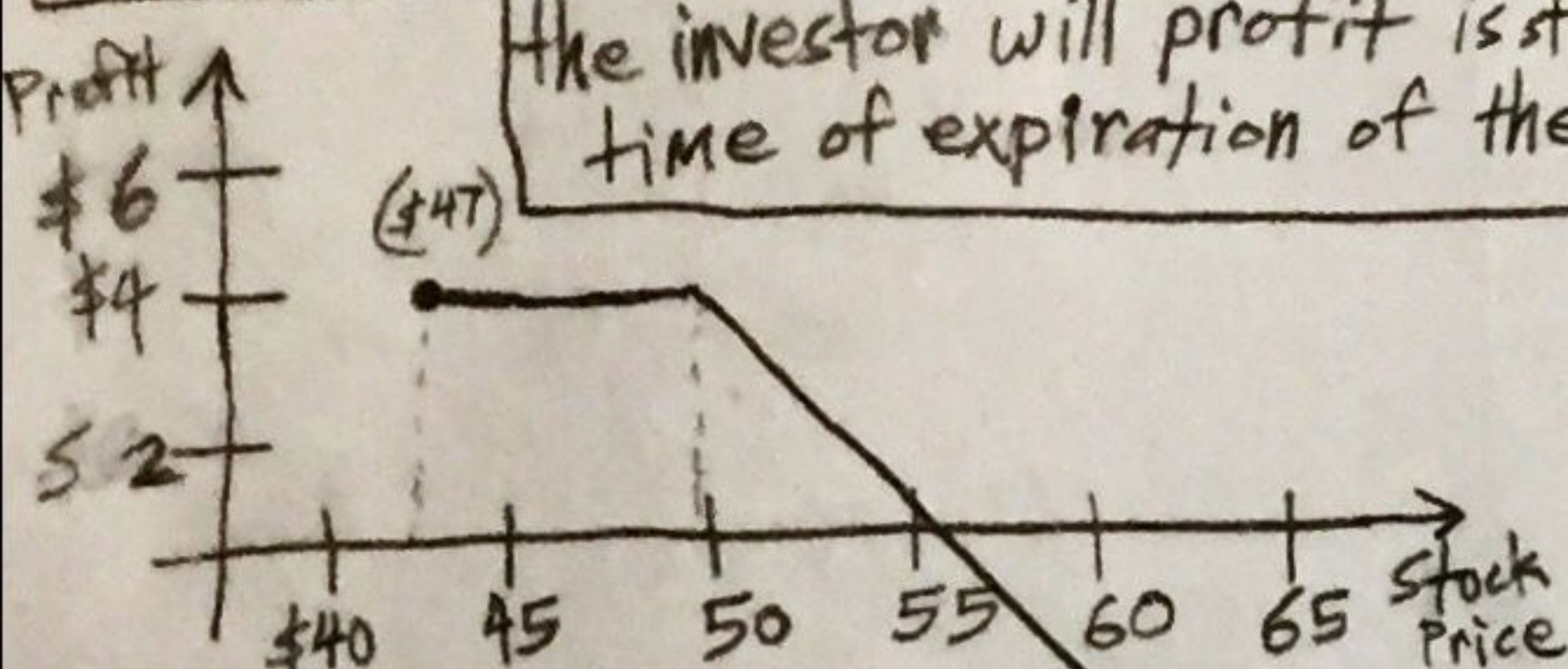
take stock price at
 expiration time w/ priced
 at \$54

Charles Liu
 304804942
 Stats C183
 HW 4
 6-1-20

if stock below \$50 \rightarrow NOT exercised \rightarrow investor profits \$4

the investor will profit if stock price below \$54 at
 time of expiration of the option

Diagram...
 if b/w \$50 - 54 stock price,
 then option exercised

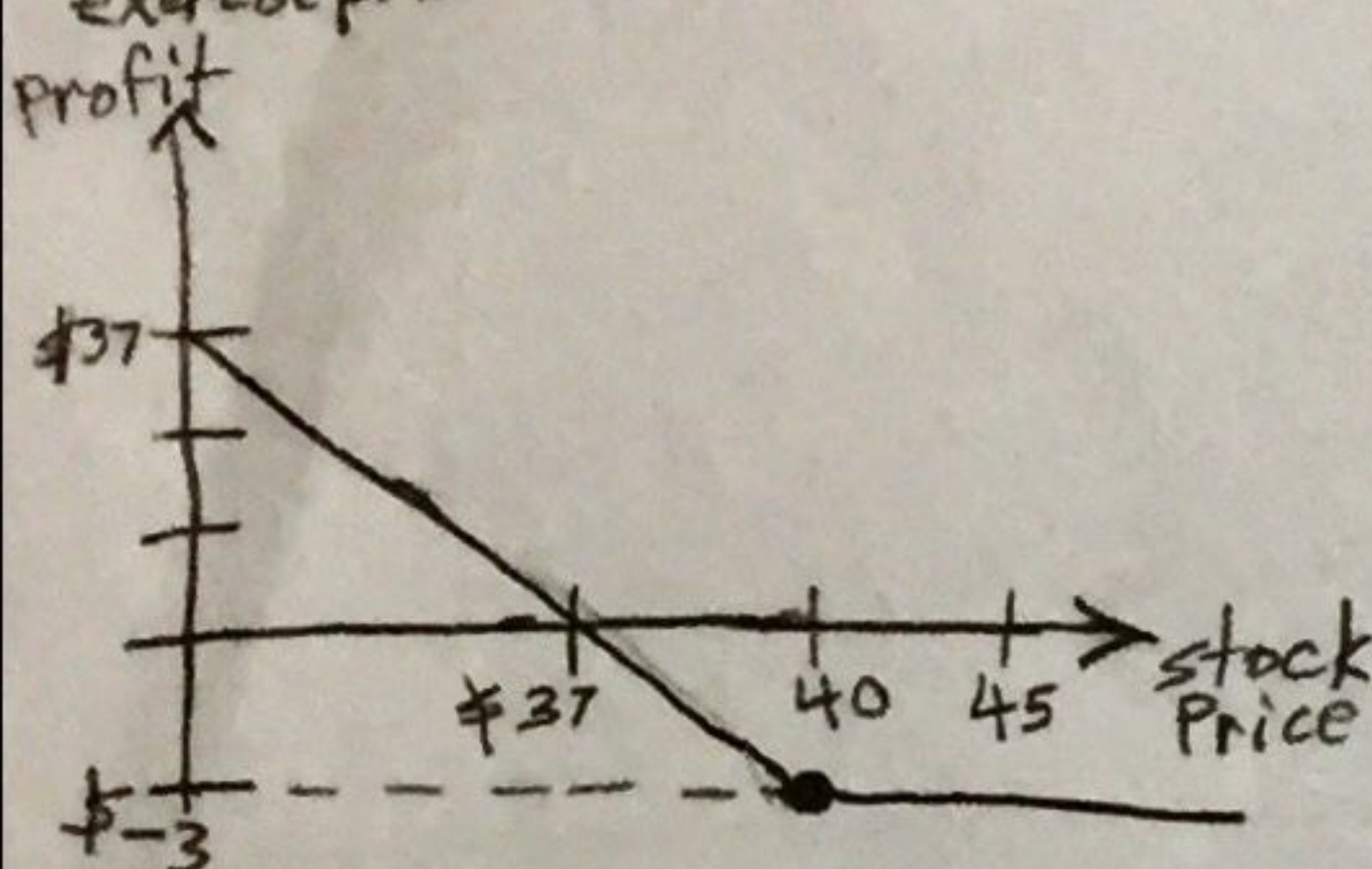


② EU Put = \$3
 stock price = \$42
 exercise price = \$40

$40 - 3 = \$37$

the investor makes profit
 when stock below \$37 \rightarrow exercised option
 if stock less than \$37

Diagram...

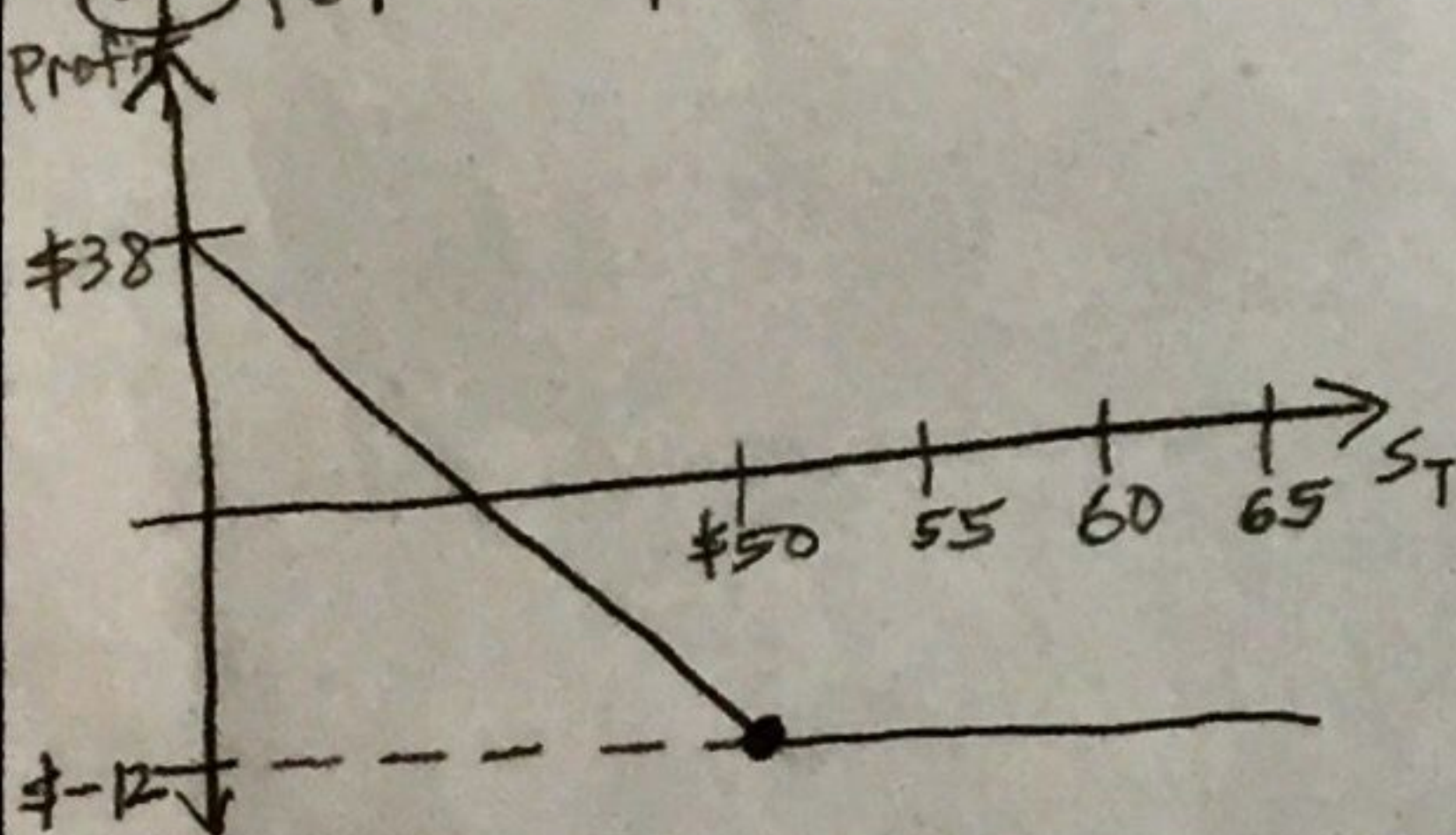


2 puts \rightarrow \$6/put \rightarrow P = \$12
 1 call \rightarrow \$5/call \rightarrow C = \$5
 E = \$50

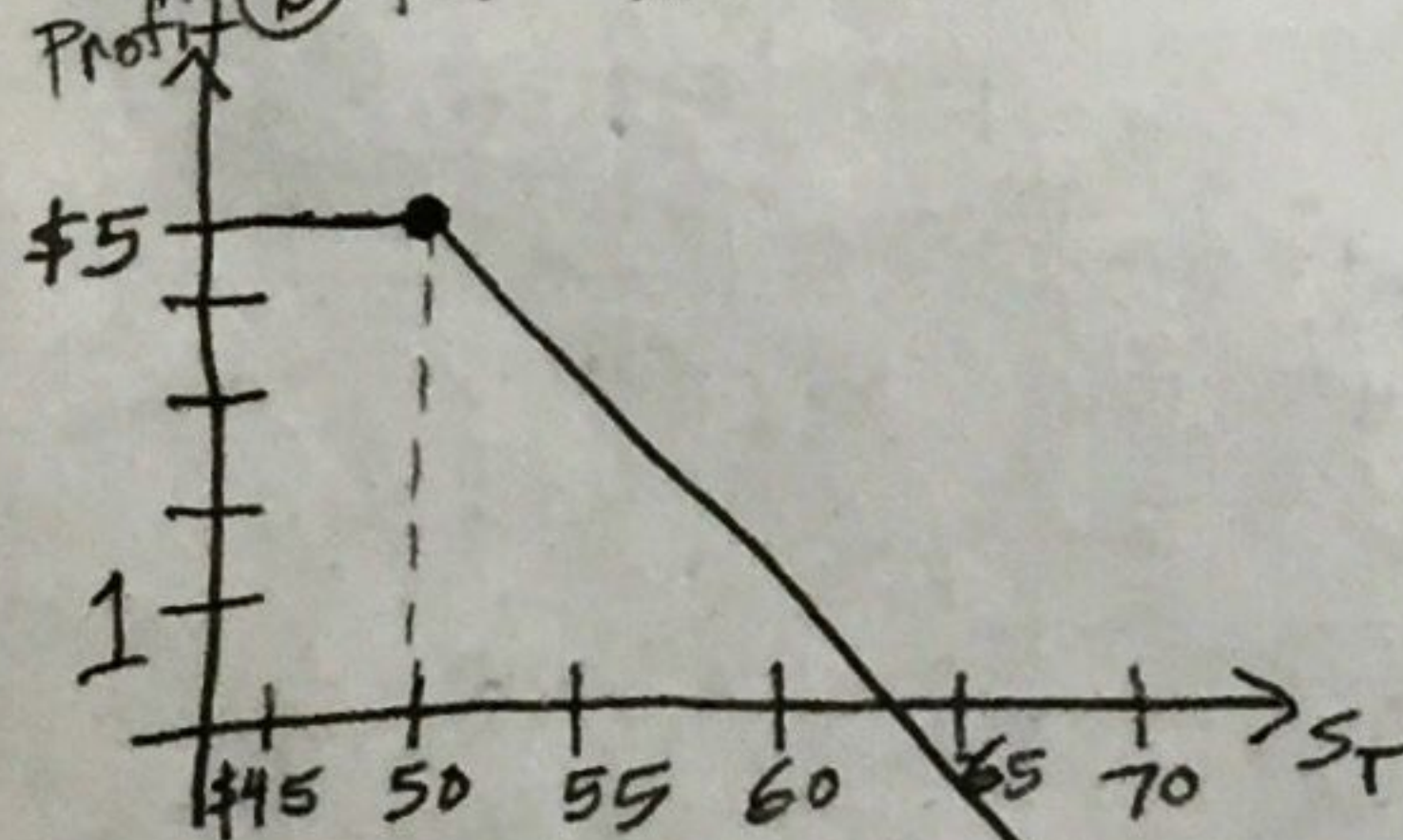
① expiration time priced at \$38
 ② expiration time priced at \$55
 ③ expiration time priced at \$43

Diagram for ①, ②, ③...

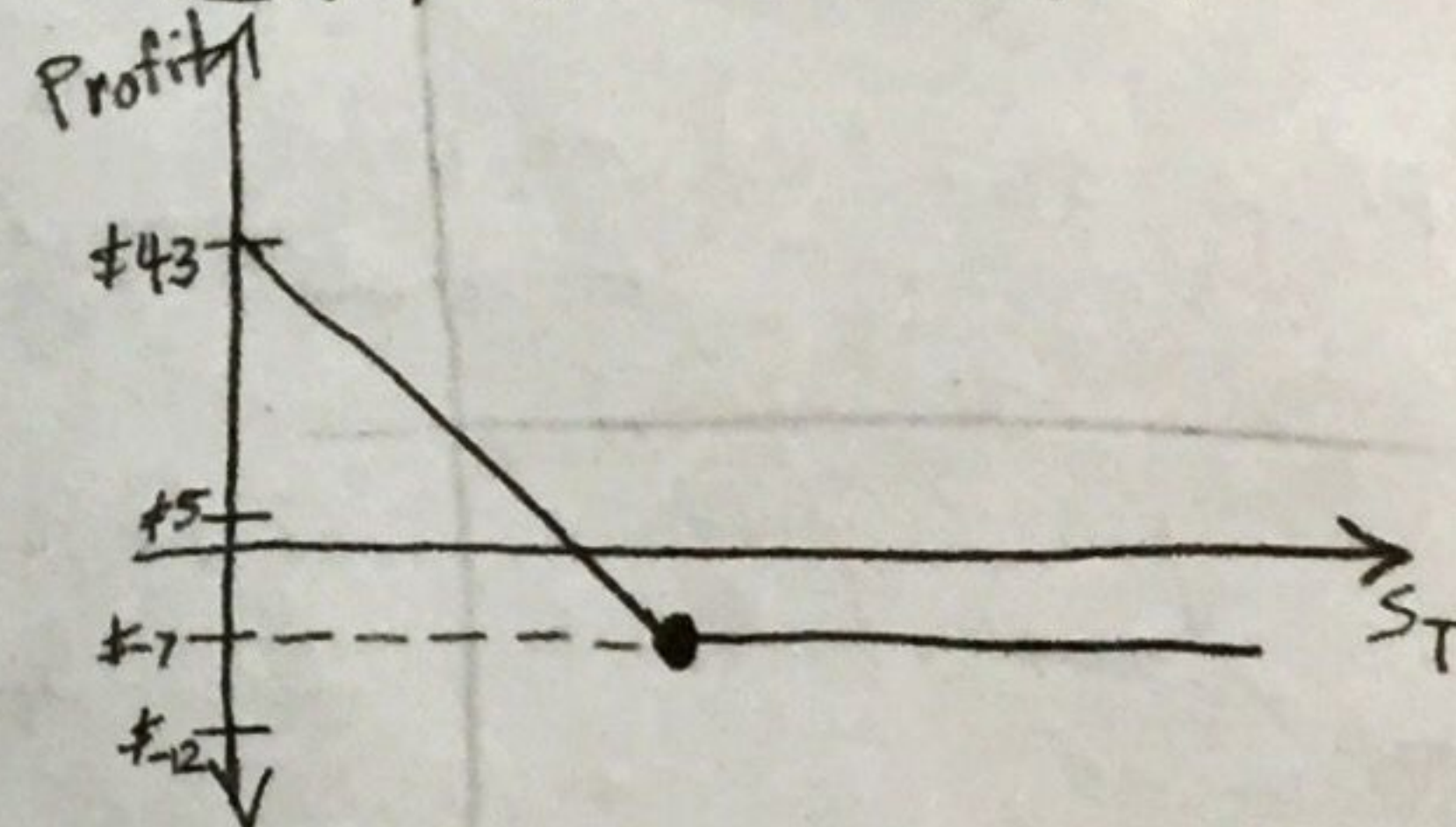
① for 2 puts



② for the call



③ for the combination



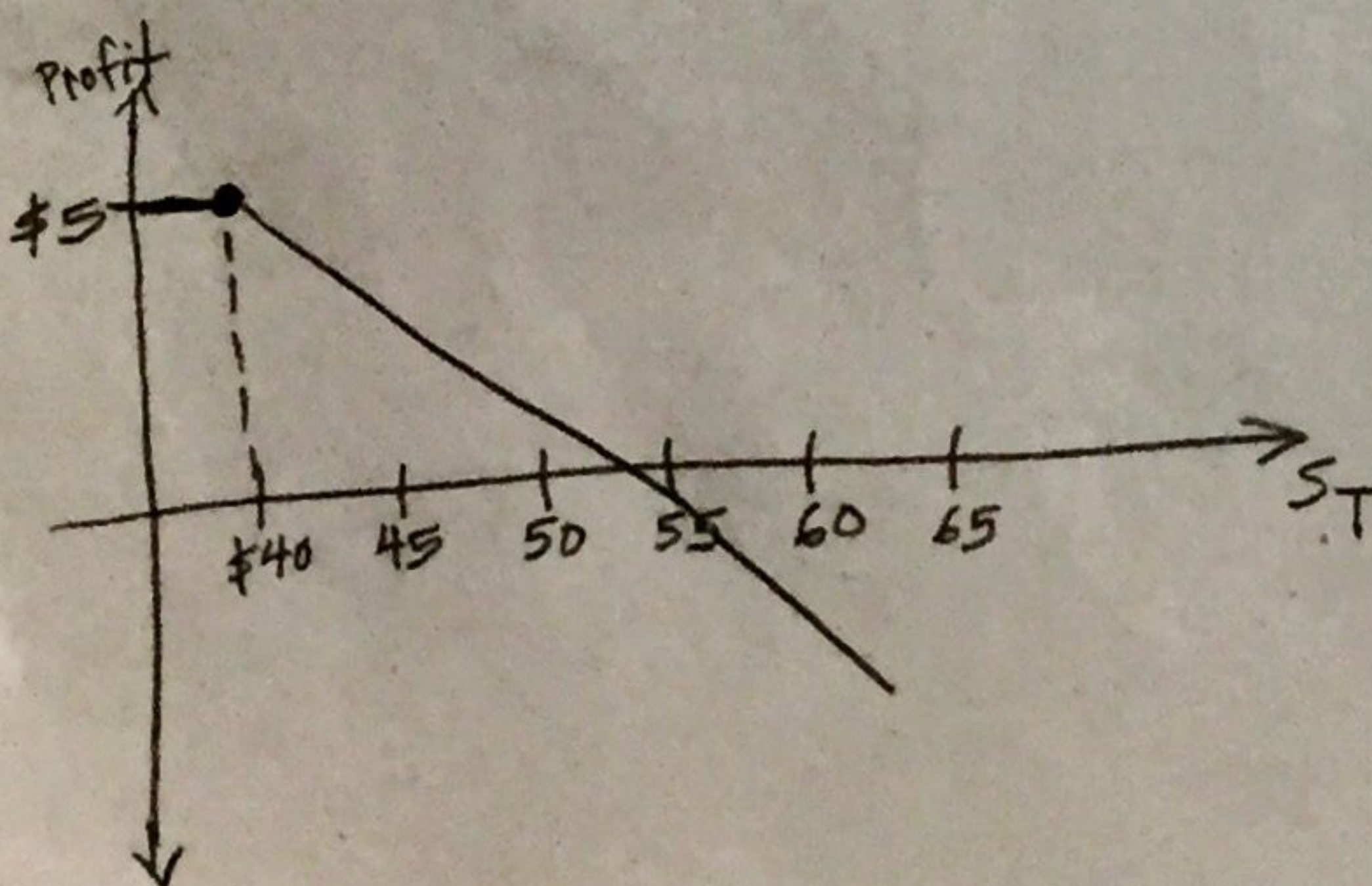
④ Write:
 2 calls \rightarrow \$5/call \rightarrow \$10 calls
 E = \$45

Holder:
 1 call \rightarrow \$8/call \rightarrow \$8 call
 E = \$40

Diagram...

at \$55 exp. date

at \$32 exp. date

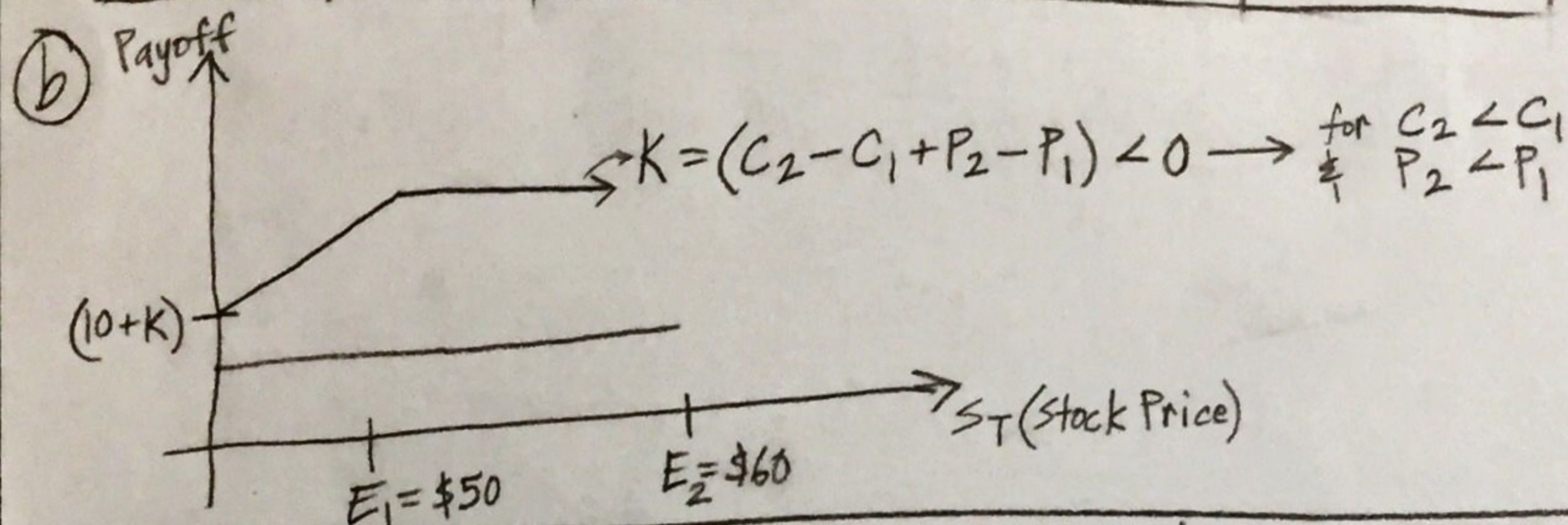


⑤ Bull Call Spread: buy call w/ $E_1 = \$50$ & sell call w/ $E_2 = \$60$ } $C_1 > C_2$ } Cash flow = $C_2 - C_1 + P_2 - P_1 = K$
Bear Put Spread: buy put w/ $E_2 = \$60$ & sell put w/ $E_1 = \$50$ } $P_1 > P_2$ } (Initial)
 (Assume)

④

Price	Short Call	Long Call	Short Put	Long Put	Net Cash Flow
$S_T < 50$	0	0	$-(S_T - 50)$	$(60 - S_T)$	$(10 + K)$
$50 < S_T < 60$	0	$(S_T - 50)$	0	$(60 - S_T)$	$(10 + K)$
$S_T > 60$	$-(S_T - 60)$	$(S_T - 50)$	0	0	$(10 + K)$

→ Payoff Diagram (Spread) →



⑥ $S_0 = \$50$ $u = 1.2$ } (Binomial) $\rightarrow d = \frac{1}{1.2} = 0.833$
 $E = \$60$ $d = \frac{1}{u}$
 $r = 0.10/\text{period}$ $n = 10$

⑦ $k = \frac{\log(\frac{E}{d^n \cdot S_0})}{\log(\frac{u}{d})} \approx 5.50493 \rightarrow k = 6$

⑧ price of stock at node $= u^j \cdot d^{10-j} \cdot S_0$ for $j = 0, \dots, 10$

$P_0 = \$3.22$

$\$50$ $\left(\dots \right)$

$-u^{10} \cdot S_0 \cdot d^0 =$	309.5868
$-u^9 \cdot S_0 \cdot d^1 =$	214.9908
$-u^8 \cdot S_0 \cdot d^2 =$	149.2992
$-u^7 \cdot S_0 \cdot d^3 =$	103.5556
$-u^6 \cdot S_0 \cdot d^4 =$	71.8849
$-u^5 \cdot S_0 \cdot d^5 =$	49.9001
$-u^4 \cdot S_0 \cdot d^6 =$	34.6390
$-u^3 \cdot S_0 \cdot d^7 =$	24.0452
$-u^2 \cdot S_0 \cdot d^8 =$	16.6914
$-u^1 \cdot S_0 \cdot d^9 =$	11.5866
$-u^0 \cdot S_0 \cdot d^{10} =$	8.0430

⑨ $\frac{K_P - d}{u - d} = \frac{10 - 0}{1.2 - 0.833} = 13.42$
 $R_F = 0.22$

⑩ $\max\{S_T - E, 0\}$

$C_{u^{10}d^0} = 249.5868$	$C_{u^5d^5} = 0$
$C_{u^9d^1} = 154.9908$	$C_{u^4d^6} = 0$
$C_{u^8d^2} = 89.2992$	$C_{u^3d^7} = 0$
$C_{u^7d^3} = 43.68$	$C_{u^2d^8} = 0$
$C_{u^6d^4} = 12$	$C_{u^1d^9} = 0$
	$C_{u^0d^{10}} = 0$

(Next Page)

⑥ (d) $C = S_0 \cdot \sum_{j=k}^n \binom{n}{j} P'^{(j)} (1-P')^{n-j} - \frac{E}{(1+r)^n} \sum_{j=k}^n \binom{n}{j} P^{(j)} (1-P)^{n-j} \longrightarrow$

(i) $C = S_0 \cdot P(X \geq k) - \frac{E}{(1+r)^n} \cdot P(Y \geq k)$ for $X \sim b(n, P') \neq Y \sim b(n, P) \longrightarrow \text{calculate} \longrightarrow$

$u = 1.2$
 $d = 0.833$
 $r_p = (1.10)^{(1/10)} - 1 = 0.02$

$P = 0.7273$
 $P' = 0.7934$
 $k = \frac{\log(\frac{E}{d \cdot S_0})}{\log(\frac{u}{d})} = \frac{\log(\frac{60}{0.833 \cdot 50})}{\log(\frac{1.2}{0.833})} = 5.50493 \rightarrow k = 6$

$C = (50) \cdot P(X \geq 6) - \frac{60}{(1+0.10)^{10}} \cdot P(Y \geq 6)$

$C = 27.4864$

(ii) $C = \frac{\sum_{j=0}^{10} \binom{10}{j} (0.7273)^j (1-0.7273)^{10-j} \cdot C_u^j d^{10-j}}{(1+0.10)^2}$

$C = 27.4864$

Note: Both are the same!

⑦ $S_0 = \$50$

⑧ [EU Call]

$(56.18 - 51)$
 [Payoff = \$5.18]
 \$56.18

$(53 \cdot (1+0.06))$
 \$53

$(53 \cdot (1-0.05))$
 \$50.35

$(47.50 \cdot (1+0.06))$
 \$47.50

$(50 \cdot (1-0.05))$
 \$45.13

[Payoff = \$0]

$P = \frac{e^{rt} - d}{u - d} = \frac{e^{(0.05)(\frac{3}{12})} - (1-5\%)}{(1+6\%) - (1-5\%)} \Rightarrow P = 0.568895$

$(1-P) = 0.431105 \rightarrow P = e^{-rt} \cdot [(P^2 \cdot f_u) + (2 \cdot P(1-P) \cdot f_d) + ((1-P)^2 \cdot f_d)]$

$\rightarrow = e^{-(5\%)(\frac{6}{12})} [(0.568895^2 \cdot 5.18) + (2 \cdot 0.568895 \cdot 0.431105 \cdot 0.65) + (0.431105^2 \cdot 0)]$

$P = 1.6350711 \rightarrow P_c = 1.6351$

[EU Put]

$(56.18 - 51)$
 [Payoff = \$0]
 \$56.18

$(53 \cdot (1+0.06))$
 \$53

$(53 \cdot (1-0.05))$
 \$50.35

$(47.50 \cdot (1+0.06))$
 \$47.50

$(50 \cdot (1-0.05))$
 \$45.13

[Payoff = \$5.88]

$P = e^{-(5\%)(\frac{6}{12})} [(0) + (2 \cdot 0.568895 \cdot 0.431105 \cdot 0.65) + (0.431105^2 \cdot 5.88)] = 1.3758767$

$\rightarrow P_p = 1.3759$

Conclusion: Option should be exercised at \$47.50 w/ profit of \$3.50 (\$51 - \$47.50). Not exercised at \$53 or/and \$50

Put option value at \$1.25

$C + \frac{E}{1+r} = P + S_0 \rightarrow P = 1.376$

$C = 1.635$

③