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Statistics C183/C283

## **Project**

Select 30 stocks (plus the market S&P500) from http://finance.yahoo.com. Please select stocks from 5 industries. To find the industry in which each stock belongs go to https://finance.yahoo.com/industries. To construct your portfolios use monthly data from 01-Jan-2012 to 01-Jan-2017 (5 years). For the testing period use monthly data from 01-Jan-2017 to 31-Mar-2020. Make sure that you have data available for all your stocks for the entire period, 01-Jan-2012 to 31-Mar-2020.

## Project 1

Things to do:

- a. Use http://shiny.stat.ucla.edu:3838/c183c283/ Enter the tickers as follows: ^GSPC,AAPL,IBM,....
- b. You will download the adjusted close prices for 30 stocks plus the S&P500 in a csv file. Import the data in R and convert the adjusted close prices into returns. (Use the first 5-year data only!)
- c. Compute the means of the 31 assets, the standard deviations, and the variance covariance matrix.
- d. Plot the 31 assets on the space expected return against standard deviation.
- e. Assume equal allocation portfolio using the 30 stocks. Compute the mean and standard deviation of this portfolio and add it on the plot of question (c).
- f. Add on the plot the minimum risk portfolio.

Few R commands to begin the project:

```
#Read your csv file:
a <- read.csv("stockData.csv", sep=",", header=TRUE)

#Convert adjusted close prices into returns:
r <- (a[-1,3:ncol(a)]-a[-nrow(a),3:ncol(a)])/a[-nrow(a),3:ncol(a)]

#Compute mean vector:
means <- colMeans(r[-1]) #Without ^GSPC

#Compute variance covariance matrix:
covmat <- cov(r[-1]) #Without ^GSPC

#Compute correlation matrix:
cormat <- cor(r[-1]) #Without ^GSPC

#Compute the vector of variances:
variances <- diag(covmat)

#Compute the vector of standard deviations:
stdev <- diag(covmat)^.5</pre>
```

## Project 2

Answer the following questions:

- a. Use your data to plot the frontier in the mean-variance space.
- b. Use your data to plot the frontier in the mean-standard deviation space:
  - 1. Using the hyperbola method.
  - 2. By finding two portfolios on the efficient frontier. Note: You will need to choose two values of the risk free asset.
- c. Choose a value of  $R_f$ , draw the tangent line to the efficient frontier, find the composition of the point of tangency, and the mean and variance of the point of tangency.
- d. Go back to the plot you constructed in project 1 and add the efficient frontier, and the tangency point from (b).