Sprint 3- Status Check In 1

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1 PROJECT INTRODUCTION

Over the last two years, Covid19 has quickly spread worldwide, resulting in the Covid-19 pandemic which causes thousands and thousands of infections and death.

Chest X-ray images have proven to be powerful to monitor various lung diseases and have been used to monitor Covid 19 disease. In recent years, there is a rapid development of machine learning models. Some of which have achieved human-like performance in various classification tasks.

In this project, the aim is to leverage machine learning for Covid 19 classification and display the result in an App/Web page. The App/Web page will generate results based on patients' chest X-rays in real-time.

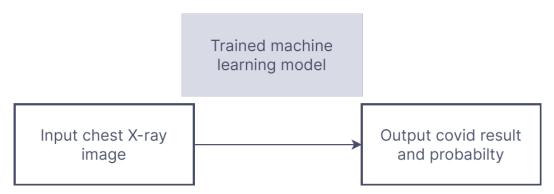


Figure 1—Architecture Diagram

2 ACCCOMPLISHIMENTS

Based on the previously proposed timeline, I have been working on the identifying the dataset and data preprocessing.

Data cleaning and preprocessing: 10/17 - 10/30

2.1 Download dataset

-After some search, I have downloaded the covid chest x-ray data set from the Kaggle challenge. It is the largest covid 19 dataset which constist of 3616 covid

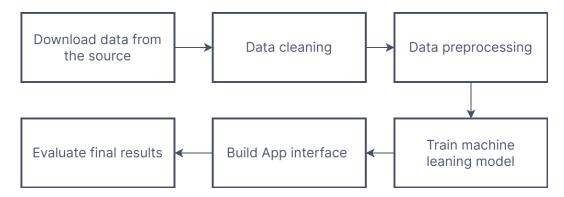


Figure 2—Project Task

images and 10701 normal chest x-ray images.

Covid chest X-ray data has been downloaded from this source:

https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/tawsifurrahman/covid19-radiography-database

2.2 Visualize the data

I have loaded the images and visualized them in a jupyter notebook. It looks like patients with covid have a more 'foggy' lung image in x-ray.



Figure 3—Normal image



Figure 4—Covid image

2.3 Data preprocessing

After some literature search, I decide to use 2 different methods for image preprocessing.

- 1. Just the baseline approach apart from size reduction.
- 2. Use histogram equalization to see if we can somehow increase the range of the pixel intensity and potentially a higher contrast.

2.4 Evaluation benchmark

Based on the discussion with my mentor, I have established several benchmarks for model evaluations.

Currenlty, there are three benchmark that I am consider using:

- 1. Accuracy for classification is greater than 0.5.
- 2. AUC for classification is greater than 0.5.
- 3. Also, because we don't want to miss any covid patients, I think specificity greater than 0.50 can be another benchmark.

3 CHALLENGES

- 1. Currently, I don't have any major roadblocks. One thing that I am little concerned is that the size of the data is a little bit large and my computer might run out of memory. I think I might start with a subset of the large dataset and try to fine-tune the model and select some best models.
- 2. Building the application might be difficult since I don't have much web development experience. I have been looking into some tutorials on FAST API and hopefully, I will be able to implement it after I train the model.

4 SPRINT PLANS

In the next 2/3 weeks, I am planning to train the machine learning model for covid 19 classification. I am planning to start with some traditional machine-learning models. For example, support vector machine, xgboost, etc.

I will resize the image matrix to a long vector and then consider each pixel as a feature. I will try different models and select the model with best performance.