



ALREADY GONE

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How to Read This Book

This book is short on purpose.

No frameworks. No worksheets. Just observations.

Patterns that show up in company after company. Conversations that happened too late. Signals that were there but went unnoticed.

This book is for anyone who's ever been surprised by a resignation. For the executive who thought retention was fine until three senior people quit in the same quarter. For the manager who's trying to keep a team together without the tools or visibility to see what's actually happening.

Each entry stands alone. Read them in order or skip to whatever title pulls you in. Some will land immediately. Others won't matter until someone on your team resigns and you remember something you read here.

The goal isn't to give you a system. It's to change what you see.

Most books about retention tell you what to do. This one shows you what you're not seeing. The title is the thesis: by the time you know someone's leaving, they're already gone. The decision was made. You just weren't in the room.

You'll recognize some of these stories. You might have lived them. You might be living one right now without knowing it.

If you finish this book and start paying attention to the quiet person in your next meeting, it worked.

Section 1: The Decision Already Happened

Entry 1: Four Months Before

A senior engineer never told his manager he was thinking about leaving.

Except he did. Four months before he resigned.

His manager didn't hear it that way. He heard a question about promotion paths.

Replied with "we'll figure it out."

The engineer heard something different. He heard: you're not a priority.

He stopped pushing. Started taking recruiter calls instead.

His manager found out the day he resigned. Asked if there was anything that could change his mind.

There wasn't. That conversation happened four months too late.

Why didn't he push harder? Make it clearer he was serious?

"What was I supposed to say? 'Take me seriously or I'll leave?' That's a threat. That changes the relationship. If they only care because you threaten to leave, what does that tell you?"

He's right.

The best people don't threaten to leave. They just leave.

By the time someone asks "what can we do to keep you?" the answer is usually nothing.
The decision was made months ago. You just weren't in the room when it happened.

Entry 2: The Resignation Wasn't the Decision

The resignation letter isn't when someone decides to leave.

It's when they tell you about a decision they made weeks or months earlier.

The decision happens in silence. In a meeting where they raise something and get dismissed. In a 1:1 where they hint at frustration and hear "let's revisit that next quarter."

The decision happens when they realize nobody's coming to help.

After that, everything changes. They stop volunteering for projects. They stop pushing back on timelines.

Most managers see this as progress. Finally bought in. Easier to work with.

It's not progress. It's preparation.

They're not getting easier. They're getting ready to leave.

The resignation letter is paperwork. The decision happened long before you saw it.

Entry 3: They Didn't Leave for Money

The exit interview said compensation.

It always says compensation.

Here's what actually happened: Three months before she resigned, she asked about a senior role. Her manager said the timing wasn't right. She asked again six weeks later. Same answer.

She stopped asking.

Her manager thought she'd accepted the timeline. Made peace with it.

He was wrong.

She'd stopped asking because she'd started interviewing.

When the offer came from another company, it was 15% more. Not life-changing money. But the new company offered something her current one wouldn't: an answer.

Yes, here's the role. Here's what we need from you to get there.

She didn't leave for the money. She left for the clarity.

The money just made it easier to justify.

Exit interviews capture what people are willing to say out loud. They don't capture the conversation that should have happened but didn't.

Entry 4: The Exit Interview Lie

Exit interviews are where companies go to feel better about turnover they could have prevented.

Nobody tells the truth in an exit interview. Why would they?

The person conducting it often works in HR. The answers go into a system somewhere. The departing employee needs a reference. The bridge isn't worth burning for the satisfaction of honesty.

So they say something safe. Compensation. Better opportunity.

All technically true. None of it the real reason.

The real reason is usually a relationship. A manager who didn't listen. A company that said growth mattered and then proved it didn't.

You can't put that in a form.

Exit interviews measure what people are willing to document. They don't measure what actually happened.

If you're using exit interview data to understand why people leave, you're reading the cover story. The real story left with them.

Entry 5: 67 Days

Three senior engineers quit within six weeks. Same department. None of the resignations were expected.

The timeline told a different story.

The first engineer started taking calls during standup 42 days before he resigned. His manager noticed but didn't think much of it.

The second stopped volunteering for projects 38 days out. His manager was relieved. Thought he was finally focusing on his core work.

The third went quiet in architecture reviews. He'd been the loudest voice in the room for two years. 29 days later, he was gone. His manager assumed he'd made peace with the technical direction.

67 days of warning signs on average. Three managers saw the behaviors. None connected them to flight risk.

Why would they? Each manager only sees their own team. The pattern was invisible until someone laid the resignations side by side.

\$960K in replacement costs. The signals were there for over two months.

Nobody was looking at the whole picture.

Entry 6: What "I'm Fine" Actually Means

"How's everything going?"

"Fine."

That exchange happens thousands of times a day in companies everywhere. Manager checks in. Employee gives the expected answer. Both move on.

But "fine" isn't data. It's a door closing.

When someone says they're fine, they're not telling you how they feel. They're telling you they don't think this conversation is worth the risk of honesty.

Maybe they raised something before and nothing changed. Maybe they've already decided this job is temporary and they're just waiting for the next one to come through.

"Fine" is what people say when they've stopped believing the conversation matters.

The problem isn't that employees won't talk. It's that they've learned talking doesn't help.

If everyone on your team says they're fine, you don't have a happy team. You have a team that's stopped telling you things.

Entry 7: The Meeting They Had Without You

While you were in your leadership meeting, your best engineer was on a call with a recruiter.

You don't know this. You won't know until weeks later when they give notice.

The recruiter asked about their current role. They said it was fine. Good company.

The recruiter asked what was missing.

They paused. Then they told a stranger what they hadn't told you: they'd asked about a promotion twice and got vague answers. Their manager was fine but stretched too thin to really advocate for them. They used to feel like they were building something. Now they felt like they were maintaining it.

The recruiter listened. You hadn't.

Not because you don't care. Because you were never in the room when they said it out loud. They said it to someone with nothing at stake. No pressure to manage the message.

The recruiter learned more in fifteen minutes than you'd learned in two years.

That meeting already happened. You just weren't invited.

Entry 8: When Silence Started

There's a moment when someone stops fighting for something they care about.

Before that moment, they push. They raise concerns in meetings. They challenge decisions they disagree with.

After that moment, they stop.

Most managers experience this as relief. The difficult employee got easier. The high-maintenance one stopped being high-maintenance.

What actually happened: they gave up.

Not on the work. On the belief that pushing would make a difference.

The silence isn't peace. It's resignation before the resignation.

If you manage someone who used to have strong opinions and now agrees with everything, don't celebrate. Ask what changed.

The answer is usually: they stopped believing anyone was listening.

Entry 9: The Question They Stopped Asking

She asked about the senior architect role three times in Q1.

By Q2, she'd stopped asking.

Her manager noticed but read it as acceptance. She understood the timing wasn't right. She'd bought in. She was being patient.

He was wrong.

She'd stopped asking because she'd started interviewing.

The question wasn't gone. She was just asking it somewhere else. To recruiters. To hiring managers at other companies who might actually have an answer.

When someone stops asking for something they clearly wanted, there are only two explanations. Either they no longer want it, or they no longer believe you'll give it to them.

It's almost never the first one.

The questions people stop asking are the most important ones to notice. That's where the decision is forming.

Entry 10: The Threat They'll Never Make

The best people don't threaten to leave.

They consider it unprofessional. They don't want to damage the relationship or get what they want only because they forced the issue.

So they hint. They ask questions. They raise concerns through proper channels and wait for someone to notice.

When no one does, they don't escalate to threats. They escalate to action.

The resignation comes as a surprise because there was no warning shot. No ultimatum.

They skipped that step. It felt beneath them.

The most professional people on your team are the ones most likely to leave without warning. They won't threaten. They'll just decide.

By the time you know, they've already made up their mind, and they did it quietly, the same way they do everything else.

Entry 11: Already Interviewing

The resignation feels sudden. It never is.

By the time someone sits down to tell you they're leaving, they've already had conversations with recruiters. They've updated their LinkedIn. They've taken calls from their car during lunch. They've done at least two rounds of interviews somewhere else.

They've imagined their life without this job. They've pictured the goodbye email. They've rehearsed what they'll say to you in this exact moment.

The resignation is the last step in a process that started weeks or months ago. You're learning about it at the end, not the beginning.

The question isn't why they didn't tell you sooner. They couldn't. The moment they say "I'm exploring options," the relationship changes. They become a flight risk. A problem to manage. A seat to backfill.

So they stay quiet until they have something signed. Until leaving is certain. Until the decision is made and irreversible.

You're not being told late. You're being told exactly when they planned to tell you: after it was too late to change anything.

Entry 12: The Counteroffer Is Too Late

The counteroffer is an admission.

It says: we could have done this earlier. We had the ability. We just didn't use it until you forced our hand.

That's what makes counteroffers so insulting to the person receiving them. Not the money. The timing.

If you could give me a 20% raise today, you could have given it to me six months ago when I asked about compensation. If you could promote me now, you could have promoted me last quarter when I raised it in my review.

You didn't. You waited until I had another offer. Until I proved I was serious by finding someone else who valued me.

Most people who accept counteroffers leave within a year anyway. Not because the money wasn't enough. Because they can't forget what it took to get it.

They had to threaten to leave to be heard. They had to find external validation before internal recognition showed up.

The counteroffer doesn't fix the relationship. It confirms what was already broken.

Entry 13: The Last Time They Pushed Back

Think about the person on your team who used to argue.

The one who questioned decisions. Who raised concerns in meetings. Who pushed back on timelines they thought were unrealistic.

When did they stop?

Not why. When.

Because there was a moment. A meeting where they raised something and it went nowhere. A suggestion that got dismissed. A concern that was heard but not acted on.

After that, they made a calculation. They decided the cost of pushing back was higher than the cost of staying quiet. So they stopped.

Most managers don't notice the moment. They notice the quiet that comes after and misread it.

"She's really come around." "He's finally being a team player." "They've matured."

No. They've given up.

The last time someone pushed back is the most important data point you're not tracking. That's when they decided you weren't going to help. That's when the countdown started.

Entry 14: Why They Won't Tell You the Truth

Telling your manager you're unhappy is a risk.

If it goes well, maybe something changes. If it goes poorly, you've just labeled yourself. The complainer. The one who isn't committed.

Most people run the math and decide silence is safer.

They've seen what happens to people who speak up. The ones who raised concerns and got managed out. The ones who were honest in a skip-level and found their relationship with their manager suddenly colder.

The lesson is clear: honesty has consequences. Silence doesn't.

So they tell you what you want to hear. Everything's fine. The project's on track. They save the truth for people who can't hurt them. Friends. Spouses. Recruiters.

The problem isn't that your team doesn't trust you personally. The problem is that the system has taught them trust is expensive. They've decided you're not worth the risk.

That's not a reflection of your character. It's a reflection of what the organization has shown them about the cost of honesty.

Entry 15: What Your Dashboard Shows vs. What's Happening

The dashboard says retention is 94%.

The dashboard doesn't know that your best engineer has a final-round interview next Tuesday. It doesn't know that two people on the product team have updated their LinkedIn profiles this month. It doesn't know that the silence in last week's all-hands wasn't agreement. It was disengagement.

Dashboards measure what already happened. They count the resignations after they're submitted. They report turnover at the end of the quarter, when the decisions were made months before.

The metrics that matter aren't in your dashboard. They're in the patterns nobody's tracking.

Who stopped asking questions? Who used to volunteer and doesn't anymore?

Those signals exist. They're just not in a system. They're scattered across 1:1s and Slack channels and team meetings. Each manager sees a piece. Nobody sees the whole picture.

Your dashboard will tell you someone left. It won't tell you they decided to leave 90 days ago while the dashboard still showed everything was fine.

By now you're thinking about someone.

Someone on your team who got easier to manage in the last few months. Someone who used to push back and doesn't anymore. Someone who stopped asking about the promotion or the path forward.

You're wondering if they've already decided.

They might have. You won't know until they tell you, and by then, the decision will be weeks or months old.

That's the first problem: you can't see it coming.

The second problem is worse. Every departure you didn't see coming has a cost, and the cost is almost certainly higher than whatever number is in your head right now.