Glossed text

See p. 112-113 in:

Foley, William A. 2013. Yimas-Arafundi Pidgin. In: Michaelis, Susanne Maria & Maurer, Philippe & Haspelmath, Martin & Huber, Magnus (eds.) *The Survey of Pidgin and Creole Languages, Vol. III: Contact Languages Based on Languages from Africa, Asia, Australia, and the Americas*, 105-113. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

awkum kundamwin

woman two

Two women

mambi kəpan wakən mən nuŋgum woman two then big snake that people The villagers killed a big snake,

mwinja kumbut asəŋ tu-mbi, mambi kra-mbi am-nan people village PL kill-DEP then cut-DEP eat-NONFUT cut it up and ate it from a clay pot.

yani kandək yani kandək kra-mbi am-(m)bi clay.pot OBL clay.pot OBL cut-DEP eat-DEP They cut it up and sat down eating it from a clay pot.

tandaw-nan kənjasəm waria mungat kəpan mungat sit-NONFUT afternoon wind rain big rain And then in the afternoon wind and big rain came up.

mənda kwarisa-nan nanga kwarisa-mbi, wut and.then arise-NONFUT where arise-DEP night It came up from somewhere and then night fell.

mənda tə-nan tə-mbi, mambi aykum and.then become-NONFUT become-DEP then woman It fell, and then two women

kundamwin irəpm kandək mənda wapat-nan two coconut.palm OBL and.then climb-NONFUT climbed up a coconut palm.

wapat-mbi, yəm kumbut mən kut-nan climb-DEP water village that drop.in-NONFUT Having climbed up, (they saw) water had drowned the village.

kur-mbi, mən kundamwin wapat-mbi irəpm drop.in-DEP 3 two climb-DEP coconut.palm (Seeing that) it had drowned it, they both climbed a coconut palm

kandək kuran mənda awt-nan mambi awt-mbi
OBL coconut and.then get-NONFUT then get-DEP
and then got a coconut. They got it

yəm kandək wambaki-mbi mambi yəm mənda water OBL throw-DEP then water and then and threw it into the water, but the water was still there.

tandaw-mbi ta-nan wambaki-nan yəm kandək sit-DEP IPFV-NONFUT throw-DEP water OBL They threw it into the water.

yəm mən kəpan yəm anak yəm mənda tandaw-mbi water that big water COP water and then sit-DEP The water was big. The water was still there.

ta-nan yəm mən muri-mbi ta-nan kakan IPFV-NONFUT water that flee-DEP IPFV-NONFUT NEG The water wasn't draining away yet.

mambi man kuraŋ awt-nan yəm kandək
then other coconut get-NONFUT water OBL
Then they got another coconut; it went down into the

anguri-nan yəm mən muri-mbi go.down.in.water-NONFUT water that flee-DEP water. The water wasn't draining away yet.

ta-nan kakan yəm mənda tandaw-mbi
IPFV-NONFUT NEG water and.then sit-DEP
The water was still there.

ta-nan mambi tandaw-mbi, kəpan wut kandək IPFV-NONFUT then stay-DEP big night OBL and so it continued, and at midnight

man kuran awt-nan mambi wambaki-nan other coconut get-NONFUT then throw-NONFUT they got another coconut and threw it down.

wambaki-mbi, kamda yəm kandək throw-DEP only water OBL They threw it, but it hit only water.

anguri-nan yəm mən tandaw-mbi go.down.in.water-NONFUT water that sit-DEP The water was still there; it wasn't

ta-nan, muri-mbi ta-nan kakan mba

IPFV-NONFUT flee-DEP IPFV-NONFUT NEG enough draining away yet. And so it

mambi tandaw-mbi, man mənda awt-nan awt-mbi then sit-DEP other and.then get-NONFUT get-DEP continued, and they got another (coconut). They got it

wambaki-mbi, mambi andi kandək tumuk-nan andi throw-DEP then land OBL fall-NONFUT land and threw it, then it fell to ground. After it had kandək tumuk-mbi, man aykum mən namban OBL fall-DEP other woman that DAT fallen to ground, one woman said to the other:

mariak-nan: "mba, andi anak. yəm mən mba say-NONFUT now land COP water that now "Now, there's land. The water has drained away.

mut-pan. kaŋəm kwarisa-mbi ta-nan. mambi flee-NONFUT dry.season arise-DEP IPFV-NONFUT then The dry time is beginning.

tim mən ya-kiak-nan" tim mən ya-kiak-mbi, sun that come-night-NONFUT sun that come-night-DEP

The sun has come out." After the sun had come out, 1

mən kundamwin ilŋgapu-nan andi kandək anditwo go.down.NONFUT land OBL landthey both went down to the ground.

kandək yambara-mbi, tim mən ya-kiak-mbi mənda
OBL stand-DEP sun that come-night-DEP and.then
Standing on the ground and with the sun having come out,

tay-nan: "e, nungum mwinja mba kumbrak-mbi see-NONFUT hey people people now break-DEP they both looked around: "Hey, the people are already dead (literally 'broken').

məndək-nan. yəm kumbrak-nan"
PERF-NONFUT water break-NONFUT
The water has killed them."

¹ The use of the 'at night, in darkness' suffix -kiak is probably due to interference from Yimas. It is nowhere else in the corpus, and the narrator is a native speaker of Yimas.