Computational aspects of some simple statistical models on the Bayesian approach using STAN: basic concepts

 $https://github.com/clobos/Seminario_STAN_UFBA$

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UFBA (26/08/2020)

- What is Stan?
- Introduction to Bayes Theorem
- Beta prior + Binomial Likelihood
- Bayesian Logistic Regression
- 5 More R packages based on Stan
- References

Section 1

What is Stan?

What is Stan?

Stan is a probabilistic programming language for specifying statistical models. As of version 2.2.0, Stan provides full Bayesian inference for continuous-variable models through Markov chain Monte Carlo methods such as the No-U-Turn sampler, an adaptive form of Hamiltonian Monte Carlo sampling. Penalized maximum likelihood estimates are calculated using optimization methods such as the Broyden-Fletcher-Goldfarb-Shanno algorithm.

Section 2

Introduction to Bayes Theorem

Bayes Theorem

$$f(\theta|\mathsf{data}) = \frac{f(\mathsf{data}, \theta)}{f(\mathsf{data})} = \frac{f(\mathsf{data}|\theta)f(\theta)}{\int_{\theta \in \Theta} f(\mathsf{data}|\theta)f(\theta)d\theta} \propto f(\mathsf{data}|\theta)f(\theta)$$
 (1)

where

- $f(\theta|Data)$ Posterior distribution
- $f(data|\theta)$ Likelihood function
- $f(\theta)$ Prior distribution
- f(data) Normalizing constant

Beta posterior \propto Beta prior \times Binomial likelihood

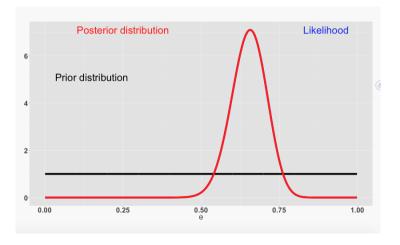


Figure 1: Beta(1,1) non-informative prior

Beta posterior \propto Beta prior \times Binomial likelihood

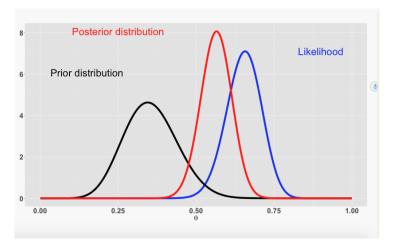


Figure 2: Beta(11,20) informative prior

Section 3

Beta prior + Binomial Likelihood

Beta posterior distribution based on: Beta prior imes Binomial Likelihood

Let $Y|\theta \sim \text{Binomial}(N,\theta)$ (Likelihood) and $\theta \sim \text{Beta(a,b)}$ (**Prior**) Then, $\theta|Y \sim Beta(a+y,b+N-y)$ (Conjugate families). We observe y=7 successes out of N=10 attempts.

Stan Code

```
beta_binomial2<-
'data {
  int<lower=0> N;
  int<lower=0> y;
parameters {
  real<lower=0,upper=1> theta;
model {
  theta ~ beta(11,20);//Prior
  y ~ binomial(N,theta);//Likelihood
```

Fit a model with Stan

Summary from the posterior distibution

fit_beta_binomial2

```
Inference for Stan model: b4b82b126fa209b8c37593acd50d81e7. 3 chains, each with iter=11000; warmup=1000; thin=10; post-warmup draws per chain=1000, total post-warmup draws=3000.
```

```
mean se_mean sd 2.5% 25% 50% 75% 97.5% n_eff Rhat theta 0.44 0.00 0.08 0.29 0.38 0.44 0.49 0.59 2636 1 lp_ -28.62 0.01 0.72 -30.66 -28.77 -28.34 -28.17 -28.11 2843 1
```

Samples were drawn using NUTS(diag_e) at Fri Aug 21 20:04:49 2020. For each parameter, n_eff is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the potential scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence, Rhat=1).

MCMC diagnostics using the bayesplot package

```
traceplot(fit_beta_binomial2, pars = parameters,
inc_warmup = TRUE)
```

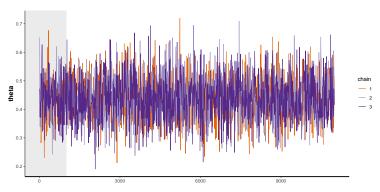


Figure 3: Traceplots for the Beta Binomial example

MCMC diagnostics using the bayesplot package

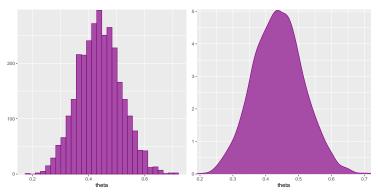


Figure 4: Posterior distributions and traceplots for the beta binomial example

Section 4

Bayesian Logistic Regression

Motivation (the proportion of dead beetles)

These are the number of adult flour beetles which died following a 5-hour exposure to gaseous carbon disulphide.

```
1 1.691 59 6
2 1.724 60 13
3 1.755 62 18
4 1.784 56 28
5 1.811 63 52
6 1.837 59 53
7 1.861 62 61
```

8 1.884 60 60

1Dose

Scatter plot of the proportion of dead beetles versus log(Dose)

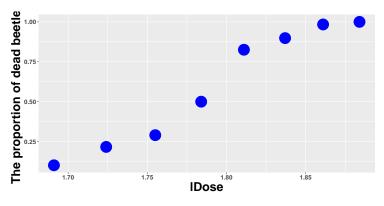


Figure 5: Scatter plot of the proportion of dead beetles versus log(Dose)

Bayesian approach

(Likelihood) $Y_i | \theta_i, x_i \sim Bin(n_i, \theta_i)$ (i = 1, ..., 8), where

$$logit(\theta_i) = log\left(\frac{\theta_i}{1 - \theta_i}\right) = \beta_1 + \beta_2 x_i$$
 (2)

Prior distribution

- $\beta_1 \sim \mathsf{Cauchy}(0, 10)$
- $\beta_2 \sim \text{Cauchy}(0, 2.5)$

(http://www.stat.columbia.edu/~gelman/research/published/priors11.pdf)

Stan code

```
logistic_example<- 'data {
int<lower=0> N;
vector[N] x;
int<lower=0> y[N];
int<lower=0> n[N];
}
parameters {
real beta1;
real beta2;
}
```

Stan code

```
transformed parameters {
real<lower=0, upper=1> prob[N];
for (i in 1:N) {
prob[i] = exp(beta1+beta2*x[i])/(exp(beta1+beta2*x[i])+1);
}}
model {
beta1 \sim cauchy(0,10);
beta2 \sim cauchy(0,2.5);
 ~ binomial_logit(n, beta1 + beta2 * x);
```

Stan code

Summary from the posterior distribution

beta2 33.694 0.059 2.867 28.276 39.354 2396.101 0.999

MCMC diagnostics using the bayesplot package

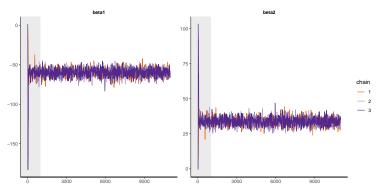


Figure 6: Traceplots for the bayesian logistic regression

MCMC diagnostics using the bayesplot package

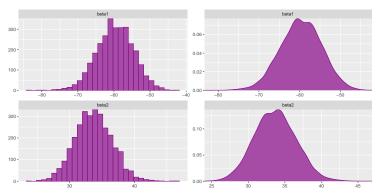


Figure 7: Posterior distributions and traceplots for the bayesian logistic regression

Fitted curve based on bayesian inference

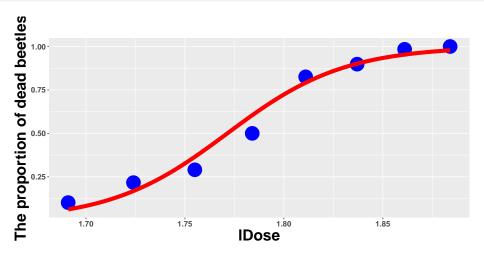


Figure 8: Fitted curve based on the bayesian logistic regression

Do I have more time for the shinystan r package?

```
rm(list=ls())
load("logistic_fit1.Rdata")
launch_shinystan(logistic_fit)
```

Section 5

More R packages based on Stan

More R packages based on Stan

- Bayesian Applied Regression Modeling via Stan: 'rstanarm' r package.
- Interactive Visual and Numerical Diagnostics and Posterior Analysis for Bayesian Models 'shinystan' r package.

Section 6

References

References

- Baptiste Auguie (2017). gridExtra: Miscellaneous Functions for "Grid" Graphics. R package version 2.3. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=gridExtra
- Jonah Gabry and Tristan Mahr (2020). bayesplot: Plotting for Bayesian Models. R package version 1.7.2. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=bayesplot
- Jonah Gabry (2018). shinystan: Interactive Visual and Numerical Diagnostics and Posterior Analysis for Bayesian Models. R package version 2.5.0. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=shinystan
- Stan Development Team (2018). RStan: the R interface to Stan. R package version 2.18.2. http://mc-stan.org/.

References

- https://mc-stan.org/docs/2_24/stan-users-guide/index.html
- https://mc-stan.org/docs/2_24/reference-manual/index.html
- https://mc-stan.org/docs/2_24/functions-reference/index.html
- https://cran.r-project.org/web/views/Bayesian.html
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uSjsJg8fcwY