

# Chapter 1

## Library clodomir\_induction

Capítulo 2 - Proof by Induction (Induction)

Exemplos induction

**Theorem** *plus\_x\_O* :  $\forall x : \text{nat},$   
 $x = x + 0.$

**Theorem** *minus\_diag* :  $\forall x,$   
 $x - x = 0.$

Exercise: 2 stars, standard, recommended (basic\_induction)

**Theorem** *mult\_0\_r* :  $\forall x : \text{nat},$   
 $x \times 0 = 0.$

**Theorem** *plus\_x\_Sy* :  $\forall x y : \text{nat},$   
 $S (x + y) = x + (S y).$

**Theorem** *plus\_comm* :  $\forall x y : \text{nat},$   
 $x + y = y + x.$

**Theorem** *plus\_assoc* :  $\forall x y z : \text{nat},$   
 $x + (y + z) = (x + y) + z.$

Exercise: 2 stars, standard (double\_plus)

**Fixpoint** *double* ( $x : \text{nat}$ ) :=  
  **match**  $x$  **with**  
  |  $O \Rightarrow O$   
  |  $S x' \Rightarrow S (S (\text{double } x'))$   
  **end.**

**Lemma** *double\_plus* :  $\forall x, \text{double } x = x + x .$

Exercise: 2 stars, standard, optional (evenb\_S)

**Theorem** *evenb\_S* :  $\forall x : \text{nat},$   
 $\text{evenb } (S x) = \text{negb } (\text{evenb } x).$

Exemplo assert

**Theorem** *mult\_0\_plus'* :  $\forall x y : nat,$   
 $(0 + x) \times y = x \times y.$

**Theorem** *plus\_rearrange* :  $\forall x y z t : nat,$   
 $(x + y) + (z + t) = (y + x) + (z + t).$

**Theorem** *plus\_assoc'* :  $\forall x y z : nat,$   
 $x + (y + z) = (x + y) + z.$

**Theorem** *plus\_assoc''* :  $\forall x y z : nat,$   
 $x + (y + z) = (x + y) + z.$

Exercise: 2 stars, advanced, recommended (*plus\_comm\_informal*)

Translate your solution for *plus\_comm* into an informal proof:

**Theorem:** Addition is commutative.

*Theorem:* For any  $n$  and  $m$ ,  $n + m = m + n$

**Proof :** By induction on  $n$ .

- First, suppose  $n = 0$ . We must show:  $0 + m = m + 0$ , it follows from the definition of  $+$ .
- Next, suppose  $n = S\ n'$ , with  $n' + m = m + n'$ , then  $S\ n' + m = m + S\ n'$  – apply  $+$  and *plus\_n\_Sm*  $S\ (n' + m) = S\ (m + n')$  – apply hypothesis  $S\ (m + n') = S\ (m + n')$ .

**Qed.**

**Theorem** *plus\_swap* :  $\forall x y z : nat,$   
 $x + (y + z) = y + (x + z).$

**Theorem** *mult\_x\_0* :  $\forall x : nat,$   
 $x \times 0 = 0.$

**Theorem** *mult\_x\_Sy* :  $\forall x y : nat,$   
 $x \times S\ y = x + x \times y.$

**Theorem** *mult\_comm* :  $\forall x y : nat,$   
 $x \times y = y \times x.$

**Check** *leb*.

**Theorem** *leb\_refl* :  $\forall x : nat,$   
 $true = leb\ x\ x.$

**Theorem** *zero\_neqb\_S* :  $\forall x : nat,$   
 $eqb\ 0\ (S\ x) = false.$

**Theorem** *andb\_false\_r* :  $\forall b : bool,$   
 $andb\ b\ false = false.$

**Theorem** *plus\_leb\_compat\_l* :  $\forall x y z : nat,$   
 $leb\ x\ y = true \rightarrow leb\ (z + x)\ (z + y) = true.$

Theorem *S\_neqb\_0* :  $\forall x : \text{nat},$   
 $\text{eqb } (S \ x) \ 0 = \text{false}.$

Theorem *mult\_1\_l* :  $\forall x : \text{nat},$   
 $1 \times x = x.$

Theorem *all3\_spec* :  $\forall b \ c : \text{bool},$   
 $\text{orb } (\text{andb } b \ c) \ (\text{orb } (\text{negb } b) \ (\text{negb } c)) = \text{true}.$

Theorem *mult\_plus\_distr\_r* :  $\forall x \ y \ z : \text{nat},$   
 $(x + y) \times z = (x \times z) + (y \times z).$

Theorem *mult\_assoc* :  $\forall x \ y \ z : \text{nat},$   
 $x \times (y \times z) = (x \times y) \times z.$

Theorem *eqb\_refl* :  $\forall x : \text{nat},$   
 $\text{true} = \text{eqb } x \ x.$

Theorem *plus\_swap'* :  $\forall x \ y \ z : \text{nat},$   
 $x + (y + z) = y + (x + z).$

Module *binnats*.

Inductive *bin* : Set :=  
| *O* : bin  
| *D* : bin  $\rightarrow$  bin  
| *P* : bin  $\rightarrow$  bin.

Fixpoint *bininc* (b:bin) : bin :=  
match b with  
| *O*  $\Rightarrow$  *P O*  
| *D b'*  $\Rightarrow$  *P b'*  
| *P b'*  $\Rightarrow$  *D (bininc b')*  
end.

Fixpoint *bin2nat* (b:bin) : nat :=  
match b with  
| *O*  $\Rightarrow$  0  
| *D b'*  $\Rightarrow$  double (bin2nat b')  
| *P b'*  $\Rightarrow$  S (double (bin2nat b'))  
end.

Theorem *bin2nat\_bininc\_comm* :  $\forall b:\text{bin},$   
 $\text{bin2nat } (\text{bininc } b) = S \ (\text{bin2nat } b).$

Fixpoint *nat2bin* (n:nat) : bin :=  
match n with  
| 0  $\Rightarrow$  *O*  
| S n'  $\Rightarrow$  bininc (nat2bin n')  
end.

Theorem *nat2bin2nat\_id* :  $\forall n:\text{nat},$

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    bin2nat (nat2bin n) = n.

Eval simpl in (nat2bin (bin2nat O)).
Eval simpl in (nat2bin (bin2nat (D (D (D O))))).

Fixpoint normalize (b:bin) : bin :=
  match b with
  | O ⇒ O
  | D b' ⇒ match normalize b' with
            | O ⇒ O
            | nb ⇒ D nb
          end
  | P b' ⇒ P (normalize b')
  end.

Definition imp_id_proof := fun (p:Prop) ⇒ (fun (d:p) ⇒ d).

Check imp_id_proof (3=3).
Check imp_id_proof (3=3) (refl_equal 3).

Theorem imp_id : ∀ P:Prop, P → P.

Print imp_id.

    Eval simpl in bininc (normalize (D (P (D O)))) = (normalize (P (P (D O)))).

Definition bindouble (b:bin) : bin :=
  match b with
  | O ⇒ O
  | D n' ⇒ D (D n')
  | P n' ⇒ D (P n')
  end.

Lemma bininc_twice : ∀ b:bin,
  bininc (bininc (bindouble b)) = bindouble (bininc b).

Lemma double_bindouble : ∀ n:nat,
  nat2bin (double n) = (bindouble (nat2bin n)).

Lemma bininc_bindouble: ∀ b:bin,
  bininc (bindouble b) = P b.

Theorem bin2nat2bin_n_eq_norm_n : ∀ b:bin,
  nat2bin (bin2nat b) = normalize b.

End binnats.

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