

PAULA GEARON

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# GRAPH DATABASES

# TRIPLES

Many ways of labeling the same things

- ▶ Entity – Attribute – Value
- ▶ Subject – Predicate – Object
- ▶ Source – Edge – Target
- ▶ Object – Property – Value

TABLES AS TRIPLES

id	first-name	last-name	age	child
1	"Luke"	"Skywalker"	19	NULL
2	"Anakin"	"Skywalker"	41	1

:node1 :first-name "Luke"  
:node1 :last-name "Skywalker"  
:node1 :age 19  
:node2 :first-name "Anakin"  
:node2 :last-name "Skywalker"  
:node2 :age 41  
:node2 :child :node1

# OBJECTS AS TRIPLES

```
[
  { "first-name": "Luke",
    "last-name": "Skywalker",
    "age": 19 },
  { "first-name": "Anakin",
    "last-name": "Skywalker",
    "age": 41,
    "child":
      { "first-name": "Luke"... } }
]
```

```
:node1 :first-name "Luke"
:node1 :last-name  "Skywalker"
:node1 :age        19

:node2 :first-name "Anakin"
:node2 :last-name  "Skywalker"
:node2 :age        41
:node2 :child      :node1
```

# BASIC STRUCTURE



## BASIC STRUCTURE

---

```
:first-name "Luke"  
:last-name "Skywalker"  
:age      19
```

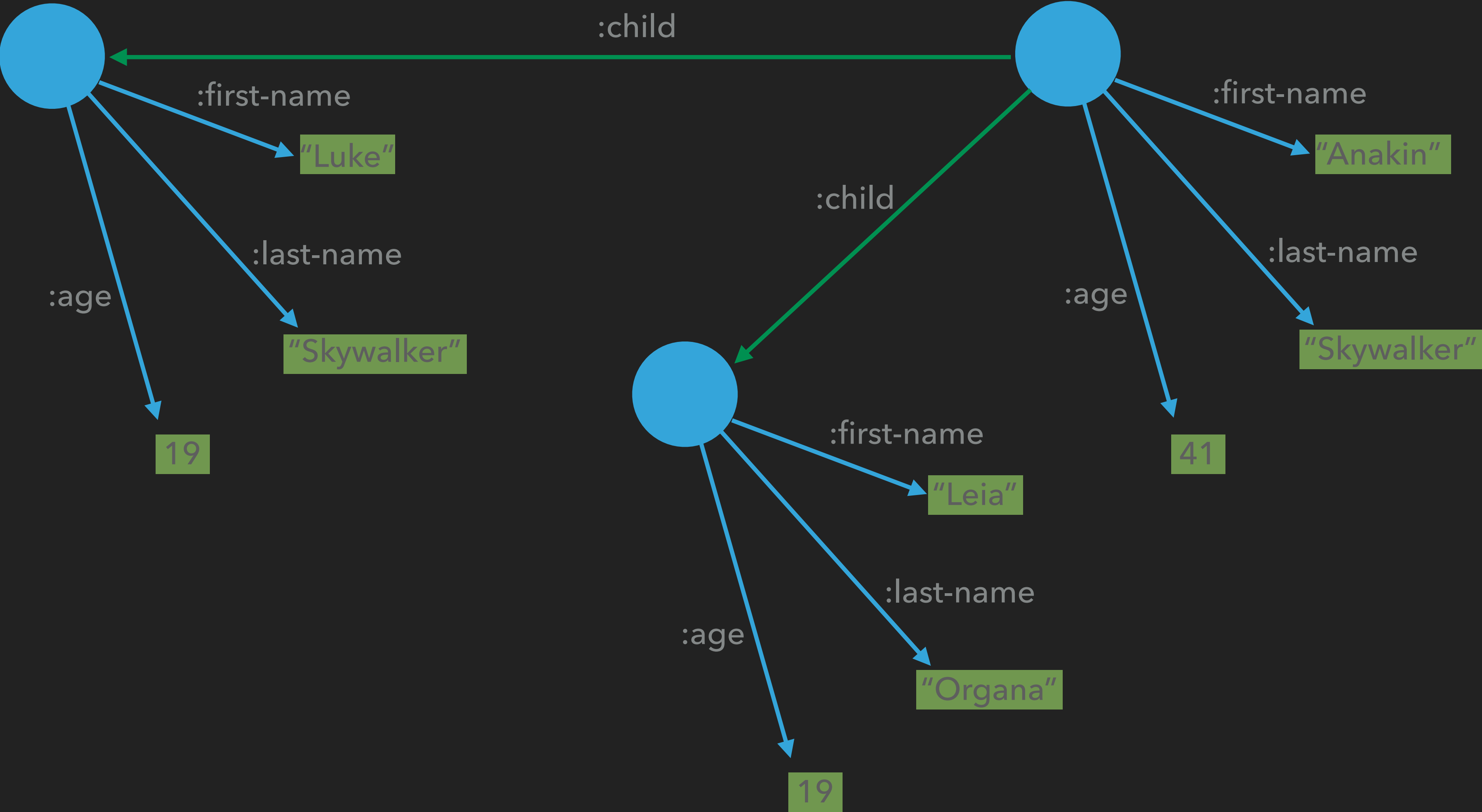
:child

```
:first-name "Anakin"  
:last-name "Skywalker"  
:age      41
```

# MULTIPLE VALUES

{ "id": 1,	:node1	:first-name	"Luke"
"first-name": "Luke",	:node1	:last-name	"Skywalker"
"last-name": "Skywalker",	:node1	:age	19
"age": 19 },			
{ "id: 2,	:node2	:first-name	"Anakin"
"first-name": "Anakin",	:node2	:last-name	"Skywalker"
"last-name": "Skywalker",	:node2	:age	41
"age": 41,	:node2	:child	:node1
"child": [1, 3]},	:node2	:child	:node3
{ "id": 3,			
"first-name": "Leia",	:node3	:first-name	"Leia"
"last-name": "Organa",	:node3	:last-name	"Organa"
"age": 19 }	:node3	:age	19

# BASIC STRUCTURE





# GRAPHS

- ▶ Provides:

- ▶ Contexts

- ▶ Grouping

### Example:

- ▶ Movie Graph

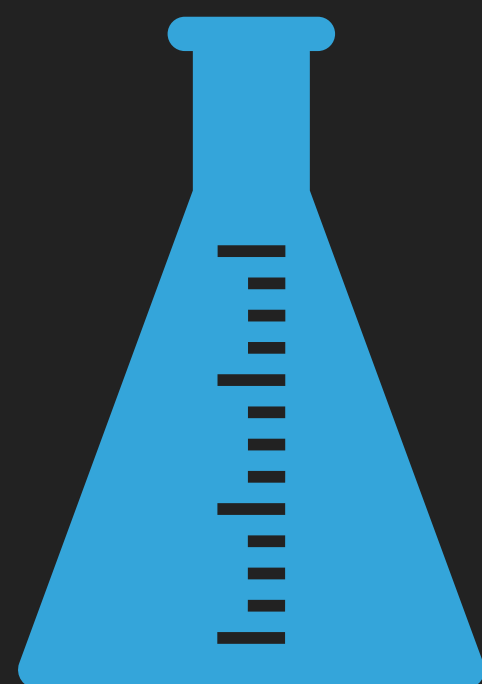
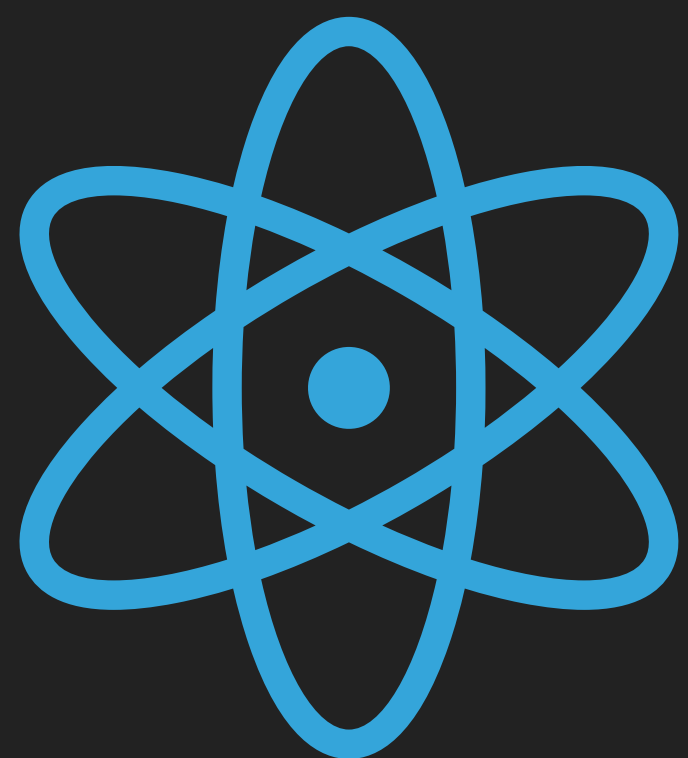
- Darth Vader: Scenes, Lines, Interactions

- ▶ Game Graph

- Darth Vader: Controls, Abilities

METADATA

			Transaction ID	Graph	Timestamp
:node1	:first-name	“Luke”	1	:movie	2024-04-12T14:00:00Z
:node1	:last-name	“Skywalker”	1	:movie	2024-04-12T14:00:00Z
:node1	:age	19	1	:movie	2024-04-12T14:00:00Z
:node2	:first-name	“Anakin”	1	:movie	2024-04-12T14:00:00Z
:node2	:last-name	“Skywalker”	1	:movie	2024-04-12T14:00:00Z
:node2	:age	41	1	:movie	2024-04-12T14:00:00Z
:node2	:child	:node1	1	:movie	2024-04-12T14:00:00Z
:node3	:first-name	“Leia”	2	:movie	2024-04-12T14:10:00Z
:node3	:last-name	“Organa”	2	:movie	2024-04-12T14:10:00Z
:node3	:age	19	2	:movie	2024-04-12T14:10:00Z



DATA

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# LAB 1

READ JSON

---

Load `src/lab1/json.clj`

## READ JSON

---

```
(defn read-json  
  [filename]  
  ;; TODO read a JSON file, with keyword keys  
  )
```

## READ JSON

---

```
(defn read-json  
  [filename]  
  (json/read-str (slurp filename) :key-fn keyword))
```

## LINK TRIPLES

---

```
(defn link->triples
  [nodes link-index {:keys [source target value] :as link}]
  ;; TODO convert a link to a seq of triples
  ;; the nodes are provided since links connect nodes
  )
```

## LINK TRIPLES - OPAQUE NODES

---

```
(defn link->triples
  [nodes link-index {:keys [source target value] :as link}]
  (let [source-node (keyword (str "node" source))
        target-node (keyword (str "node" target))]
    [[source-node :interacts-with target-node]
     [target-node :interacts-with source-node]]))
```



## LINK TRIPLES - NAMED NODES

---

```
(defn link->triples
  [nodes link-index {:keys [source target value] :as link}]
  (let [source-id (node-id (get nodes source))
        target-id (node-id (get nodes target))]
    [[source-id :interacts-with target-id]
     [target-id :interacts-with source-id]]))
```

## LINK TRIPLES - OPAQUE NODES

---

```
(defn link->triples
  [nodes link-index {:keys [source target value] :as link}]
  (let [source-node (node-id (get nodes source))
        target-node (node-id (get nodes target))
        connection (keyword (str "link-" link-index))]
    [[source-node :interacts-with target-node]
     [target-node :interacts-with source-node]
     [connection :type :connection]
     [connection :end source-node]
     [connection :end target-node]
     [connection :count value]]))
```

## NODE TRIPLES

---

```
(defn node->triples
  [node-index {:keys [name value colour] :as node}]
  ;; TODO convert a node to a seq of triples
  )
```

## NODE TRIPLES - OPAQUE NODES

---

```
(defn node->triples
  [node-index {:keys [name value colour] :as node}]
  (let [id (keyword (str "node" node-index))]
    [[id :name (capitalize-name name)]
     [id :value value]
     [id :color colour]]))
```

## NODE TRIPLES - NAMED NODES

---

```
(defn node->triples
  [node-index {:keys [name value colour] :as node}]
  (let [id (node-id node)]
    [[id :name (capitalize-name name)]
     [id :value value]
     [id :color colour]]))
```

## CSV TRIPLES

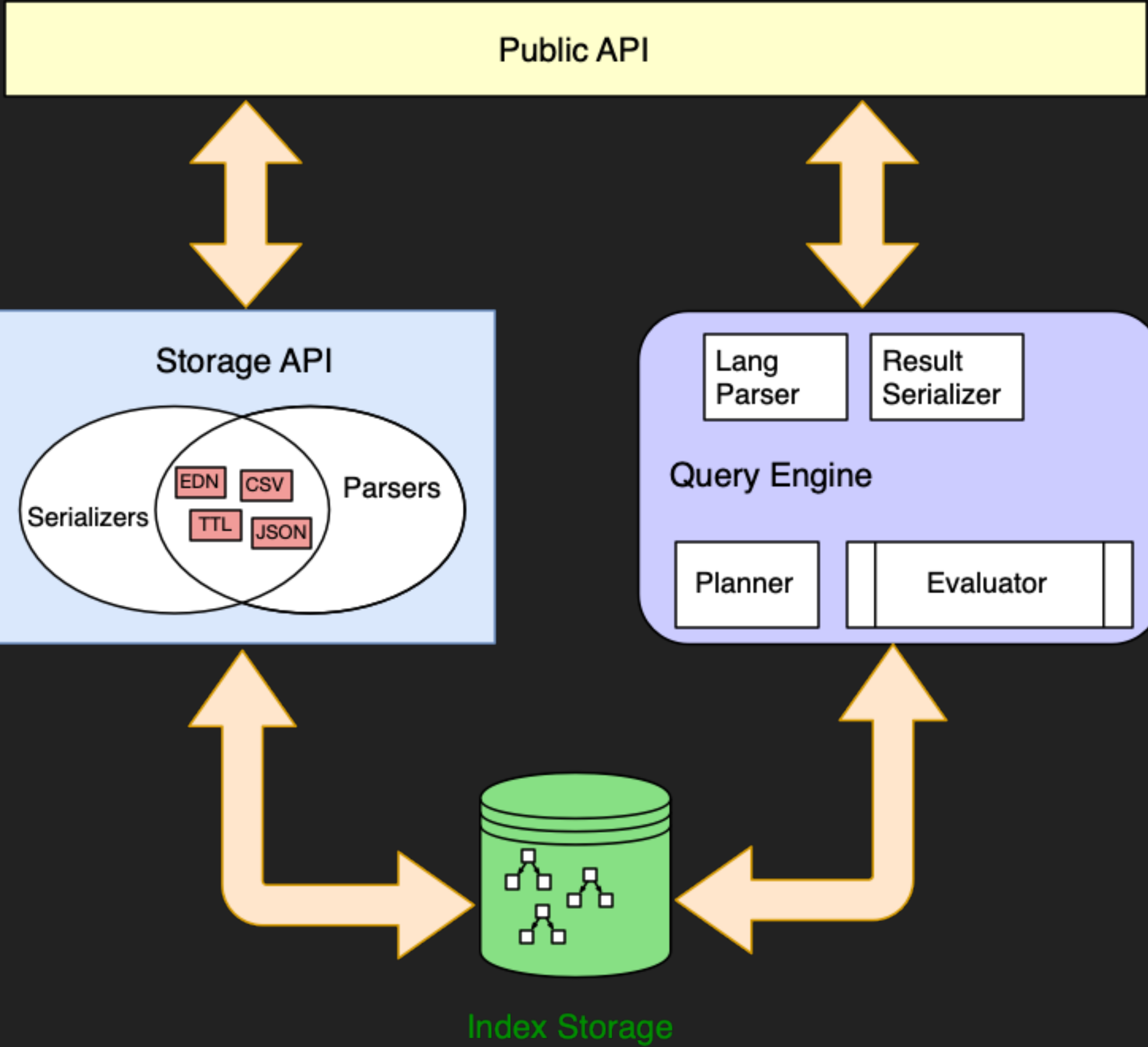
---

```
(defn obj->triples
  "Convert a map to triples"
  ([object] (obj->triples object :app-id))
  ([object key-field]
   (let [id (keyword (str "g" (get object key-field)))]
     ;; TODO convert a node to a seq of triples
     )))
```

## CSV TRIPLES

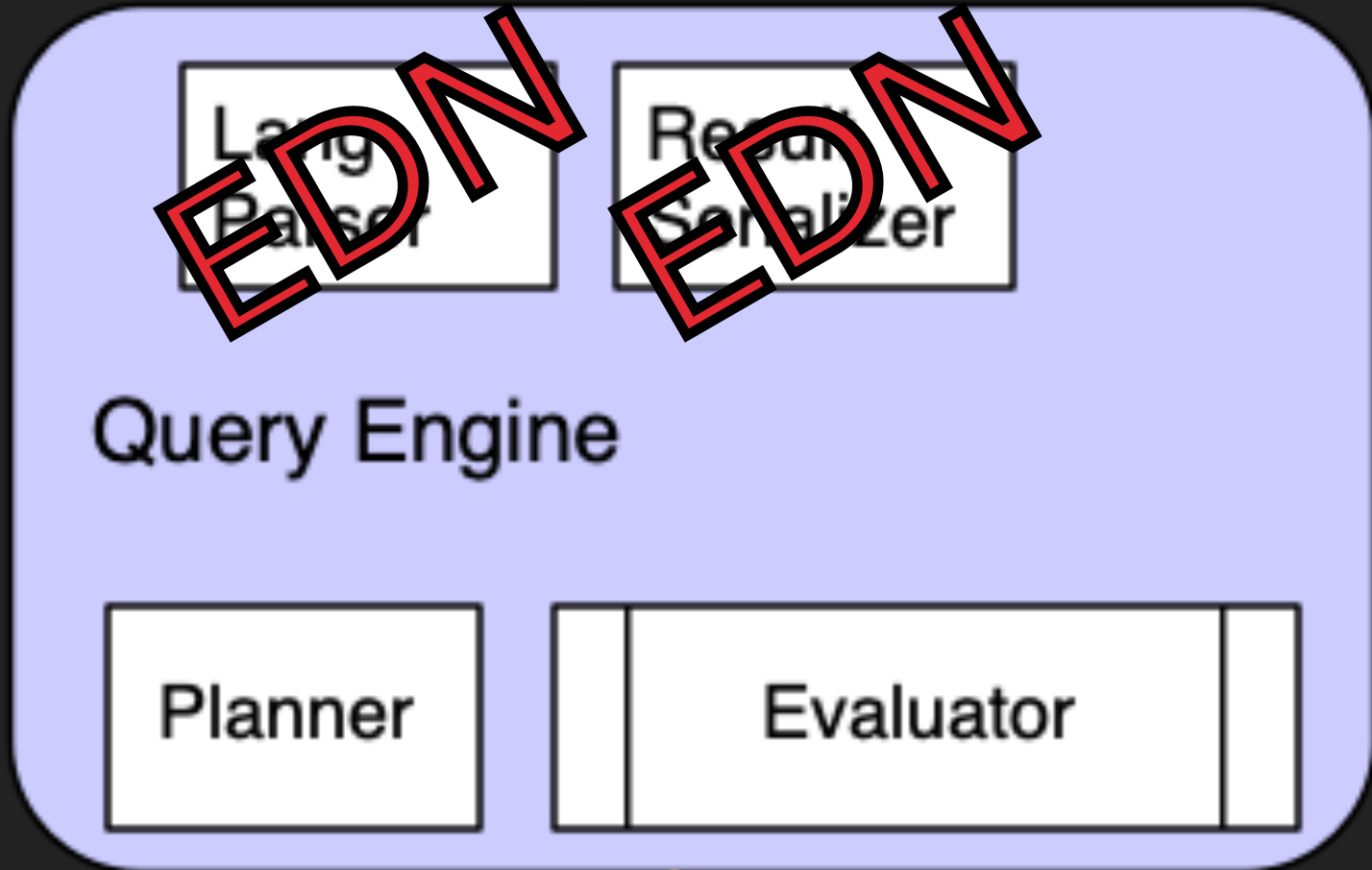
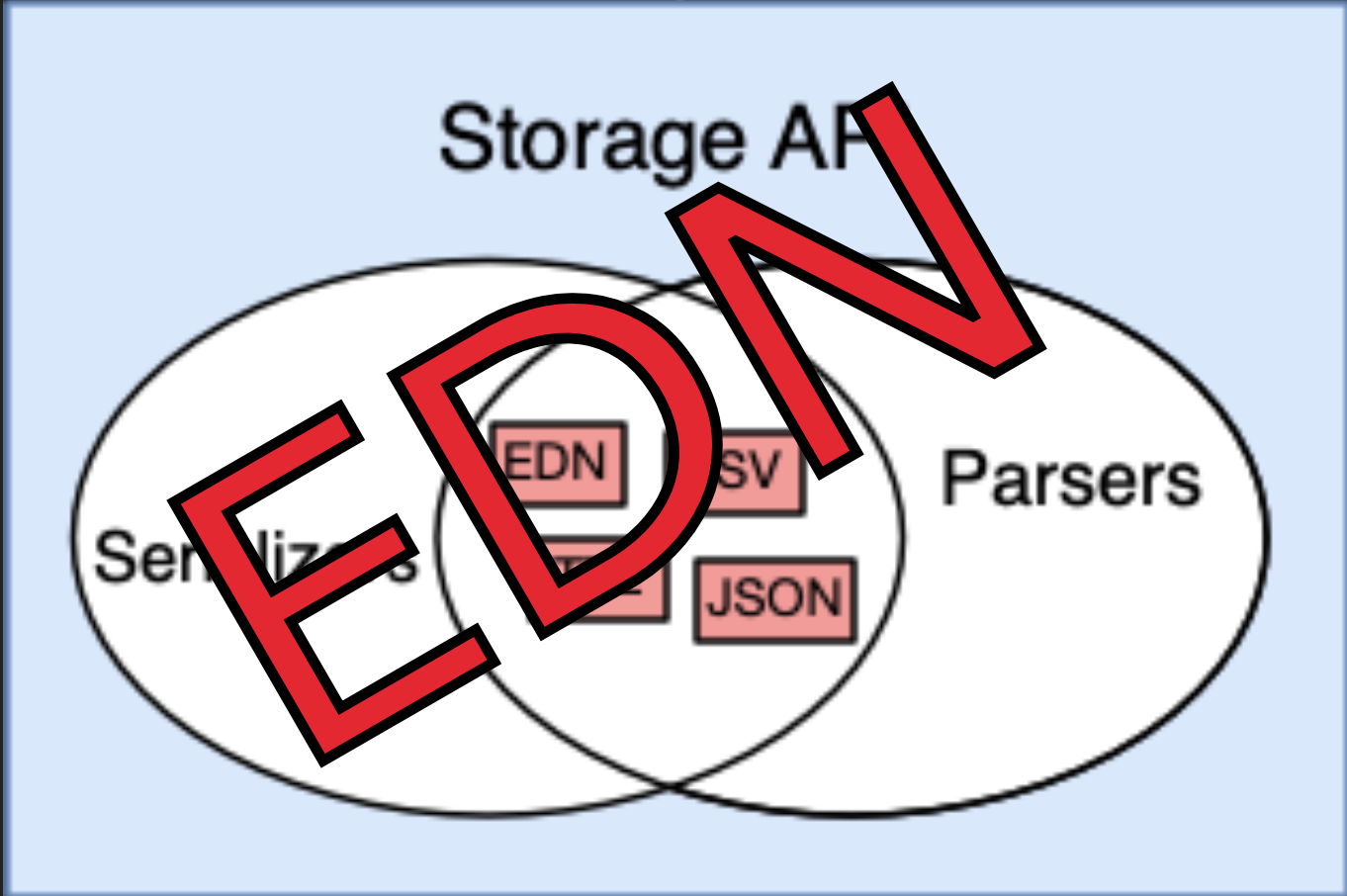
---

```
(defn obj->triples
  "Convert a map to triples"
  ([object] (obj->triples object :app-id))
  ([object key-field]
   (let [id (keyword (str "g" (get object key-field)))]
     (keep (fn [[k v]]
              (when (seq v) [id k v]))
           object))))
```





Public API



Index Storage

# STORAGE

- ▶ Standard database problem
- ▶ Just Triples
  - ▶ Triples plus Index
- ▶ Just Index - triples implied

# STORAGE

- ▶ Standard database problem
- ▶ Just Triples *early Jena*
  - ▶ Triples plus Index *Datascript*
- ▶ Just Index - triples implied *Asami*

# API

- ▶ Import/Export
  - ▶ via File formats
    - ▶ Convert: CSV, TSV, JSON, XML, Parquet...
    - ▶ Native Graph: JSON-LD, Turtle, N3, TriG, RDF/XML, GraphML, DOT

## API

- ▶ Query Languages (text):

- ▶ SPARQL

- ▶ Cypher

- ▶ Datomic

- ▶ GraphQL

*Not fully graph*

- ▶ API

- ▶ Gremlin

- ▶ other...

# QUERY ENGINE

- ▶ Query Operations
  - ▶ Pattern Matching
  - ▶ Joins
  - ▶ Filtering
  - ▶ Path Analysis
  - ▶ Other:
    - ▶ subqueries, aggregates, scalar functions, coalescence...

# QUERY ENGINE

- ▶ Query Operations

- ▶ Pattern Matching

- ▶ Joins

- ▶ Filtering

- ▶ Path Analysis

- ▶ Other:

- ▶ subqueries, aggregates, scalar functions, coalescence...

Example:

All triples with property **:first-name**

:node1 :first-name “Luke”

:node2 :first-name “Anakin”

:node3 :first-name “Leia”

## QUERY ENGINE

- ▶ Query Operations

- ▶ Pattern Matching

- ▶ Joins

- ▶ Filtering

- ▶ Path Analysis

- ▶ Other:

- ▶ subqueries, aggregates, scalar functions, coalescence...

Example:

All :first-names of people aged 19

:node1 :age 19

:node3 :age 19

:node1 :first-name "Luke"

:node3 :first-name "Leia"

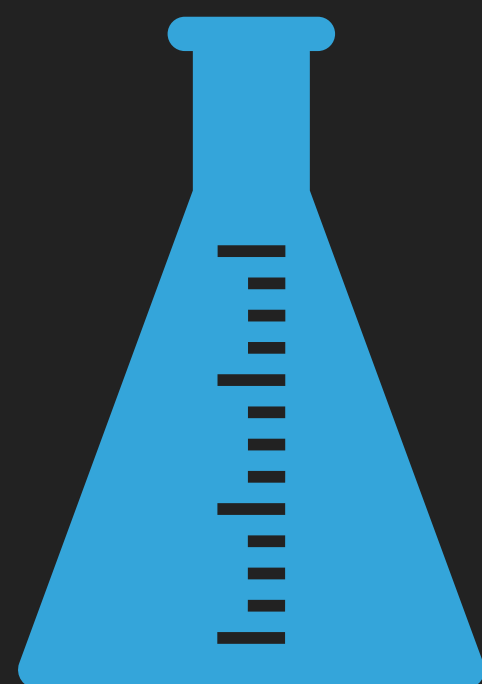
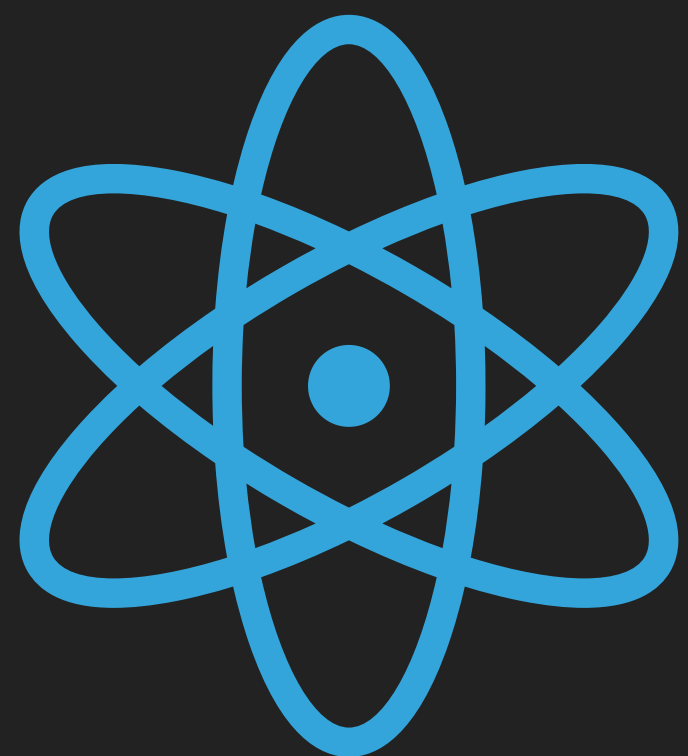


# QUERY ENGINE

- ▶ Query Operations
  - ▶ Pattern Matching
  - ▶ Joins
  - ▶ Filtering
  - ▶ Path Analysis
  - ▶ Other:
    - ▶ subqueries, aggregates, scalar functions, coalescence...

# QUERY ENGINE

- ▶ Update Operations
  - ▶ Create
    - ▶ Combines query operations with import
  - ▶ Delete
    - ▶ Combines query operations with removal (new operation)
- ▶ There is no need for in-place modification in a graph



DATA

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# LAB 2

## DATASCRIP

---

Load `src/lab2/datascript.clj`

```
(defn read-triples  
  [filename]  
  (edn/read-string (slurp filename)))
```

eval:

```
(def triples (read-triples "../../graphs/starwars.edn"))
```

## DATASCRIP

---

```
(defn triples->datoms
  [triples]
  (let [idents (set (map first triples))
        ids (zipmap idents (range -1 (- (inc (count idents)) -1))
                    ident-dec (map
                              (fn [[ident id]] [:db/add id :db/ident ident])
                              ids)
        data (map (fn [[e a v]] [:db/add e a v]) triples)]
    (concat ident-dec data)))
```

```
(defn insert-triples
  [conn triples]
  (d/transact conn (triples->datoms triples)))
```

eval:

```
(def conn (create-db))
(insert-triples (create-db) triples)
```

eval:

```
(d/q '[:find ?name :where [:yoda :name ?name]] @conn)
```

```
(d/q '[:find ?character ?name :where [?character :name ?name]] @conn)
```

```
(d/q '[:find ?character ?name :where [?character :color "#000000"]  
                                       [?character :name ?name]]  
      @conn)
```

## ASAMI

---

Load `src/lab2/asami.clj`

```
(defn read-triples  
  [filename]  
  (edn/read-string (slurp filename)))
```

eval:

```
(def triples (read-triples "../../graphs/starwars.edn"))
```

## ASAMI

---

```
(defn create-db []  
  (d/connect "asami:mem://dbname"))
```

eval:

```
(def conn (a/create-db))
```



```
(defn triples->datoms
  [triples]
  (let [idents (set (map first triples))
        ids (zipmap idents (range -1 (- (inc (count idents)) -1)))
        ident-dec (map
                     (fn [[ident id]] [:db/add id :db/ident ident])
                     ids)
        data (map (fn [[e a v]] [:db/add e a v]) triples)]
    (concat ident-dec data)))
```

```
(defn insert-triples
  [conn triples]
  (d/transact conn (triples->datoms triples)))
```

eval:

```
(def tx (insert-triples conn triples))
```

eval:

```
(d/q '[:find ?name :where [:yoda :name ?name]] conn)
```

```
(d/q '[:find ?character ?name :where [?character :name ?name]] conn)
```

```
(d/q '[:find ?character ?name :where [?character :color "#000000"]  
                                       [?character :name ?name]]  
      conn)
```

# SIMPLE

- ▶ Just store flat files of triples
  - ▶ cvs, n3, EDN
  - ▶ Early Jena did this

# INDEXED

- ▶ Store a record, build indexes
  - ▶ Datascript, Datomic
- ▶ Make the index the data
  - ▶ Asami, Mulgara

# INDEXED

- ▶ Store a record, build indexes
  - ▶ Redundant data: uses more space
  - ▶ Can store large blocks with a triple (e.g. reference to an entire record)
    - ▶ examples: Datascript, Datomic
- ▶ Make the index the data
  - ▶ Less redundancy
  - ▶ Adding data to each triple makes indexes larger
    - ▶ examples: Asami, Mulgara

# MEMORY

- ▶ Flat triples
  - ▶ Process linearly
- ▶ Indexed - Maps
  - ▶ Map + triples (Datascript)
  - ▶ Nested map (Asami)
- ▶ Tree maps: space efficient, ordered
- ▶ Hashmaps: faster, unordered

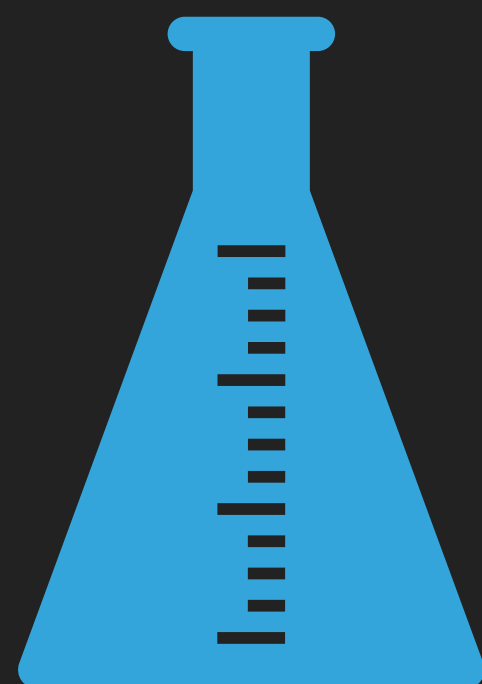
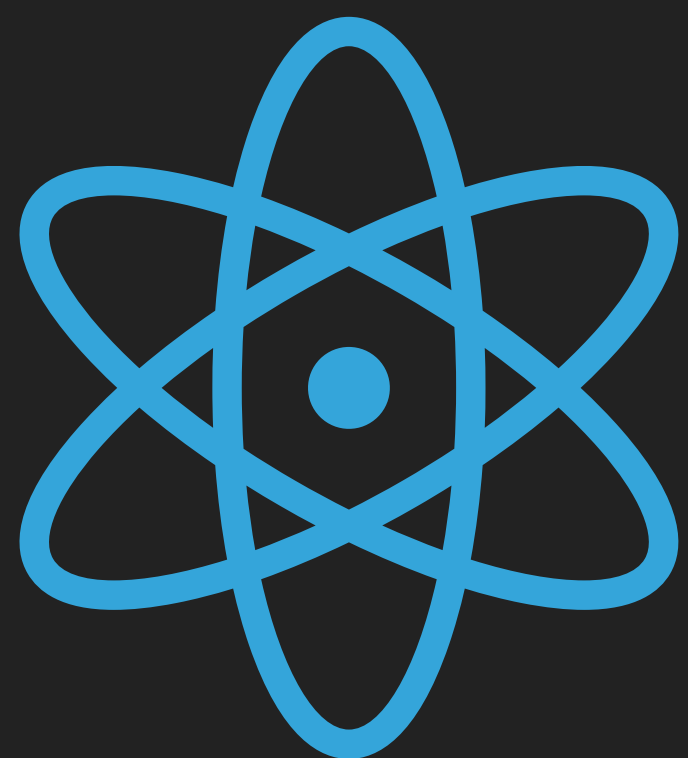
# INDEXED STORAGE: EXISTING

- ▶ Libraries
  - ▶ Redis, Outboard, BerkeleyDB, RocksDB
- ▶ Databases
  - ▶ SQLite, Hypersonic, MySQL, Postgres
- ▶ Store:
  - ▶ Statements
  - ▶ Groups of statements

### DIY

- ▶ Manages blocks of data
  - ▶ Triple blocks
  - ▶ Other blocks (strings, records, etc)
- ▶ Can build these out of existing indexes
  - ▶ Datomic uses 3rd party indexes for DIY management
  - ▶ Asami is designed for this





DATA

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# LAB 3

## FLAT TRIPLES

---

Load `src/lab3/flat.clj`

```
(defn load-data  
  [filename]  
  (edn/read-string (slurp filename)))
```

eval:

```
(def data (load-data "../../graphs/starwars.edn"))
```

## INDEXED TRIPLES

---

Load `src/lab3/indexed.clj`

eval:

```
(def i (assoc-in {} [:yoda :interacts-with :luke] :luke))  
(assoc-in i [:yoda :interacts-with :obi-wan] :obi-wan)
```

## INDEXED GRAPH

---

```
(defn add-to-index
  [index [_ _ c :as triple]]
  (assoc-in index triple c))

(defprotocol Index
  (add [this triple])
  (match [this pattern]))

(defrecord IndexedGraph [spo pos osp]
  Index
  (add [this [s p o :as triple]]
    (IndexedGraph. (add-to-index spo triple)
                    (add-to-index pos [p o s])
                    (add-to-index osp [o s p])))) ...)
```

eval:

```
(def fi0 (IndexedGraph. {} {} {}))
(def fi1 (add fi0 [:yoda :interacts-with :luke]))
(def fi2 (add fi1 [:yoda :interacts-with :obi-wan]))
```

## LOAD TO INDEXED GRAPH

---

```
(defn load-data  
  [filename]  
  (let [data (edn/read-string (slurp filename))]  
    (reduce add (IndexedGraph. {} {} {}) data)))
```

eval:

```
(def data (load-data "../graphs/starwars.edn"))
```

# PATTERN MATCHING

- ▶ Find triples according to a pattern
- ▶ A single pattern match in the WHERE clause of query languages:
  - ▶ Datomic: `[?person :name "LUKE"]`
  - ▶ SPARQL: `{?person :name "LUKE"}`
  - ▶ Cypher: `(p:Person {name: 'LUKE'})`
- ▶ Cypher is a little different, as it is looking for nodes with an identifier, not an edge

# PATTERN MATCHING

- ▶ Finding node-to-node edges
- ▶ A single pattern match in the WHERE clause of query languages:
  - ▶ Datomic: `[ :darth-vader :interacts-with ?character ]`
  - ▶ SPARQL: `{ :darth-vader :interacts-with ?character }`
  - ▶ Cypher:  
`(:Person {id: 'darth-vader'}) -[:INTERACTS_WITH] -> (character)`

# PATTERN MATCHING

- ▶ “Binds” a variable to a list of values
- ▶ Each “Binding” has one value for each variable in the binding

`[ :yoda ?property ?value]`

`{?property :name, ?value “Yoda”}`

`{?property :scenes, ?value 46}`

`{?property :color, ?value “#9ACD32”}`

`{?property :interacts-with, ?value :darth-vader}`

`{?property :interacts-with, ?value :r2-d2}`

`{?property :interacts-with, ?value :luke}`

`...`

`...`



# PATTERN MATCHING: IMPLEMENTATION

- ▶ Filter for: `[?person :name "Luke"]`
  - ▶ `subject = ???`  
`predicate = :name`  
`object = "Luke"`

```
(defn select-by-p-o
  [data predicate object]
  (filter
    (fn [[s p o]] (and (= p predicate) (= o object)))
    data))
```

# PATTERN MATCHING: INDEXED

- ▶ Depends on index structure

- ▶ Map:

$\{\text{subject} \rightarrow \{\text{predicate} \rightarrow \#\{\text{object}\}\}\}$

$\{\text{predicate} \rightarrow \{\text{object} \rightarrow \#\{\text{subject}\}\}\}$

$\{\text{object} \rightarrow \{\text{subject} \rightarrow \#\{\text{predicate}\}\}\}$

# INDEXING

### ► Index with metadata

$\{\text{subject} \rightarrow \{\text{predicate} \rightarrow \{\text{object} \rightarrow \text{statement/metadata}\}\}$

$\{\text{predicate} \rightarrow \{\text{object} \rightarrow \{\text{subject} \rightarrow \text{statement/metadata}\}\}$

$\{\text{object} \rightarrow \{\text{subject} \rightarrow \{\text{predicate} \rightarrow \text{statement/metadata}\}\}$

# DATOMIC INDEXING

▶ EAVT

AEVT

AVET

VAET

▶ {subject → {predicate → {object → metadata}}}

{predicate → {subject → {object → metadata}}}

{predicate → {object → {subject → metadata}}}

{object → {predicate → {subject → metadata}}}

subject = entity

predicate = attribute

object = value

metadata = transactionId

# DATOMIC INDEXING

- ▶ EAVT  
AEVT  
AVET  
VAET

- ▶ {subject → {predicate → {object → metadata}}}  
{predicate → {subject → {object → metadata}}}  
{predicate → {object → {subject → metadata}}}  
{object → {predicate → {subject → metadata}}}

subject = entity  
predicate = attribute  
object = value  
metadata = transactionId

## INDEX SELECTION

[?subject ?predicate ?object]

[**:yoda** ?property ?value]

[?character **:name** ?name]

[?entity ?property **42**]

[?vader **:name "Darth Vader"**]

[**:r2-d2** ?relatedBy **:yoda**]

[**:darth-vader** **:color** ?color]

[**:yoda** **:name "Yoda"**]

{subject → {predicate → #{object}}}

{**subject** → {predicate → #{object}}}

{**predicate** → {object → #{subject}}}

{**object** → {subject → #{predicate}}}

{**predicate** → {**object** → #{subject}}}

{**object** → {**subject** → #{predicate}}}

{**subject** → {**predicate** → #{object}}}

{**subject** → {**predicate** → #{**object**}}}

# FILTERING

- ▶ e.g. Find all characters whose name starts with "Darth"
  - ▶ Start by getting name triples: [?person :name ?name]
  - ▶ Then filter:

SPARQL:

```
{?person :name ?name FILTER strStarts(?name, "Darth")}
```

Datomic:

```
[?person :name ?name] (str/starts-with? ?name, "Darth")
```

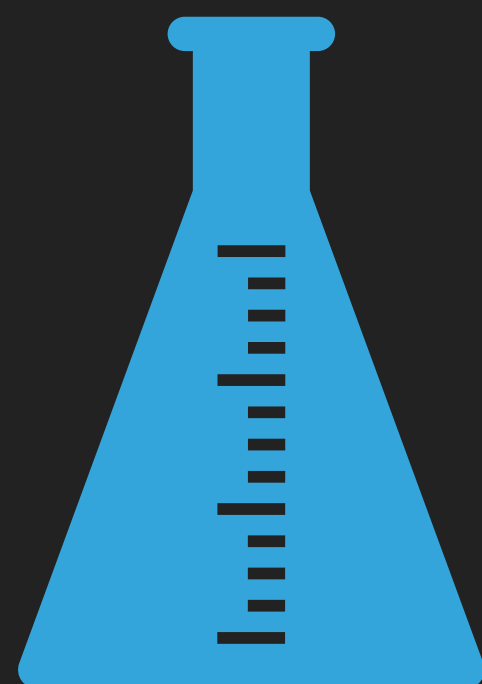
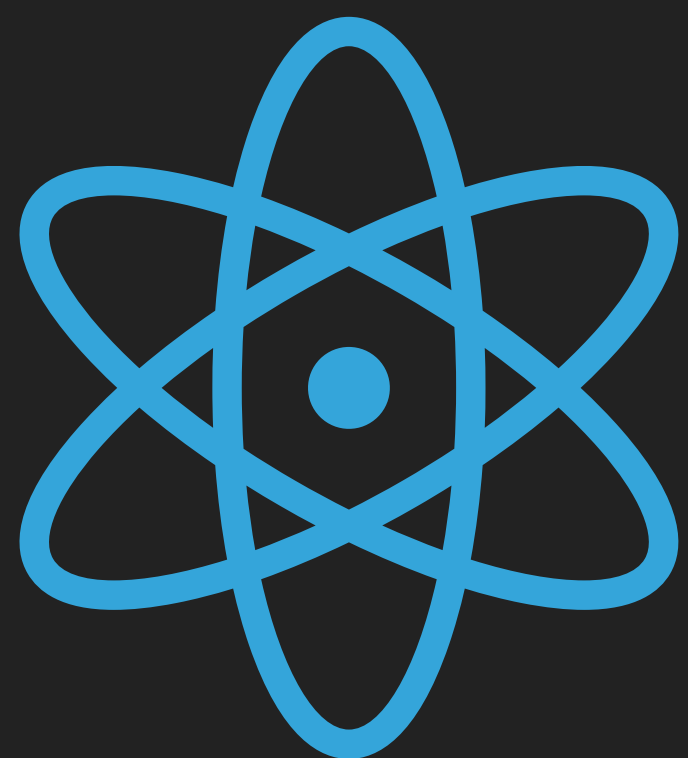
Cypher:

```
MATCH (person:Character) WHERE person.name STARTS WITH 'Darth'
```

# PATTERN MATCHING VS FILTERING

- ▶ Both identify required triples
- ▶ **Matching:** “conceptually” tries to match graph edges
- ▶ **Matching:** takes advantage of the triple-pattern for fast lookups
- ▶ **Filtering:** iterates over triples
- ▶ SQL
  - ▶ Matching and filtering are syntactically identical
  - ▶ Existence of indexes indicates which should be chosen
- ▶ Some SPARQL filters *can* be reimplemented using indexes, like SQL





DATA

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# LAB 4

## FLAT TRIPLES

---

Load `src/lab4/flat.clj`

```
(defn load-data  
  [filename]  
  (edn/read-string (slurp filename)))
```

eval:

```
(def data (load-data "../..graphs/starwars.edn"))
```

## MATCHING ON FLAT TRIPLES

---

```
(defn variable? [x] (and (symbol? x) (= \? (first (name x)))))

(defn element-match [p e] (or (variable? p) (= p e)))

(defn match
  [data pattern]
  (filter (fn [triple] (every? #(element-match (nth pattern %)
                                                (nth triple %))
                                (range 3)))
    data))
```

eval:

```
(match data ' [?yoda :name "Yoda"] )
(match data ' [?character :color "#000000"] )
(match data ' [:yoda :interacts-with ?character])
```

## BINDING A MATCH

---

```
(defn bind
  [data pattern]
  (keep (fn [triple] (reduce (fn [bndg n]
                              (let [p (nth pattern n)]
                                (if (variable? p)
                                    ;; map the variable to the value
                                    (assoc bndg p (nth triple n))
                                    (if (= p (nth triple n))
                                        ;; pattern element = triple element
                                        bndg
                                        ;; elements not equal: return nil
                                        (reduced nil))))))
        {} (range 3))))
  data))
```

eval:

```
(bind data ' [?yoda :name "Yoda"])
(bind data ' [?character :color "#000000"])
(bind data ' [:yoda :interacts-with ?character])
```

## BINDING VIA VECTORS

---

```
(defn bind2
  [data pattern]
  (keep (fn [triple] (reduce (fn [bndg n]
                              (let [p (nth pattern n)]
                                (if (variable? p)
                                    (conj bndg (nth triple n))
                                    (if (= p (nth triple n))
                                        bndg
                                        (reduced nil))))))
        [] (range 3))))

data)))
```

eval:

```
(def color-pattern '[?character :color "#000000"])
(def vars (vec (filter variable? color-pattern)))
(def black-characters (bind2 data color-pattern))
(map #(zipmap vars %) black-characters)
```

## LOAD TO INDEXED GRAPH

---

Load `src/lab4/indexed.clj`

```
(defn load-data  
  [filename]  
  (let [data (edn/read-string (slurp filename))]  
    (reduce add (IndexedGraph. {} {} {}) data)))
```

eval:

```
(def data (load-data "../graphs/starwars.edn"))
```

## RAW ACCESS TO INDEXED GRAPH

---

eval:

```
(get-in (:spo data) [:yoda :name])  
(get (:osp data) "#191970")  
(let [idx (get (:osp data) "#191970")]  
  (for [[s pm] idx p (keys pm)] [s p])))
```

## VARIABLES AND PATTERNS

---

```
(defn variable? [x] (and (symbol? x) (= \? (first (name x)))))
```

```
(def ? '?)
```

```
(def x 'x)
```

```
(defn normalize [_ pattern] (mapv #(if (variable? %) ? x) pattern))
```

eval:

```
(def name-pattern '[?character :name ?name])
```

```
(vec (filter variable? name-pattern))
```

```
(normalize nil name-pattern)
```



## MATCHING ON INDEXES

---

```
(defmulti get-from-index normalize)
(defmethod get-from-index [x x x] [{idx :spo} [s p o]]
  (let [os (get-in idx [s p])] (if (get os o) [[] []])))
(defmethod get-from-index [x x ?] [{idx :spo} [s p o]]
  (map vector (keys (get-in idx [s p]))))
(defmethod get-from-index [x ? x] [{idx :osp} [s p o]]
  (map vector (keys (get-in idx [o s]))))
(defmethod get-from-index [x ? ?] [{idx :spo} [s p o]]
  (let [edx (idx s)] (for [[p om] edx o (keys om)] [p o])))
(defmethod get-from-index [? x x] [{idx :pos} [s p o]]
  (map vector (keys (get-in idx [p o]))))
(defmethod get-from-index [? x ?] [{idx :pos} [s p o]]
  (let [edx (idx p)] (for [[o sm] edx s (keys sm)] [s o])))
(defmethod get-from-index [? ? x] [{idx :osp} [s p o]]
  (let [edx (idx o)] (for [[s pm] edx p (keys pm)] [s p])))
(defmethod get-from-index [? ? ?] [{idx :spo} [s p o]]
  (for [[s pom] idx [p om] pom o (keys om)] [s p o]))
```

## MATCHING ON INDEXED GRAPH

---

```
(defprotocol Index
  (add [this triple])
  (match [this pattern]))

(defrecord IndexedGraph [spo pos osp]
  Index
  ...
  (match [this pattern]
    {:vars (vec (filter variable? pattern))
     :bindings (get-from-index this pattern)}))
```

eval:

```
(match data '[?yoda :name "Yoda"])
(match data '[?character :color "#000000"])

(def rabe (match data '[:rabe ?attribute ?value]))
(map #(zipmap (:vars rabe) %) (:bindings rabe))
```

## FILTERING

---

eval:

```
(def names (match data '[?character :name ?name]))  
(filter (fn [[?character ?name]] (str/starts-with? ?name "Darth"))  
        (:bindings names))
```

## BUILDING A FILTER

---

eval:

```
(def fltr '(str/starts-with? ?name "Darth"))  
(def vars (:vars names))  
(def filter-fn (eval `(fn [~vars] ~fltr)))  
(filter filter-fn (:bindings names))
```

## FILTER FUNCTION

---

```
(defn do-filter
  [match-result filter-expr]
  (let [vars (:vars match-result)
        data (:bindings match-result)
        fltr (first filter-expr)
        filter-fn (eval `(fn [~vars] ~fltr)))]
    {:vars vars
     :bindings (filter filter-fn data)}))
```

eval:

```
(-> data
  (match '[?character :name ?name])
  (do-filter '[(str/starts-with? ?name "Darth")]))
```

# JOINS

- ▶ 2 or more pattern matches
- ▶ Can expand the number of variables in a binding
- ▶ Joins on shared variables
  - ▶ No shared variables means a cross product

# JOINS

```
[?character :color "#000000"] [?character :name ?name]
```

```
[?character :color "#000000"]
```

```
{?character :darth-vader}
```

```
{?character :kylo-ren}
```

```
[?character :name ?name]
```

```
{?character :darth-vader, ?name "Darth Vader"}
```

```
{?character :r2d2, ?name "R2-D2"}
```

```
...
```

```
{?character :kylo-ren, ?name "Kylo Ren"}
```

```
{?character :finn, ?name "Finn"}
```

```
...
```

```
...
```

# JOINS

```
[?character :color "#000000"] [?character :name ?name]
```

```
[?character :color "#000000"]
```

```
{?character :darth-vader}
```

```
{?character :kylo-ren}
```

```
[?character :name ?name]
```

```
{?character :darth-vader, ?name "Darth Vader"}
```

```
{?character :r2d2, ?name "R2-D2"}
```

```
...
```

```
{?character :kylo-ren, ?name "Kylo Ren"}
```

```
{?character :finn, ?name "Finn"}
```

```
...
```

```
...
```



# JOINS

```
[?character :color "#000000"] [?character :name ?name]
```

Results:

```
{:vars [?character ?name]
 :bindings [
   {?character :darth-vader, ?name "Darth Vader"}
   {?character :kylo-ren, ?name "Kylo Ren"}
 ]
}
```

# JOINS

```
[?character :color "#000000"] [?character :name ?name]
```

```
[?character :color "#000000"]
```

```
{?character :darth-vader}
```

```
{?character :kylo-ren}
```

# JOINS

```
[?character :color "#000000"] [?character :name ?name]
```

```
[?character :color "#000000"]
```

```
{?character :darth-vader}
```

```
{?character :kylo-ren}
```

```
[ :darth-vader :name ?name]
```

```
{?name "Darth Vader"}
```

# JOINS

```
[?character :color "#000000"] [?character :name ?name]
```

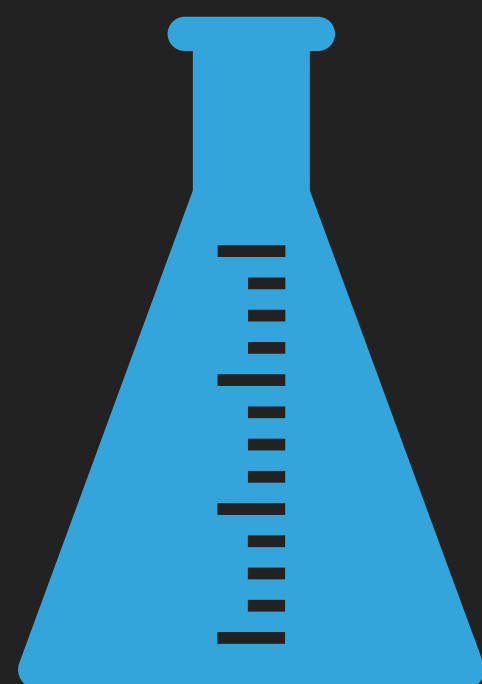
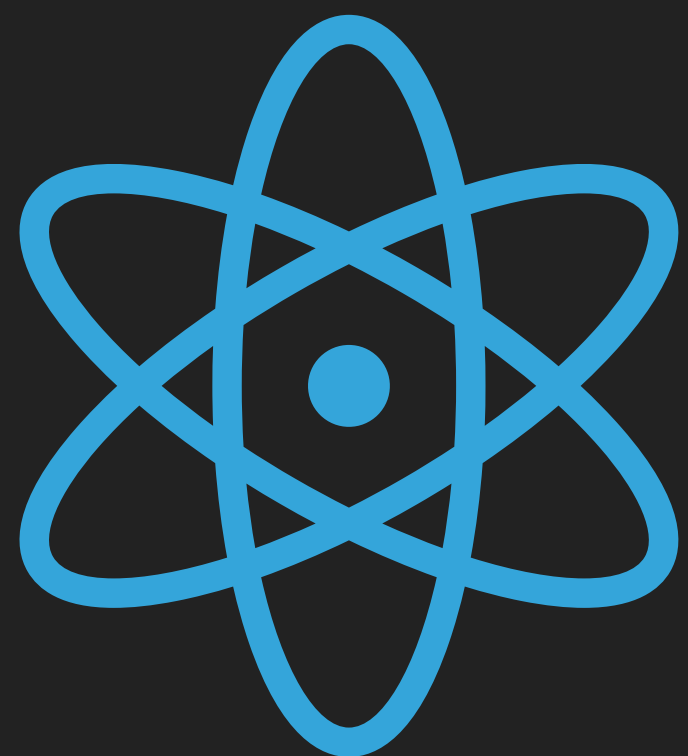
```
[?character :color "#000000"]
```

```
{?character :darth-vader}
```

```
{?character :kylo-ren}
```

```
[ :kylo-ren :name ?name]
```

```
{?name "Kylo Ren"}
```



DATA

---

# LAB 5

## JOINING

---

Load `src/lab5/indexed.clj`

```
(defn load-data  
  [filename]  
  (edn/read-string (slurp filename)))
```

eval:

```
(def data (load-data "../graphs/starwars.edn"))
```

## STARTING A JOIN

---

eval:

```
(def color-pattern '[?character :color "#000000"])\n(def name-pattern '[?character :name ?name])\n\n(def color-result (match data color-pattern))\n(def vars (:vars color-result))
```

## PATTERN REWRITE

---

eval:

```
(for [binding (:bindings color-result)]  
  binding)
```

```
(for [binding (:bindings color-result)]  
  (rewrite-pattern vars binding '[?character :name ?name]))
```



## MATCH ON REWRITTEN PATTERN

---

eval:

```
(for [binding (:bindings color-result)]
  (match data (rewrite-pattern vars
                                binding
                                '[?character :name ?name])))

(for [binding (:bindings color-result)
      new-values (:bindings
                  (match data
                      (rewrite-pattern vars
                                      binding
                                      '[?character :name ?name])))]
  (vec (concat binding new-values)))

(join data color-result '[?character :name ?name])
```

## JOIN RESULT

---

eval:

```
(join data color-result '[?character :name ?name])
```