Building with Docker presented by Borislav Borislavov







Old Way





New Way





Problem: Shipping Code

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Node (S)	?	?	?	?	?	?
MySQL. RAILS	?	?	?	?	?	?
S Php	?	?	?	?	?	?
	?	?	?	?	?	?
cassandra	?	?	?	?	?	?
						ad Applications"

source: Jérôme Petazzoni, "The Future of Distributed Applications"



Problem: Shipping Goods

	?	?	?	?	?	?
	?	?	?	?	?	?
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8	?	?	?	?	?	?
	?	?	?	?	?	?
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source: Jérôme Petazzoni, "The Future of Distributed Applications"



Solution: Intermodal Container





Solution: Linux Container



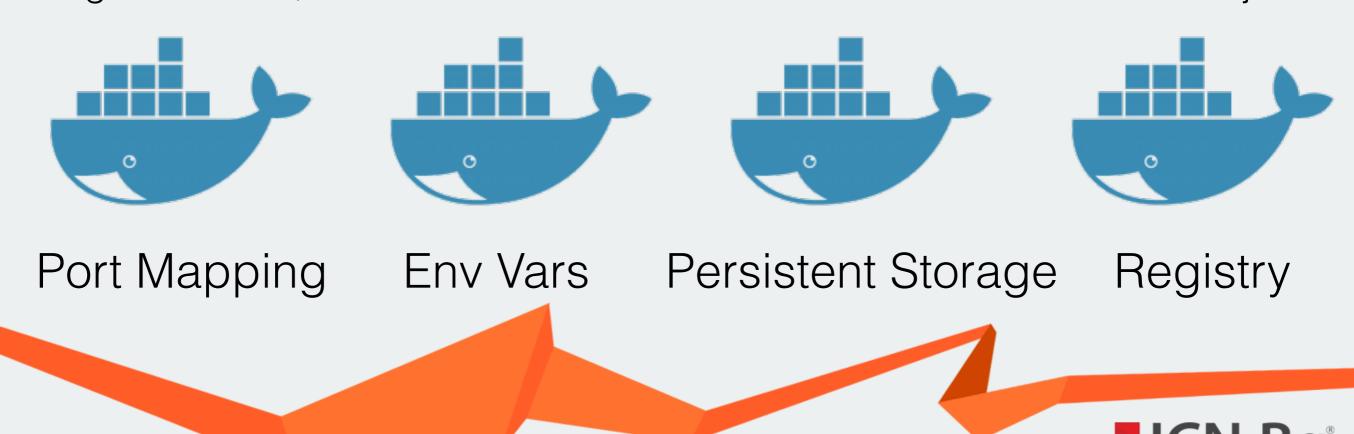


What is Docker?

Docker Engine allows you to package an application with all of its dependencies into a standardized unit for software development.

Docker Philosophy: In almost all cases, you should only run a single process in a single container. Decoupling applications into multiple containers makes it much easier to scale horizontally and reuse containers.

Docker Image: In Dockerland, there are **images** and there are **containers**. The two are closely related, but distinct. To use a programming metaphor, if an image is a class, then a container is an instance of a class—a runtime object.



What are Docker building blocks?

Chroot: A chroot is a way of isolating applications from the rest of your computer, by putting them in a jail. However, with chroot you can specify another directory to serve as the top-level directory for the duration of a chroot.

Linux Namespaces: An elegant way to "detach" your processes from a specific layer of the kernel and assign them to a new one.

Linux Control Groups: By using cGroups, system administrators gain fine-grained control over allocating, prioritizing,

denying, managing, and monitoring system resources.

Docker File System: copy-on-write file system approach which forms layered FS known as UnionFS.

Dockerfile: receipt for building.

Registry

Chroot LXC/LibContainer

Layer FS cGroups Namespace

Linux Kernel





Glossary

Immutable Infra: A pattern or strategy for managing services in which infrastructure is divided into "data" and "everything else". "Everything else" components are replaced for every deployment, rather than being updated inplace. Same as USA Economy vs European economy

Stateless App: an **application** program that does not record data generated in one session – such as information about user settings and events that occurred -- for use in the next session with that user.

Micro-Services: software architecture style in which complex applications are composed of small, independent processes communicating with each other using language-agnostic APIs.

Loose Coupling: an approach to interconnecting the components in a system or network so that those components, also called elements, depend on each other to the least extent practicable.

Twelve Factor App: Check it out if you have a chance - http://12factor.net



Free accounts at docker@icn.bg:)

