

Service Mesh on Kubernetes

Agenda



- ✍ Service Mesh
- ✍ Overview of Bookinfo Application
- ✍ Bookinfo application on Istio Multi Cluster
- ✍ Bookinfo application on Kuma Multi Cluster
- ✍ Comparison

Basic Understanding about Service Mesh

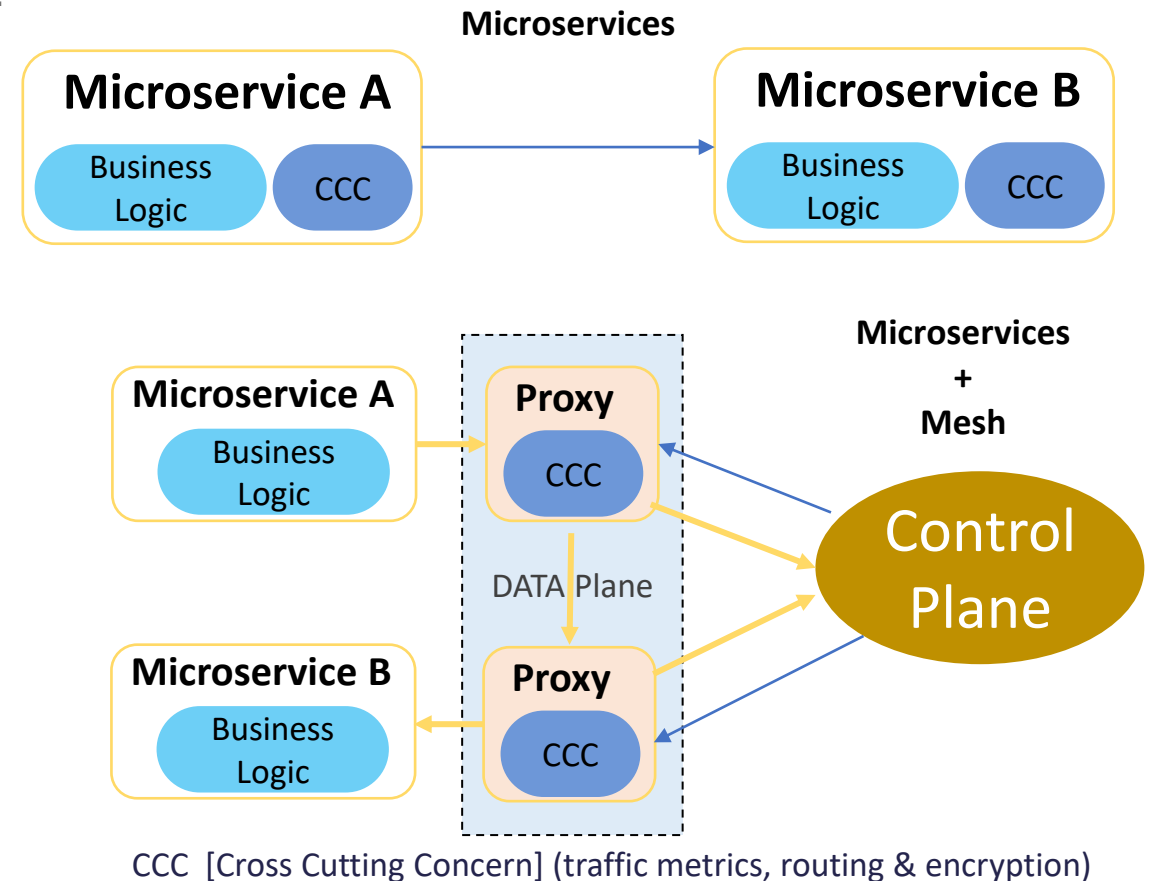
A service mesh is a dedicated infrastructure layer that controls service-to-service communication over a network. This method enables separate parts of an application to communicate with each other. Service meshes appear commonly in concert with cloud-based applications, [containers](#) and [microservices](#).

A service mesh controls the delivery of service requests in an application. Common features provided by a service mesh include service discovery, [load balancing](#), [encryption](#) and failure recovery.

How a service mesh works

A service mesh architecture uses a proxy instance called a [sidecar](#) in whichever development paradigm is in use, typically containers and/or microservices. In a microservice application, a sidecar attaches to each service. In a container, the sidecar attaches to each application container, [VM](#) or container orchestration unit, such as a Kubernetes pod.

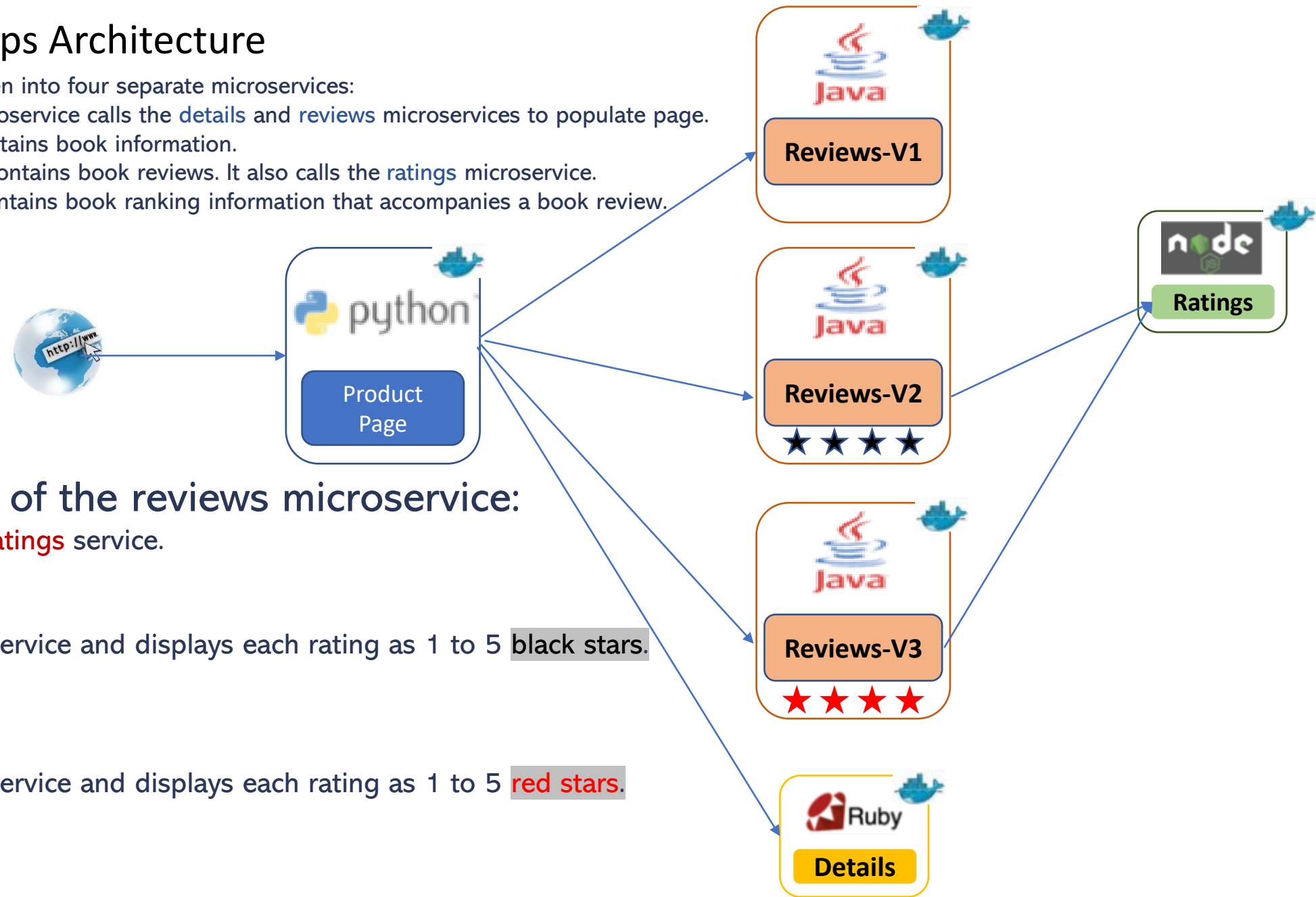
Sidecars can handle tasks abstracted from the service itself, such as monitoring and security. Service instances, sidecars and their interactions make up what is called the [data plane](#) in a service mesh. A different layer called the [control plane](#) manages tasks such as creating instances, monitoring and implementing policies for network management and security.



Sample Bookinfo Apps Architecture

The Bookinfo application is broken into four separate microservices:

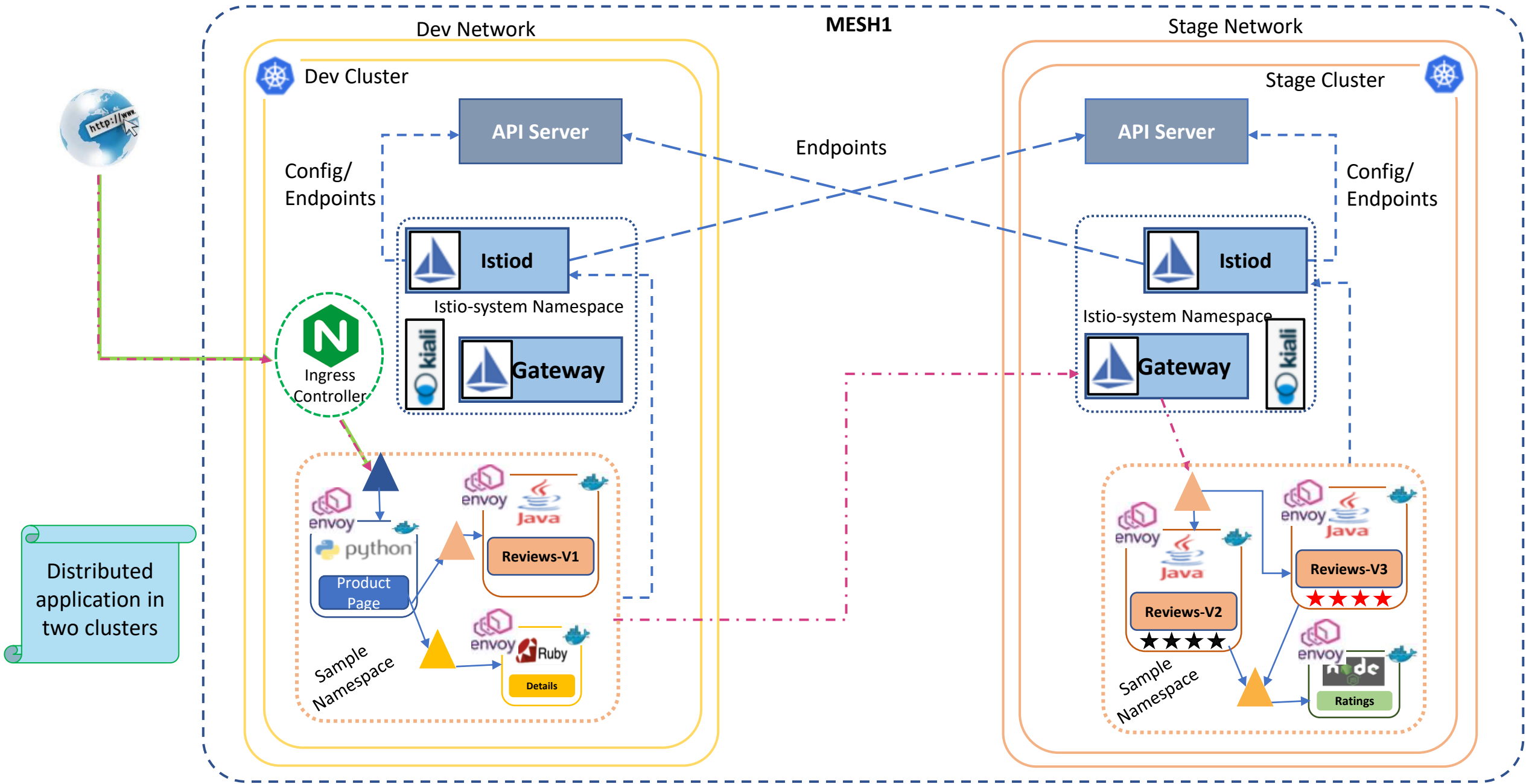
- Productpage: `productpage` microservice calls the `details` and `reviews` microservices to populate page.
- Details: `details` microservice contains book information.
- Reviews: `reviews` microservice contains book reviews. It also calls the `ratings` microservice.
- Ratings: `ratings` microservice contains book ranking information that accompanies a book review.



There are 3 versions of the reviews microservice:

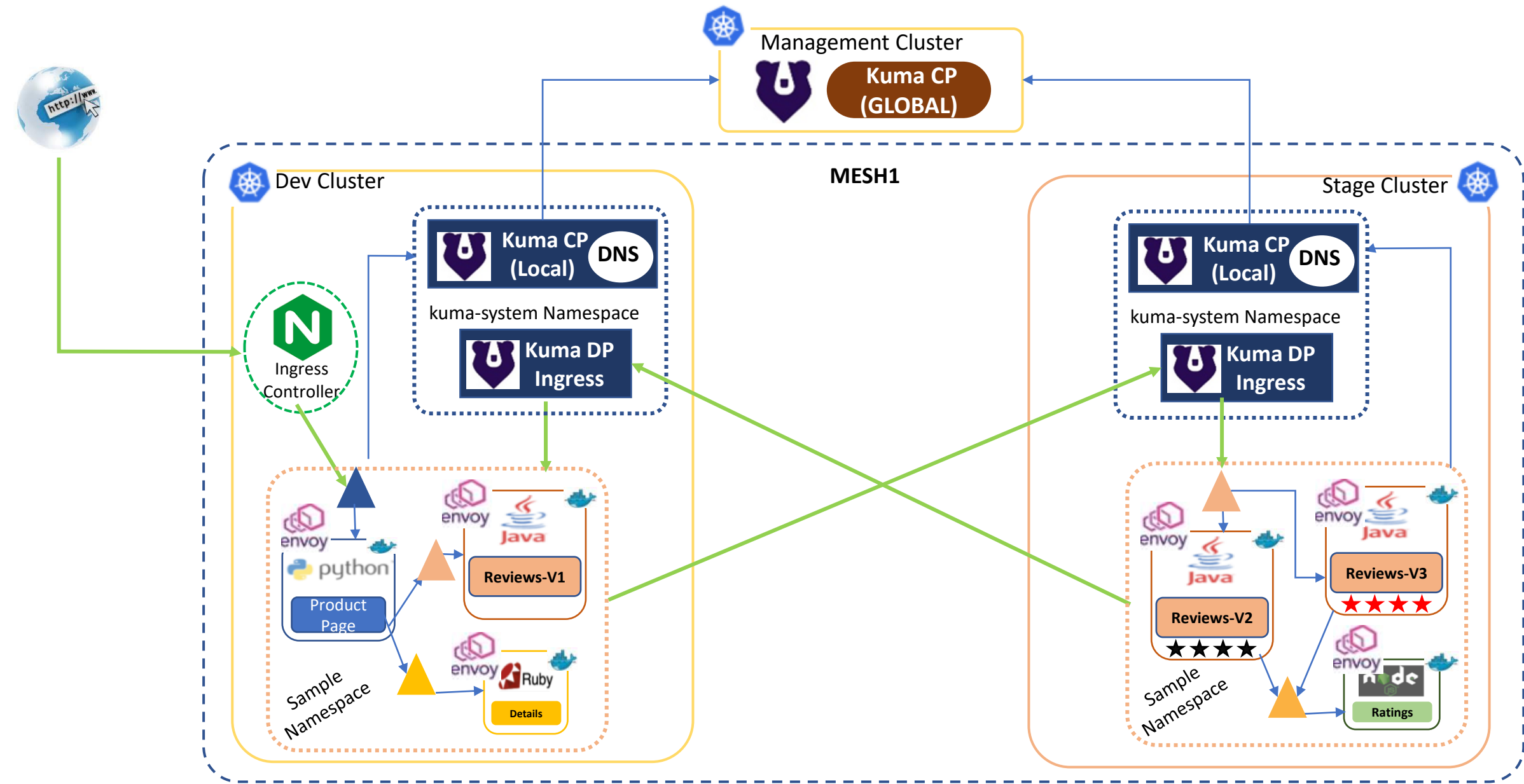
- Version **V1** doesn't call the `ratings` service.
— Reviewer2
- Version **V2** calls the `ratings` service and displays each rating as 1 to 5 **black stars**.
— Reviewer2
★★★★☆
- Version **V3** calls the `ratings` service and displays each rating as 1 to 5 **red stars**.
— Reviewer2
★★★★☆

Bookinfo Apps in Istio Multi Clusters

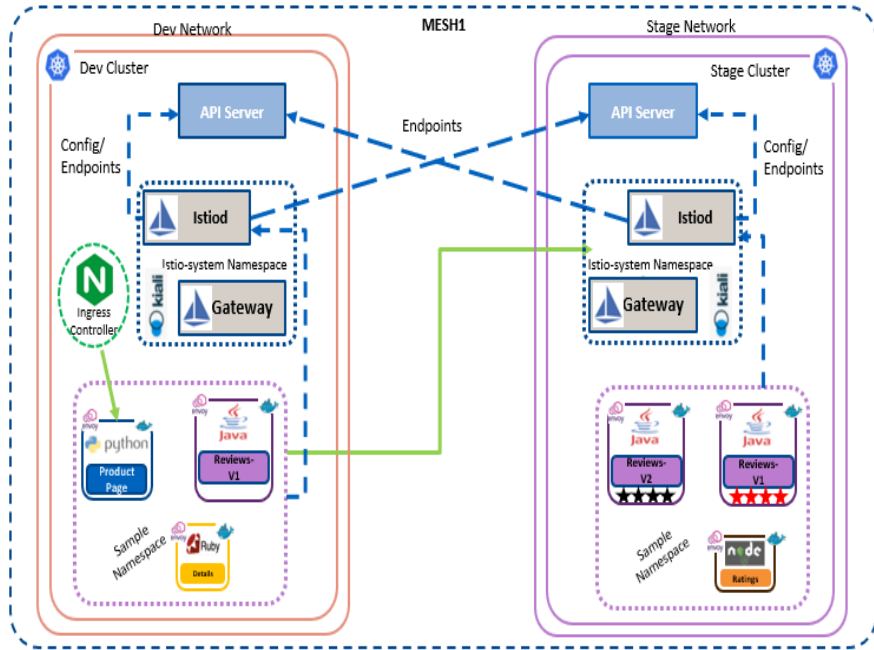


Demo

Bookinfo Apps in KUMA Multi Clusters



Comparison



Istio & Kuma both supports Kubernetes and VM modes.

Both uses same envoy proxy.

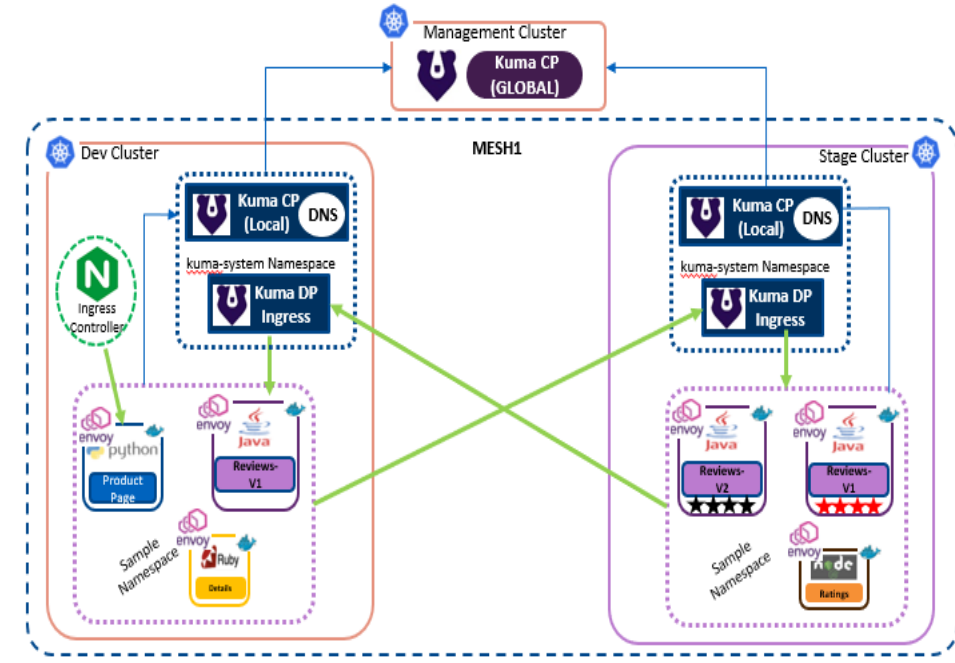
Both support mTLS encryption

Both are opensource

Both support multi clusters

Integration with Kong Gateway, Prometheus & Grafana possible.

Documentation for Multi cluster environment very poor



- ❖ Istio is the one with the biggest online community
- ❖ Community response very good
- ❖ Significant amount of resource overhead
- ❖ Complex deployment setup
- ❖ No native admin dashboard, third party tool (Kiali)
- ❖ Control plane only supported with Kubernetes containers
- ❖ Multi cluster deployment more complex
- ❖ As its opensource, free to use.

- ❖ Kuma/Kong is still young in the service mesh space
- ❖ Community response poor
- ❖ Less amount of resource consume compared to Istio
- ❖ Simplified deployment setup
- ❖ Own dashboard.
- ❖ Control plane supported with Kubernetes & VM
- ❖ Less complex than Istio for Multi cluster deployment
- ❖ Enterprise support costly.