

Cloud Native Buildpacks

A simple ***commit*** to sail to ***production***

Kubernetes Native (kpack) - <https://github.com/pivotal/kpack>



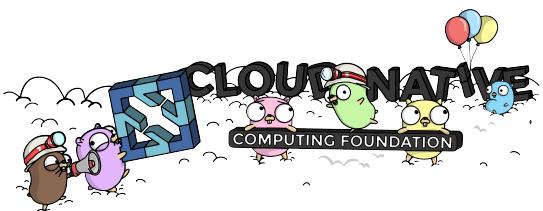
<https://github.com/paketo-buildpacks>

Open-Source Enthusiast & Contributor
Love Travel & Photography

Srinivasa Vasu
Solution Engineer @ VMware

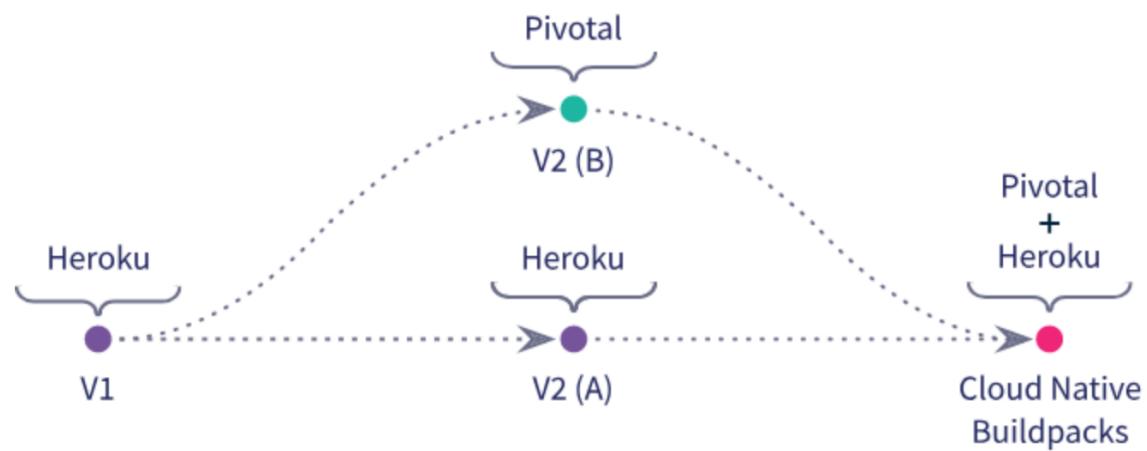


@humourmind  



Cloud Native Buildpacks

transform your application **source code** into **images**
that can run on any cloud



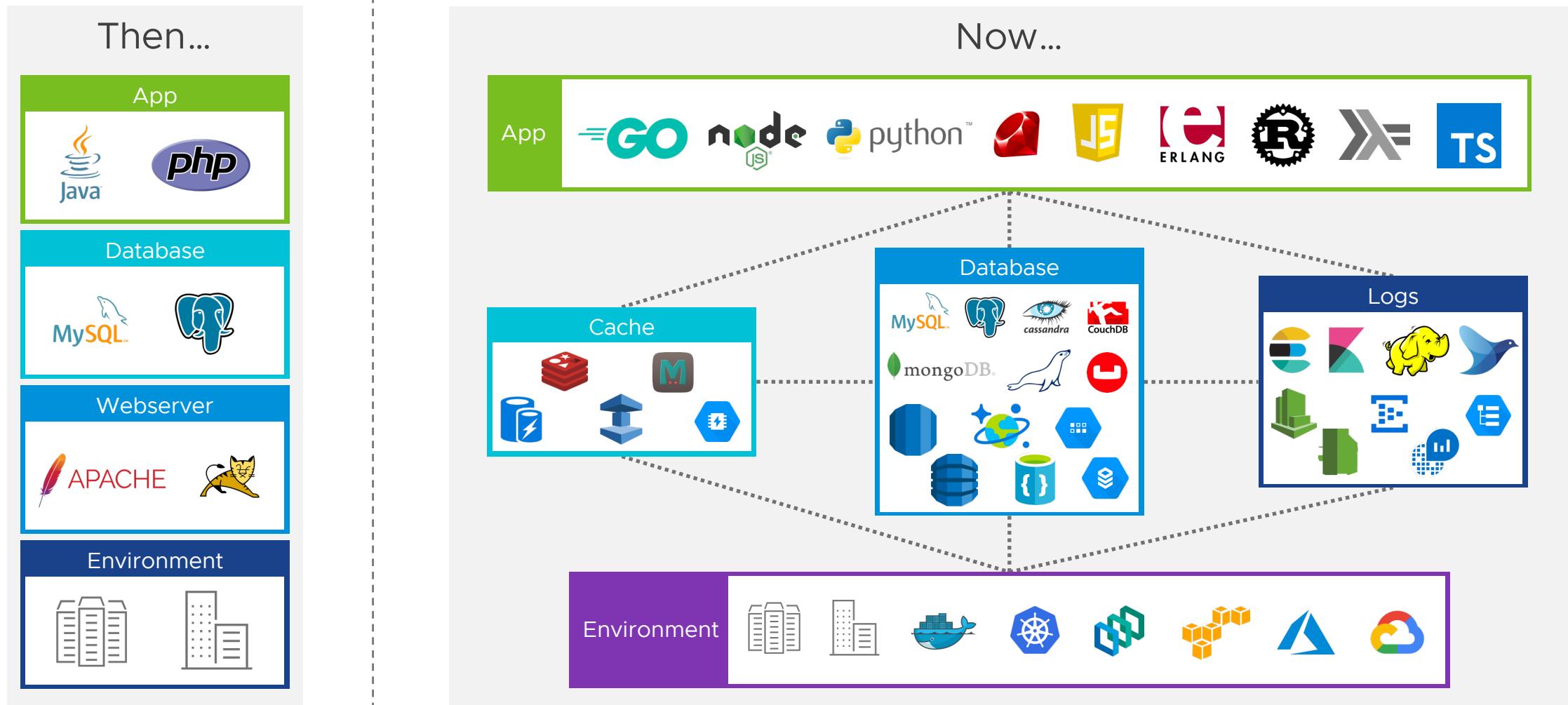
What **problem** does
cloud native buildpacks
solve?



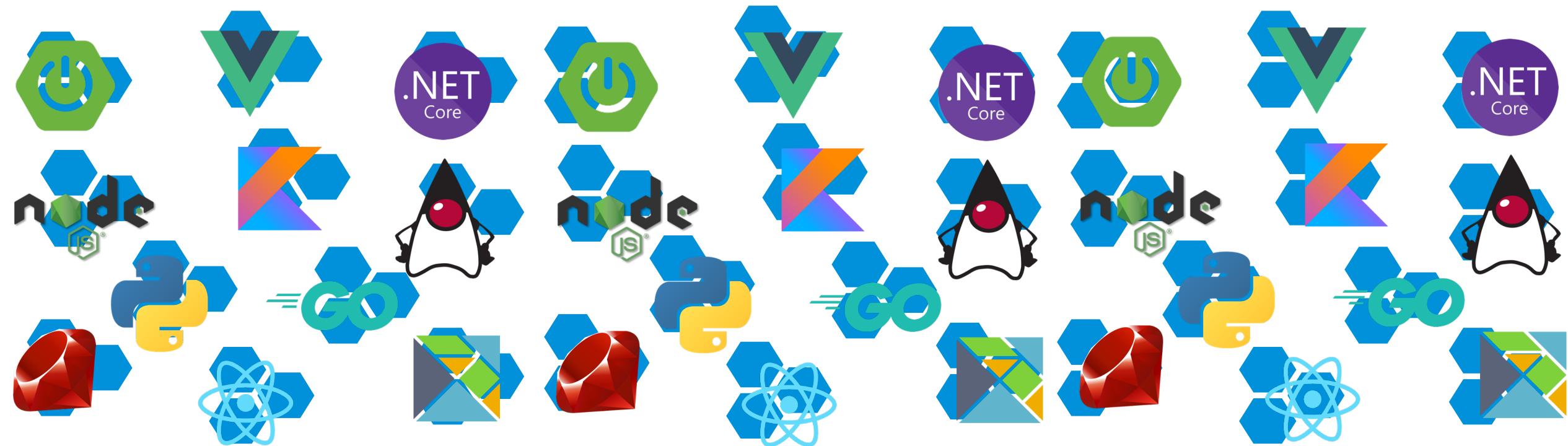
Problem

Application architectures are changing

We've moved from simple and centralized, to complex and decentralized.



Fleet of Polyglot purpose-built apps



How can we **package** and
distribute these apps?



Problem

Containers have become the
de-facto standard packaging
format to package and
distribute apps



Get started with your Dockerfile

```

#
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# you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
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#     https://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
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# distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
# WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
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# limitations under the License.
#



FROM humourmind/ubuntu:bionic
ENV JAVA_VERSION jdk-11.0.7+10

RUN set -eux; \
    ARCH="$(dpkg --print-architecture)"; \
    case "${ARCH}" in \
        aarch64|arm64) \
            ESUM='cfe504e9e9621b831a5cf800a2005dafe90a1d11aa14ee35d7b674d68685698'; \
            BINARY_URL='https://github.com/AdoptOpenJDK/openjdk11-binaries/releases/download/jdk-11.0.7+10-1/aarch64-usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-arm64/jdk-11.0.7+10-1.aarch64.tar.gz'; \
            ;;
        armhf|armv7l) \
            ESUM='581bae8efcaa40e209a780baa6f96b7c8c9397965bc6d54533f4fd8599d5c742'; \
            BINARY_URL='https://github.com/AdoptOpenJDK/openjdk11-binaries/releases/download/jdk-11.0.7+10-1/armhf-usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-armhf/jdk-11.0.7+10-1.armhf.tar.gz'; \
            ;;
        ppc64el|ppc64le) \
            ESUM='364a030a4c5c10660d33988bd1d40e6a34f49ca6a2e04ff44b8cf809da75423a'; \
            BINARY_URL='https://github.com/AdoptOpenJDK/openjdk11-binaries/releases/download/jdk-11.0.7+10-1/ppc64el-usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-ppc64el/jdk-11.0.7+10-1.ppc64el.tar.gz'; \
            ;;
        s390x) \
            ESUM='8e1d11a84c67da457695cbc20a9d70628c741ffc09087d11b40a52f2e11dddc'; \
            BINARY_URL='https://github.com/AdoptOpenJDK/openjdk11-binaries/releases/download/jdk-11.0.7+10-1/s390x-usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-s390x/jdk-11.0.7+10-1.s390x.tar.gz'; \
            ;;
        amd64|x86_64) \
            ESUM='74b493dd8a884dcbee29682ead51b182d93e52b40c3d4cbb3167c2fd'; \
            BINARY_URL='https://github.com/AdoptOpenJDK/openjdk11-binaries/releases/download/jdk-11.0.7+10-1/amd64-usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64/jdk-11.0.7+10-1.amd64.tar.gz'; \
            ;;
        *) \
            echo "Unsupported arch: ${ARCH}"; \
            exit 1; \
            ;;
    esac; \
    curl -LfsSo /tmp/openjdk.tar.gz ${BINARY_URL}; \
    echo "${ESUM} */tmp/openjdk.tar.gz" | sha256sum -c -; \
    mkdir -p /opt/java/openjdk; \
    cd /opt/java/openjdk; \
    tar -xf /tmp/openjdk.tar.gz --strip-components=1; \
    rm -rf /tmp/openjdk.tar.gz;
ENV JAVA_HOME=/opt/java/openjdk \
FROM humourmind/adoptjre:11.0.7
LABEL MAINTAINER="Srinivasa Vasu"
ENV SPRING_OUTPUT_ANSI_ENABLED=ALWAYS
EXPOSE 8080
COPY ./build/libs/kloudnative-1.0.jar app.jar
You, 2 days ago • cnb native image support
ENTRYPOINT ["java", "-jar", "/app.jar", "${JAVA_OPTS}", "-
```

Yeah, **Dockerfiles** are great,
but writing a **production
grade**, secure, hardened
images?



Problem

Bloated Containers Are Inefficient and Hard to Secure

Problem

Excess code and dependencies make container images larger files



[...]



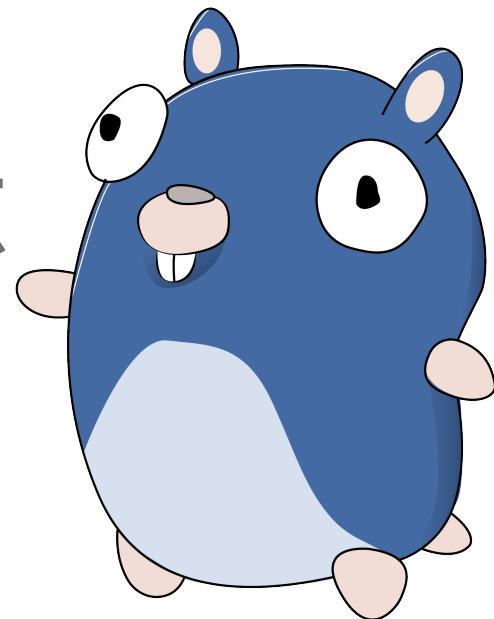
Find the CVE
in production

Aye, it's never easy. That's
where **cloud native**
buildpacks simplifies & eases
the job of both **dev & ops!**

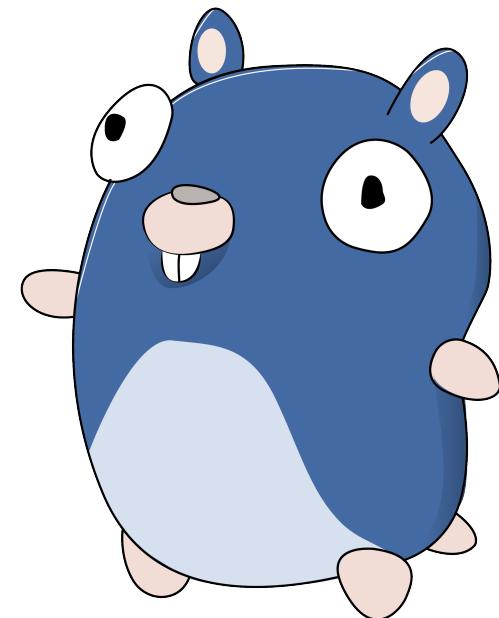


Let's get started with CNB

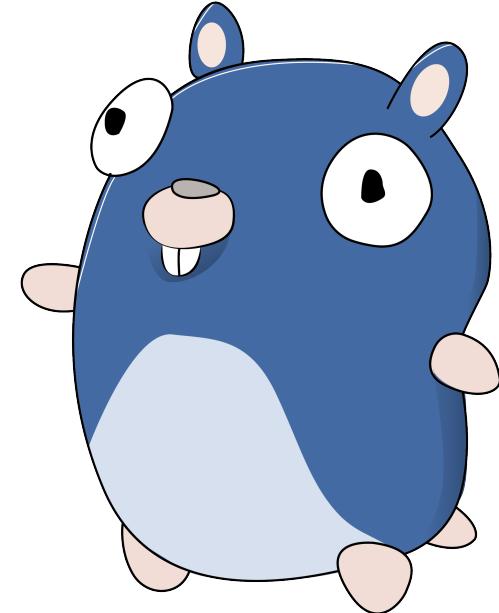
CNB is an **open standard**
spec that defines how to
transform your **application**
source code into images that
can run on any cloud



3 things to know about CNB spec



A **buildpack** is software that partially or completely transforms application source code into runnable artifacts



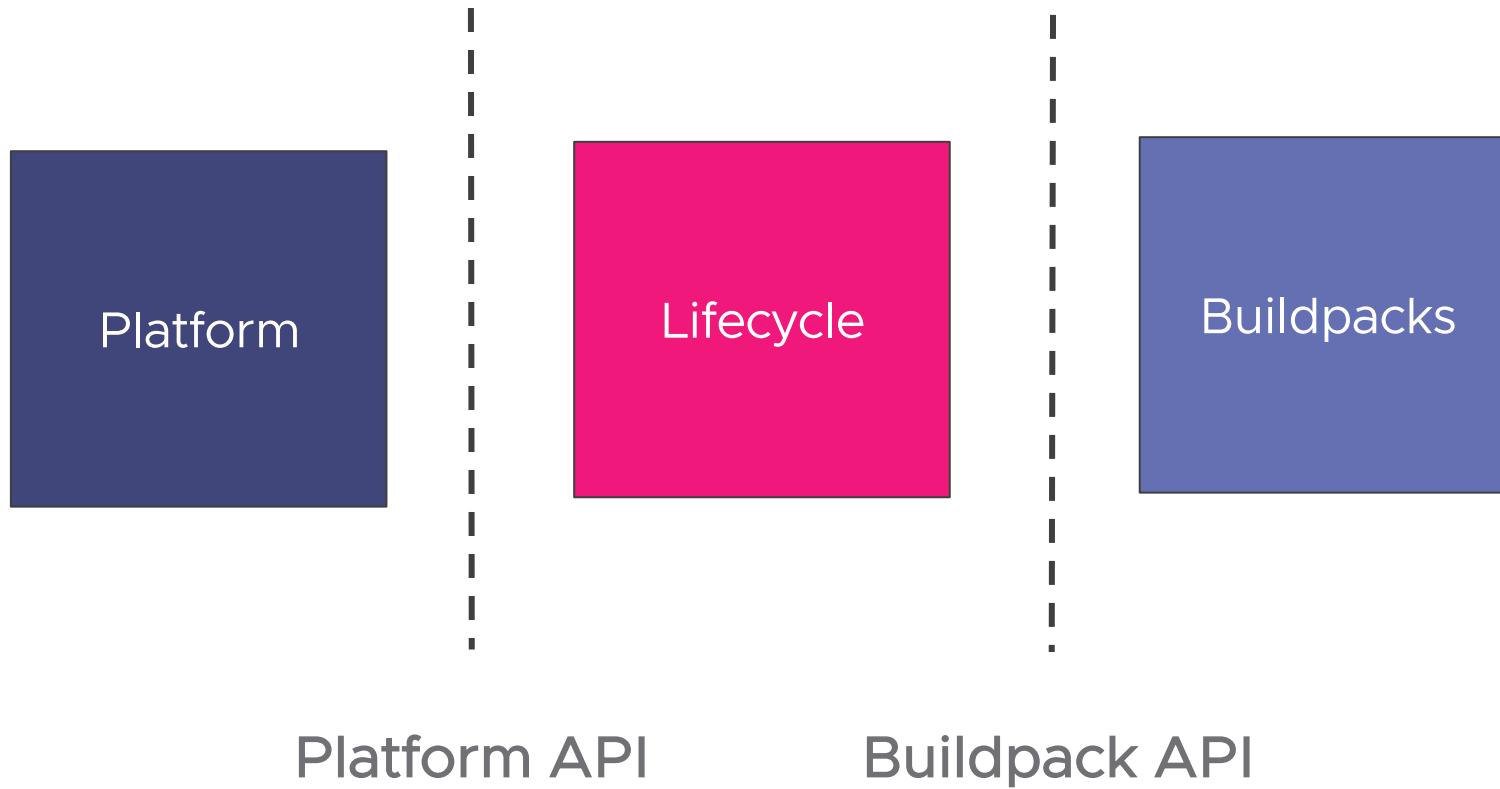
A **lifecycle** is software that
orchestrates **buildpacks** and
transforms the resulting
artifacts into an OCI image



A **platform** is software that orchestrates a lifecycle to make **buildpack** functionality available to end-users such as application developers



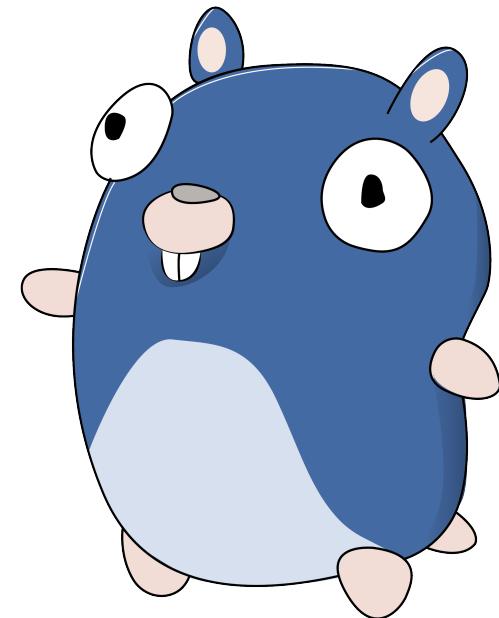
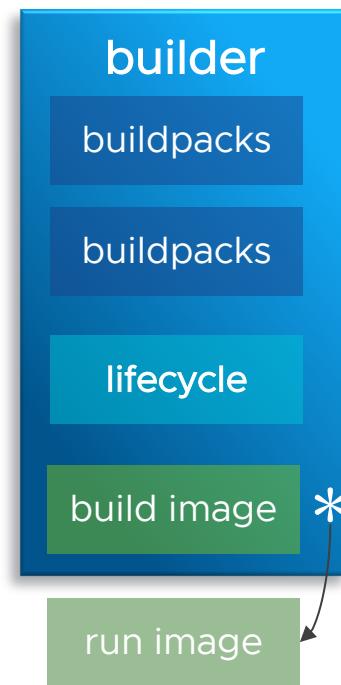
CNB Specification



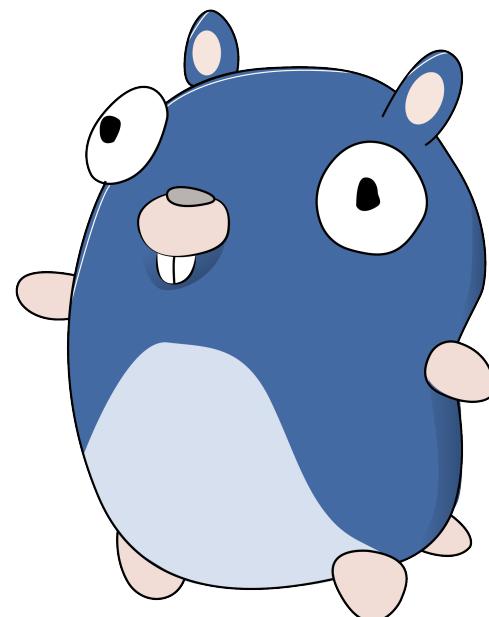
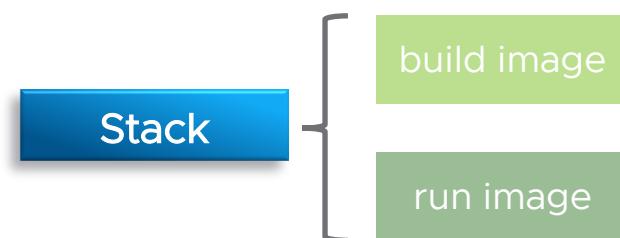
Two more things to know
about before we get into live
actions



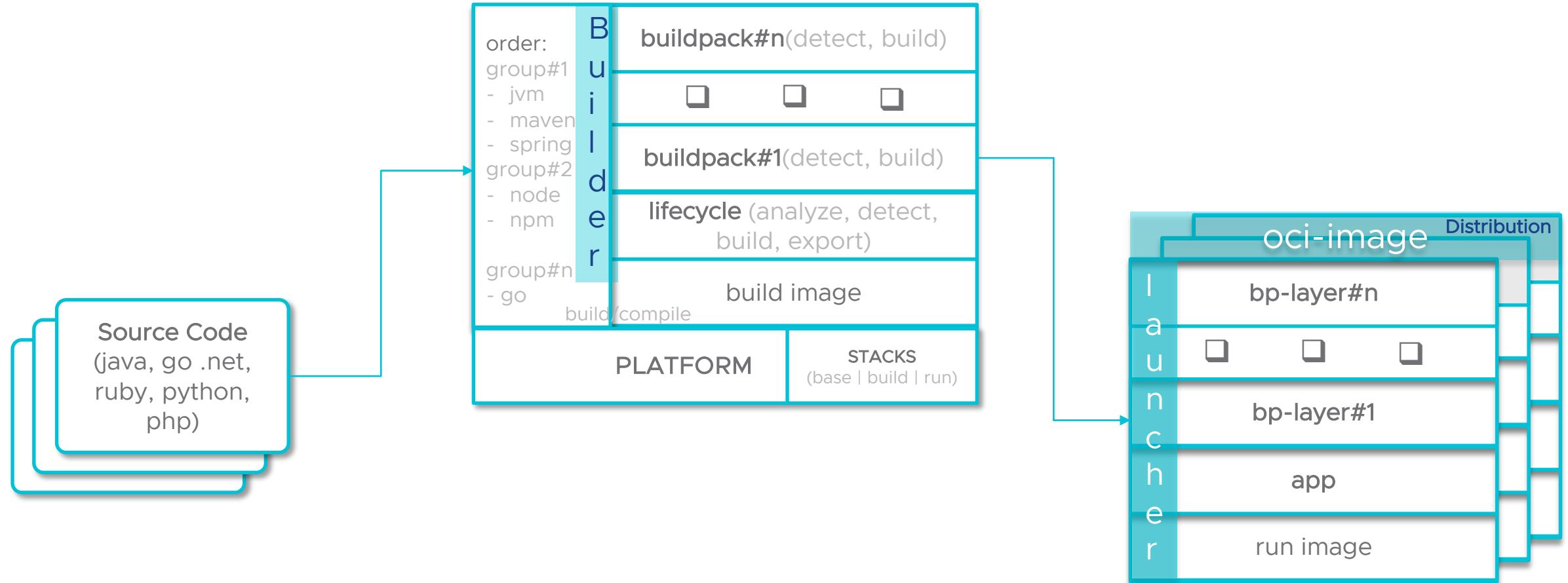
A **builder** is an image that
bundles all the bits and
information on how to build
your apps



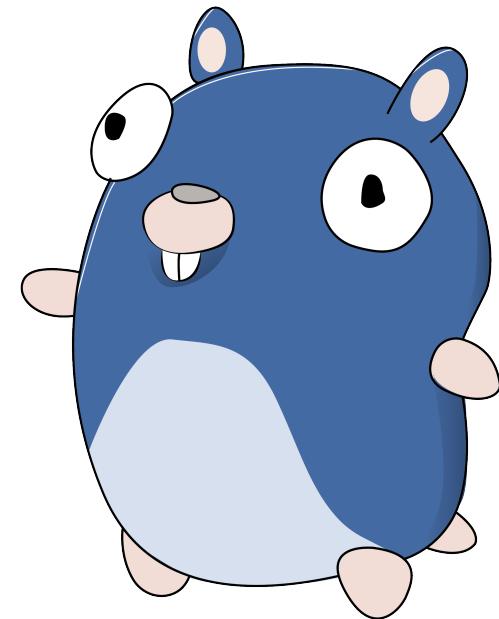
A **stack** provides the buildpack lifecycle with **build-time** and **run-time** environments in the form of images



Workflow



Ok, it's **time** to see it in
action



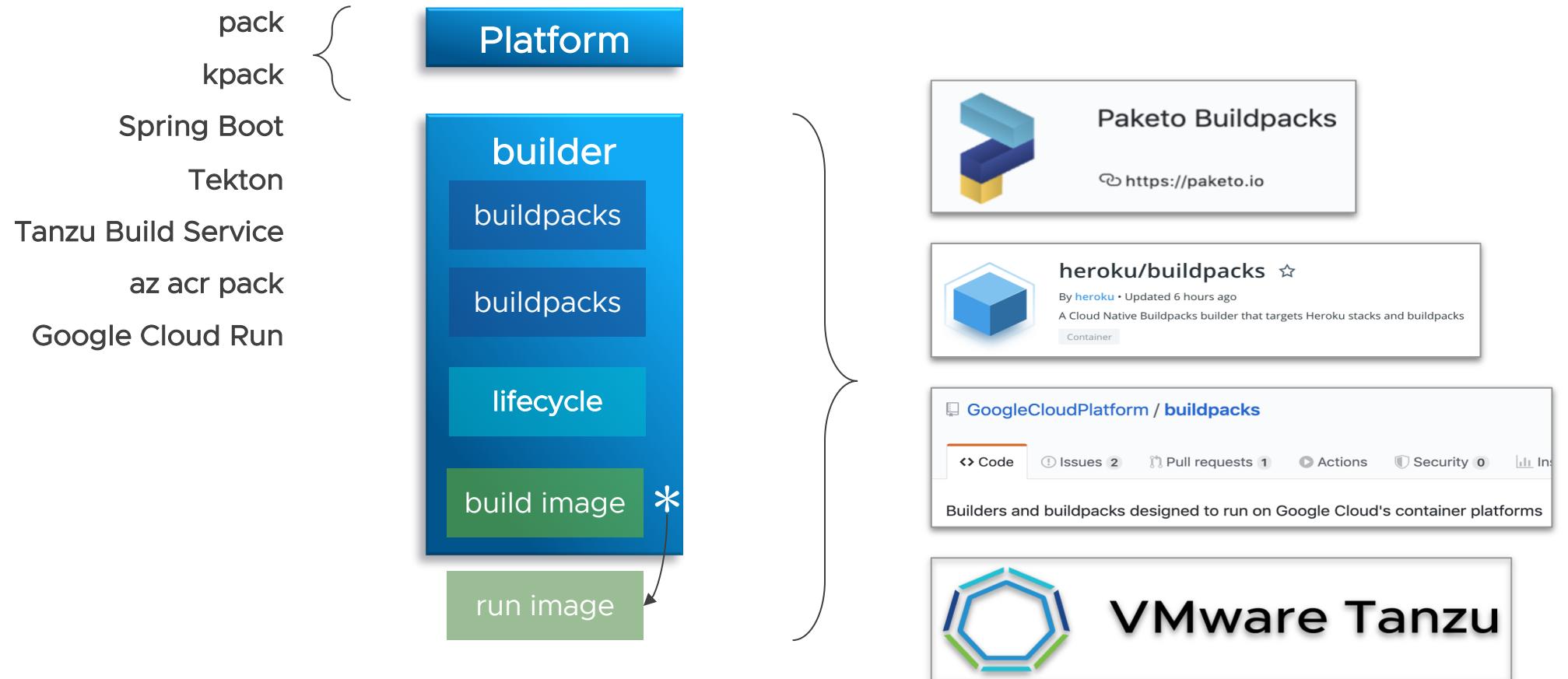
Wait, I remember seeing few other things like **kpack**, **paketo-buildpacks** etc. What are those?



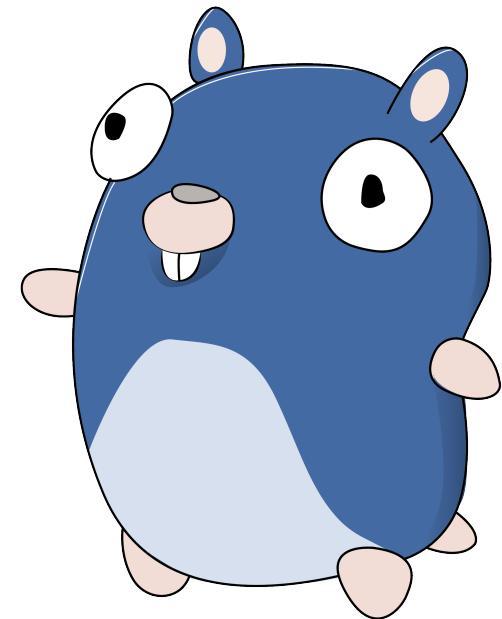
Aye, let's quickly look at the ecosystem



Platform and Buildpacks Eco system

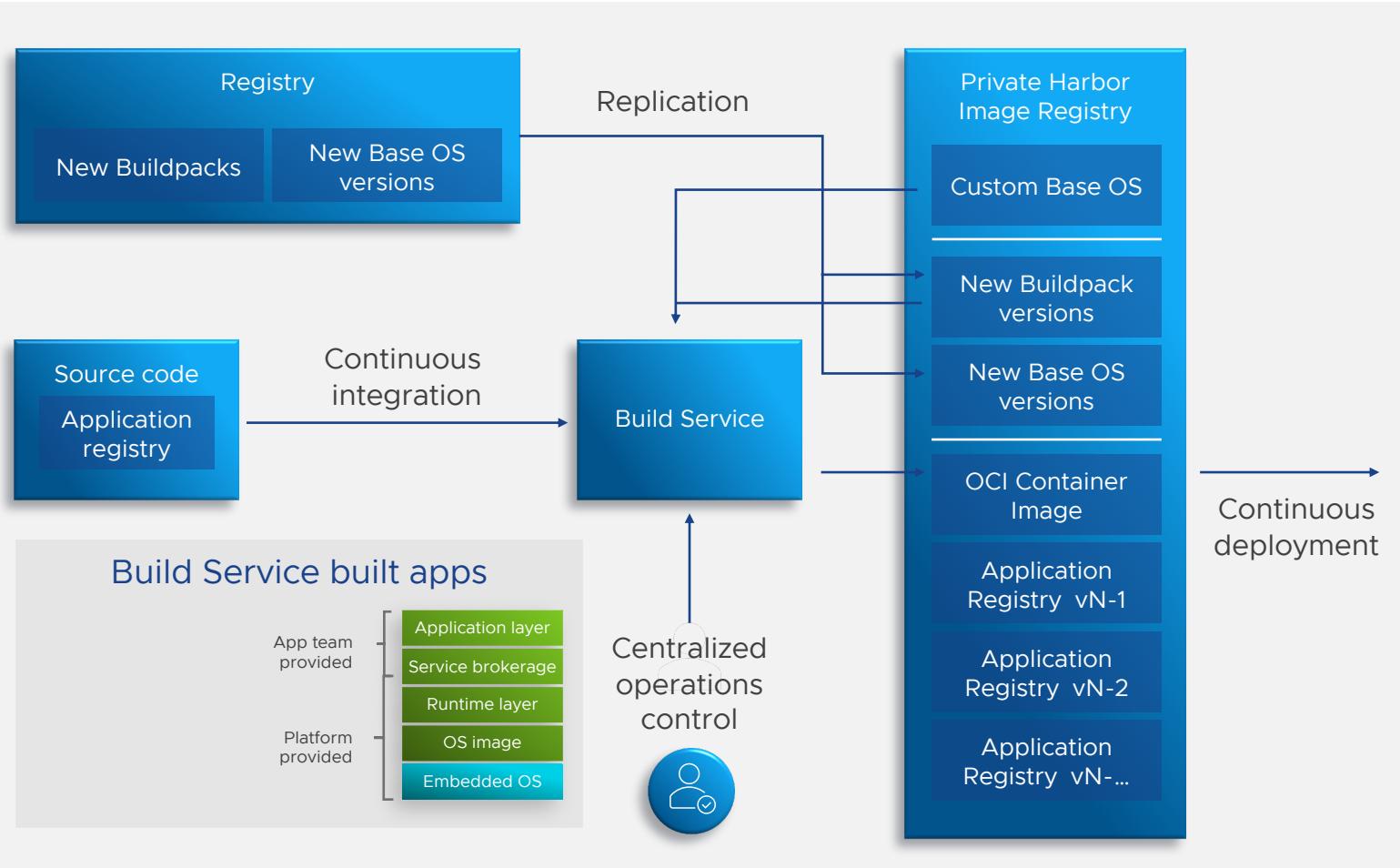


time to see it in action



Developing Cloud Native Applications

VMware Tanzu Build Service



Build Service

Continuously monitor image configurations for changes

Automatically rebuild containers based on image layer changes

Offer operations teams a centralized location for updating OS libraries and code dependencies

Creates OCI compliant container images within private registries ready to be deployed

Harbor

Automatically scan containers for vulnerabilities

Restrict containers based on vulnerability threat level



Thank You