



// GITOPS: HANDS-ON CONTINUOUS OPERATIONS WITH KUBERNETES

Johannes Schnatterer, Cloudogu GmbH

 @jschnatterer

Version: 202111251451-f73f535



Agenda

- What is GitOps?
- How can it be used?
- What challenges arise?
- Demo

What is GitOps?

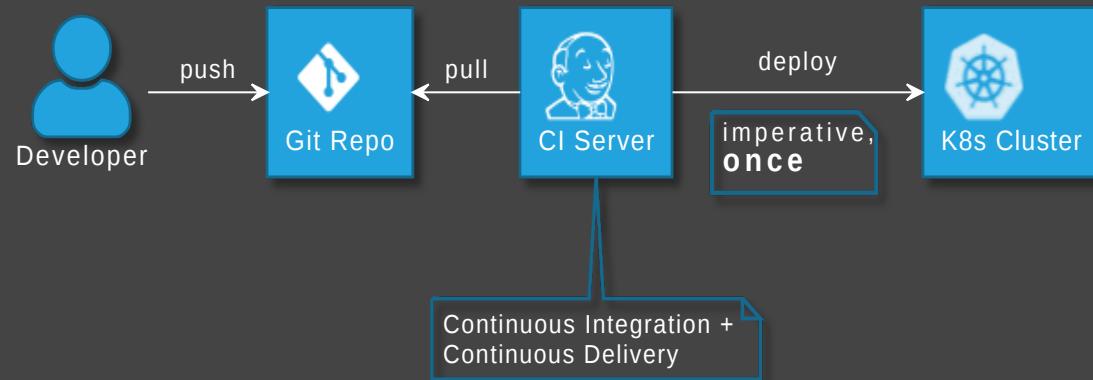
(Operating) model Pattern Way Approach (good)
practice methodology Philosophy Technique Framework
Standardized Workflow Principle
Cloud-native continuous delivery

Origin: blog post by Weaveworks, August 2017

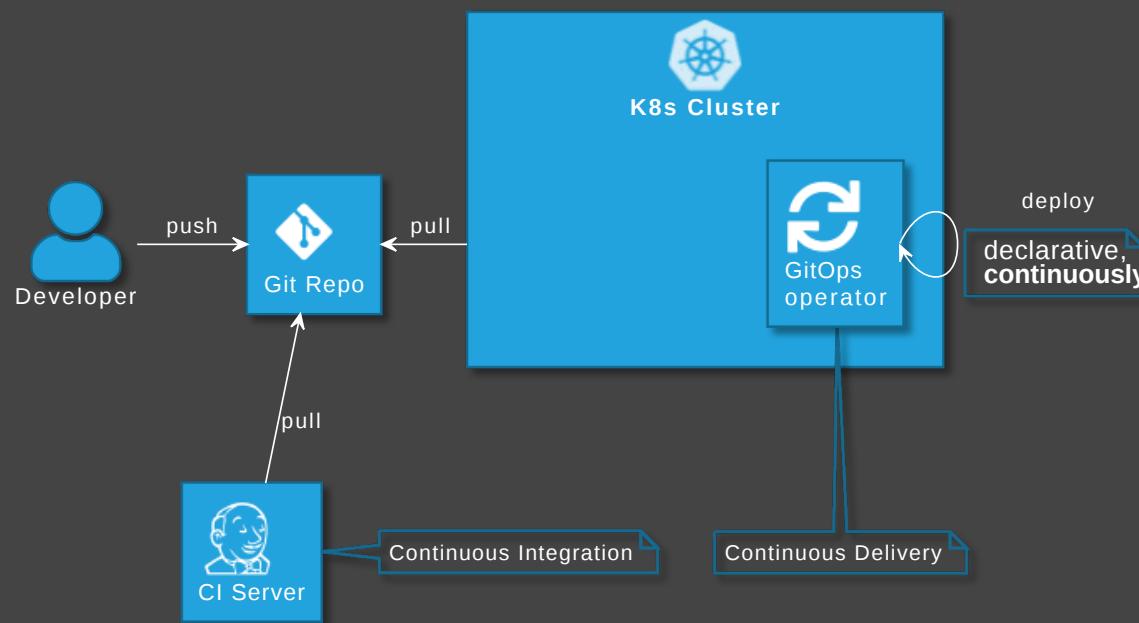
Use developer tooling to drive operations

 weave.works/blog/gitops-operations-by-pull-request

"Classic" Continuous Delivery ("CIOps")



GitOps



GitOps Principles

The desired state of a GitOps managed system must be:

- 1 Declarative**
- 2 Versioned and Immutable**
- 3 Pulled Automatically**
- 4 Continuously Reconciled**

 github.com/open-gitops/documents/blob/main/PRINCIPLES.md

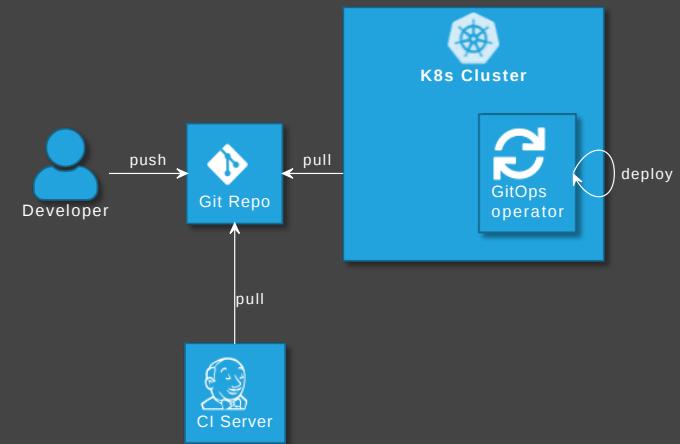


GitOps vs DevOps

- DevOps is about collaboration of formerly separate groups (mindset)
- GitOps focuses on ops (operating model)
- GitOps can be used with or without DevOps

Advantages of GitOps

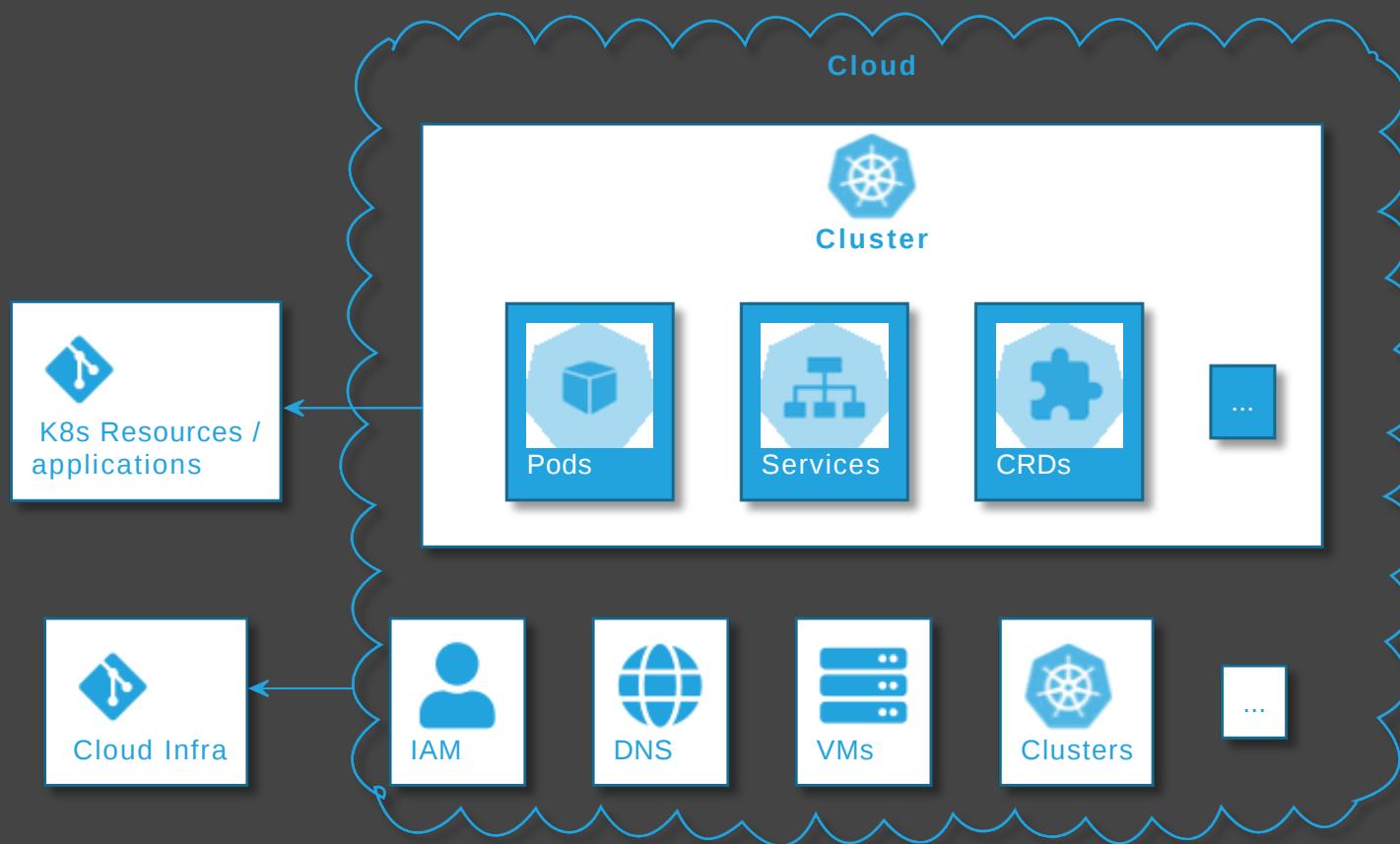
- No access to cluster from outside
(might also solve firewall/zone issues)
- No credentials on CI server
(neither cluster access nor for apps)
- Forces declarative description
- IaC is auditable
- Scalability - one repo many applications
- Self-healing / Hands-off ops





How can GitOps be used?

What can GitOps be used for?



GitOps tool categories

- GitOps operators/controllers
- Supplementary GitOps tools
- Tools for operating k8s clusters + cloud infra with GitOps

GitOps operators/controllers



Supplementary GitOps tools

Secrets

-  [bitnami-labs/sealed-secrets](#)
-  [Soluto/kamus](#)
-  [mozilla/sops](#) + K8s integration
- Operators for Key Management Systems

Others

- Backup / **restore**
- ~~Horizontal Pod Autoscaler~~
🌐 argo-cd.readthedocs.io/en/release-2.0/user-guide/best_practices

- Deployment Strategies - Progressive Delivery

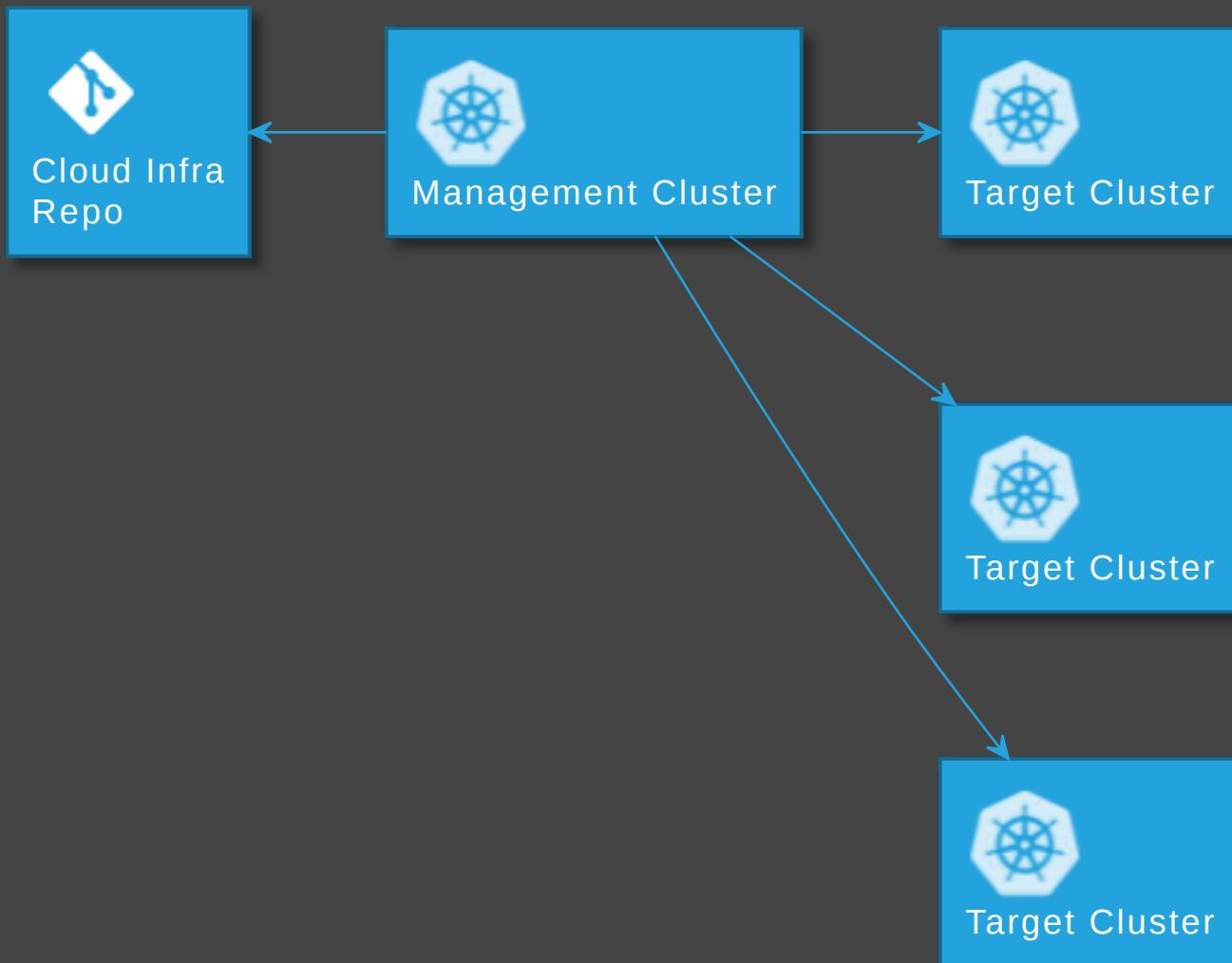


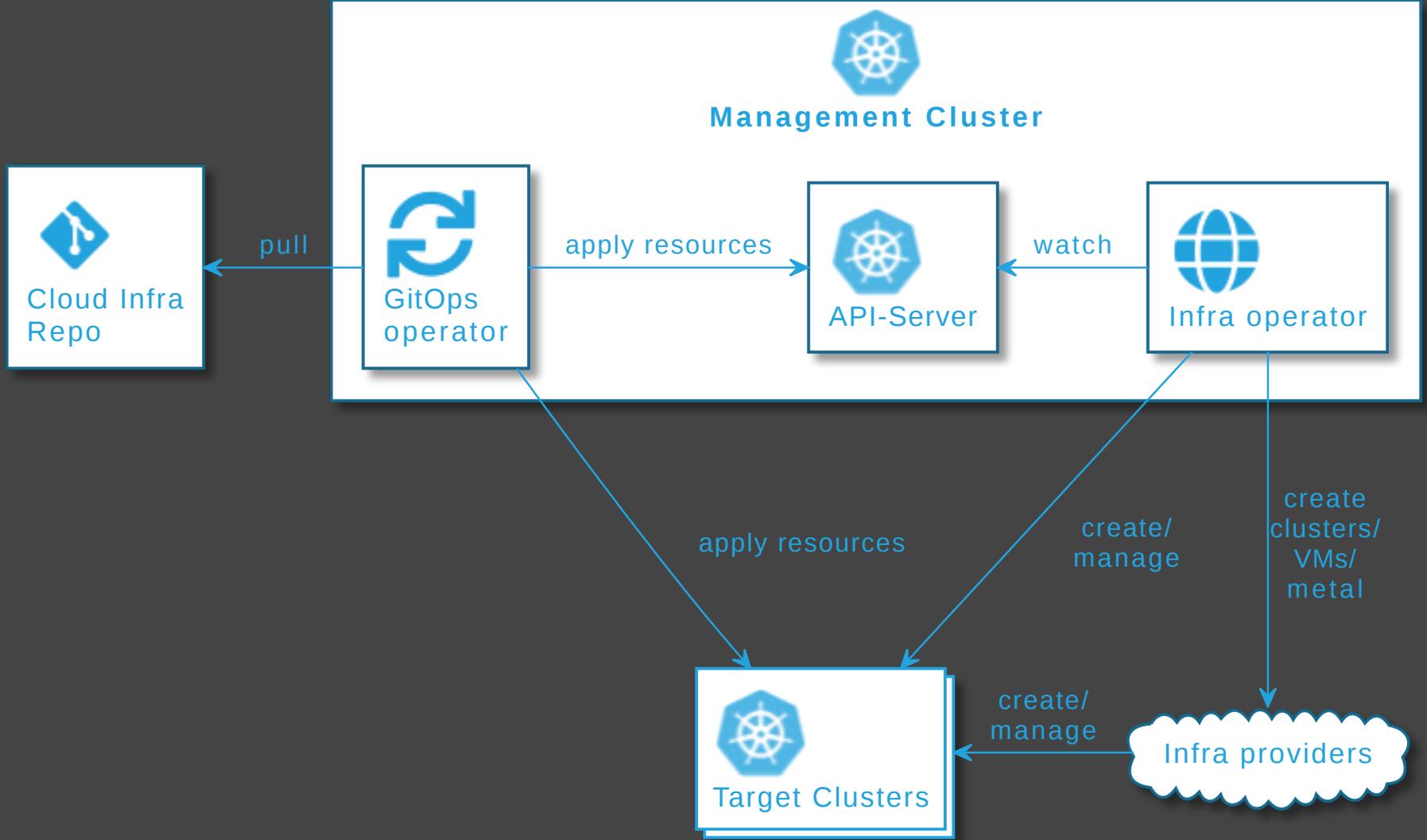
- ...



GitOps loves operators

Operate Kubernetes with Kubernetes





Tools for operating k8s clusters + cloud infra



+



Cloud or Operator

-

-
-
-

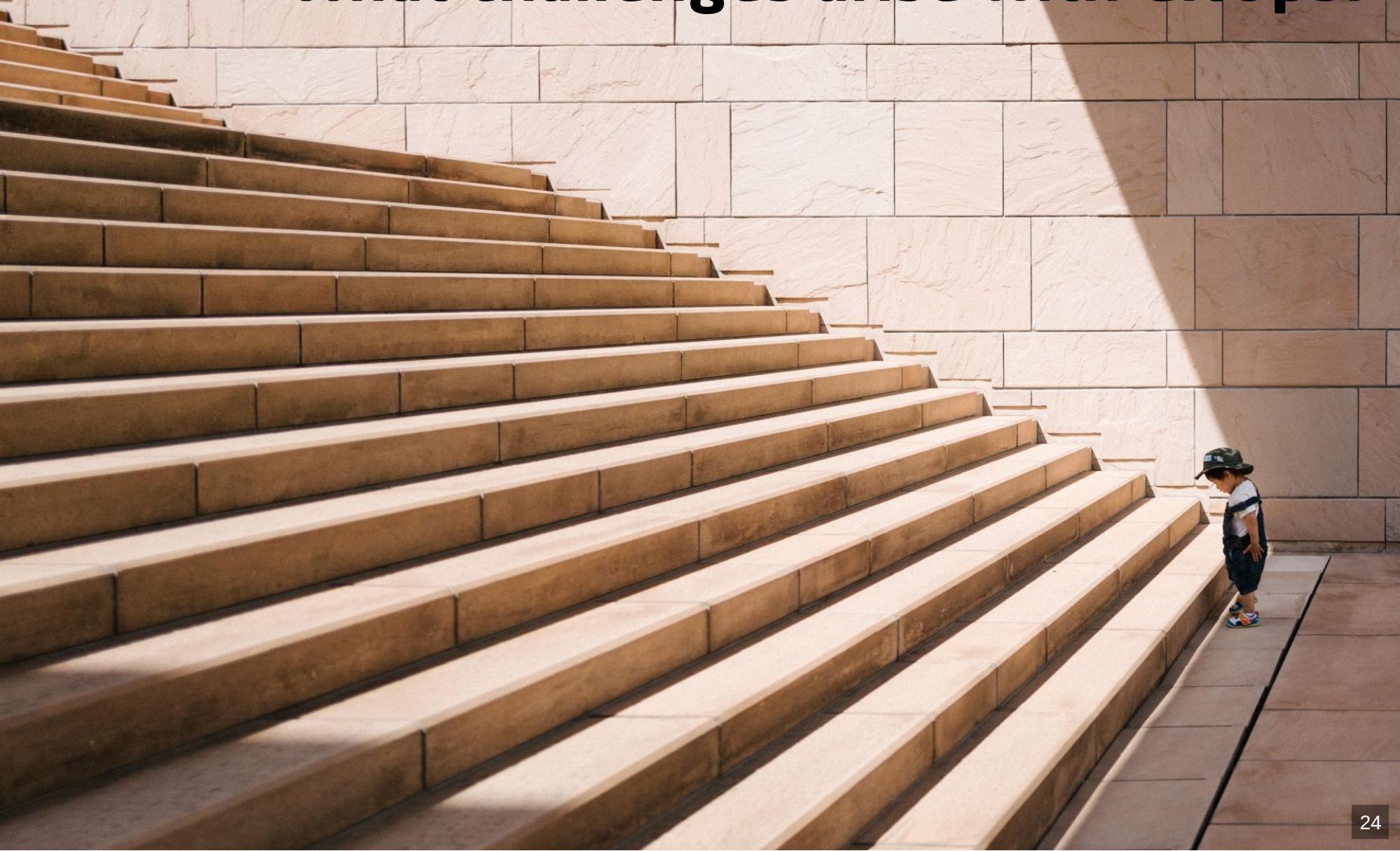
[rancher/terraform-controller](#)

See also

 cloudogu.com/blog/gitops-tools (iX 4/2021)

- General tool comparison,
- tips on criteria for tool selection,
- comparison of ArgoCD v1 and Flux v2

What challenges arise with GitOps?



More Infra ...

- GitOps Operator: One or more custom controllers
- Helm, Kustomize Controllers
- Operators for Supplementary tools (secrets, etc.)
- Monitoring/Alerting systems
- ...

... higher cost

- Maintenance/patching (vendor lock-in)
- Resource consumption
- Learning curve
- Error handling
 - failing late and silently
 - monitoring/alerting required
 - reason might be difficult to pinpoint
 - operators cause alerts (OOM errors, on Git/API server down, etc.)

Day two questions

- POC is simple
- Operations in prod has its challenges
 - How to realize local dev env?
 - How to delete resources?
 - How to realize staging?
 - How to structure repos and how many of them?
 - Role of CI server?
 - ...

Local development

- Option 1: Deploy GitOps operator and Git server on local cluster
➡ complicated
- Option 2: Just carry on without GitOps.
Easy, when IaC remains in app repo 😊

How to delete resources?

- garbage collection (Flux) / resource pruning (ArgoCD)
disabled by default
- 🔍 Enable from beginning ➡️ avoid manual interaction
- Unfortunately, still often unreliable / too defensive (?) 😞

Implementing stages

Idea 1: Staging Branches

- Develop → Staging
- Main → Production

The screenshot shows the Technology Radar website. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for Download, Subscribe, Search, Build your Radar, and About. To the right of the navigation is a graphic of a radar screen divided into four quadrants: Techniques (top-left), Tools (top-right), Platforms (bottom-left), and Languages & Frameworks (bottom-right). Below the navigation, the word "TECHNOLOGY RADAR" is prominently displayed. Under the "Techniques" heading, the entry for "GitOps" is listed. A small circular badge next to the entry says "APR 2021" and has a "HOLD" status with a question mark icon. The main text of the entry discusses the challenges of using GitOps for branching strategies, mentioning "infrastructure as code", "Git", "branch per environment", "GitFlow", and "long-lived branches".

thoughtworks.com/radar/techniques/gitops



Logic for branching complicated and error prone (merges)

Idea 2: Staging folders

- On the same branch: One folder per stage

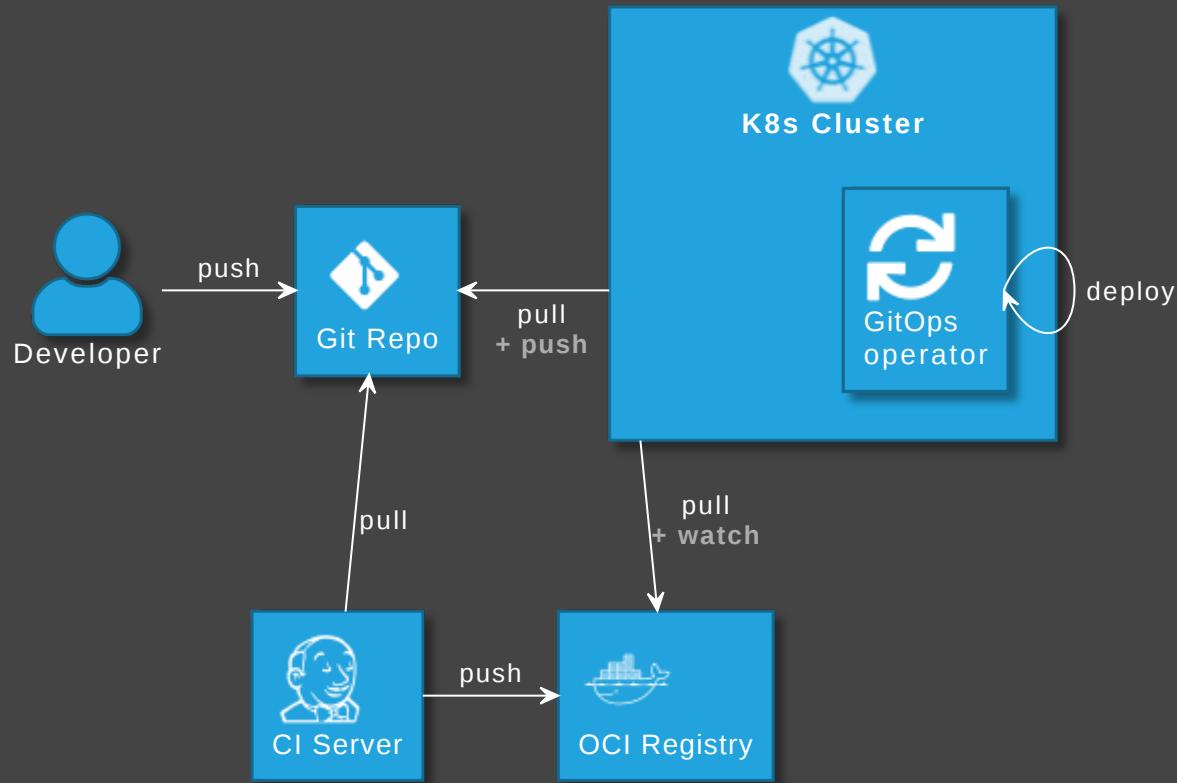
```
└── production
    └── application
        └── deployment.yaml
└── staging
    └── application
        └── deployment.yaml
```

- Process:
 - commit to staging folder only (⚠️ protect prod),
 - create short lived branches and pull requests for prod
- Duplication is tedious, but can be automated



- Logic for branching simpler
- Supports arbitrary number of stages

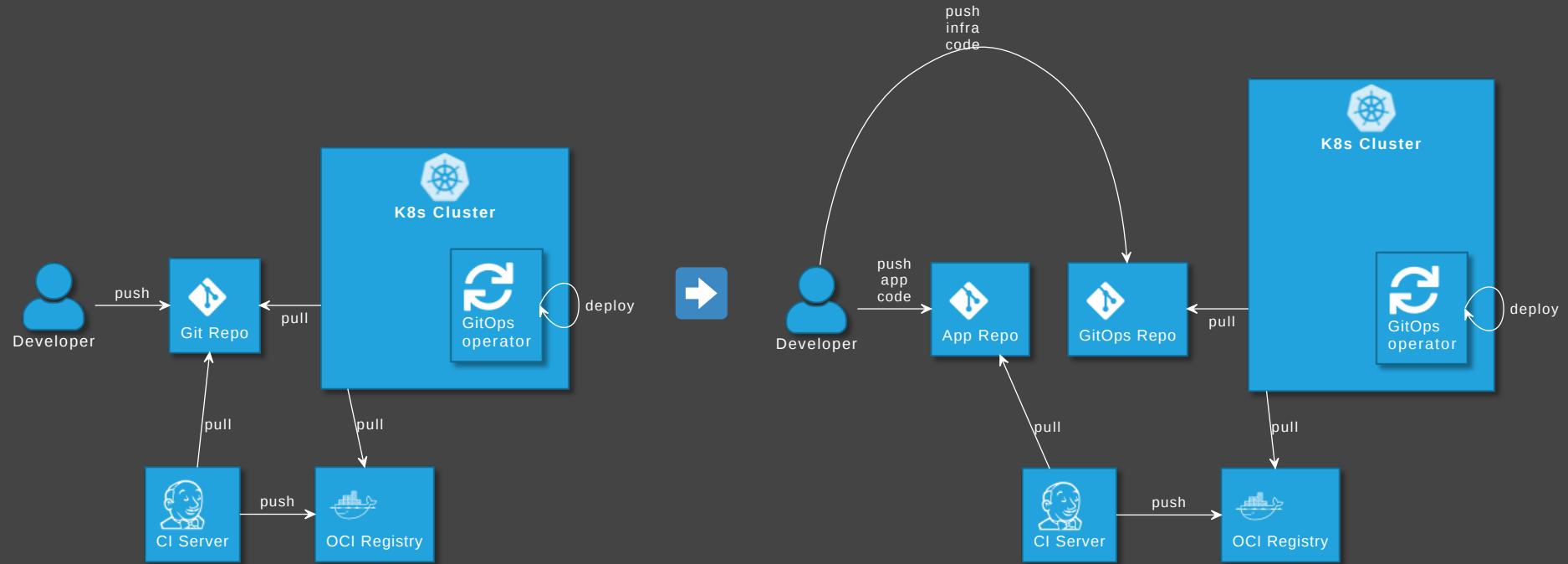
Basic role of CI server



📌 Optional: GitOps operator updates image version in Git

- 🐦 github.com/argoproj-labs/argocd-image-updater
- ⚛ fluxcd.io/docs/guides/image-update

Number of repositories: application vs GitOps repo



GitOps tools: Put infra in separate repo! See

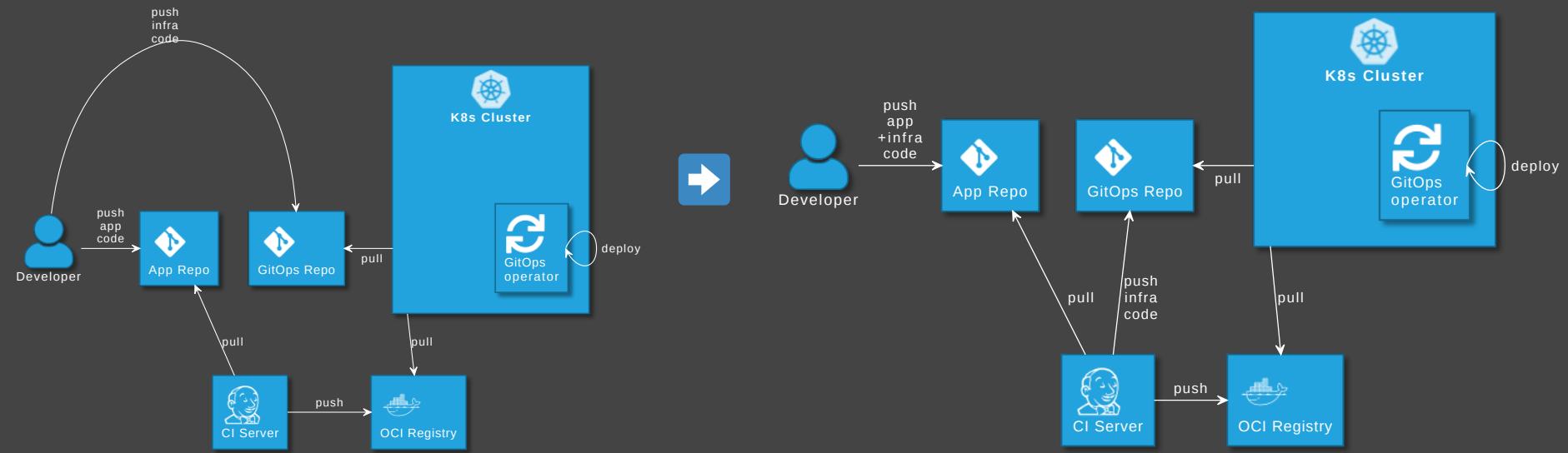
 argo-cd.readthedocs.io/en/release-2.0/user-guide/best_practices

Disadvantages

- Separated maintenance & versioning of app and infra code
- Review spans across multiple repos
- Local dev more difficult
- Static code analysis for IaC code not possible

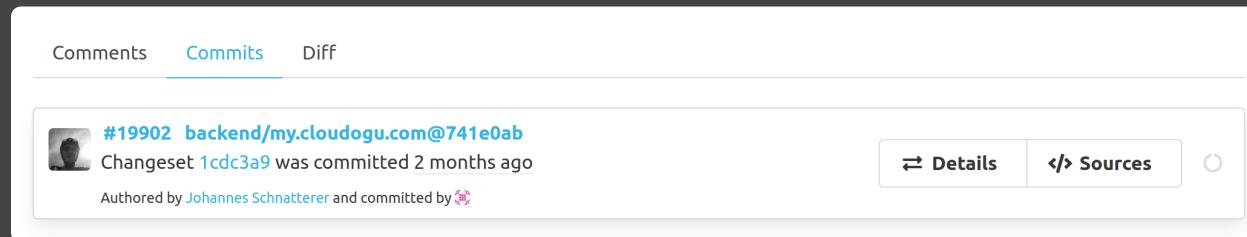
How to avoid those?

Extended role of CI server



Advantages

- Single repo for development: higher efficiency
- Automated staging (e.g. PR creation, namespaces)
- Shift left: static code analysis + policy check on CI server, e.g. yamlint, kubeval, helm lint, conftest
- Simplify review by adding info to PRs

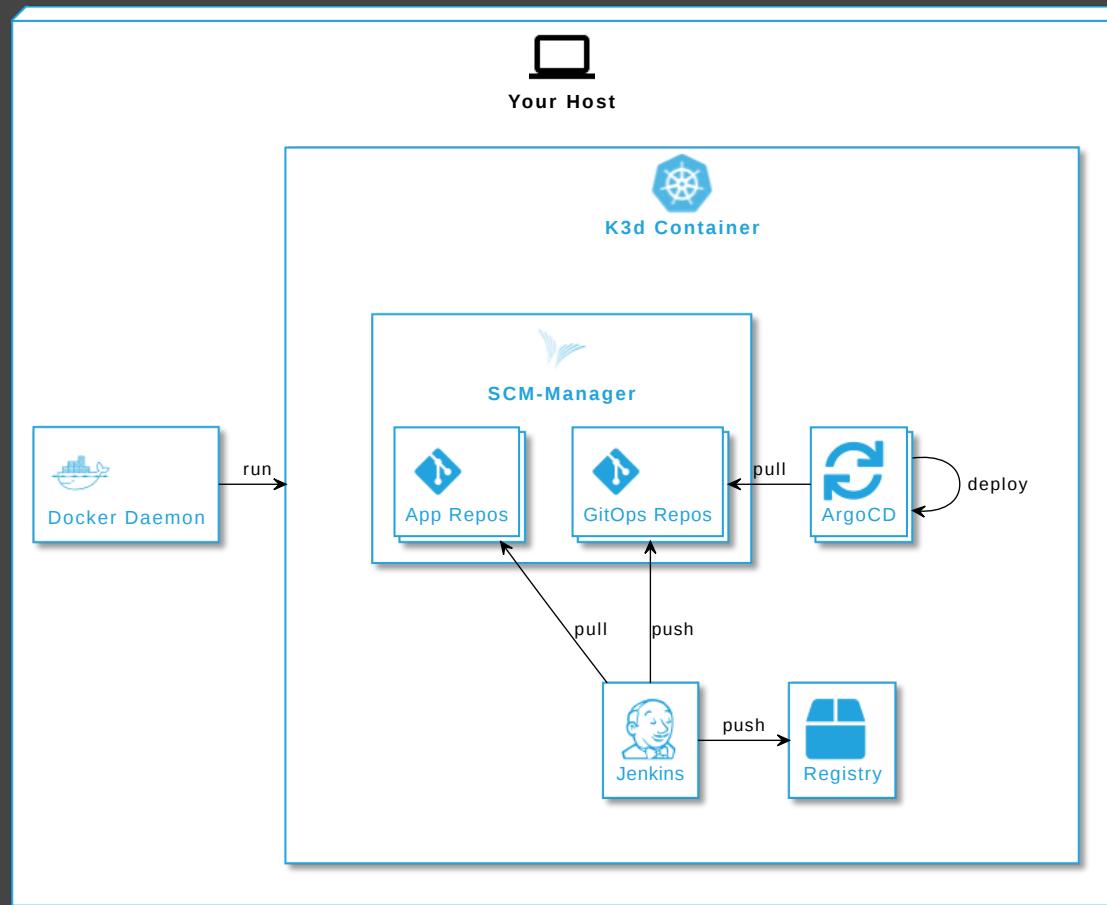


Disadvantage: Complexity in CI pipelines

→ Recommendation: Use a plugin or library, e.g.

 [cloudogu/gitops-build-lib](#) 

Demo



[cloudogu/gitops-playground](https://github.com/cloudogu/gitops-playground)

CONCLUSION



GitOps experience distilled

- + Has advantages, once established
- Mileage for getting there may vary

Adopt GitOps?

- Greenfield: Definitely
- Brownfield: Depends

Johannes Schnatterer, Cloudogu GmbH

 cloudogu.com/gitops

-  GitOps Resources (intro, our articles, etc.)
-  Links to GitOps Playground and Build Lib
-  Discussions
-  Trainings / Consulting
-  Jobs



Slides



Image sources

- What is GitOps? <https://pixabay.com/illustrations/question-mark-important-sign-1872665/>
- How can GitOps be used? Tools: <https://pixabay.com/photos/tools-knives-wrenches-drills-1845426/>
- What challenges arise with GitOps?
https://unsplash.com/photos/bJhT_8nbUA0