Crossplane

Introduction & Deep Dive https://crossplane.io

Nic Cope, Upbound Jared Watts, Upbound





What is Crossplane?

- Framework for building cloud native control planes
 - No need to write any code
- Cloud providers have been managing their infrastructure with control planes for years
 - Crossplane helps you build your own with your own opinions
- Extensible backend to manage any infrastructure in any environment
- Configurable frontend to expose declarative APIs
 (abstractions) for developer self-service



CNCF Project for the Community

- Crossplane is a neutral place for vendors and individuals to come together in enabling control planes
- Launched in Dec 2018 by creators of CNCF graduated Rook project
 - Accepted into Sandbox in June 2020
 - First major "stable" milestone <u>v1.0 released</u> in Dec 2020
 - Moved to Incubation September 2021
 - <u>v1.14</u> most recent release (last week)
 - Progressing towards <u>Graduation</u> we need your help <u>adopters!</u>



Project and Community Stats





7,000+



10,000+

Members



43M+

Pulls



The Basics

Managed Resources



Managed Resources Example: AWS

Networking Databases Kubernetes Clusters IAM VMs Message Queues Caches

...and much more...

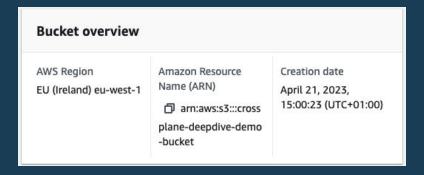
Certificates

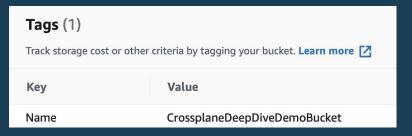
Providers provider-aws Starred v0.33.0 aws Overview Provider AWS is a Crossplane provider for Amazon Web Services (AWS) developed and supported by Upbound. If provider-aws you encounter an issue please reach out on our support@upbound.io email address. upbound official **Legal Notices** Package Type Support Source Code Provider Upbound github.com/upbound/provider-aws View **Install Manifest** Docs CRDs (901) Custom Resource Definitions (CRDs) define new API types in a Crossplane cluster. Search for CRDs (e.g. Analyzer, ArchiveRule)



Managed Resources

```
apiVersion: s3.aws.crossplane.io/v1beta1
kind: Bucket
metadata:
  name: crossplane-deepdive-demo-bucket
spec:
  forProvider:
    acl: private
    locationConstraint: eu-west-1
    paymentConfiguration:
      payer: BucketOwner
    versioningConfiguration:
      status: Fnabled
    tagging:
      tagSet:
      - key: Name
        value: CrossplaneDeepDiveDemoBucket
```







Managed Resources

Status contains values returned from the remote API and the condition of the resources.

```
Status:
At Provider:
Arn: arn:aws:s3:::crossplane-deepdive-demo-bucket

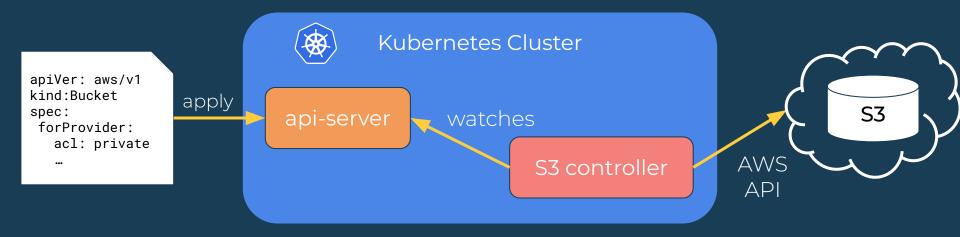
Events:
Type Age From Message
Normal 6m8s bucket.s3.aws.crossplane.io Successfully created external resource
```

Managed Resources Generate K8s Events



Managed Resource Reconciliation

 Controllers reconcile these CRDs with cloud provider and on-prem APIs (e.g., GCP, AWS, or any API really)





Control Plane Internal Stack

Kubernetes Runtime

Controller Controller Controller Controller Custom Logic Manage External APIs Crossplane Runtime Create/Update/Delete Event, Watch, Request, Controller Runtime Reconciliation CRDs, OpenAPI, Kubernetes API Machinery Persistence (etcd) Run Workloads, Ingress,

RBAC

Crossplane

Building Your Control Plane

Composition



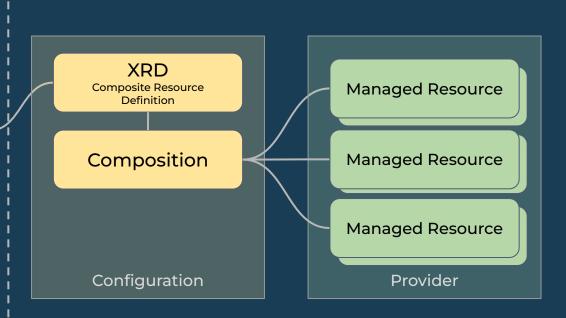
Build your own Platform API

- Assemble granular resources, e.g. from multiple clouds.
- Expose as higher level self-service API for your app teams
 - Compose GKE, NodePool, Network, Subnetwork
 - Offer as a single Cluster resource (API) with limited config for developers to self-service
- Hide infrastructure complexity and include policy guardrails
- All with K8s API compatible with kubectl, GitOps, etc.
- No code required, it's all declarative



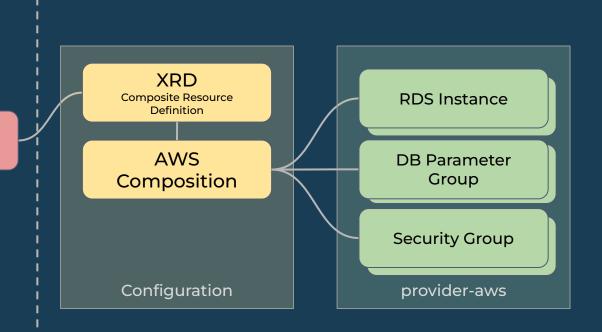


Claim





Small PostgreSQL





Composite Resources

First create Composite Resource Definition (XRD) to declare our custom platform API

```
apiVersion: apiextensions.crossplane.io/v1
kind: CompositeResourceDefinition
metadata:
 name: nosqls.database.example.com
spec:
 group: database.example.com
 names:
   kind: NoSQL
   plural: nosqls
                                       Custom API Group
 versions:
  - name: v1alpha1
    served: true
    referenceable: true
                                      Standard openAPIV3
    schema:
                                      Schema
     openAPIV3Schema:
        type: object
        properties:
```



Compositions

Then we define a Composition which implements XRD

```
apiVersion: apiextensions.crossplane.io/v1
kind: Composition
metadata:
                                                         XRD reference
 name: dynamo-with-bucket
spec:
  compositeTypeRef:
    apiVersion: database.example.com/vlalpha1
    kind: NoSQL
  resources:
    - name: dynamoDB
      base:
                                                          List of Managed Resources
        apiVersion: dynamodb.aws.upbound.io/v1beta1
                                                          to Compose
        kind: Table
```



Patches

Patches enable propagation of data from Composite Resource (XR) down to composed Managed Resources (MR)

patches:

- type: FromCompositeFieldPath
fromFieldPath: "spec.readCapacity"

toFieldPath: "spec.forProvider.readCapacity"

- type: FromCompositeFieldPath
 fromFieldPath: "spec.location"
 toFieldPath: "spec.forProvider.region"
 transforms:

- type: map
 map:

EU: "eu-north-1" US: "us-east-2" Copy of value from XR spec down to MR spec

Map transform to manipulate the config data

Extending Crossplane

Providers, Configurations, Functions



Current Extension Points

Crossplane is a highly extensible framework

Providers

- You can build a provider to manage anything with an API
- CRUD operations for cloud resources, on-prem services, etc.

Configurations

- Compose resources from providers
- Define your control plane's declarative APIs and abstractions.

Functions

- Custom composition logic written in your language of choice
- All are Crossplane packages / opinionated OCI Images

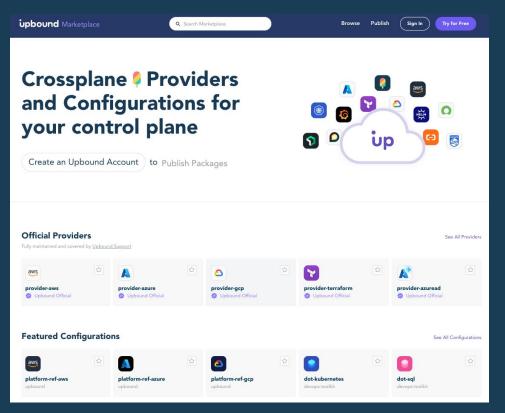


Crossplane Provider Ecosystem





Marketplace for all Extensions



Discover and share Crossplane extensions

Open to everyone

https://marketplace.upbound.io



Ordered Deletion



Deletion ordering problem

- Kubernetes is eventually consistent
 - Works great when creating multiple resources that have dependencies, e.g. VPC and Subnet
 - Just keep retrying until dependencies are created...success!
 - Loose coupling, less complexity, resilient
- Eventual consistency doesn't always work for deletions
 - Can result in orphaned managed resources
 - e.g., Helm Release deployed into EKS Cluster
 - Deleting Cluster first prevents proper clean-up of Release and all its resources



Usage API

- New Usage type being introduced in Crossplane <u>√1.14</u>
 - Alpha level for at least one release to get feedback and iterate
- Declare dependency relationships between Crossplane resources
- Relationships captured in a Usage object are enforced by an admission webbook
 - Usage of A by B will block deletion of A until B is deleted first
 - e.g., admission webhook "nousages" denied the request:
 This resource is in-use by Usage Release/my-chart



Example Usage Dependency

```
apiVersion: apiextensions.crossplane.io/v1alpha1
kind: Usage
metadata:
  name: release-uses-cluster
spec:
  reason: "Release uses Cluster"
  of:
    apiVersion: eks.upbound.io/v1beta1
    kind: Cluster
    resourceRef:
      name: my-cluster
  by:
    apiVersion: helm.crossplane.io/v1beta1
    kind: Release
    resourceRef:
      name: my-prometheus-chart
```



Resource Protection with Usage

Protect resources forever by omitting by field

```
apiVersion: apiextensions.crossplane.io/v1alpha1
kind: Usage
spec:
  reason: "Production Database - never delete"
 of:
   apiVersion: rds.aws.upbound.io/v1beta1
    kind: Instance
    resourceRef:
      name: my-cluster
```



Composition Functions



Current Limitations of Composition

- No iteration. No conditionals. No templates.
- No advanced logic other than simple patch & transforms
- List of resources is static
- No ability to call external APIs to get values
- and others...composition is **not** a programming language
- We didn't want to grow a DSL expressed in YAML
 - Need to reinvent a lot of wheels testing, linting, etc.
 - o Infra DSLs tend to grow organically, but not cohesively
 - We're not language designers



What can Functions do?

- First released as alpha in <u>v1.11.0</u>
- Evolved the architecture and UX to mature to beta in v1.14.0
- Run a pipeline of simple functions
- Written in your language of choice with any logic your use case needs.
- You don't have to write any code to start using functions
 - Reusable functions that are generally useful
 - e.g., helm/go templates, CUE scripts, etc.
- Sweet spot between "no code" ←→ building an entire controller
 - Focus on your platform's unique needs only
 - Crossplane still does the heavy lifting of CRUD-ing resources,
 finalizers, owner refs, etc

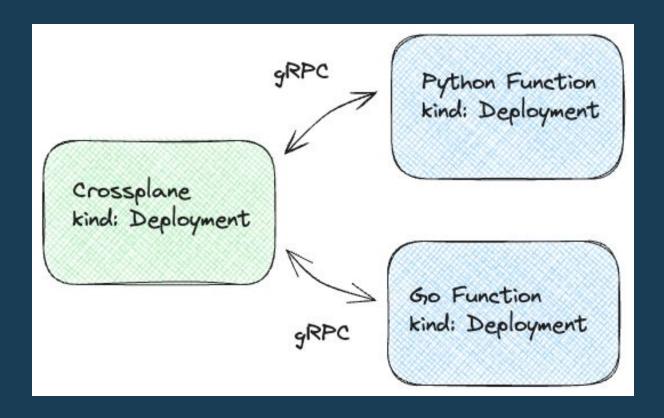


How do Functions work?

- Packaged/distributed just like Providers and Configurations
- Each function is really more like a "function server"
 - Long running processes, created as a Deployment
- Crossplane talks gRPC to each function
 - Function input: Observed resources (XR, MRs)
 - Function output: **Desired** resources
- Pipeline of desired resources passes from one function to the next
 - Each function can modify (or validate) them
- Functions don't need to interact with API server



Functions Visualized





Building Functions

- SDKs
 - Libraries for common tasks, codify best practices, eliminate boilerplate
 - e.g., <u>https://github.com/crossplane/function-sdk-go</u>
- Tooling
 - Scaffold a new Function with everything except your custom logic
 - crossplane beta xpkg init myfunc function-template-go
 - Test and iterate locally
 - crossplane beta render xr.yaml composition.yaml functions.yaml
 - Build/Push to package registry
 - crossplane xpkg build
 - crossplane xpkg push myorg/cool-func:v0.1.0



Using Functions

- Not everyone needs to write their own Functions code
 - o There will be generic & reusable Functions for the 80% case
- General workflow
 - o Find (or build) Functions you want to use
 - Install the Functions into your control plane with kind: Function
 - Reference the Functions in a Composition
 - Provide Function input in the Composition, where needed
- Mixing classic Patch & Transform logic alongside Functions is possible



Using Functions - for loop (go templates)

```
apiVersion: apiextensions.crossplane.io/v1beta1
kind: Composition
 name: example
   apiVersion: database.example.org/v1
   kind: XPostgreSQLInstance
 mode: Pipeline
  - step: compose-xr-using-go-templates
     name: go-templates
     apiVersion: example.org/v1
     kind: GoTemplate
      source: Inline
       {{- range $i := until ( .desired.composite.resource.spec.count ) }}
       apiVersion: rds.aws.upbound.io/v1beta1
        kind: Instance
        spec:
         forProvider:
           engine: postgres
           engineVersion: "13.7"
       {{- end }}
  - step: validate-composed-resources
     name: cel-validation
```



Using Functions - if conditionals (CUE)

```
apiVersion: apiextensions.crossplane.io/v1
kind: Composition
 pipeline:
 - step: conditional
    functionRef:
      name: function-cue
    input:
      apiVersion: cue.fn.crossplane.io/v1beta1
      kind: CUEInput
      export:
       target: Resources
        options:
          inject:
          - name: provider
           path: spec.provider
        value: |
          #env: string @tag("provider")
          name: "TestNodepool"
          resource: {
            if #env == "aws" {
                apiVersion: "eks.crospslane.io/v1"
            if #env == "gcp" {
                apiVersion: "gke.crossplane.io/v1"
```



Demo - Functions

https://github.com/jbw976/xfn-demo



Community is everything



Get Involved

- Website: https://crossplane.io/
- Docs: https://crossplane.io/docs
- GitHub: https://github.com/crossplane/crossplane
- Slack: https://slack.crossplane.io/
- Blog: <u>https://blog.crossplane.io/</u>
- Twitter: https://twitter.com/crossplane_io
- Youtube: <u>Crossplane Youtube</u>



Calling all Crossplane Adopters!

We'd love to hear about your adoption of Crossplane, please share your story in <u>ADOPTERS.md</u> in the crossplane/crossplane repo



