



How SIG Release Cooks Trustworthy Artifacts From Raw Source Code

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What we will cover in this session

- 1. What's new in SIG Release
- 2. How we turn source code into artifacts
- 3. How can we trust those artifacts
- 4. Owning the infrastructure
- 5. What we plan for the future
- 6. Getting involved



What's New?

Kubernetes 1.25





- 40 different enhancements
- Goodbye k8s.gcr.io, hello registry.k8s.io
- kube-proxy images are now distroless

Released: Tuesday 23rd August 2022

Kubernetes 1.26



Coming Soon: Tuesday 6th December 2022

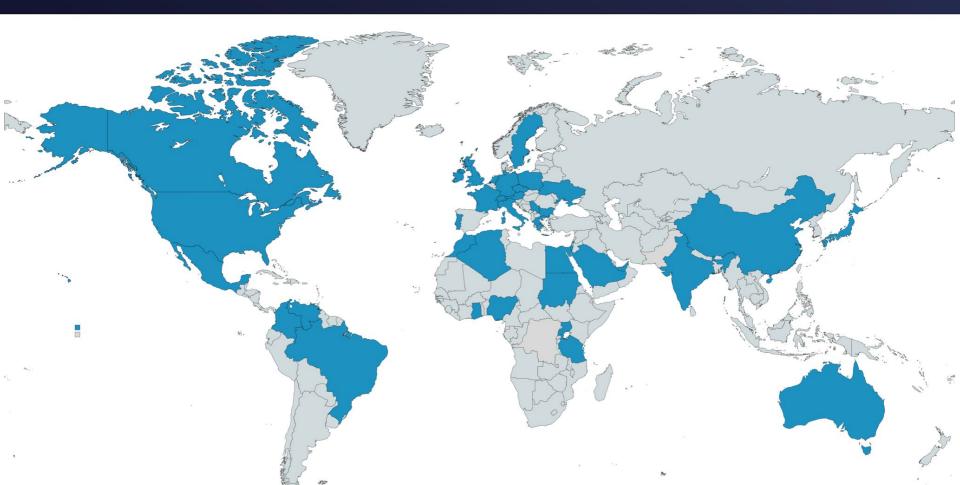
Release Lead: Leonard Pahlke (@leonardpahlke)

Emeritus Advisor: Nabarun Pal (@palnabarun)

The First Release Lead Entirely Outside Of North America!

The Release Teams Have Been Global





SIG Release Focus Areas 2022



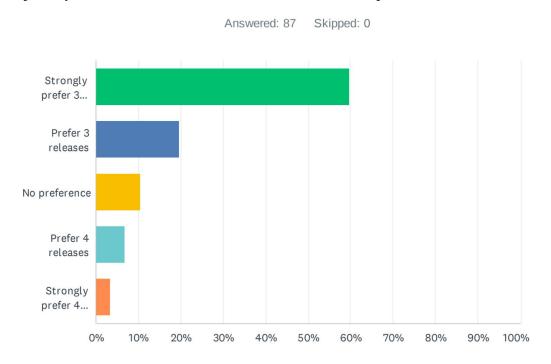
SIG Release Roadmap

- Consumable: Improving the usability of artifacts by making their consumption easier
- Introspectable: Making releases introspectable so consumers know how artifacts are built
- Secure: Ensuring that the artifacts we produce are verified for their integrity.

Introspectable: The Release Cadence Survey



Q9 Instead of 4 minor releases a year, Kubernetes release cadence has been modified to result in 3 minor releases a year. Which release cycle do you prefer between the two? Record your answer below.



Consumable: Distribute Artifacts Between Vendors



kubernetes/enhancements#3055

- 1. New oci-proxy at registry.k8s.io
- 2. Release Artifacts Replicated to AWS S3
- 3. Generally redirect requests from AWS IP to AWS S3
- 4. Other requests to k8s.gcr.io



Turning Source Code Into Artifacts!



How releases are being cut

- 1. We need to plan for the release
 - Per cycle: <u>git.k8s.io/sig-release/releases/release-1.26#timeline</u>
 - For patches: <u>k8s.io/releases/patch-releases</u>
- 2. We need someone to take the responsibility for cutting the release
 - Cutting releases takes time and dedication
 - Manual steps are required for documentation and verification



Who we have onboard

- Branch Managers and their Shadows
 - Selected per release cycle
 - Have full access to the main Kubernetes repository
 - Plan the pre releases (alpha, beta, rc) together with the Release
 Team Leads
 - Coordinate between other release team members,
 for example with the CI Signal subteam



Who we have onboard

- Release Managers and Associates
 - Permanent role within the Release Engineering subproject
 - Coordinating and cutting patch releases
 - Maintaining release branches
 - Actively developing features and maintaining code
 - Working closely together with the <u>Security Response Committee</u>
 - Mentoring the <u>Release Manager Associates</u> group



Steps involved to cut a release

- 1. Create a <u>release cut issue</u> on GitHub
 - Contains relevant information about the involved steps
 - Links to any blockers or follow-up work
 - References under which conditions the release has been cut (failing informal tests, which tooling versions we used)
 - Lists which <u>Google Cloud Build</u> jobs ran
- 2. Create a corresponding tracking thread in Slack <u>#release-management</u>



Steps involved to cut a release

- 3. Contact the Google Build Admins for their availability
 - Help to build, push and sign packages for <u>apt.k8s.io</u> / <u>yum.k8s.io</u>
- 4. Stage the release by using the <u>Kubernetes Release Toolbox</u> (krel):
 - > krel stage [--type alpha] [--branch master]

Krel runs per default in mock (non production) mode



What does krel stage do?

- Runs a new predefined Google Cloud Build job
- Automatically checks the prerequisites for the release
- Determines the release versions and tags the repository
- Builds the release
- Generates the changelog and Bill of Materials (SBOM)
- Verifies the built artifacts
- Builds the provenance attestations
- Stages the artifact into a Google Cloud Bucket



Steps involved to cut a release

- 5. Release the new version by using krel:
 - > krel release --build-version=v1.26.0-alpha.0.687+f0823c0f59d6ea



What does krel release do?

- Verifies the artifact provenance
- Pushing the artifacts into their final destination
- Pushing the staged git objects (the tag, changelogs)
- Creates the release announcement
- Updates the GitHub release page
- Builds the provenance attestations
- Archives the release



Steps involved to cut a release

- 6. If everything goes well, we now run krel stage in production mode
- 7. Do the container image promotion by using kpromo:
 - > kpromo pr --fork \$GH_USER --interactive --tag v1.26.0-alpha.1
- 8. If the promotion is done, run *krel release* in production mode
- 9. Contact the Google Build Admin to cut the deb/rpm packages for us
- 10. Notify the Slack channel that the release is done
- 11. Announce the release on the mailing lists by using *krel announce*



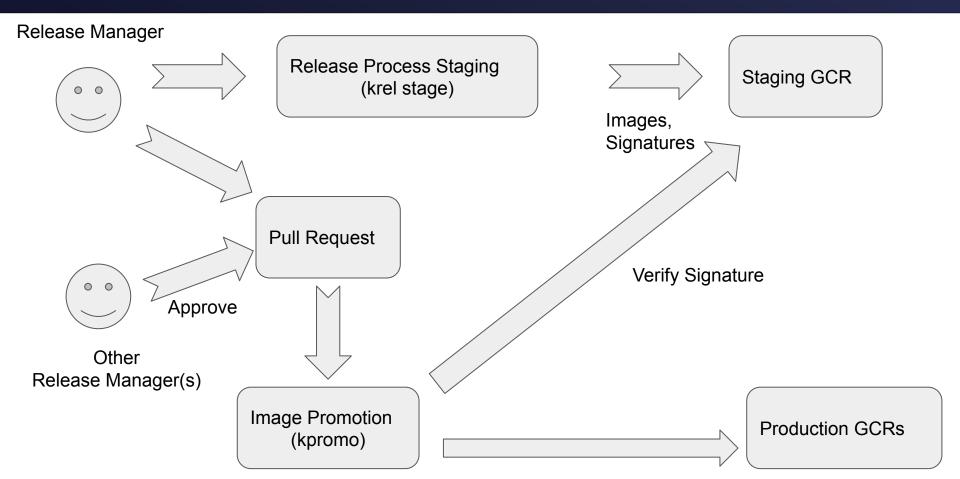
What's inside a new release?

- Binary artifacts for Kubernetes server, client and test binaries for every supported platform
- Sigstore signed Container images on k8s.gcr.io for each Kubernetes component on supported platforms
- SLSA provenance metadata for stage and release steps
- An updated Kubernetes repository as well as the staged sources
- Software Bill of Materials (SBOMs) for all of them



Can We Trust Those Artifacts?





How can we trust those artifacts



Verifying container image signatures

```
> cosign verify k8s.gcr.io/kube-apiserver-amd64:v1.26.0-alpha.1 ...

Verification for k8s.gcr.io/kube-apiserver-amd64:v1.26.0-alpha.1 --

The following checks were performed on each of these signatures:
```

- The cosign claims were validated
- Existence of the claims in the transparency log was verified offline
- Any certificates were verified against the Fulcio roots.

```
[{"critical":{"..."}}]
```

How can we trust those artifacts



Looking at the content of the artifacts

- We produce a Software Package Data Exchange (SPDX) Software Bill of Materials (SBOM)
- Published With Each Release:

```
https://sbom.k8s.io/v1.26.0-alpha.1/release
```

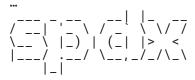
Generated with https://github.com/kubernetes-sigs/bom

How can we trust those artifacts



Verifying SBOMs

> bom document outline https://sbom.k8s.io/v1.26.0-alpha.1/release



🥇 SPDX Document Kubernetes Release v1.26.0-alpha.1

DESCRIBES 25 Packages

registry.k8s.io/kube-controller-manager-arm:v1.26.0-alpha.1

| & 4 Relationships

CONTAINS PACKAGE 34aa560c5ee07db2b796103caa5ffe1400880fcb630ad5c0fed13023fde4722c/layer.tar CONTAINS PACKAGE 43cb326dea3f2dc92a622b91e271cad33e6d0ec952bc949920bdaf298ba4eace/layer.tar CONTAINS PACKAGE 38961665f9ab8d0f3095ab1222864295edbe505f5ff5eadd261a1c325e8420c7/layer.tar GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-kubernetes-v1.26.0-alpha.1 (external)

registry.k8s.io/kube-apiserver-arm:v1.26.0-alpha.1

│ ❷ 4 Relationships

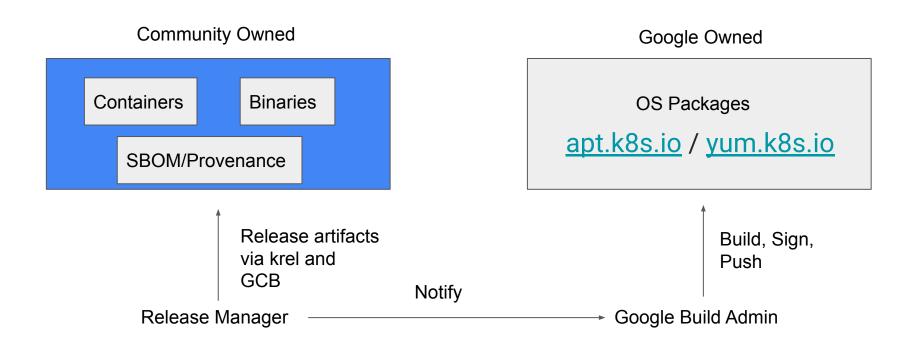
- CONTAINS PACKAGE 34aa560c5ee07db2b796103caa5ffe1400880fcb630ad5c0fed13023fde4722c/layer.tar - CONTAINS PACKAGE 43cb326dea3f2dc92a622b91e271cad33e6d0ec952bc949920bdaf298ba4eace/layer.tar - CONTAINS PACKAGE b8cdb1024938ff720df83dd13cdc366927c5fce156f137b2489fed97fde25579/layer.tar - GENERATED_FROM DocumentRef-kubernetes-v1.26.0-alpha.1 (external)



Owning The Infrastructure

Who owns what parts of the process?





Owning The Rest Of The Infrastructure



What's left?

- Migrate away from Google built packages (and keys)
- Currently investigating <u>Open Build Service</u>
- Join us at #release-packages-poc (notes)



What we plan for the future

The Future: Consumable



What's Coming Up?

- Reimagine Image Promotion Process (from KEP 3055)
 - Tighter colab with SIG K8s Infra
 - Rewrite large kpromo chunks
- System Package Migration
- General Release Guidelines for Tiered Repositories
- GitHub Actions Repo! new new new

The Future: Introspectable



What's Coming Up?

- Provenance Metadata
 - Tejolote SLSA Attester is out
 - Attesting Image Promotion
 - .. and now done properly :)



The Future: Secure



What's Coming Up?

- File Signing for
 - a. Binaries
 - b. SBOMs
 - C. Provenance
- Push to the new SLSA 3 Levels
- Artifact Verification in publish-release
- Multi Language Support for bom
- The SIG Release Guide to Secure Releases





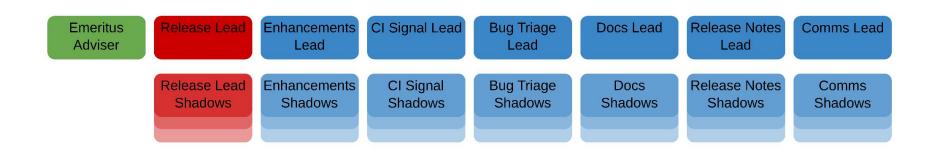






Apply as a Release Team Shadow for the upcoming 1.27 cycle

- Watch for the [ANNOUNCEMENT] on dev@kubernetes.io
- Learn more about the roles: <u>git.k8s.io/sig-release/release-team/README.md</u>
- Choose the area of your particular interest:





Interested in the more technical aspects of a release?

Show interest in becoming a Release Manager Associate, by:

- Joining the Release Team as Shadow and later lead a technical role
- Starting to contribute consistently to our repositories
- Being active in our technical discussions in #release-management or #sig-release
- Identifying working areas and helping with our <u>recurring work</u>
- Connect to existing <u>Release Managers</u> to find areas to contribute



Reach out to us, we're happy to help!

- The Release Team Shadowing Program provides one of the best onboarding experiences in the community
- SIG Release is always welcoming to discuss process or technical enhancements into any direction
- Being most inclusive for everyone is our goal to lower the barrier for new and existing community members





BUILDING FOR THE ROAD AHEAD

DETROIT 2022

Thank you!

