





Europe 2023

# The path to self contained CRDs

Cici Huang, Google

#### Things to be covered?



- The Journey of CRD in Kubernetes
- The Common Expression Language (CEL)
- Make CRD More self contained
- The Power to extend Policy Enforcement in Admission Chain
- Q&A





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# The Journey of CRD

### The Journey of CRD



- Start as ThirdPartyResource
- Beta in 1.7; Stable in 1.16
- Extension of the Kubernetes API



### The Journey of CRD



- Trying to make CRD as good as built-in types
  - Versioning
  - Subresources
  - OpenAPI schema
  - Structural schema
  - Defaulting
  - Pruning
  - 0 .....



#### Validation is critical



If you don't validate the data comes in, things will break in a way

#### hard to reason!

- Immutability
- Cross field checks
- Mutually exclusive
- Specific format of a field
- ...



#### Validation is critical



#### Before CEL

- Build-in Validation
  - CRD structural schemas
  - OpenAPIV3 validation
    - Format, Regex, Range/Size limit
- Validating Admission Webhook



#### The Price of Webhooks



- Development complexity
  - Core logic + monitoring + alerting
  - Packaging/Releasing
- Operational complexity
  - Mis-configure
  - Latency added
  - Upgrade/rollback



#### Validation is critical



# Things people wanna do with CRD validation are **simple!**

- 1 Ensure a CRD field is immutable.
- 2 Require that field x has a specific format.
- 3 Cross field validations.

Can we use something simpler than webhooks?





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# The Common Expression Language (CEL)

## **CEL Examples**



CEL Expression	Purpose	
self.minReplicas <= self.replicas && self.replicas <= self.maxReplicas	Validate that the three fields defining replicas are ordered appropriately	
self.components['Widget'].parts[2].isEn abled	Access a deeply nested field.	
self.created + self.ttl < self.expired	Validate that 'expired' date is after a 'create' date plus a 'ttl' duration	

#### **CEL Documentation**



The Common Expression Language (CEL) implements common semantics for expression evaluation, enabling different applications to more easily interoperate.

#### Keep it small & fast.

CEL evaluates in linear time, is mutation free, and not Turing-complete. This limitation is a feature of the language design, which allows the implementation to evaluate orders of magnitude faster than equivalently sandboxed JavaScript.

#### Make it extensible.

CEL is designed to be embedded in applications, and allows for extensibility via its context which allows for functions and data to be provided by the software that embeds it.

#### Developer-friendly.

The language is approachable to developers. The initial spec was based on the experience of developing Firebase Rules and usability testing many prior iterations.

The library itself and accompanying toolings should be easy to adopt by teams that seek to integrate CEL into their platforms.

#### **CEL Limitations**



```
No for/while/...

Instead use comprehension "macros":
    all()
    exists()
    exists_one()
    map()
    filter()
```

No if/else..

Instead use the ternary operator:

<condition> ? <ifTrue> : <ifFalse>

#### **CEL** function libraries



- CEL "stdlib"
- CEL extended string function library(regex, contains, ...)
- Kubernetes CEL library
  - list library
  - more regex
  - URLs support

#### Learn more:



## https://kubernetes.io/docs/referen ce/using-api/cel/

github.com/google/cel-spec





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# Make CRDs more self contained



#### x-kubernetes-validations



```
apiVersion: apiextensions.k8s.io/v1
kind: CustomResourceDefinition
spec:
 openAPIV3Schema:
  type: object
  properties:
   spec:
    type: object
    x-kubernetes-validations:
     - rule: "self.replicas <=
self.maxReplicas"
    properties:
     replicas:
      type: integer
     maxReplicas:
      type: integer
```

Can be put anywhere under openAPIV3Schema.



```
apiVersion: apiextensions.k8s.io/v1
kind: CustomResourceDefinition
spec:
 openAPIV3Schema:
  type: object
  properties:
   spec:
    type: object
    x-kubernetes-validations
     - rule: "self.repneas <= self.maxReplicas"
    properties:
     replicas:
      type: integer
     maxReplicas:
      type: integer
```

"self" is a CEL variable. It provides access to values, scoped to current schema.



```
apiVersion: apiextensions.k8s.io/v1
kind: CustomResourceDefinition
spec:
 openAPIV3Schema:
  type: object
  properties:
   spec:
    type: object
    required: [foo]
    properties:
     foo:
      type: integer
      x-kubernetes-validations:
       - rule: "self == oldSelf"
```

"oldSelf" is another CEL variable.

If you use it, the CEL expression is called a "transition rule".

This transition rule enforces immutability of the foo field.



```
apiVersion: apiextensions.k8s.io/v1
kind: CustomResourceDefinition
spec:
 openAPIV3Schema:
  type: object
  properties:
   spec:
    type: object
    x-kubernetes-validations:
     - rule: "!has(self.foo) ||
self.foo.startsWith('kube')"
    properties:
     foo:
      type: string
      x-kubernetes-validations:
       - rule: "self.startsWith('kube')"
```

Same validation but scoped differently.



```
apiVersion: apiextensions.k8s.io/v1
kind: CustomResourceDefinition
spec:
 openAPIV3Schema:
  type: object
  properties:
   spec:
    type: object
    x-kubernetes-validation
     - rule: "self.replikas <= self.maxReplicas"
    properties:
     replicas:
      type: integer
     maxReplicas:
      type: integer
```

Type checking while creating or updating your CRDs:

compilation failed: ERROR: <input>:1:5: undefined field 'replikas'



```
apiVersion: apiextensions.k8s.io/v1
kind: CustomResourceDefinition
spec:
      openAPIV3Schema:
             type: object
             properties:
                    spec:
                          type: object
                          x-kubernetes-validations:
                                  - rule: "self.replicas <= self.maxReplications == self
                                        message: "replicas must be po greater than 3"
                                        messageExpression: "replicas must be no greater
than ' + string(self.maxReplicas)"
                           properties:
                                 replicas:
                                       type: integer
                                  maxReplicas:
                                       type: integer
```

Support CEL expression in validation failure message.



#### **Runtime Constraints**

- Estimated Cost Limit
- Runtime Cost Limit
- Context Cancelation



#### Learn More:

### One more step...





#### **CRD Version Conversion**



#### Conversion is required when

- custom resource is requested in a different version than stored version.
- Watch is created in one version but the changed object is stored in another version.
- custom resource PUT request is in a different version than storage version.

Webhook Conversion is in Stable since 1.16, but...

#### Webhook conversion



```
apiVersion: apiextensions.k8s.io/v1
kind: CustomResourceDefinition
spec:
 conversion:
  # a Webhook strategy instruct API server to call an external
webhook for any conversion between custom resources.
  strategy: Webhook
  webhook:
   # conversionReviewVersions indicates what
ConversionReview versions are understood/preferred by the
webhook.
   # The first version in the list understood by the API server is
sent to the webhook.
   # The webhook must respond with a ConversionReview
object in the same version it received.
   conversionReviewVersions: ["v1","v1beta1"]
   clientConfig:
    service:
     namespace: default
     name: example-conversion-webhook-server
     path: /crdconvert
    caBundle: "Ci0tLS0tQk...<base64-encoded PEM
bundle>...tLS0K"
```

- Hard to configure
- Involve Webhook
- Perform bad

#### **CRD Conversion with CEL**



## Next Step: CRD Conversion with CEL

- Self Contained
- Fast
- Sufficient subs conversion we



Learn More: KEP-3945 CRD conversion with CEL

### **CRD VS Built-in Types**



# CRD is more self contained than built-in types

	built-in	CRD
API declaration		
OpenAPI schema		
Versioning		
Subresources		
Declarative validation		
Declarative conversion		

#### **Declarative Validation**



# Catch up on Native Types: Declarative Validation



Learn More: KEP-3937 Declarative Validation





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# Extend the power to a larger and more impactful area: policy enforcement.

#### Policy Enforcement in Kubernetes



Internal support such like Pod Security Admission Open Policy Agent Polic ValidatingAdmissionPolicy Gate Buile

#### **Policy Management**



## Roles involved in policy management



Policy Author

#### Concerns:

- Correctness of policy
- Reuse/Configurability



Usually not the same person

Often in different organizations



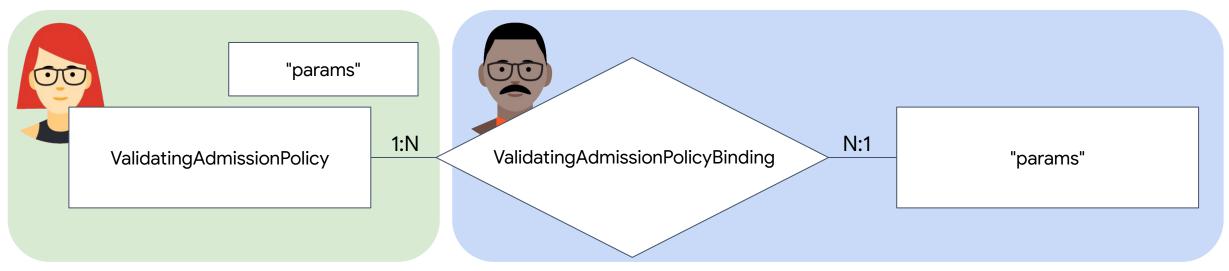
#### **Cluster Administrator**

#### Concerns:

- Configuring policy for organization
- Operability, esp. Safe rollouts

#### ValidatingAdmissionPolicy





apiVersion: admissionregistration.k8s.io/v1alpha1 kind: ValidatingAdmissionPolicy metadata:

name: "replicalimit-policy.example.com"

spec:

matchConstraints:

resourceRules:

- apiGroups: ["apps"] apiVersions: ["v1"]

operations: ["CREATE", "UPDATE"]

resources: ["deployments"]

validations:

- expression: "object.spec.replicas

int(params.data.maxReplicas)"

paramKind:

apiVersion: v1 kind: ConfigMap apiVersion: admissionregistration.k8s.io/v1alpha1 kind: ValidatingAdmissionPolicyBinding metadata:

name: "replicalimit-binding-test.example.com" spec:

policyName: "replicalimit-policy.example.com" paramRef:

name: "replica-limit-test.example.com" namespace: "default"

matchResources:

namespaceSelector:

matchLabels:

environment: test

validationActions: [Deny]

apiVersion: v1 kind: ConfigMap metadata:

name: "replica-limit-test.example.com"

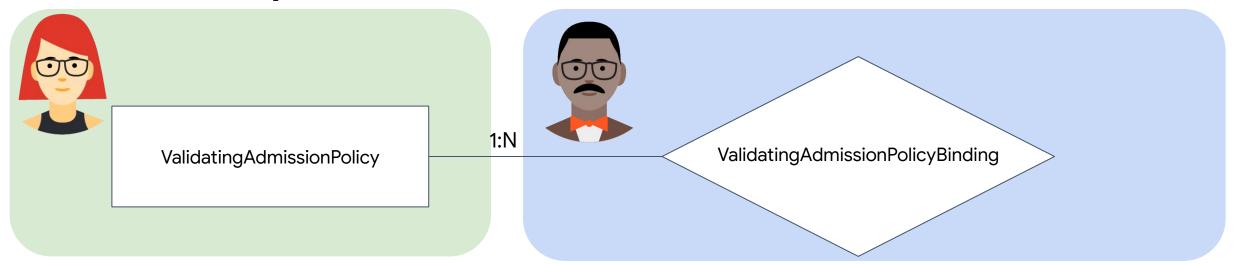
data:

maxReplicas: "3"

### ValidatingAdmissionPolicy



## No parameterization needed?



apiVersion: admissionregistration.k8s.io/v1alpha1

kind: ValidatingAdmissionPolicy metadata:

name: "replicalimit-policy.example.com"

spec:

matchConstraints:

resourceRules:

- apiGroups: ["apps"]apiVersions: ["v1"]

operations: ["CREATE", "UPDATE"]

resources: ["deployments"]

validations:

- expression: "object.spec.replicas <= 3"

apiVersion: admissionregistration.k8s.io/v1alpha1

kind: ValidatingAdmissionPolicyBinding

metadata:

name: "replicalimit-binding-test.example.com"

spec:

policyName: "replicalimit-policy.example.com"

validationActions: [Deny]



- Parameterization
- policy.matchConstraints VS binding.matchResources VS policy.matchConditions
- failurePolicy VS validationActions
- Leverage authz check



- Parameterization
- policy.matchConstraints VS binding.matchResources
   VS policy.matchConditions
- failurePolicy VS validationActions
- Leverage authz check

## **Best Practices - matchConditions**



```
kind: ValidatingAdmissionPolicy spec:
```

matchConditions:
- name: 'exclude-leases' # Each match condition must have a unique name
expression: '!(request.resource.group ==
"coordination.k8s.io" && request.resource.resource ==

- name: 'exclude-kubelet-requests'
   expression: '!("system:nodes" in
  request.userInfo.groups)' # Match requests made by
  non-node users.
- name: 'rbac' # Skip RBAC requests.
   expression: 'request.resource.group !=
   "rbac.authorization.k8s.io"

"leases")' # Match non-lease resources.

MatchConditions to fine-grained request filtering:

- Are CEL expressions
- Must evaluate to true
- Has been added into Webhook as alpha feature in 1.27

Learn More:



- Parameterization
- policy.matchConstraints VS binding.matchResources VS policy.matchConditions
- failurePolicy VS validationActions
- Leverage authz check

## failurePolicy VS validationActions



## policy.failurePolicy

- Define how to handle failures
  - Compilation errors
  - Runtime errors
  - Mis-configuration
  - •
- Fail
- Ignore

## binding.validationActions

Define how `validations` are enforced:

- Deny Validation failure results in a denied request.
- Warn Validation failure is reported to the request client as a warning
- Audit Validation failure is included in the audit event for the API request.



- Parameterization
- policy.matchConstraints VS binding.matchResources VS policy.matchConditions
- failurePolicy VS validationActions
- Leverage authz check

## **Best Practices - Authz Check**

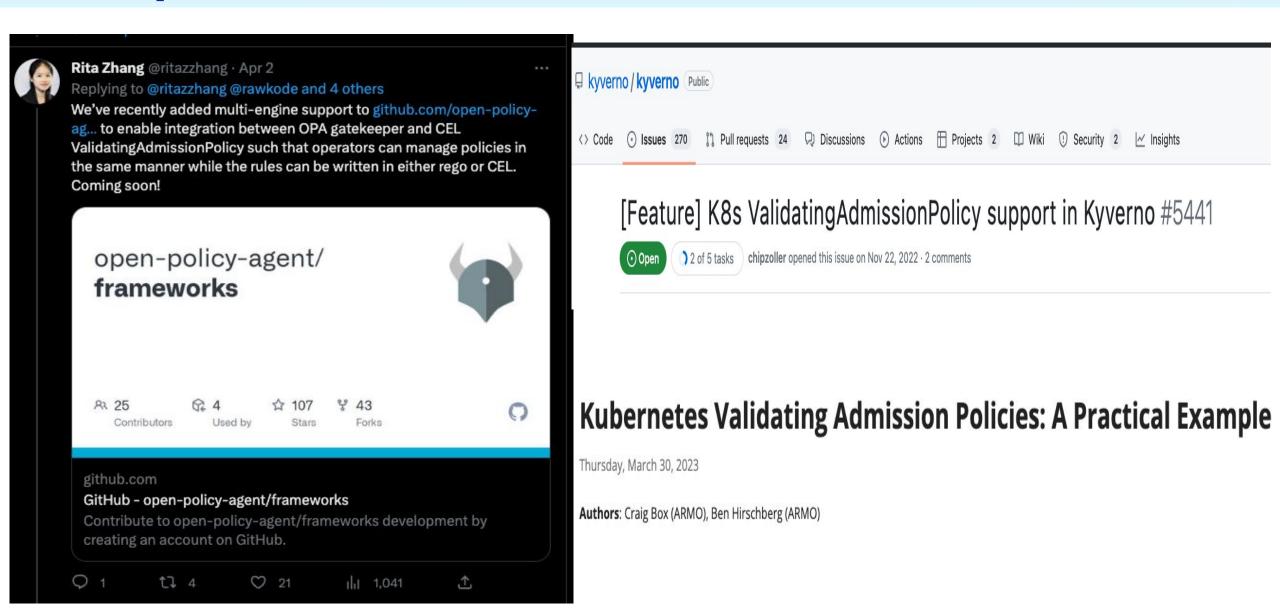


CEL Expression	Purpose
authorizer.path('/healthz').check('get').al lowed()	Check if the principal (user or service account) submitting the request is authorized to perform a HTTP GET for the non-resource `/healthz` path.
authorizer.serviceAccount('default', 'myserviceaccount')	Checks if the principal (user or service account) submitting the request is authorized the service account with namespace 'default' and name 'myserviceaccount'.
authorizer.requestResource.check('cust om-verb').allowed()	Checks if the principal (user or service account) submitting the request is authorized for `custom-verb` on the resource being handled.

Learn More: <a href="https://pkg.go.dev/k8s.io/apiserver/pkg/cel/library#Authz">https://pkg.go.dev/k8s.io/apiserver/pkg/cel/library#Authz</a>

## Adoption





# Adoption



Wanna try the feature early?

# kubernetes/cel-admissionwebhook

# **Takeaway**



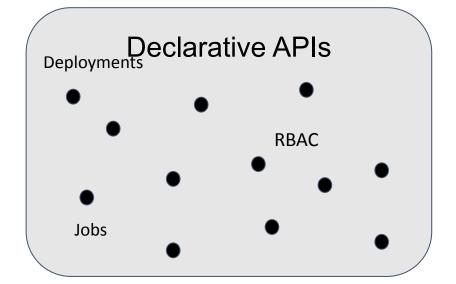


# **Takeaway**

CRD advanced validation

Policy Enforcement

CRD version conversion

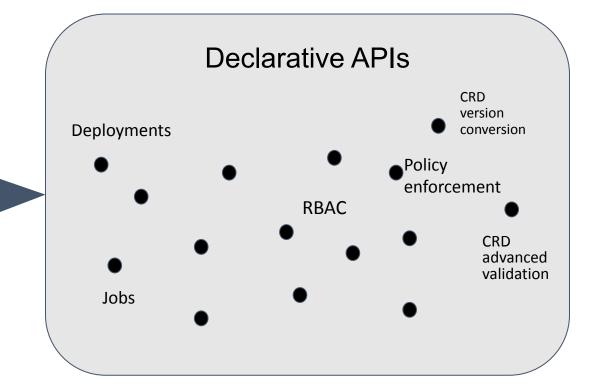


Other use cases

# **Takeaway**

Policy enforcement

CEL helps to expand the power of declarative APIs



Other use case

## The Next



- CRD Conversion with CEL
- CEL in native types: declarative validation
- MutatingAdmissionPolicy
- Client Side Validation Tool

## **To Learn More:**



#### SIG API Machinery CEL group:

- Mailing list:
  - kubernetes-sig-api-machinery@googlegroups.com
  - wg-sig-api-machinery-cel-dev-external
- Slack channel: #sig-api-machinery-cel-dev
- Bi-weekly community meetings



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