



---- North America 2023 ----

# Middleware for Quantum: Enabling Advanced Quantum Computing Workflows

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#### **Speakers**







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- Introduction to Quantum
- Quantum Middleware
- Example Application
- Q&A

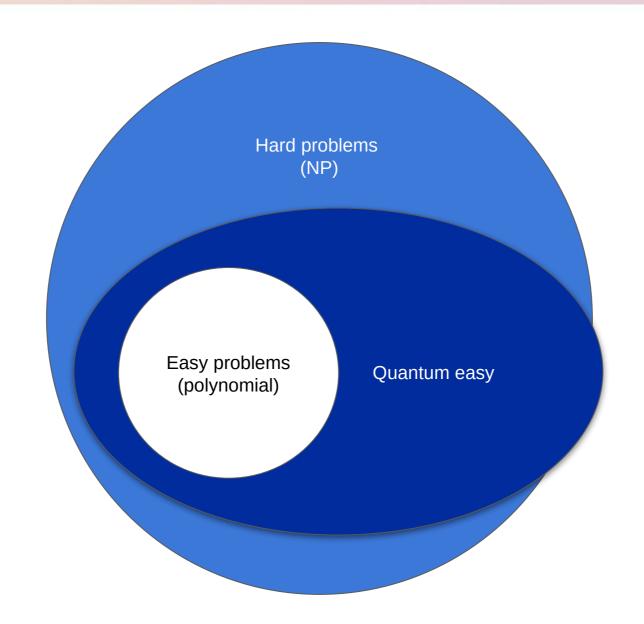


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# Why quantum?







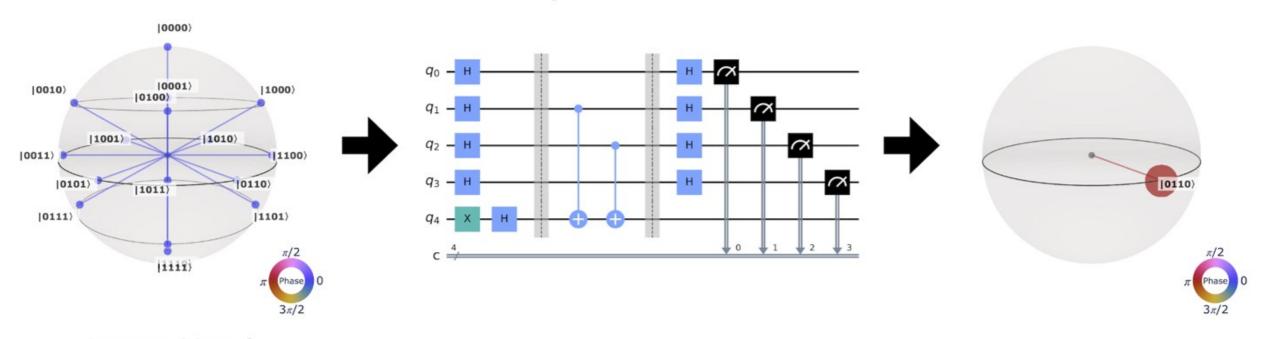
# Quantum computers use qubits





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#### **Quantum circuit**



Superposition of all possibilities

Computation driven interference

Solution

## Why is it important?



2\*N: 2, 4, 6 ... 20 ... 200

**2**<sup>N</sup>: 2, 4, 8 ... 1024 ... 1e<sup>30</sup>

#### Ex: Shor's algorithm for factoring





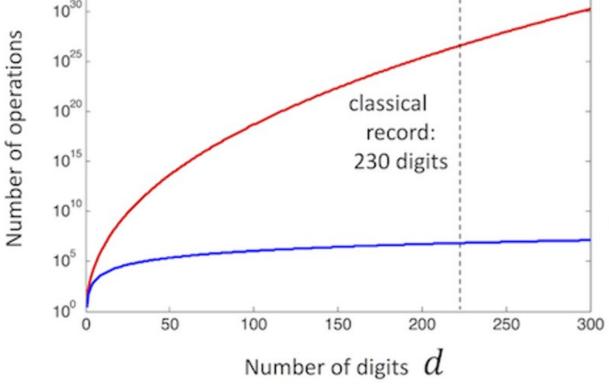
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best classical algorithm (number field sieve)

 ${\rm const}\times d^3$ 

Shor's algorithm



How to factor N, a product of two primes

- 1. Make a guess, g<N that shares no factors with N
- 2. Find r such that  $g^r = mN+1$
- 3. If r is even, calculate  $(g^{r/2}+1)$  and  $(g^{r/2}-1)$ . If r is odd, go back to step 1
- 4. Use Euclid's algorithm to find the greatest common divisor

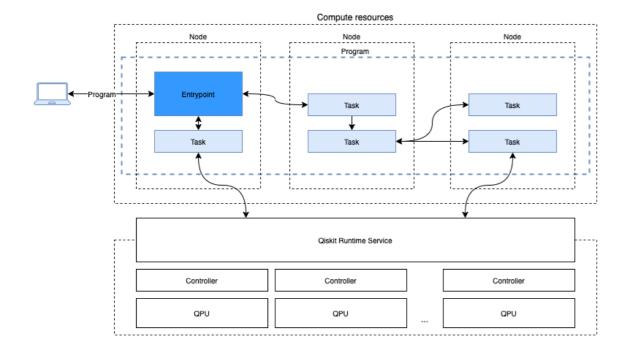
#### **Quantum Middleware: Classical + Quantum**



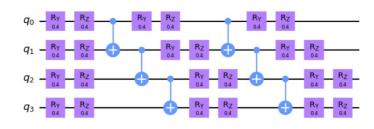


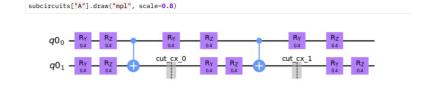
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#### **Quantum Serverless**



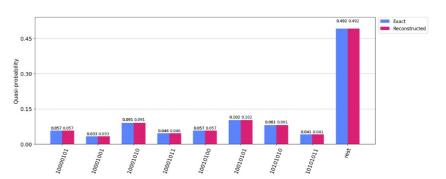
#### **CKT**







subcircuits["B"].draw("mpl", scale=0.8)





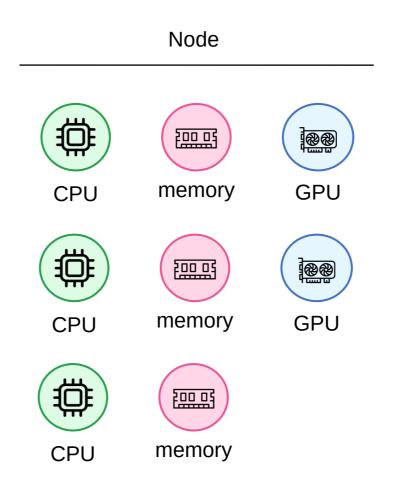
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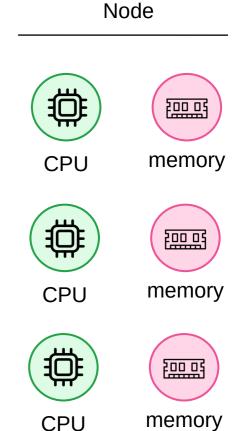
#### **Classical Compute Resources**











#### **Quantum Compute Resources**











**CPU** 

memory

**GPU** 

QPU

Node

Node

















memory



**GPU** 





**CPU** 





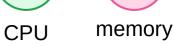




**CPU** 











memory



**GPU** 





memory

**CPU** 





QPU



**CPU** 





**CPU** 



QPU

QPU

memory

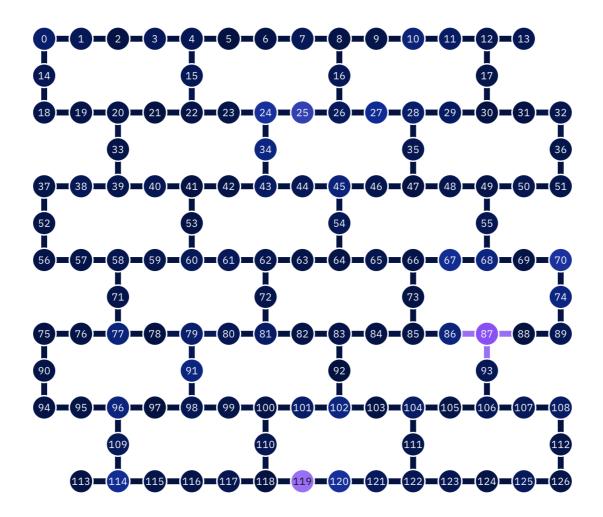
**QPU** 

memory **CPU** 

#### **Quantum Compute Resources**



https://quantum.ibm.com/



#### Workflow





Quantum Serverless
Python Library
Pattern

Gateway

Omega

## Ray Cluster Configuration

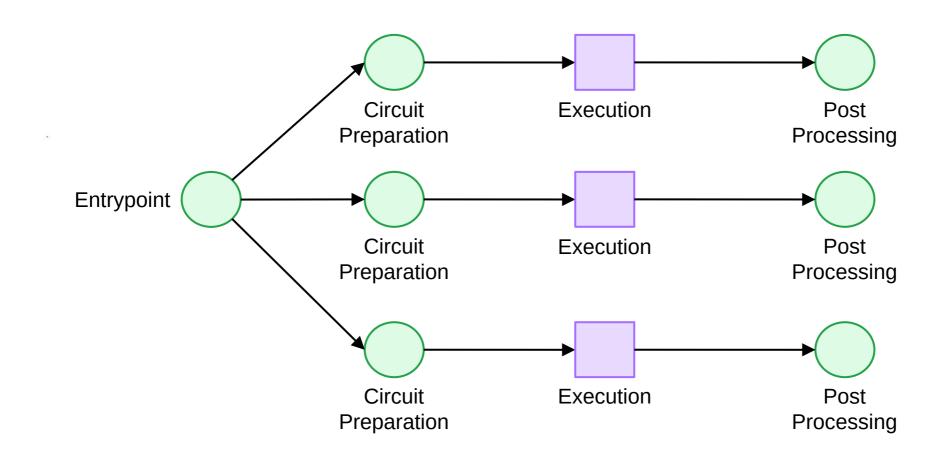


```
ray:
 cpu: 4
 memory: 8
  replicas: 1
 minReplicas: 1
 maxReplicas: 2
limits:
 maxJobsPerUser: 2
 maxComputeResources: 5
```

#### Workloads



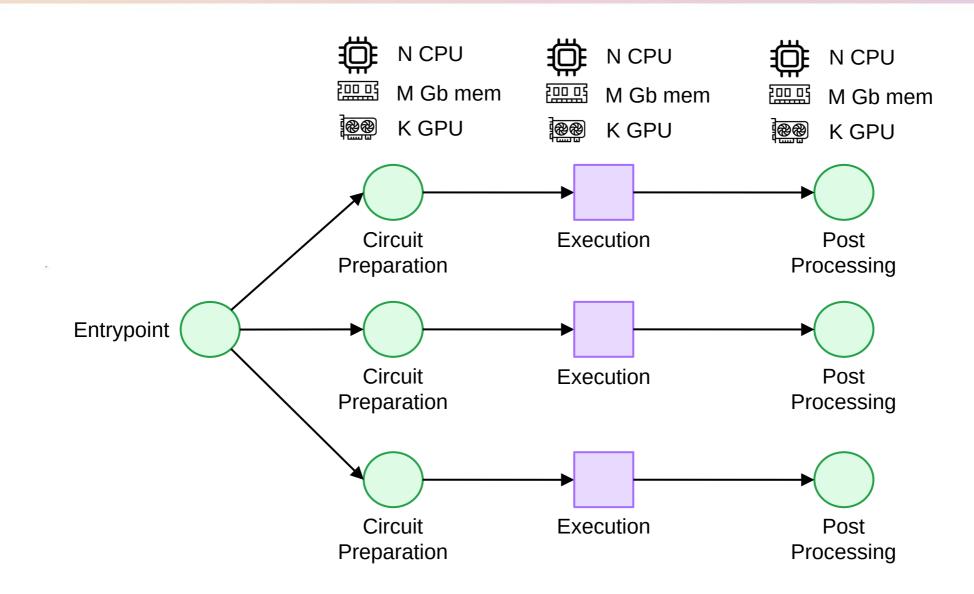




#### Workloads

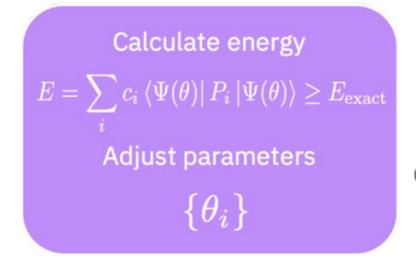


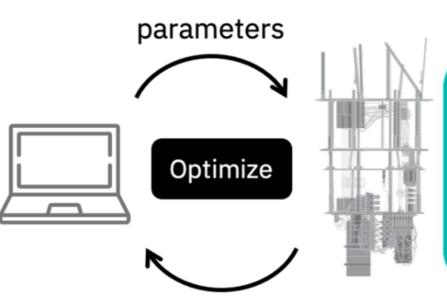




#### **Ex: Variational Quantum Eigensolver**







energy

Prepare trial state  $|\Psi(\theta)
angle$  Measure expectation values

 $\langle \Psi(\theta) | P_i | \Psi(\theta) \rangle$ 



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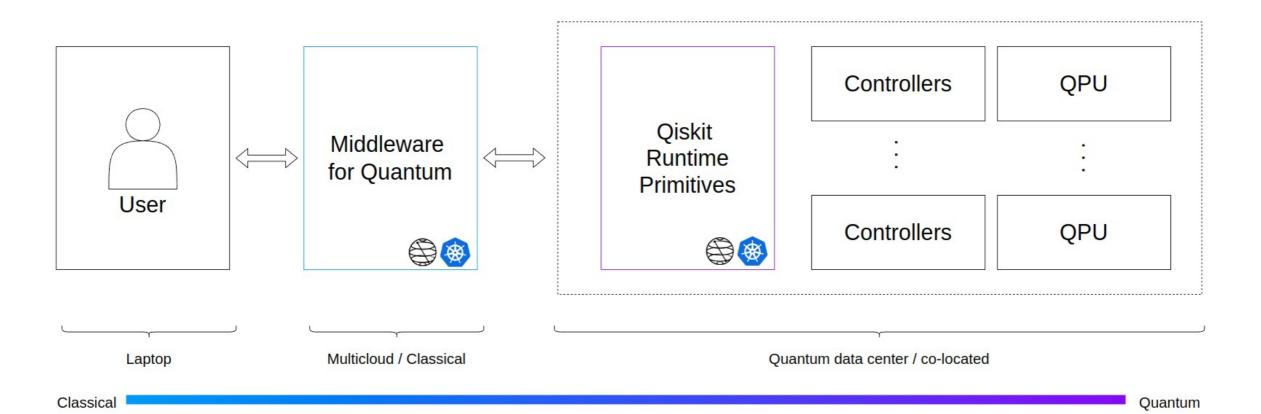


Pods					
Name	9	Images	Labels	Node	Status
	30800458e7898b 459a-head-22t68	Show all	Show all	10.241.0.4	Running
	30800458e7898b 459a-worker-g-m2		Show all	10.241.0.7	Running

#### **Quantum Middleware: Classical + Quantum**











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#### **Learn More**



**Quantum computing** 



**Qiskit** 



**Quantum Serverless** 







