



— North America 2023

GoTo Financial's Story: Towards 10k+ ArgoCD Apps to Support Billions of \$ Transactions

Giri Kuncoro & Yudi Phanama goto financial





North America 2023







intro



goto financial

Part of goto group, the leading Indonesia's digital ecosystem





kubectl describe cluster



- Distributed across Singapore and Indonesia region
 - ~50 Kubernetes clusters in AWS, GCP, and Private

Datacenter

- 700+ compute nodes
- 15,000+ CPU
- 120+ TB memory
- 30,000+ pods

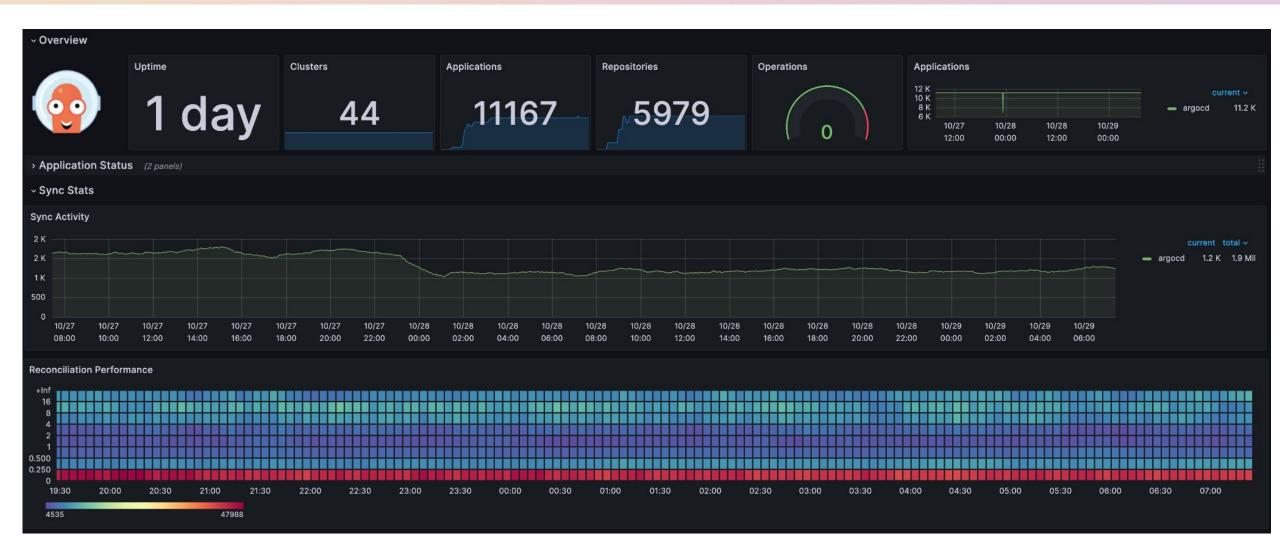


argocd snapshot





North America 2023



kubectl describe argocd



- 11,000+ applications
- 6,000+ repositories
- ~60 projects
- 380,000+ total objects

on largest cluster

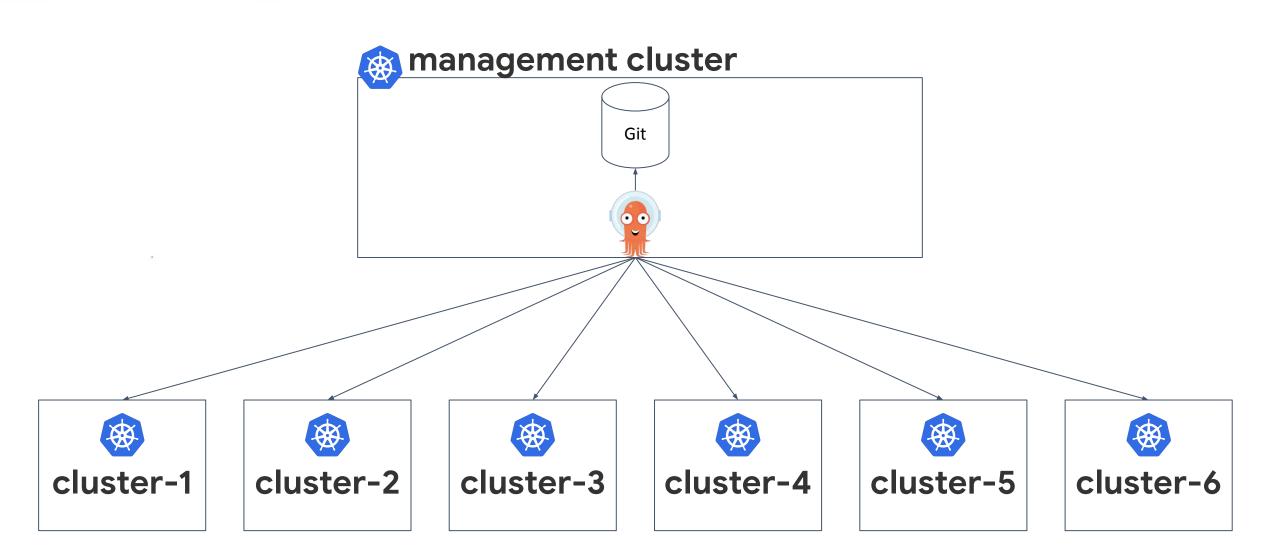
- 2,000 applications
- 40,000+ objects



centralized argocd (push model)







centralized argocd



Pros

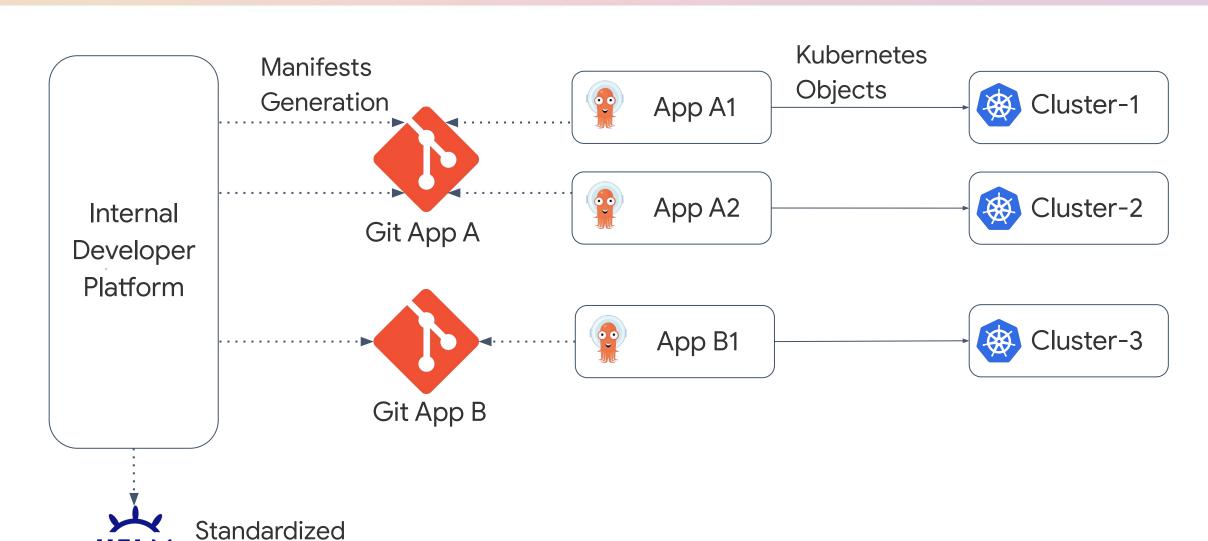
- Easy to maintain and upgrade
- Easy to integrate with our automation and platform
- Easy to manage centralized RBAC
- Single dashboard to view and control all clusters

platform integration

Helm Charts



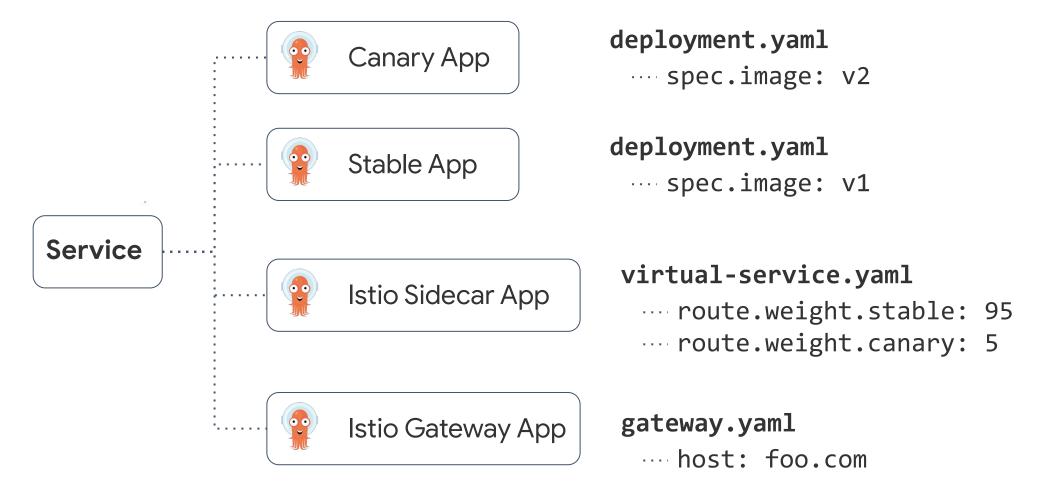




service lifecycle



1 service contains 3-5 ArgoCD apps with different lifecycle

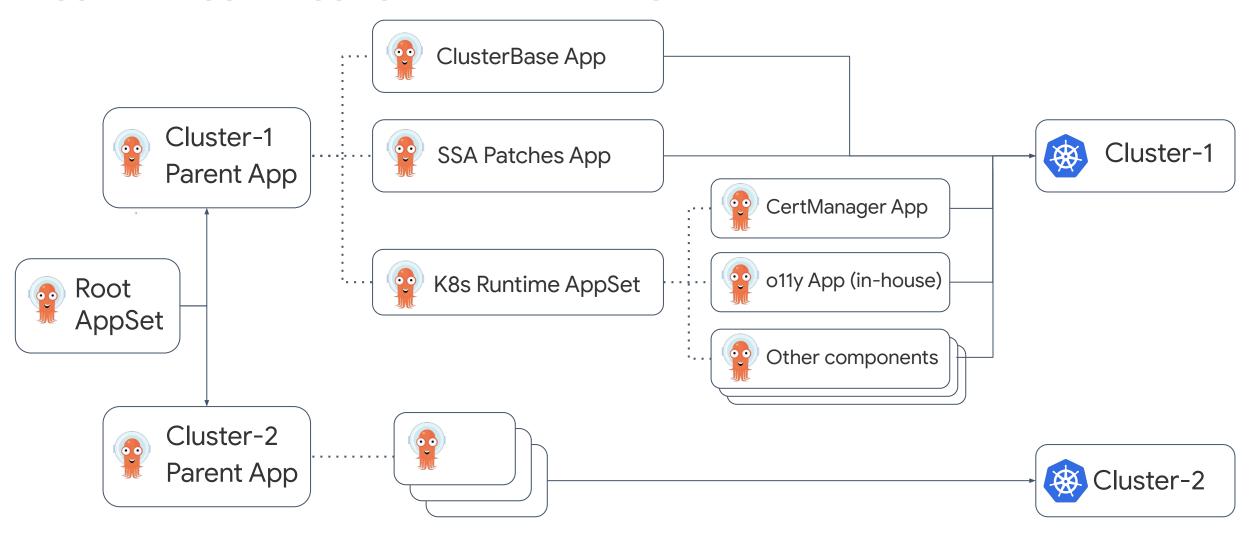


cluster runtime components





appset & app of apps pattern - monorepo



argocd on argocd





challenges of centralized argocd



Connectivity to all target clusters

- Tunnels / peering
- Public mTLS

Functionalities

- Must maintain unique application name globally (63 chars constraint)
- Single point of failure

challenges of centralized argocd



Performance issues

- Slow reconciliation & sync
 - workqueue_depth
 - argocd_app_reconcile_bucket
- Slow UI loading (> 1 min)
 - very obvious + browser inspect
- Repo server OOM kills
 - kube events

challenges of centralized argocd



- High rate of Git API calls (both 1s-remote and fetch)
 - argocd_git_request_total
- High repo cache miss
 - repo-server logs
- Imbalanced shards & noisy cluster
 - controller process_cpu_seconds_total



argocd components





CLI Webapp Application API Server Core **ApplicationSet** Application Repo Server Controller Controller Kube API Redis Git Dex

Source:

https://argo-cd.readthedocs.io/en/stable/developer-guide/architecture/components/

tuning: argocd-server





North America 2023

Problem: Slow UI load

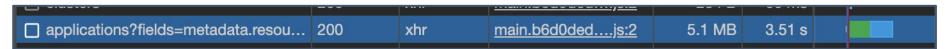


```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
   name: "argocd-server"
spec:
        containers:
        - name: argocd-server
        env:
        - name: "ARGOCD_SERVER_ENABLE_GZIP"
        value: "true"
```

before:



after (\sim 5x faster load + \sim 7x smaller data)



tuning: argocd-server





argocd ui tip - use selectors (labels, projects, namespaces)

The last selectors are saved the next time we load the ArgoCD UI

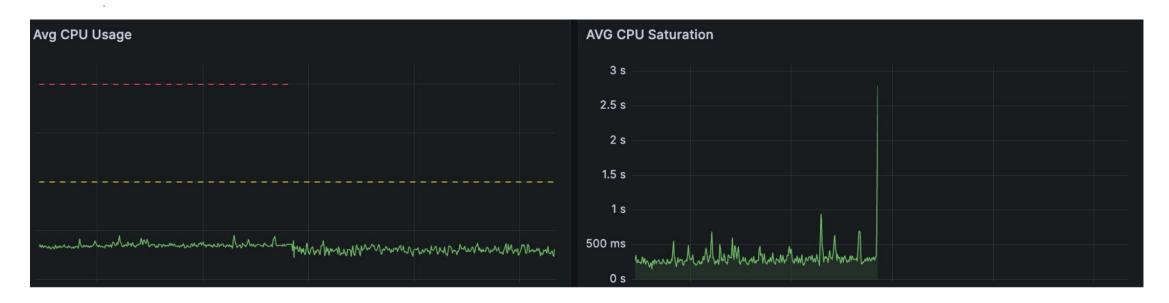


tuning: k8s cpu limits



Problem: CPU gets throttled across all components

- remove k8s CPU limit, use k8s requests only
- k8s request & limit uses cgroup, which uses CFS [1]
- CFS guarantees or throttle CPU proportional to container shares in a Node
- ref [2][3]



tuning: repo-server



Problem: repo-server got OOMkilled frequently

Increase replicas and use HPA

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: HorizontalPodAutoscaler
metadata:
 name: "argocd-repo-server"
spec:
 maxReplicas: 15
 minReplicas: 5
 metrics:
  - resource:
      name: memory
     target:
        averageUtilization: 75
      type: Resource
  - resource:
      name: cpu
      target:
        averageUtilization: 75
      type: Resource
```

- Automatically scales with memory usage
- Distributes requests to more pods
- Alternatively, you could use the
 - --parallelismlimit flag to control how many manifest generation requests that can be served in parallel and help avoid OOM kills.

tuning: repo-server



Problem: repo-server timeout errors from our logs

increase repo server client timeout

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: "argocd-server"
spec:
      containers:
      - name: argocd-server
        env:
        - name: "ARGOCD_SERVER_REPO_SERVER_TIMEOUT_SECONDS"
          value: "120" #default is 60
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: StatefulSet
metadata:
  name: "argocd-application-controller"
spec:
      containers:
      - name: argocd-application-controller
        env:
        - name: "ARGOCD_APPLICATION_CONTROLLER_REPO_SERVER_TIMEOUT_SECONDS"
          value: "120" #default is 60
```

- argocd-server and app-controller talks to the repo-server for manifests generation.
- We started seeing these timeout errors from them when syncing or refreshing apps.
- Increase it in **both** the argocd-server and argocd-application-controller.

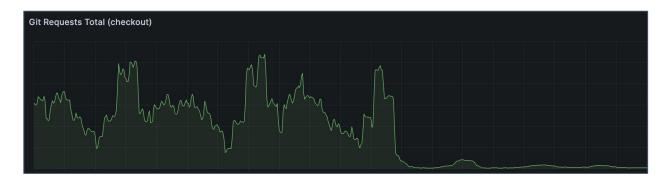
tuning: repo-server



Problem: persistently high git fetch requests

extend repo cache expiration

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
    name: "argocd-repo-server"
spec:
...
    containers:
    - name: argocd-repo-server
    env:
        - name: "ARGOCD_REPO_CACHE_EXPIRATION"
        value: "24h"
...
```



- ArgoCD caches generated manifests (24h).
- When remote files change often even though the repository tag hasn't changed, shorter expiry is desirable to pick up the updates.
- We can use higher expiry if the Helm/Kustomize/Git remote refs are already hermetic.
- Set ARGOCD_REPO_CACHE_EXPIRATION to extend repo cache expiration.

tuning: monorepo usage



Problem: Multi Sources apps caused high git requests

```
sources:
- directory:
exclude: "*"
path: "my-app/"
repoURL: https://REPO_URL
targetRevision: HEAD
ref: values
- chart: CHART_NAME
repoURL: CHART_URL
targetRevision: v0.0.1
helm:
version: v3
releaseName: RELEASE_NAME
valueFiles:
- $values/my-app/values.yaml
```







- Very high git-fetch and git-ls-remote requests.
- Potentially a bug. We implemented an undocumented workaround #14725.
- Our git-fetch requests dropped dramatically.
- We're still seeing high Is-remote requests. The bug issue is still open.

tuning: monorepo usage w/webhook



Problem: all monorepo apps refreshed every time there's commit to unrelated apps use manifest paths annotation

```
kind: Application
metadata:
name: my-kustomize-app
namespace: argocd
annotations:
argocd.argoproj.io/manifest-generate-paths: "./;/bases/my-base;"
spec:
```

- (in monorepo) ArgoCD webhook server refresh all apps when it receive a webhook.
- In the refresh process, ArgoCD invalidates cache for all apps and calls k8s API to annotate all Application objects, slowing update process when having 1k+ apps.
- Using the annotation filters out unrelated apps, speeding up the update process.



Problem: workqueue depth started piling up

Increase # of operation processors and status processors

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: ConfigMap
metadata:
    labels:
        app.kubernetes.io/name: argocd-cmd-params-cm
        app.kubernetes.io/part-of: argocd
    name: argocd-cmd-params-cm
data:
...
    # ARGOCD_APPLICATION_CONTROLLER_STATUS_PROCESSORS
    controller.status.processors: '500'
    # ARGOCD_APPLICATION_CONTROLLER_OPERATION_PROCESSORS
    controller.operation.processors: '250'
...
```

For every 1000 application, use

--status-processors=50 and

--operation-processors=25



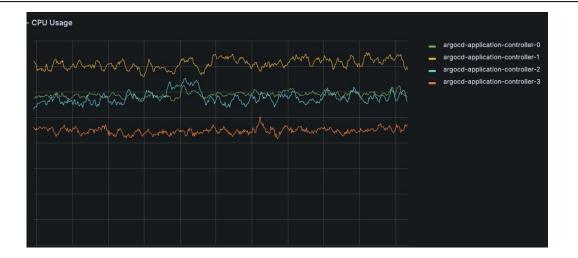


Problem: scaling argocd-application-controller

shard controllers to multiple pods - distribute load

- argocd-app-controller is horizontally shardable
- sharding algorithm is on the cluster-level
- increase replicas and set

ARGOCD_CONTROLLER_REPLICAS

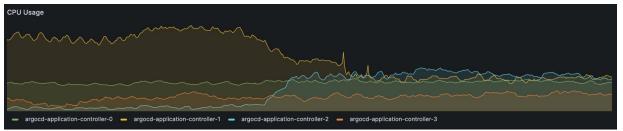




Problem: uneven shards CPU usage, some shards are higher than others

manual shard assignment

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Secret
metadata:
annotations:
argocd.argoproj.io/sync-options: ServerSideApply=true
name: CLUSTER_A_SECRET_NAME
namespace: argocd
type: Opaque
stringData:
shard: "2" # the shard number
...
```



- ArgoCD shards per cluster, not per app. Large clusters could be hosted by the same shard.
- The round-robin sharding might not help much either. There's still chance large clusters could get into same shards.
- We did manual shard allocation instead to fine-tune shard resources.
- ArgoCD app-level sharding as a feature would be really great. See discussion [1].



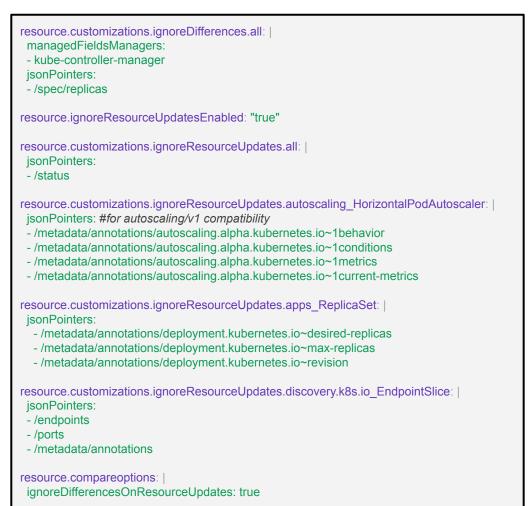


North America 2023

Problem: we still see very high app-controller CPU usage, slow reconciles



poptimize high-churn Reconciliations



- ArgoCD watches all field changes of tracked objects.
- K8s fields could get very concise or frequently update, even for fields that we don't really need to reconcile.
- Use the features: ignoreResourceUpdates (available v2.8) [1] and, ignoreDifferences [2].
- might need to enable debug log to find org-specific high-churn objects



fix: argocd apiclient



Problem: http2 GOAWAY / grpc ENHANCE YOUR CALM errors



Fix missing grpc parameter when using grpcWeb=true

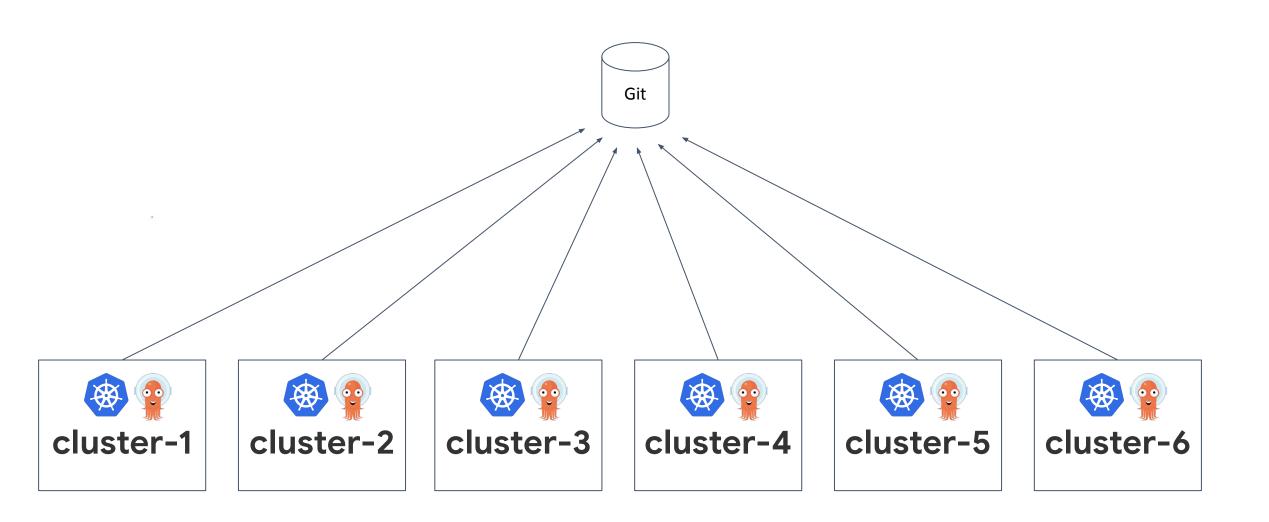
- Our in-house developer platform implements argood's apiclient library.
- As we scale, we started seeing http2 GOAWAY errors from our platform.
- We investigated, found and fixed a bug in the apiclient library when using grpcWeb=true (#15707).
- Also, the argord CLI may fallback to use grpcWeb=true even though --grpc-web flag is not specified.
- It may also implicitly use grpcWeb=true. Check your . config/argocd/config file!
- Alternatively, use native grpc.



decentralized argocd (pull model)







decentralized argocd



Pros

- Application controller workload distributed across clusters
- Access to Kubernetes API server is local only

Cons

- Maintenance and upgrade headache
- Automation headache: maintain multiple argocd client versions
- No more centralized dashboard
- Still require tuning for large clusters

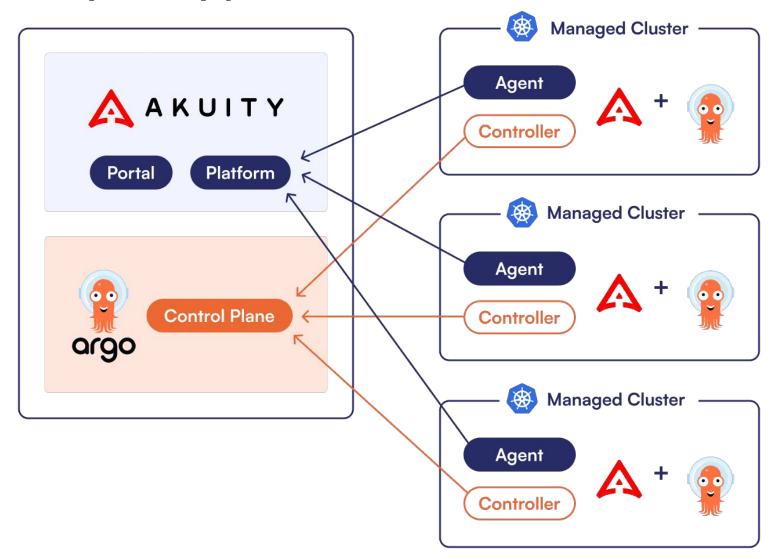
agent-based argocd (hybrid model)





North America 2023

popularized by Akuity platform



Source:

https://akuity.io/blog/argo-cd-archite ctures-explained/

agent-based argocd (hybrid model)



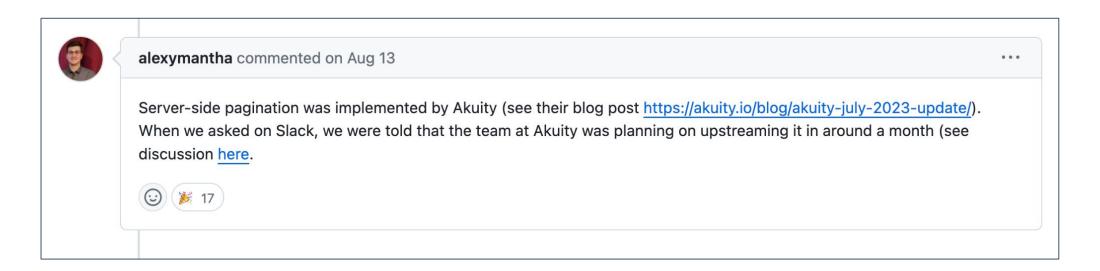
WIP in the community

- Optional Pull Mechanism for ApplicationSet (merged: #10908)
- Centralized UI for Multiple ArgoCD Instances (open: #11498)

argocd ui



- Already on Akuity, and they planned bring it to upstream



references



- TikTok, Managing Thousands of Apps with ArgoCD
- Adobe, Managing Hundreds of Clusters with ArgoCD
- Alexander Matyushentsev, ArgoCD Best Practices
- ArgoCD High Availability Documentation









Please scan the QR Code above to leave feedback on this session

