

# 计算视觉第四次作业

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## 本次作业



```
import torch
torch.manual_seed(0)
```

```
x = torch.randn(10,4, requires_grad=True)
W = torch.randn(4,4, requires_grad=True)
y = torch.randn(10,4, requires_grad=True)
```

目标函数:  $f = \|\max(XW, 0) - Y\|_F^2$

手动写出以下表达式, 并用PyTorch进行验证:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial W} \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial X} \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial Y}$$

## 推导表达式

1.  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial W}$

已知 F-范数的性质:

$$\|A\|_F = \sqrt{\text{tr}(A^T A)}$$

则有

$$\begin{aligned} f &= \|\max(XW, 0) - Y\|_F^2 \\ &= \text{tr}((\max(XW, 0) - Y)^T (\max(XW, 0) - Y)) \end{aligned}$$

设  $Z = \max(XW, 0)$ :

$$\begin{aligned} df &= d[\text{tr}((Z - Y)^T (Z - Y))] \\ &= \text{tr}(d[(Z - Y)^T (Z - Y)]) \\ &= \text{tr}(dZ^T (Z - Y) + (Z - Y)^T dZ) \\ &= \text{tr}(2 * (Z - Y)^T dZ) \\ &= \text{tr}(2 * (Z - Y)^T (\frac{dZ}{dXW} \odot X dW)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \text{tr} \left( \left[ 2 * \left[ (Z - Y) \odot \left( \frac{dZ}{dXW} \right) \right]^T X \right] dW \right) \\
&= \text{tr} \left( \left[ 2 * X^T \left[ (Z - Y) \odot \left( \frac{dZ}{dXW} \right) \right] \right]^T dW \right)
\end{aligned}$$

由:

$$df = \text{tr} \left[ \frac{\partial f}{\partial W}^T dW \right]$$

可得:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial f}{\partial W} &= 2 * X^T \left[ (Z - Y) \odot \left( \frac{dZ}{dXW} \right) \right] \\
&= 2 * X^T \left[ (\max(XW, 0) - Y) \odot \left( \frac{d(\max(XW, 0))}{dXW} \right) \right]
\end{aligned}$$

2.  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial Y}$

$$\begin{aligned}
df &= d[\text{tr}((Z - Y)^T(Z - Y))] \\
&= \text{tr}(d[(Z - Y)^T(Z - Y)]) \\
&= \text{tr}((-dY)^T(Z - Y) + (Z - Y)^T(-dY)) \\
&= \text{tr}([-2 * (Z - Y)^T]dY) \\
&= \text{tr}([-2 * (Z - Y)]^T dY)
\end{aligned}$$

由于:

$$df = \text{tr} \left[ \frac{\partial f}{\partial Y}^T dY \right]$$

可得:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial f}{\partial Y} &= -2 * (Z - Y) \\
&= -2 * (\max(XW, 0) - Y)
\end{aligned}$$

3.  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial X}$

$$df = d[\text{tr}((Z - Y)^T(Z - Y))]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= tr(d[(Z - Y)^T(Z - Y)]) \\
&= tr\left(\left(\frac{dZ}{dXW}dXW\right)^T(Z - Y) + (Z - Y)^T\left(\frac{dZ}{dXW}dXW\right)\right) \\
&= tr\left(2 * (Z - Y)^T\left(\frac{dZ}{dXW} \odot dX\right)W\right) \\
&= tr\left(2 * W(Z - Y)^T\left(\frac{dZ}{dXW} \odot dX\right)\right) \\
&= tr\left(2 * W\left[(Z - Y) \odot \frac{dZ}{dXW}\right]^T dX\right) \\
&= tr\left(\left[2 * \left[(Z - Y) \odot \frac{dZ}{dXW}\right] * W^T\right]^T dX\right)
\end{aligned}$$

由于:

$$df = tr\left[\frac{\partial f}{\partial X} dX\right]$$

可得:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial f}{\partial X} &= 2 * (Z - Y) \odot \left(\frac{dZ}{dXW}\right) W^T \\
&= 2 * \left[(\max(XW, 0) - Y) \odot \left(\frac{d(\max(XW, 0))}{dXW}\right)\right] * W^T
\end{aligned}$$

## Pytorch 验证

```
import torch
import torch.nn.functional as F

torch.manual_seed(0)

X = torch.randn(10, 4, requires_grad=True)
W = torch.randn(4, 4, requires_grad=True)
Y = torch.randn(10, 4, requires_grad=True)

f = (F.relu(X @ W) - Y).t() @ (F.relu(X @ W) - Y)
f = torch.trace(f)
f.backward(retain_graph=True)
print(W.grad)
print(Y.grad)
print(X.grad)

grad_W = 2 * X.t() @ ((F.relu(X @ W) - Y) * ((X @ W) > 0))
grad_Y = -2 * (F.relu(X @ W) - Y)
grad_X = 2 * ((F.relu(X @ W) - Y) * ((X @ W) > 0)) @ W.t()
print(grad_W)
print(grad_Y)
print(grad_X)

print(torch.allclose(W.grad, grad_W))
print(torch.allclose(Y.grad, grad_Y))
print(torch.allclose(X.grad, grad_X))
```

图 1. Pytorch 验证代码

输出结果为:

```
tensor([[ 18.2980,  2.7573,  2.3914, -0.1974],
        [ 11.0817,  6.6428,  2.5163, -20.3225],
        [-8.6662,  3.4506, -1.8979, -3.3608],
        [-21.1681, -6.6739, -1.0693, 27.0278]])
```

图 2. W 的梯度

```
tensor([[ 1.1002,  0.0860,  5.3377,  0.2788],
        [ 0.9583, 10.4633, -13.5234, -16.3639],
        [-0.8712, -0.9272, -0.7764,  2.0790],
        [-1.4504,  5.6914,  0.7613, -0.9693],
        [-1.2892, -3.4714, -1.9788,  4.8091],
        [-4.0523, -4.3127, -3.6114,  9.6703],
        [-0.7312, -0.7782, -0.6516,  1.7449],
        [-0.8191, -0.8718, -0.7300,  1.9547],
        [ 1.0350,  2.9930, -6.6743, -7.5333],
        [-2.4616, -2.4243, -2.1164,  5.7128]])
```

图 3. X 的梯度

```
tensor([[ 2.8885e+00,  4.1639e+00,  3.4134e+00,  3.0501e+00],
        [-1.0589e+01, -2.7045e+00, -2.1849e+00, -1.7039e-01],
        [ 6.5523e-01, -1.5214e+00, -3.1982e+00, -1.5687e+00],
        [-1.5009e+00, -3.8551e+00,  4.9843e-01,  1.2764e+00],
        [-6.6077e-03, -1.0689e+00,  1.8791e+00, -4.2604e+00],
        [ 3.8829e+00,  1.5830e+00, -4.0504e-02, -7.2968e+00],
        [-4.3767e-01, -4.8701e+00, -1.4583e-01, -1.3166e+00],
        [ 1.9250e+00,  6.9834e-01, -1.8429e+00, -1.4750e+00],
        [-5.0359e+00, -9.2744e-01,  3.8436e+00, -8.0509e-01],
        [ 2.4780e-01,  2.3296e+00, -1.7491e-01, -4.2519e+00]])
```

图 4. Y 的梯度