

# 1.Importing Necessary Libraries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd  
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt  
import seaborn as sns
```

## 2. Importing data



```
In [4]: toyota = pd.read_csv('ToyotaCorolla.csv')
toyota
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	Id	Model	Price	Age_08_04	Mfg_Month	Mfg_Year	KM	Fuel_Type	HP	Met_Col
		TOYOTA Corolla 2.0 D4D								
0	1	HATCHB TERRA 2/3- Doors	13500	23	10	2002	46986	Diesel	90	
		TOYOTA Corolla 2.0 D4D								
1	2	HATCHB TERRA 2/3- Doors	13750	23	10	2002	72937	Diesel	90	
		TOYOTA Corolla 2.0 D4D								
2	3	HATCHB TERRA 2/3- Doors	13950	24	9	2002	41711	Diesel	90	
		TOYOTA Corolla 2.0 D4D								
3	4	HATCHB TERRA 2/3- Doors	14950	26	7	2002	48000	Diesel	90	
		TOYOTA Corolla 2.0 D4D								
4	5	HATCHB SOL 2/3- Doors	13750	30	3	2002	38500	Diesel	90	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		TOYOTA Corolla 1.3 16V								
1431	1438	HATCHB G6 2/3- Doors	7500	69	12	1998	20544	Petrol	86	
		TOYOTA Corolla 1.3 16V								
1432	1439	HATCHB LINEA TERRA 2/3-...	10845	72	9	1998	19000	Petrol	86	
		TOYOTA Corolla 1.3 16V								
1433	1440	HATCHB LINEA TERRA 2/3-...	8500	71	10	1998	17016	Petrol	86	

11/6/21, 6:04 PMMLR\_Toyoto\_assignment - Jupyter Notebook

	Id	Model	Price	Age_08_04	Mfg_Month	Mfg_Year	KM	Fuel_Type	HP	Met_Col
1434	1441	TOYOTA Corolla 1.3 16V HATCHB LINEA TERRA 2/3-...	7250	70	11	1998	16916	Petrol	86	
1435	1442	TOYOTA Corolla 1.6 LB LINEA TERRA 4/5- Doors	6950	76	5	1998	1	Petrol	110	

1436 rows × 38 columns

### 3. Data Understanding

In [5]: toyota.shape

Out[5]: (1436, 38)

```
In [6]: toyota.isna().sum()
```

```
Out[6]: Id                0
        Model             0
        Price             0
        Age_08_04         0
        Mfg_Month         0
        Mfg_Year          0
        KM                0
        Fuel_Type         0
        HP                0
        Met_Color         0
        Color             0
        Automatic         0
        cc                0
        Doors             0
        Cylinders         0
        Gears             0
        Quarterly_Tax     0
        Weight            0
        Mfr_Guarantee      0
        BOVAG_Guarantee    0
        Guarantee_Period  0
        ABS               0
        Airbag_1          0
        Airbag_2          0
        Airco             0
        Automatic_airco   0
        Boardcomputer     0
        CD_Player         0
        Central_Lock      0
        Powered_Windows   0
        Power_Steering    0
        Radio             0
        Mistlamps         0
        Sport_Model       0
        Backseat_Divider  0
        Metallic_Rim      0
        Radio_cassette    0
        Tow_Bar           0
        dtype: int64
```

```
In [7]: toyota.dtypes
```

```
Out[7]: Id                int64
Model                  object
Price                 int64
Age_08_04             int64
Mfg_Month             int64
Mfg_Year              int64
KM                    int64
Fuel_Type             object
HP                    int64
Met_Color             int64
Color                 object
Automatic             int64
cc                    int64
Doors                 int64
Cylinders             int64
Gears                 int64
Quarterly_Tax         int64
Weight                int64
Mfr_Guarantee          int64
BOVAG_Guarantee        int64
Guarantee_Period       int64
ABS                   int64
Airbag_1              int64
Airbag_2              int64
Airco                 int64
Automatic_airco        int64
Boardcomputer          int64
CD_Player             int64
Central_Lock           int64
Powered_Windows        int64
Power_Steering         int64
Radio                 int64
Mistlamps             int64
Sport_Model           int64
Backseat_Divider       int64
Metallic_Rim           int64
Radio_cassette         int64
Tow_Bar               int64
dtype: object
```

### 3.Data Preparation

```
In [8]: toyota_1=pd.concat([toyota.iloc[:,2:4],toyota.iloc[:,6:7],toyota.iloc[:,8:9],toyota_1
```

```
Out[8]:
```

	Price	Age_08_04	KM	HP	cc	Doors	Gears	Quarterly_Tax	Weight
0	13500	23	46986	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
1	13750	23	72937	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
2	13950	24	41711	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
3	14950	26	48000	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
4	13750	30	38500	90	2000	3	5	210	1170
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1431	7500	69	20544	86	1300	3	5	69	1025
1432	10845	72	19000	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1433	8500	71	17016	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1434	7250	70	16916	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1435	6950	76	1	110	1600	5	5	19	1114

1436 rows × 9 columns

```
In [10]: toyota_2=toyota_1.rename({'Age_08_04':'Age','cc':'CC','Quarterly_Tax':'QT'},axis=
```

```
Out[10]:
```

	Price	Age	KM	HP	CC	Doors	Gears	QT	Weight
0	13500	23	46986	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
1	13750	23	72937	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
2	13950	24	41711	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
3	14950	26	48000	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
4	13750	30	38500	90	2000	3	5	210	1170
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1431	7500	69	20544	86	1300	3	5	69	1025
1432	10845	72	19000	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1433	8500	71	17016	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1434	7250	70	16916	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1435	6950	76	1	110	1600	5	5	19	1114

1436 rows × 9 columns

In [11]: `toyota_2[toyota_2.duplicated()]`

Out[11]:

	Price	Age	KM	HP	CC	Doors	Gears	QT	Weight
113	24950	8	13253	116	2000	5	5	234	1320

In [12]: `toyota_3=toyota_2.drop_duplicates().reset_index(drop=True)`  
toyota\_3

Out[12]:

	Price	Age	KM	HP	CC	Doors	Gears	QT	Weight
0	13500	23	46986	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
1	13750	23	72937	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
2	13950	24	41711	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
3	14950	26	48000	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
4	13750	30	38500	90	2000	3	5	210	1170
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1430	7500	69	20544	86	1300	3	5	69	1025
1431	10845	72	19000	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1432	8500	71	17016	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1433	7250	70	16916	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1434	6950	76	1	110	1600	5	5	19	1114

1435 rows × 9 columns

In [13]: `toyota_3.describe()`

Out[13]:

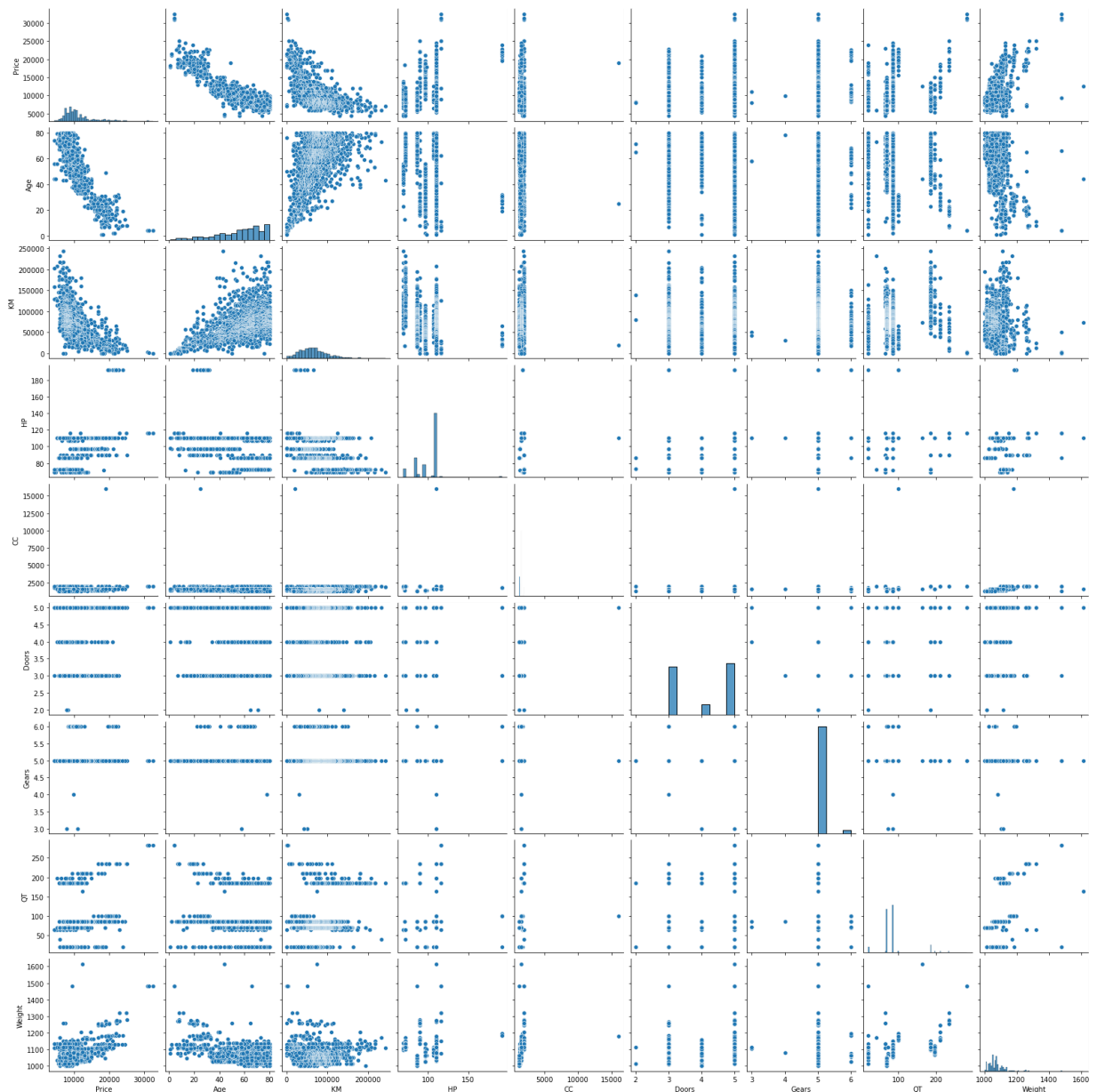
	Price	Age	KM	HP	CC	Doors	G
count	1435.000000	1435.000000	1435.000000	1435.000000	1435.000000	1435.000000	1435.000000
mean	10720.915679	55.980488	68571.782578	101.491986	1576.560976	4.032753	5.021
std	3608.732978	18.563312	37491.094553	14.981408	424.387533	0.952667	0.181
min	4350.000000	1.000000	1.000000	69.000000	1300.000000	2.000000	3.000
25%	8450.000000	44.000000	43000.000000	90.000000	1400.000000	3.000000	5.000
50%	9900.000000	61.000000	63451.000000	110.000000	1600.000000	4.000000	5.000
75%	11950.000000	70.000000	87041.500000	110.000000	1600.000000	5.000000	5.000
max	32500.000000	80.000000	243000.000000	192.000000	16000.000000	5.000000	6.000

## 4. Check whether the assumptions is matching or not

### 4.1. Linearity Check

- By using Scatter plot/Pairplot

```
In [14]: sns.pairplot(toyota_3)
plt.show()
```



**Observation - Linearity check is failed.**

## 4. 2. No Multicollinearity

By using,

Correlation Matrix (or), Variance Inflation Factor(VIF) we can check it.

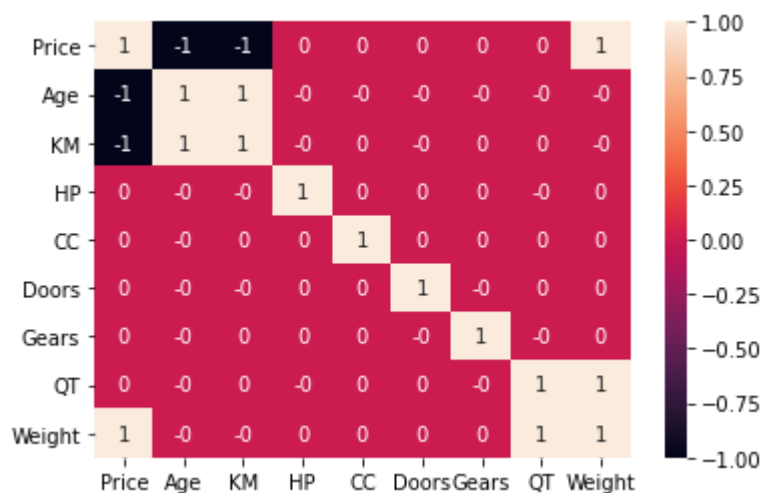


```
In [15]: corr_matrix = toyota_3.corr().round()
corr_matrix
```

```
Out[15]:
```

	Price	Age	KM	HP	CC	Doors	Gears	QT	Weight
Price	1.0	-1.0	-1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
Age	-1.0	1.0	1.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0
KM	-1.0	1.0	1.0	-0.0	0.0	-0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0
HP	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0	0.0
CC	0.0	-0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Doors	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	-0.0	0.0	0.0
Gears	0.0	-0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0	1.0	-0.0	0.0
QT	0.0	-0.0	0.0	-0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0	1.0	1.0
Weight	1.0	-0.0	-0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0

```
In [17]: sns.heatmap(data= corr_matrix,annot=True)
plt.show()
```



### 4.3. No AutoRegression

It is satisfied.

### 4.4. Homoscedascity check

This can be done after model training.

### 4.5. Zero Residual Mean

This also can be checked after model training.

## 5. Model Building

```
In [18]: import statsmodels.formula.api as smf
```

```
In [19]: model=smf.ols('Price~Age+KM+HP+CC+Doors+Gears+QT+Weight',data=toyota_3).fit()
```

```
In [20]: model.params
```

```
Out[20]: Intercept    -5472.540368
Age                -121.713891
KM                  -0.020737
HP                  31.584612
CC                  -0.118558
Doors              -0.920189
Gears              597.715894
QT                  3.858805
Weight             16.855470
dtype: float64
```

```
In [21]: model.tvalues , np.round(model.pvalues,5)
```

```
Out[21]: (Intercept    -3.875273
Age                -46.551876
KM                 -16.552424
HP                 11.209719
CC                 -1.316436
Doors              -0.023012
Gears              3.034563
QT                 2.944198
Weight             15.760663
dtype: float64,
Intercept    0.00011
Age           0.00000
KM            0.00000
HP            0.00000
CC            0.18824
Doors         0.98164
Gears         0.00245
QT            0.00329
Weight        0.00000
dtype: float64)
```

```
In [22]: model.rsquared , model.rsquared_adj    # Model accuracy is 86.17%
```

```
Out[22]: (0.8625200256946999, 0.8617487495415145)
```

**# Build SLR and MLR models for insignificant variables 'CC' and 'Doors'**

**Also find their tvalues and pvalues**

```
In [23]: slr_c=smf.ols('Price~CC',data=toyota_3).fit()  
slr_c.tvalues , slr_c.pvalues # CC has significant pvalue
```

```
Out[23]: (Intercept      24.879592  
         CC             4.745039  
         dtype: float64,  
         Intercept      7.236022e-114  
         CC             2.292856e-06  
         dtype: float64)
```

```
In [24]: slr_d=smf.ols('Price~Doors',data=toyota_3).fit()  
slr_d.tvalues , slr_d.pvalues # Doors has significant pvalue
```

```
Out[24]: (Intercept      19.421546  
         Doors          7.070520  
         dtype: float64,  
         Intercept      8.976407e-75  
         Doors          2.404166e-12  
         dtype: float64)
```

```
In [25]: mlr_cd=smf.ols('Price~CC+Doors',data=toyota_3).fit()  
mlr_cd.tvalues , mlr_cd.pvalues # CC & Doors have significant pvalue
```

```
Out[25]: (Intercept      12.786341  
         CC             4.268006  
         Doors          6.752236  
         dtype: float64,  
         Intercept      1.580945e-35  
         CC             2.101878e-05  
         Doors          2.109558e-11  
         dtype: float64)
```

## 6. Model Validation Techniques

### Two Techniques:

- 1. Collinearity Check &
- 2. Residual Analysis

```

In [26]: # 1) Collinearity Problem Check
# Calculate VIF = 1/(1-Rsquare) for all independent variables

rsq_age=smf.ols('Age~KM+HP+CC+Doors+Gears+QT+Weight',data=toyota_3).fit().rsquared
vif_age=1/(1-rsq_age)

rsq_KM=smf.ols('KM~Age+HP+CC+Doors+Gears+QT+Weight',data=toyota_3).fit().rsquared
vif_KM=1/(1-rsq_KM)

rsq_HP=smf.ols('HP~Age+KM+CC+Doors+Gears+QT+Weight',data=toyota_3).fit().rsquared
vif_HP=1/(1-rsq_HP)

rsq_CC=smf.ols('CC~Age+KM+HP+Doors+Gears+QT+Weight',data=toyota_3).fit().rsquared
vif_CC=1/(1-rsq_CC)

rsq_DR=smf.ols('Doors~Age+KM+HP+CC+Gears+QT+Weight',data=toyota_3).fit().rsquared
vif_DR=1/(1-rsq_DR)

rsq_GR=smf.ols('Gears~Age+KM+HP+CC+Doors+QT+Weight',data=toyota_3).fit().rsquared
vif_GR=1/(1-rsq_GR)

rsq_QT=smf.ols('QT~Age+KM+HP+CC+Doors+Gears+Weight',data=toyota_3).fit().rsquared
vif_QT=1/(1-rsq_QT)

rsq_WT=smf.ols('Weight~Age+KM+HP+CC+Doors+Gears+QT',data=toyota_3).fit().rsquared
vif_WT=1/(1-rsq_WT)

# Putting the values in Dataframe format
d1={'Variables':['Age','KM','HP','CC','Doors','Gears','QT','Weight'],
    'Vif':[vif_age,vif_KM,vif_HP,vif_CC,vif_DR,vif_GR,vif_QT,vif_WT]}
Vif_df=pd.DataFrame(d1)
Vif_df

```

```

Out[26]:

```

	Variables	Vif
0	Age	1.876236
1	KM	1.757178
2	HP	1.419180
3	CC	1.163470
4	Doors	1.155890
5	Gears	1.098843
6	QT	2.295375
7	Weight	2.487180

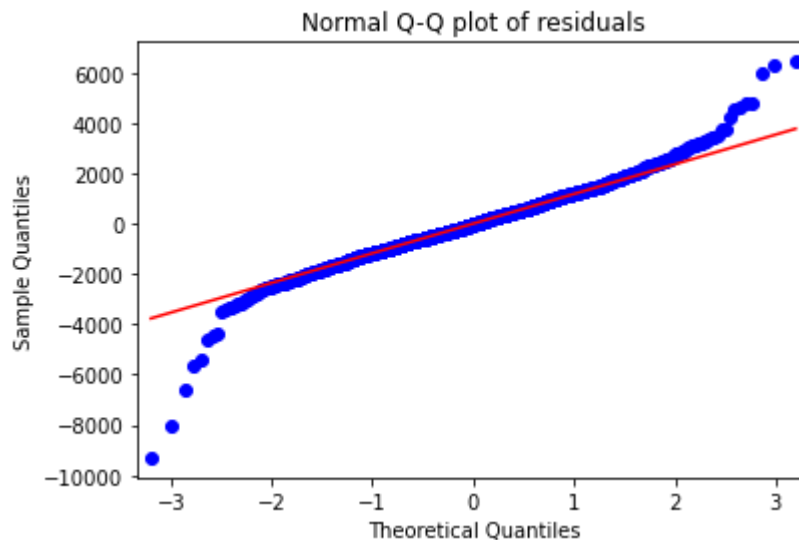
**observations- None variable has VIF>20, No Collinearity, so consider all variables in Regression equation**

## 2) Residual Analysis

## Test for Normality of Residuals (Q-Q Plot) using residual model (model.resid)

```
In [27]: import statsmodels.api as sm
```

```
In [28]: sm.qqplot(model.resid,line='q') # 'q' - A line is fit through the quantiles # lin
plt.title("Normal Q-Q plot of residuals")
plt.show()
```



```
In [30]: list(np.where(model.resid>6000)) # outlier detection from above QQ plot of resid
```

```
Out[30]: [array([109, 146, 522], dtype=int64)]
```

```
In [31]: list(np.where(model.resid<-6000))
```

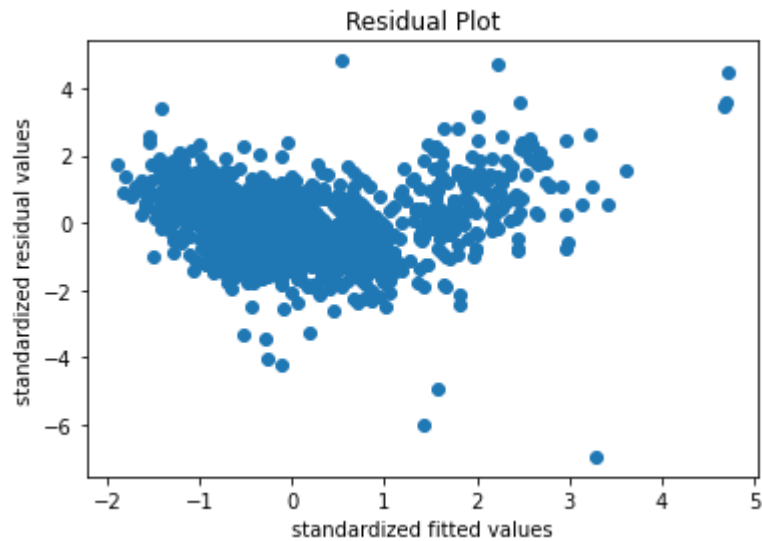
```
Out[31]: [array([220, 600, 959], dtype=int64)]
```

## Residual Plot for Homoscedasticity

```
In [32]: # Test for Homoscedasticity or Heteroscedasticity (plotting model's standardized

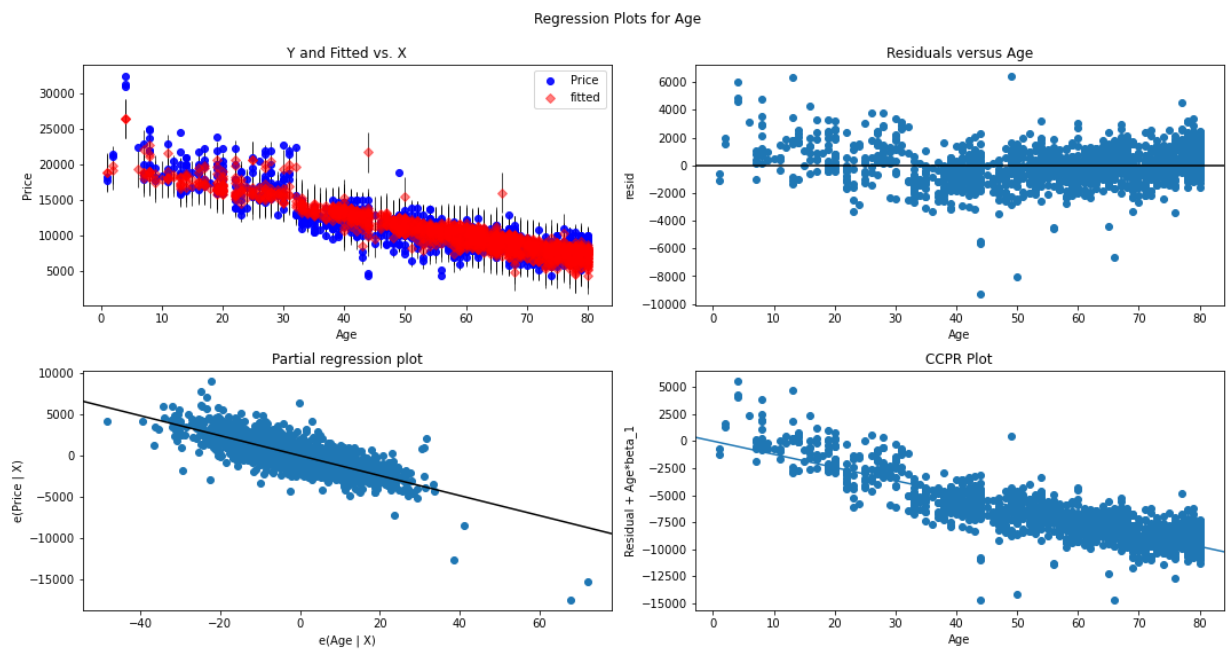
def standard_values(vals) :
    return (vals-vals.mean())/vals.std() # User defined z = (x - mu)/sigma
```

```
In [33]: plt.scatter(standard_values(model.fittedvalues),standard_values(model.resid))  
plt.title('Residual Plot')  
plt.xlabel('standardized fitted values')  
plt.ylabel('standardized residual values')  
plt.show()
```

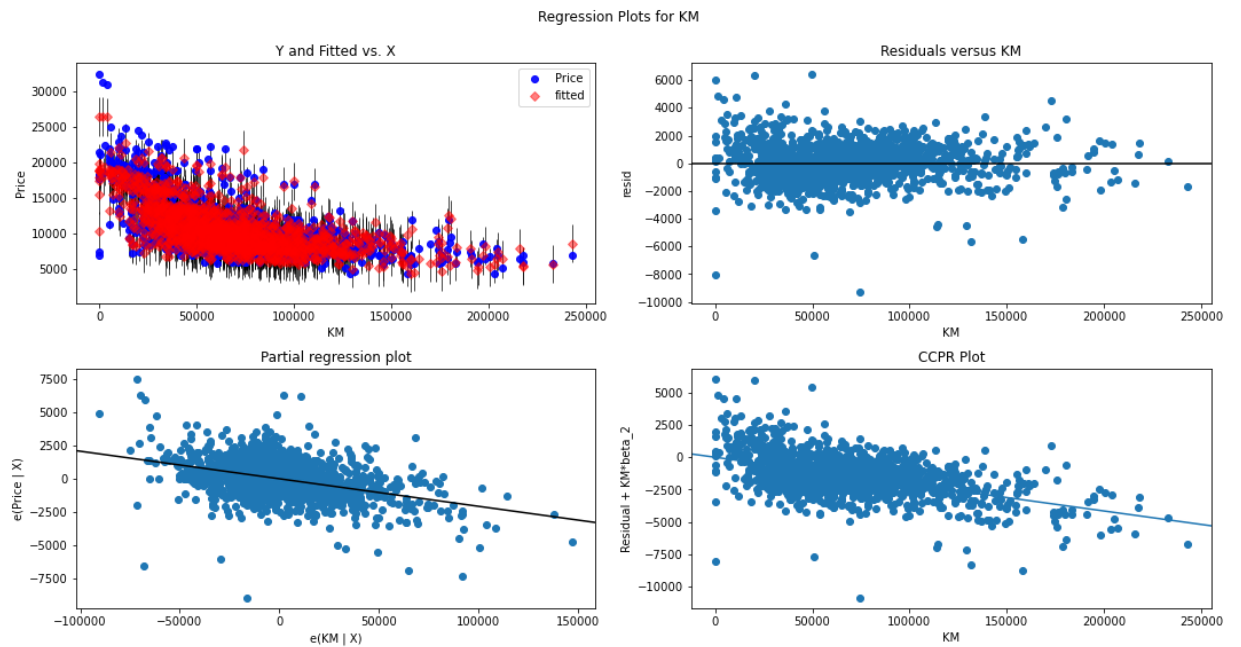


## Residual Vs Regressors

```
In [35]: fig=plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sm.graphics.plot_regress_exog(model,'Age',fig=fig)
plt.show()
```

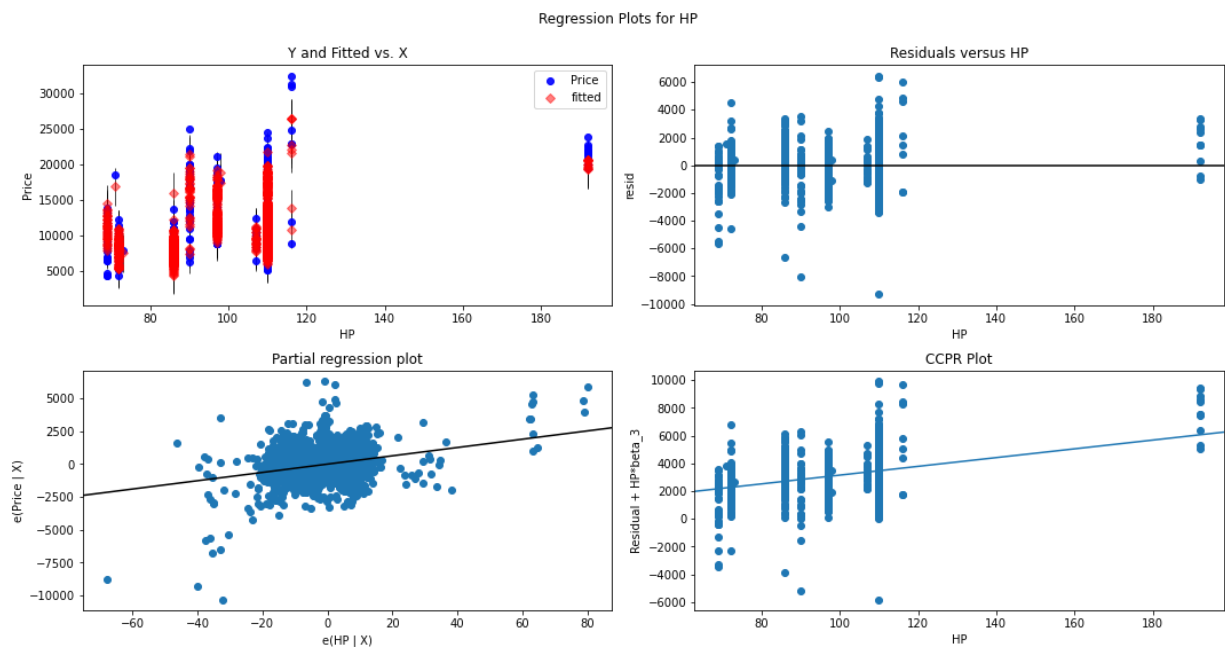


```
In [36]: fig=plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sm.graphics.plot_regress_exog(model,'KM',fig=fig)
plt.show()
```

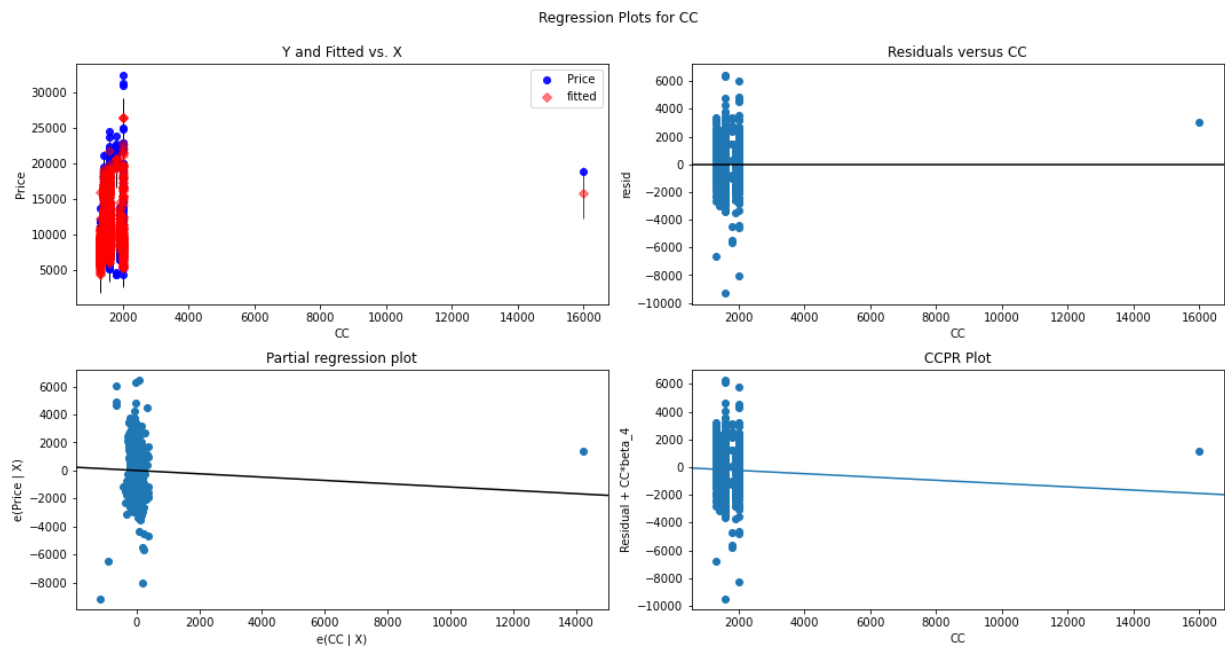




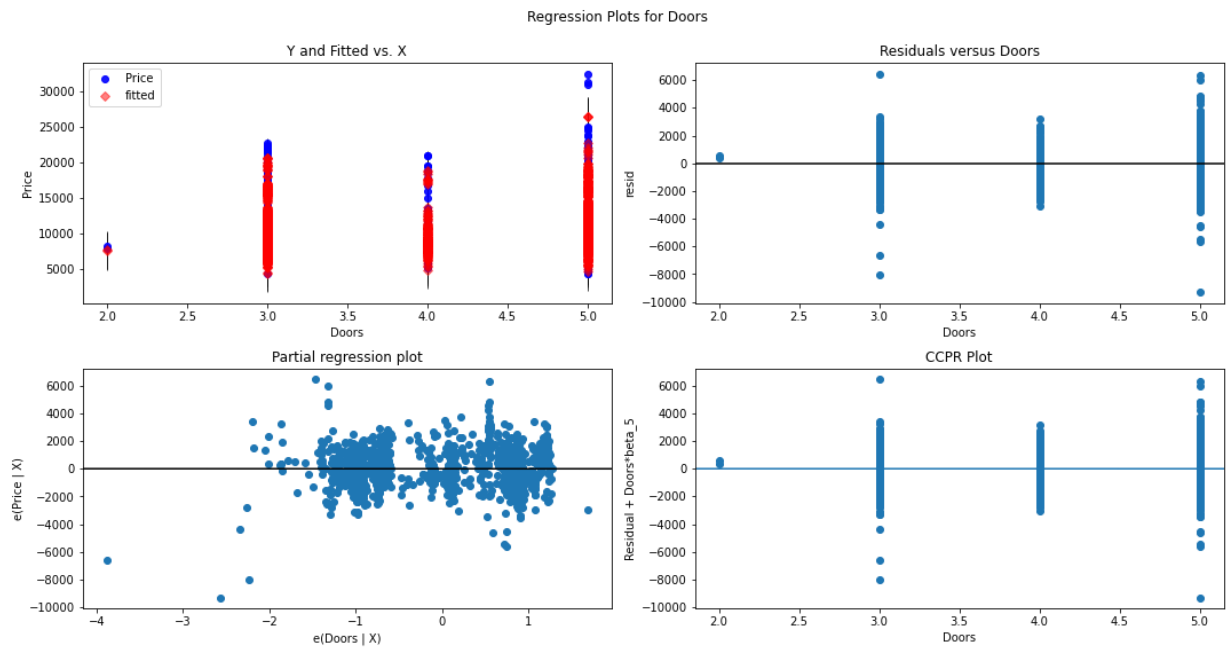
```
In [37]: fig=plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sm.graphics.plot_regress_exog(model,'HP',fig=fig)
plt.show()
```



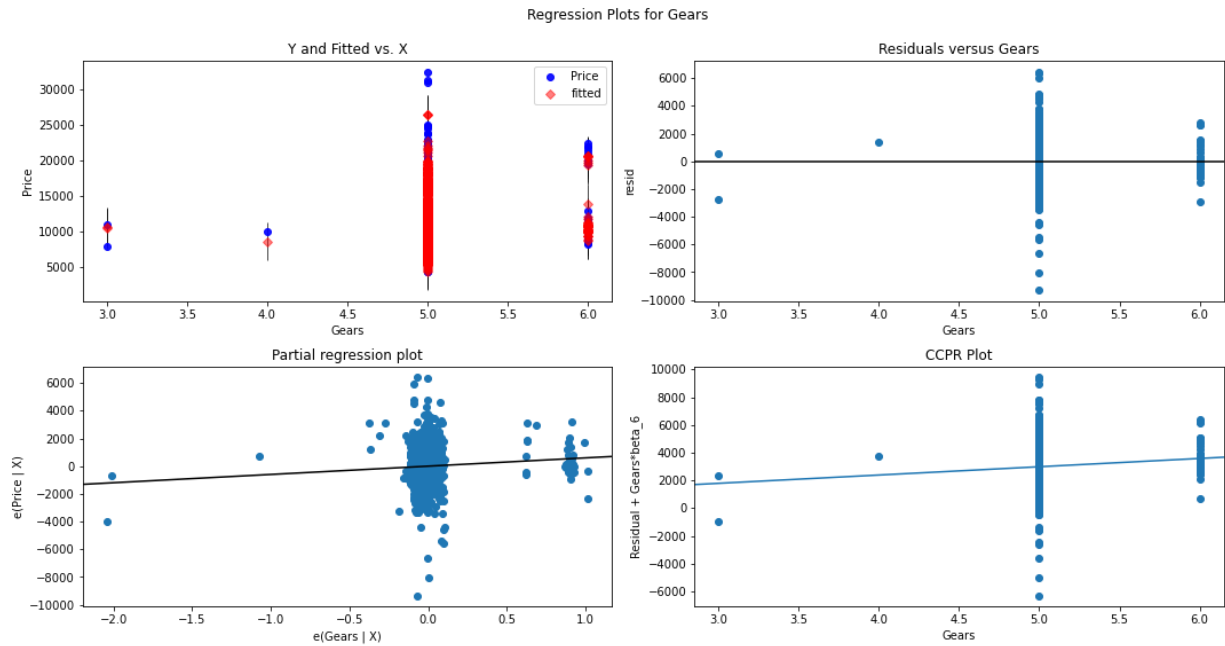
```
In [38]: fig=plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sm.graphics.plot_regress_exog(model,'CC',fig=fig)
plt.show()
```



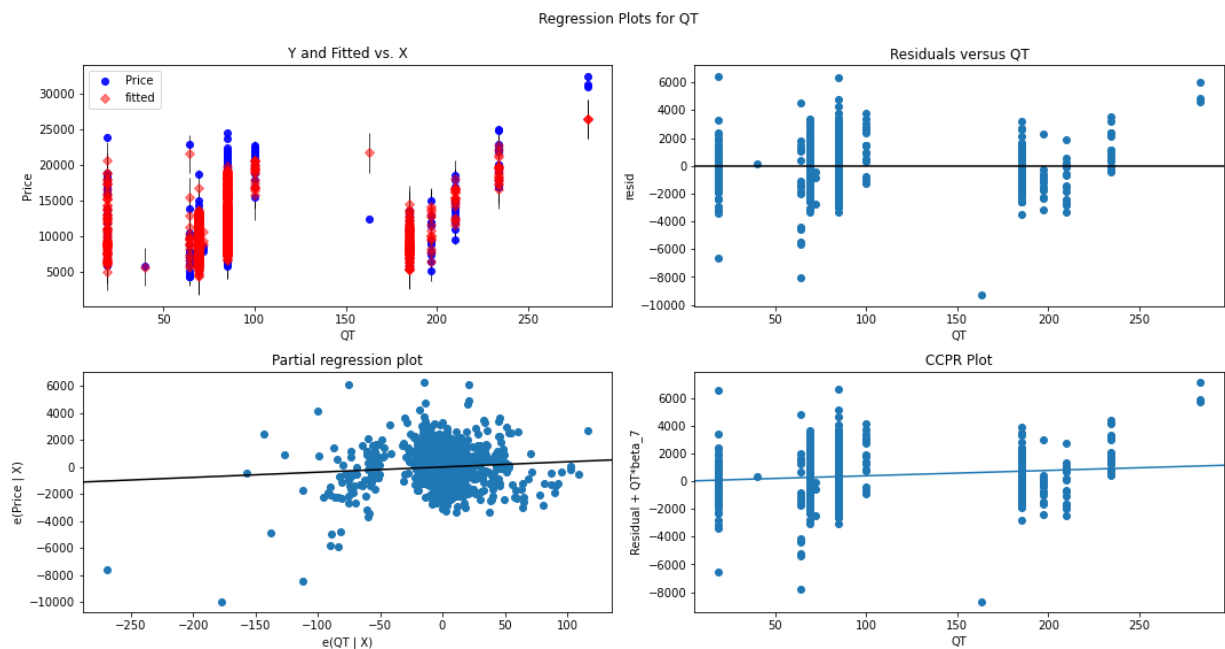
```
In [39]: fig=plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sm.graphics.plot_regress_exog(model,'Doors',fig=fig)
plt.show()
```



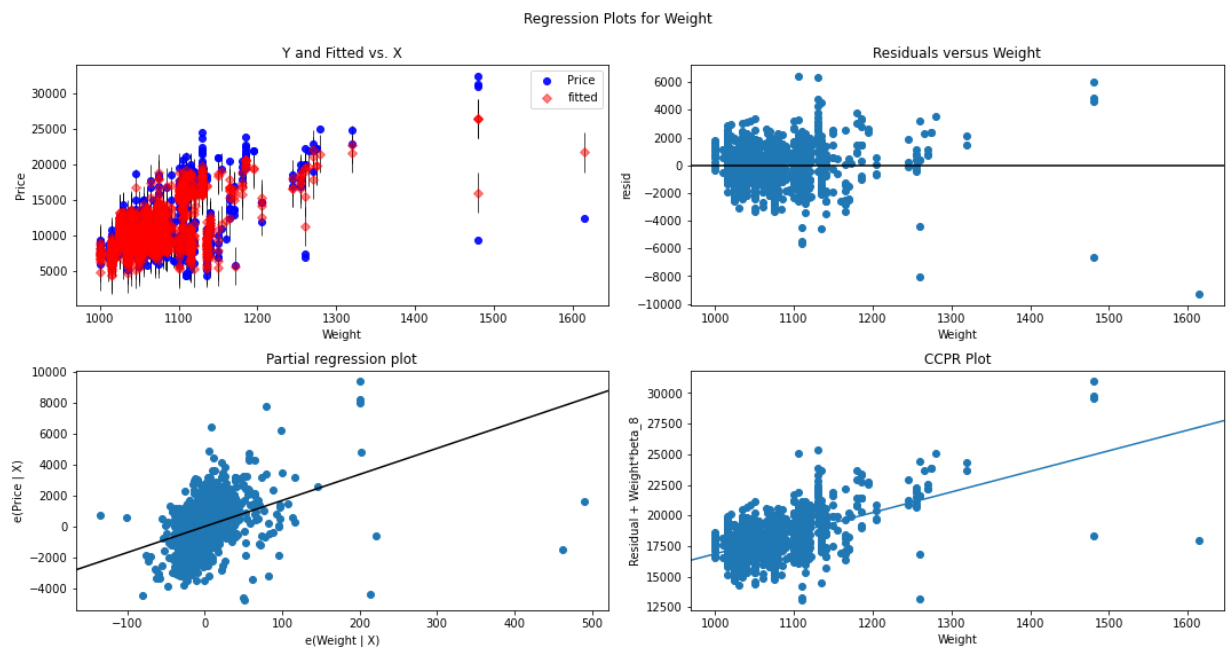
```
In [40]: fig=plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sm.graphics.plot_regress_exog(model,'Gears',fig=fig)
plt.show()
```



```
In [41]: fig=plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sm.graphics.plot_regress_exog(model,'QT',fig=fig)
plt.show()
```



```
In [42]: fig=plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sm.graphics.plot_regress_exog(model,'Weight',fig=fig)
plt.show()
```



## 7. Model Deletion Diagnostics (checking Outliers or Influencers)

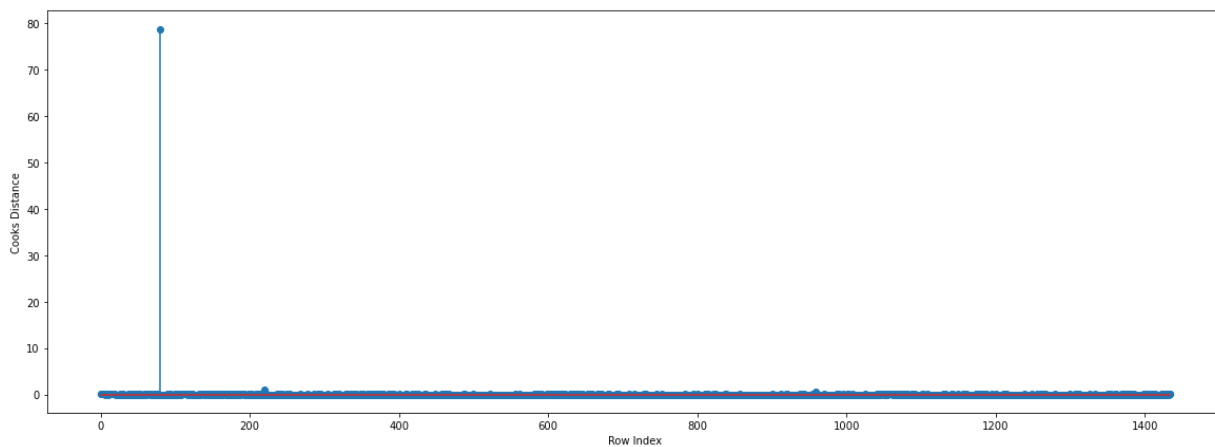
### Two Techniques :

- 1. Cook's Distance &
- 2. Leverage value

```
In [43]: # 1. Cook's Distance: If Cook's distance > 1, then it's an outlier
# Get influencers using cook's distance
(c,_)=model.get_influence().cooks_distance
c
```

```
Out[43]: array([7.22221054e-03, 3.94547973e-03, 5.44224039e-03, ...,
8.04110550e-07, 6.99854767e-04, 1.08408002e-02])
```

```
In [45]: # Plot the influencers using the stem plot
fig=plt.figure(figsize=(20,7))
plt.stem(np.arange(len(toyota_3)),np.round(c,3))
plt.xlabel('Row Index')
plt.ylabel('Cooks Distance')
plt.show()
```



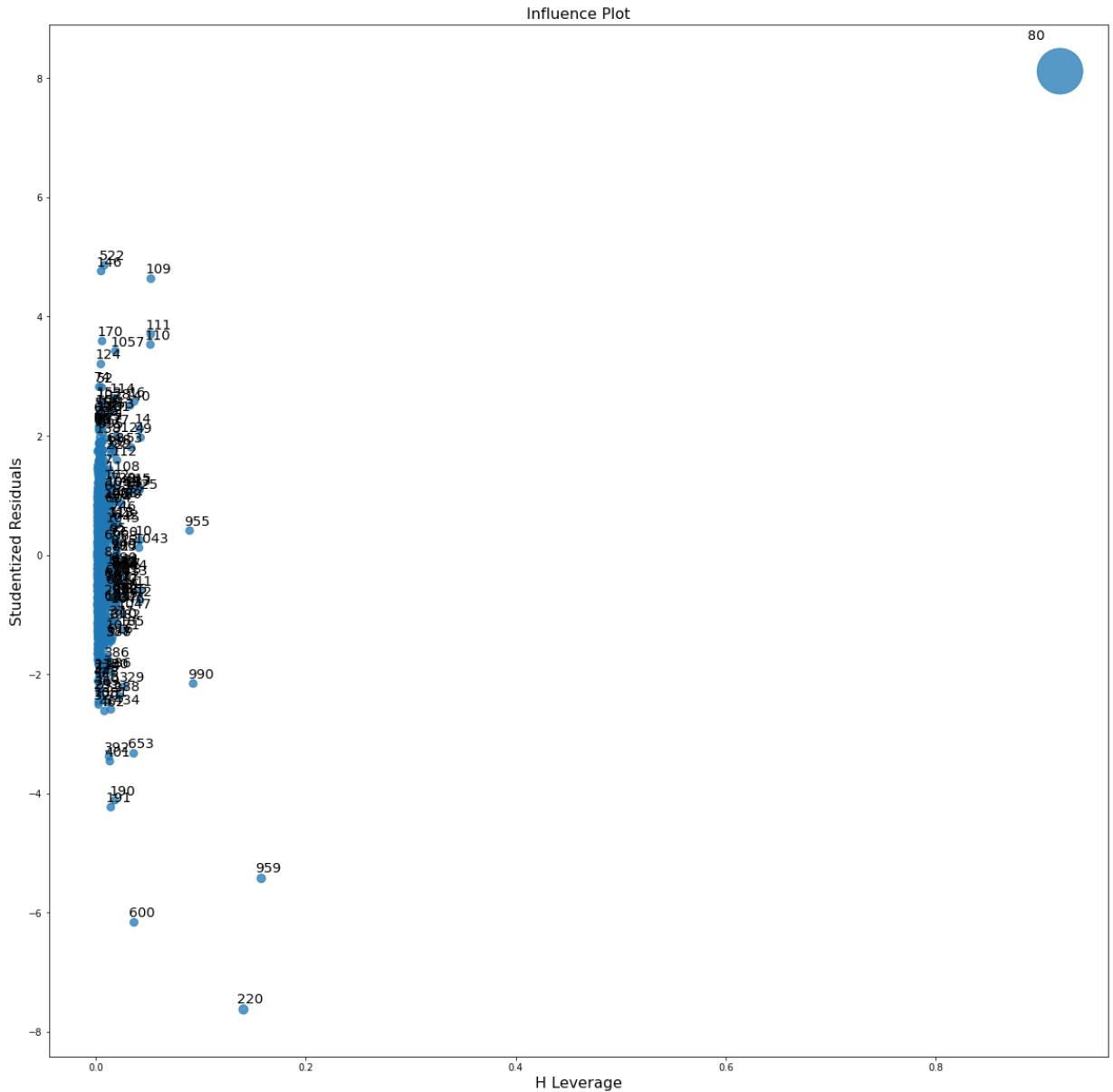
```
In [46]: # Index and value of influencer where C>0.5
np.argmax(c) , np.max(c)
```

```
Out[46]: (80, 78.7295058224556)
```

## # 2. Leverage Value using High Influence Points : Points beyond Leverage\_cutoff value are influencers

```
In [48]: from statsmodels.graphics.regressionplots import influence_plot
```

```
fig,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(20,20))
fig=influence_plot(model,ax = ax)
```



```
In [50]: # Leverage Cutoff Value = 3*(k+1)/n ; k = no.of features/columns & n = no. of data points
k=toyota_3.shape[1]
n=toyota_3.shape[0]
leverage_cutoff = (3*(k+1))/n
leverage_cutoff
```

Out[50]: 0.020905923344947737

**observations-From the above plot, it is evident that points beyond leverage cutoff value=0.020905 are the outliers**

```
In [51]: toyota_3[toyota_3.index.isin([80])]
```

Out[51]:

	Price	Age	KM	HP	CC	Doors	Gears	QT	Weight
80	18950	25	20019	110	16000	5	5	100	1180

## 8.Improving the Model

```
In [53]: # Creating a copy of data so that original dataset is not affected
toyota_new=toyota_3.copy()
toyota_new
```

Out[53]:

	Price	Age	KM	HP	CC	Doors	Gears	QT	Weight
0	13500	23	46986	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
1	13750	23	72937	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
2	13950	24	41711	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
3	14950	26	48000	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
4	13750	30	38500	90	2000	3	5	210	1170
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1430	7500	69	20544	86	1300	3	5	69	1025
1431	10845	72	19000	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1432	8500	71	17016	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1433	7250	70	16916	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1434	6950	76	1	110	1600	5	5	19	1114

1435 rows × 9 columns

```
In [54]: # Discard the data points which are influencers and reassign the row number (reset)
toyota_4=toyota_new.drop(toyota_new.index[[80]],axis=0).reset_index(drop=True)
toyota_4
```

```
Out[54]:
```

	Price	Age	KM	HP	CC	Doors	Gears	QT	Weight
0	13500	23	46986	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
1	13750	23	72937	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
2	13950	24	41711	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
3	14950	26	48000	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
4	13750	30	38500	90	2000	3	5	210	1170
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1429	7500	69	20544	86	1300	3	5	69	1025
1430	10845	72	19000	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1431	8500	71	17016	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1432	7250	70	16916	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1433	6950	76	1	110	1600	5	5	19	1114

1434 rows × 9 columns

## 9. Model Deletion Diagnostics and Final Model



```
In [55]: while model.rsquared < 0.90:
    for c in [np.max(c)>0.5]:
        model=smf.ols('Price~Age+KM+HP+CC+Doors+Gears+QT+Weight',data=toyota_4).fit()
        (c,_)=model.get_influence().cooks_distance
        c
        np.argmax(c) , np.max(c)
        toyota_4=toyota_4.drop(toyota_4.index[[np.argmax(c)]],axis=0).reset_index()
        toyota_4
    else:
        final_model=smf.ols('Price~Age+KM+HP+CC+Doors+Gears+QT+Weight',data=toyota_4).fit()
        final_model.rsquared , final_model.aic
        print("Thus model accuracy is improved to",final_model.rsquared)
```

```
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8765926307402282
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8839684606741538
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8882395145171204
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8902571486612915
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8909888960319987
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8922595280462808
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8933621011392296
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8947147371605555
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8955233405057648
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8930210061069088
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8939546425147169
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8954112430715817
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8960182592139027
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8968403506948497
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8964026771830705
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8958538146890626
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8953750500147551
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8949455651565241
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8960864004304144
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8955820765034092
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8930233902806168
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8903879563757863
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8895239558162493
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8898960234448476
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8903208318396924
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8908014686337988
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8901005575125875
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8894678831369645
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8894880027099143
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8900243177601598
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8894961653289413
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.888830069020742
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8890577556184879
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8898790181431516
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8905555862707121
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8905494548555106
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.890703571578653
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8909968812264217
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8912949497964373
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8918388895715855
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8926704315417882
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8928840759989136
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.893349603994157
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8936856658122996
```

Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8944751976424922  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8938395480435741  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8931993880518595  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8925409392511808  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8933274017072571  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8919970006989908  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8913049155203421  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.891996770189864  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8925697842477825  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.892733433674135  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.893037366789838  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8936216177226137  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8943831156038025  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8946116437234872  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8947373476692217  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8950379522236931  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8948527054861178  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8953342154393777  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.895598439180588  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8959887924407284  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8949134651663618  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8951494863024941  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8955005725113695  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8957248584395653  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8954298292582191  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8953618506400355  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8956028020870667  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8959330397949153  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8962516478679261  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.896677152907062  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8968748575434936  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8967502968710409  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8964643118227555  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8968869273251255  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8965702611797324  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8964656489827649  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8967541657126812  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8970295712331846  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8970512860226795  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8973242631620858  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.897606403630622  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8965027704321634  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8969285366970444  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8970144437559693  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.897464618358938  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8977004418350513  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8979562106578318  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8980173910665002  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8982290469246595  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8981603329614346  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8984954051008237  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8988264391266801  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8988386546358322  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8990728046493341  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8992884343762314  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8995264042658645  
Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8998346697166659

Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.8999704768778107  
 Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.9002238270483124  
 Thus model accuracy is improved to 0.9003762532318559

In [56]: `final_model.rsquared` # Model Accuracy is increased to 90.02%

Out[56]: 0.9003762532318559

In [57]: `toyota_4`

Out[57]:

	Price	Age	KM	HP	CC	Doors	Gears	QT	Weight
0	13750	23	72937	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
1	14950	26	48000	90	2000	3	5	210	1165
2	13750	30	38500	90	2000	3	5	210	1170
3	12950	32	61000	90	2000	3	5	210	1170
4	16900	27	94612	90	2000	3	5	210	1245
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1325	8450	80	23000	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1326	7500	69	20544	86	1300	3	5	69	1025
1327	10845	72	19000	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1328	8500	71	17016	86	1300	3	5	69	1015
1329	7250	70	16916	86	1300	3	5	69	1015

1330 rows × 9 columns

## 10. Model Predictions

In [58]: # say New data for prediction is  
`new_data=pd.DataFrame({'Age':12,"KM":40000,"HP":80,"CC":1300,"Doors":4,"Gears":5,  
 new_data`

Out[58]:

	Age	KM	HP	CC	Doors	Gears	QT	Weight
0	12	40000	80	1300	4	5	69	1012

In [59]: # Manual Prediction of Price  
`final_model.predict(new_data)`

Out[59]: 0 14398.815471  
 dtype: float64

In [61]: *# Automatic Prediction of Price with 90.02% accuracy*

```
pred_y=final_model.predict(toyota_4)
pred_y
```

Out[61]:

0	15354.362106
1	15415.237858
2	15314.008799
3	14749.534289
4	17544.273936
	...
1325	7607.457292
1326	9206.037539
1327	8535.375501
1328	8674.315161
1329	8784.118985

Length: 1330, dtype: float64