# **Using the NCEI API**

```
import requests
def make_request(endpoint, payload=None):
   Make a request to a specific endpoint on the weather API
    passing headers and optional payload.
   Parameters:
    - endpoint: The endpoint of the API you want to
   make a GET request to.
    - payload: A dictionary of data to pass along
   with the request.
   Returns:
    Response object.
    return requests.get(
      f'https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdo-web/api/v2/{endpoint}',
      headers={
          'token': 'uuRxnxTxAZjPILuUdZeZKkaWkLcjZxEf'
      },
      params=payload
    )
```

#### See what datasets are available

```
response = make_request('datasets', {'stardate': '2018-10-01'})
response.status_code
200
```

# Get the key of the results

```
response.json().keys()
    dict_keys(['metadata', 'results'])

response.json()['metadata']
    {'resultset': {'offset': 1, 'count': 11, 'limit': 25}}
```

### Figure out what data is in the result

```
response.json()['results'][0].keys()
```

```
dict_keys(['uid', 'mindate', 'maxdate', 'name', 'datacoverage', 'id'])
```

#### Parse the result

```
[(data['id'], data['name']) for data in response.json()['results']]
    [('GHCND', 'Daily Summaries'),
        ('GSOM', 'Global Summary of the Month'),
        ('GSOY', 'Global Summary of the Year'),
        ('NEXRAD2', 'Weather Radar (Level II)'),
        ('NEXRAD3', 'Weather Radar (Level III)'),
        ('NORMAL_ANN', 'Normals Annual/Seasonal'),
        ('NORMAL_DLY', 'Normals Daily'),
        ('NORMAL_HLY', 'Normals Hourly'),
        ('NORMAL_MLY', 'Normals Monthly'),
        ('PRECIP_15', 'Precipitation 15 Minute'),
        ('PRECIP_HLY', 'Precipitation Hourly')]
```

## Figure out which data category we want

```
#get data category id
response = make request(
    'datacategories',
   payload={
        'datasetid' : 'GHCND'
    }
)
response.status_code
     200
response.json()['results']
     [{'name': 'Evaporation', 'id': 'EVAP'},
     {'name': 'Land', 'id': 'LAND'},
      {'name': 'Precipitation', 'id': 'PRCP'},
      {'name': 'Sky cover & clouds', 'id': 'SKY'},
      {'name': 'Sunshine', 'id': 'SUN'},
      {'name': 'Air Temperature', 'id': 'TEMP'},
      {'name': 'Water', 'id': 'WATER'},
      {'name': 'Wind', 'id': 'WIND'},
      {'name': 'Weather Type', 'id': 'WXTYPE'}]
```

### Grab the data type ID f or the T emperature category

```
# get data type id
response = make_request(
   'datatypes',
```

```
payLoad={
    'datacategoryid' : 'TEMP',
    'limit' : 100
}
)
response.status_code
    200

[(datatype['id'], datatype['name']) for datatype in response.json()['results']][-5:] # lo
    [('MNTM', 'Monthly mean temperature'),
    ('TAVG', 'Average Temperature.'),
    ('TMAX', 'Maximum temperature'),
    ('TMIN', 'Minimum temperature'),
    ('TOBS', 'Temperature at the time of observation')]
```

# **Determine which Location Category we want**

```
response = make_request(
    'locationcategories',
    {
        'datasetid' : 'GHCND'
    }
)
response.status_code
     200
import pprint
pprint.pprint(response.json())
     {'metadata': {'resultset': {'count': 12, 'limit': 25, 'offset': 1}},
      'results': [{'id': 'CITY', 'name': 'City'},
                  {'id': 'CLIM_DIV', 'name': 'Climate Division'},
                  {'id': 'CLIM_REG', 'name': 'Climate Region'},
                  {'id': 'CNTRY', 'name': 'Country'},
                  {'id': 'CNTY', 'name': 'County'},
                  {'id': 'HYD_ACC', 'name': 'Hydrologic Accounting Unit'},
                  {'id': 'HYD_CAT', 'name': 'Hydrologic Cataloging Unit'},
                  {'id': 'HYD_REG', 'name': 'Hydrologic Region'},
                  {'id': 'HYD_SUB', 'name': 'Hydrologic Subregion'},
                  {'id': 'ST', 'name': 'State'},
                  {'id': 'US_TERR', 'name': 'US Territory'},
                  {'id': 'ZIP', 'name': 'Zip Code'}]}
```

#### **Get NYC Location ID**

```
def get_item(name, what, endpoint, start=1, end=None):
```

```
# find the midpoint which we use to cut the data in half each time
  mid = (start + (end if end else 1)) // 2
  # lowercase the name so this is not case-sensitive
  name = name.lower()
  # define the payload we will send with each request
  payload = {
      'datasetid' : 'GHCND',
      'sortfield' : 'name',
      'offset' : mid,
      'limit' : 1
  }
  response = make_request(endpoint, {**payload, **what})
  if response.ok:
    end = end if end else response.json()['metadata']['resultset']['count']
    current_name = response.json()['results'][0]['name'].lower()
    if name in current_name:
      return response.json()['results'][0]
   else:
      if start >= end:
        # if our start index is greater than or equal to our end, we couldn't find it
        return{}
      elif name < current_name:</pre>
        # our name comes before the current name in the alphabet, so we search further to 1
        return get_item(name, what, endpoint, start, mid - 1)
      elif name > current_name:
        # our name comes after the current name in the alphabet, so we search further to th
        return get_item(name, what, endpoint, mid + 1, end)
  else:
    # response wasn't ok, use code to determine why
    print(f'Response not OK, status: {response.status_code}')
def get_location(name):
  return get_item(name, {'locationcategoryid' : 'CITY'}, 'locations')
# get NYC id
nyc = get_location('New York')
nyc
     {'mindate': '1869-01-01',
      'maxdate': '2024-03-11',
      'name': 'New York, NY US',
      'datacoverage': 1,
      'id': 'CTTY: || S360019'}
```

### Get the station ID for Central Park

```
central_park = get_item('NY City Central Park', {'locationid' : nyc['id']}, 'stations')
central_park

{'elevation': 42.7,
    'mindate': '1869-01-01',
    'maxdate': '2024-03-10',
    'latitude': 40.77898,
    'name': 'NY CITY CENTRAL PARK, NY US',
    'datacoverage': 1,
    'id': 'GHCND:USW00094728',
    'elevationUnit': 'METERS',
    'longitude': -73.96925}
```

# Request the temperature data

```
# get NYC daily summaries data
response = make_request(
    'data',
    {
        'datasetid' : 'GHCND',
        'stationid' : central_park['id'],
        'locationid' : nyc['id'],
        'startdate' : '2018-10-01',
        'enddate' : '2018-10-31',
        'datatypeid' : ['TMIN', 'TMAX', 'TOBS'],
        'units' : 'metric',
        'limit' : 1000
    }
)
response.status_code
     200
```

# Create a DataFrame

```
import pandas as pd

df = pd.DataFrame(response.json()['results'])
df.head()
```

```
Next steps:
              View recommended plots
df.datatype.unique()
     array(['TMAX', 'TMIN'], dtype=object)
if get_item(
    'NY City Central Park', {'locationid' : nyc['id'], 'datatype' : 'TOBS'}, 'stations'
):
    print('Found!')
     Found!
Using a different station
laguardia = get_item(
    'LaGuardia', {'locationid' : nyc['id']}, 'stations'
laguardia
     {'elevation': 3,
      'mindate': '1939-10-07',
      'maxdate': '2024-03-11',
      'latitude': 40.77945,
      'name': 'LAGUARDIA AIRPORT, NY US',
      'datacoverage': 1,
      'id': 'GHCND:USW00014732',
      'elevationUnit': 'METERS',
      'longitude': -73.88027}
response = make_request(
    'data',
    {
        'datasetid' : 'GHCND',
        'stationid' : laguardia['id'],
        'startdate' : '2018-10-01',
        'enddate' : '2018-10-31',
        'datatypeid' : ['TMIN', 'TMAX', 'TAVG'],
        'units' : 'metric',
```

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'limit' : 1000

}

)

```
response.status_code
     200

df = pd.DataFrame(response.json()['results'])
df.head()
```

-----

```
Next steps: View recommended plots
```

```
df.datatype.value_counts()
    TAVG 31
    TMAX 31
```

TMAX 31 TMIN 31

Name: datatype, dtype: int64

df.to\_csv('data/nyc\_temperatures.csv', index=False)

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