Write Program in KEIL Embedded C:

1. Write a C program for the 8051 to print Fibonacci series. Take input from port P1 and display output on port P4 with delay of 100 milliseconds. (Create manual delay using loop).

```
\Rightarrow
      #include <reg51.h>
\Rightarrow
⇒ void delay(unsigned int time) {
      unsigned int i, j;
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
      for(i = 0; i < time; i++)
\Rightarrow
      for(j = 0; j < 1275; j++);
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
⇒ void main() {
\Rightarrow
      unsigned char a = 0, b = 1, c, n, i;
\Rightarrow
      P1 = 0xFF; // Set port P1 as input
\Rightarrow
      P4 = 0x00; // Initialize port P4
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow while(1) {
\Rightarrow n = P1; // Take input from port P1
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
\Rightarrow
      if(i \le 1)
\Rightarrow
      c = i;
⇒ else {
\Rightarrow c = a + b;
\Rightarrow a = b;
\Rightarrow
      b = c;
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow P4 = c; // Display output on port P4
\Rightarrow
      delay(100); // Delay of 100 milliseconds
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
      }
⇒ }
```

2. Write a program in C for 8051 to find the square root of a number and show the output on port.

```
\Rightarrow
      #include <reg51.h>
\Rightarrow
      #include <math.h>
\Rightarrow
      void main() {
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
      unsigned int number, result;
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
      P1 = 0xFF; // Set port P1 as input
\Rightarrow
      P4 = 0x00; // Initialize port P4
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
      while(1) {
      number = P1; // Take input from port P1
\Rightarrow
      result = sqrt(number); // Calculate square root
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
     P4 = result; // Display result on port P4
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
      }
```

3. Write a C program for the 8051 to sort a list of n numbers. Sorted list should be displayed Port P0, P1, and P2 & P3 periodically with the delay of 150 milliseconds. (Hint: 1st number on P0, 2nd number on P1, 3rd number on P2, 4th number on P3, 5th number P1 and so on).

```
\Rightarrow
      #include <reg51.h>
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
      void delay(unsigned int time) {
\Rightarrow
      unsigned int i, j;
\Rightarrow
      for(i = 0; i < time; i++)
\Rightarrow
      for(j = 0; j < 1275; j++);
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
      void bubbleSort(unsigned char arr[], unsigned char n) {
\Rightarrow
      unsigned char i, j, temp;
\Rightarrow
      for(i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
\Rightarrow
      for(j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {
\Rightarrow
      if(arr[j] > arr[j+1]) {
\Rightarrow
      temp = arr[j];
\Rightarrow
      arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
\Rightarrow
      arr[j + 1] = temp;
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
      }
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
      unsigned char numbers[] = \{10, 5, 8, 2, 3\}; // Example list of numbers
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
      unsigned char n = sizeof(numbers) / sizeof(numbers[0]);
\Rightarrow
      unsigned char i = 0;
\Rightarrow
      P0 = 0x00; // Initialize port P0
```

```
\Rightarrow P1 = 0x00; // Initialize port P1
\Rightarrow P2 = 0x00; // Initialize port P2
\Rightarrow P3 = 0x00; // Initialize port P3
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow while(1) {
\Rightarrow
      bubbleSort(numbers, n); // Sort the numbers
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
     // Display sorted list on ports P0, P1, P2, and P3 periodically
\Rightarrow
      for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
\Rightarrow if(i % 4 == 0)
\Rightarrow P0 = numbers[i];
\Rightarrow else if(i % 4 == 1)
\Rightarrow P1 = numbers[i];
\Rightarrow else if(i % 4 == 2)
\Rightarrow P2 = numbers[i];
      else if(i \% 4 == 3)
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
      P3 = numbers[i];
\Rightarrow
⇒ delay(150); // Delay of 150 milliseconds
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
      }
\Rightarrow
```

To be done using EdSim51 simulator in 8051:

1. Write an assembly language program to sort the string "embedded systems" in ascending order.

```
\Rightarrow
    ORG 0H
\Rightarrow

⇒ MOV DPTR, #String; Point to the string

⇔ CALL SortString; Call the sorting subroutine
    SJMP $; Infinite loop
\Rightarrow
\Rightarrow
⇒ SortString:
⇒ MOV R0, #0 ; Outer loop counter
⇒ OuterLoop:
⇒ MOV R1, R0 ; Inner loop counter
⇒ INC R1; Point to next character
\Rightarrow
    InnerLoop:
\Rightarrow
    MOV A, @DPTR; Load character at current position
\Rightarrow
    CJNE A, #' ', SkipCheck; If not space, skip to next character
    INC DPTR; Move to next character
\Rightarrow
    SJMP Continue; Continue with next iteration
⇒ SkipCheck:
    MOV A, @DPTR; Load character at current position
```

- ⇒ INC DPTR ; Move to next character ⇒ CJNE A, #' ', CheckNext ; If not space, skip to next check **⇒** SJMP Continue ; Continue with next iteration **⇒** CheckNext: ⇒ MOV R2, A; Store character in R2 ⇒ MOV A, @DPTR ; Load next character ⇒ CJNE A, #'', Compare ; If not space, compare characters **⇒** SJMP Continue ; Continue with next iteration **⇒** Compare: ⇒ CJNE R2, A, NotSwap; If characters are in correct order, skip swap ⇒ MOVX A, @DPTR; Load character to be swapped **⇒** DEC DPTR ; Move back to original position ⇒ XCH A, @DPTR; Swap characters ⇒ INC DPTR ; Move to next character ⇒ NotSwap: ⇒ INC DPTR; Move to next character ⇒ DJNZ R1, InnerLoop; Decrement inner loop counter and repeat if not zero **⇔** Continue: ⇒ INC R0 ; Increment outer loop counter ⇒ CJNE R0, #14, OuterLoop; Continue sorting until end of string **⇒ RET** \Rightarrow ⇒ String: DB "embedded systems\$" 2. You are required to count number of times "d" occurred in the string of "embedded systems" and display it at memory location using indirect addressing mode. ⇒ ORG 0H \Rightarrow
- ⇒ MOV DPTR, #String; Point to the string ⇒ MOV R1, #0 ; Initialize counter ⇒ MOV R2, #'d'; Search character \Rightarrow **⇒** CountLoop: ⇒ MOV A, @DPTR; Load character ⇒ CJNE A, #'\$', EndCount; If end of string, exit loop CJNE A, R2, NotMatch; If not 'd', skip increment \Rightarrow ⇒ INC R1; Increment counter **⇒** NotMatch: ⇒ INC DPTR; Move to next character
- ⇒ SJMP CountLoop; Repeat loop
- **⇒** EndCount:
- MOV @R0, R1; Store the count at memory location pointed by R0

- ⇒ SJMP \$; Infinite loop
- \Rightarrow
- ⇒ String: DB "embedded systems\$"