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## Lecture 02d

### Direction Cosine Matrix from North East Down to East North Up



**Lecture is on YouTube**

The YouTube video entitled 'Direction Cosine Matrix from North East Down to East North Up' that covers this lecture is located at <https://youtu.be/Ni70-AWnO4w>

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## Outline

- Euler Rotation Sequence from NED to Body
- Euler Rotation Sequence from NED to ENU
- Euler Rotation Sequence from body to ENU
- Euler Rotation Sequence from body to NED

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## Euler Rotation Sequence from NED to Body

Recall from the previous video entitled 'Euler Angles and the Euler Rotation Sequence' at <https://youtu.be/GJBc6z6p0KQ> that the rotation matrix/sequence to go from the NED frame (in the previous video this was referred to as the vehicle-carried-NED frame,  $F_v$ ) to the body frame is given by

$$C_{b/NED}(\phi, \theta, \psi) = C_{b/2}(\phi) C_{2/1}(\theta) C_{1/NED}(\psi) \quad (\text{Eq.1})$$

Note the previous video used the subscript 'v' that we now change to 'NED'

$$In[ ]:= \mathbf{C1NED}[\psi_-] = \begin{pmatrix} \cos[\psi] & \sin[\psi] & 0 \\ -\sin[\psi] & \cos[\psi] & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix};$$

$$\mathbf{C21}[\theta_-] = \begin{pmatrix} \cos[\theta] & 0 & -\sin[\theta] \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \sin[\theta] & 0 & \cos[\theta] \end{pmatrix};$$

$$\mathbf{Cb2}[\phi_-] = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos[\phi] & \sin[\phi] \\ 0 & -\sin[\phi] & \cos[\phi] \end{pmatrix};$$

$$\mathbf{CbNED}[\phi_-, \theta_-, \psi_-] = \mathbf{Cb2}[\phi_-] \cdot \mathbf{C21}[\theta_-] \cdot \mathbf{C1NED}[\psi_-];$$

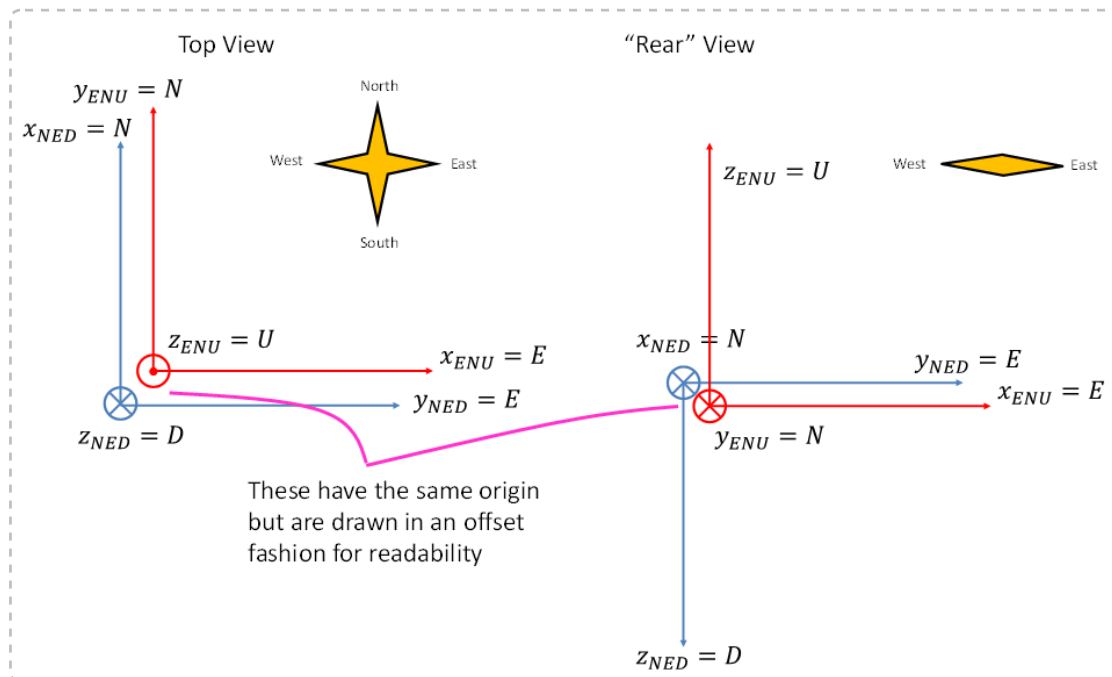
$$\mathbf{CbNED}[\phi, \theta, \psi] // \text{MatrixForm}$$

Out[ ]:=MatrixForm=

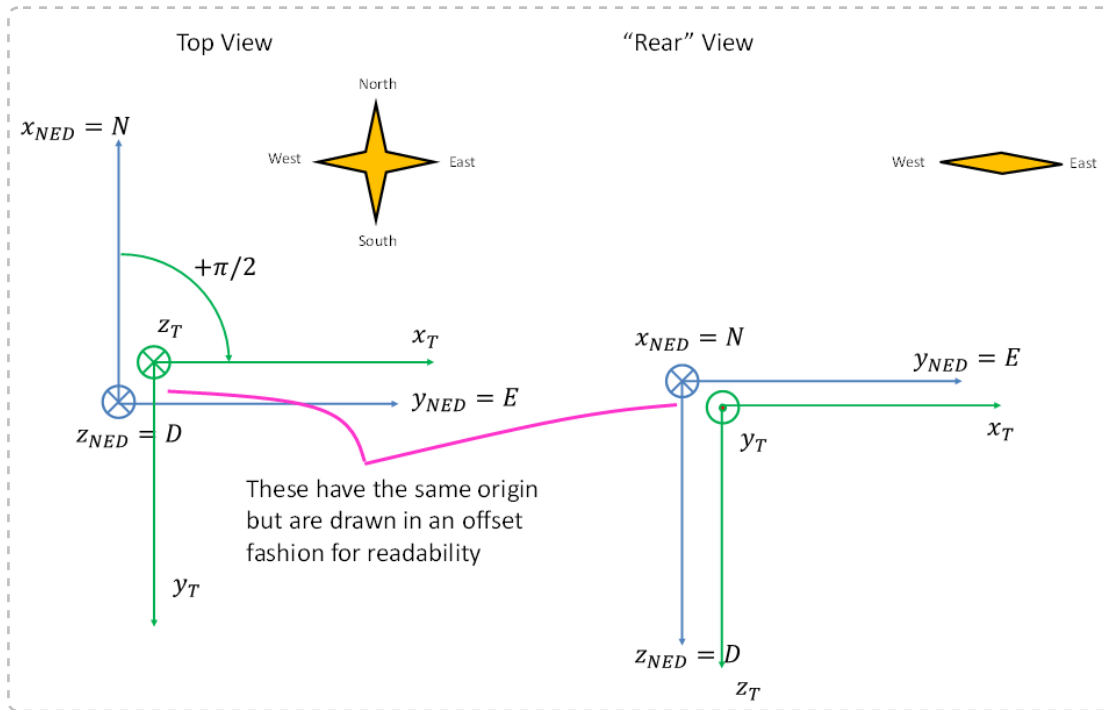
$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos[\theta] \cos[\psi] & \cos[\theta] \sin[\psi] & -\sin[\theta] \\ \cos[\psi] \sin[\theta] \sin[\phi] - \cos[\phi] \sin[\psi] & \cos[\phi] \cos[\psi] + \sin[\theta] \sin[\phi] \sin[\psi] & \cos[\theta] \sin[\phi] \\ \cos[\phi] \cos[\psi] \sin[\theta] + \sin[\phi] \sin[\psi] & -\cos[\psi] \sin[\phi] + \cos[\phi] \sin[\theta] \sin[\psi] & \cos[\theta] \cos[\phi] \end{pmatrix}$$

## Euler Rotation Sequence from NED to ENU

In some situations, we may want to express a vector in the ENU frame as opposed to the NED frame. These NED and ENU frames are shown below



To develop a rotation matrix to go from NED to ENU, we first start with the NED frame and define a temporary frame,  $F_T$ , that is rotated about the  $z_{NED}$  axis through  $\pi/2$  (90 deg)



The rotation matrix is given as

$$C_{T/NED} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\pi/2) & \sin(\pi/2) & 0 \\ -\sin(\pi/2) & \cos(\pi/2) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (\text{Eq.2})$$

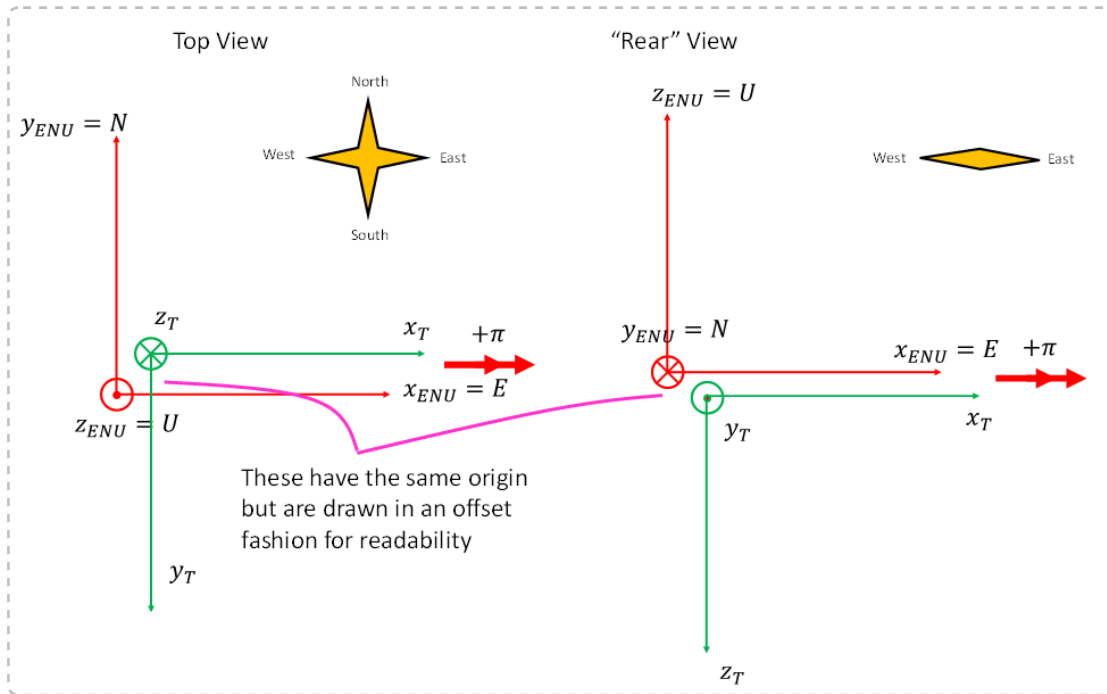
$$\text{In[ ]:= CTNED} = \begin{pmatrix} \text{Cos}[\pi/2] & \text{Sin}[\pi/2] & 0 \\ -\text{Sin}[\pi/2] & \text{Cos}[\pi/2] & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix};$$

CTNED // MatrixForm

Out[ ]:= MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

We can define the ENU frame,  $F_{\text{ENU}}$ , that is rotated about the  $x_T$  axis through  $\pi$  (180 deg)



The rotation matrix is given as

$$C_{ENU/T} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\pi) & \sin(\pi) \\ 0 & -\sin(\pi) & \cos(\pi) \end{pmatrix} \quad (\text{Eq.3})$$

$$\text{In[ ]:= } \mathbf{CENUT} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \text{Cos}[\pi] & \text{Sin}[\pi] \\ 0 & -\text{Sin}[\pi] & \text{Cos}[\pi] \end{pmatrix};$$

**CENUT // MatrixForm**

Out[ ]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

So the overall rotation matrix is given as

$$C_{ENU/NED} = C_{ENU/T} C_{T/NED} \quad (\text{Eq.4})$$

$$C_{NED/ENU} = C_{ENU/NED}^T \quad (\text{Eq.5})$$

```
In[ ]:= CENUNED = CENUT.CTNED;
CENUNED // MatrixForm
```

```
CNEDENU = Transpose[CENUNED];
CNEDENU // MatrixForm
```

```
Out[ ]//MatrixForm=
```

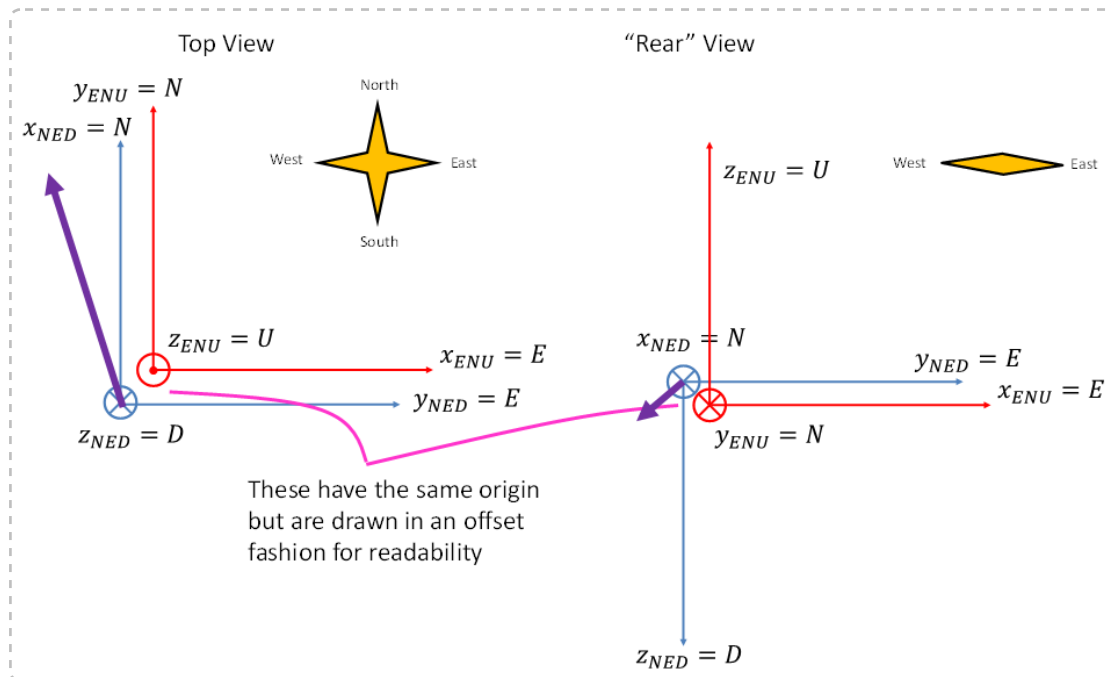
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
Out[ ]//MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

### Example

Assume we have a vector as shown below



Numerically, this is given as

```
In[ ]:= rNED =  $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix};$ 
```

This can be expressed in the ENU frame using

$$\vec{r}^{\text{ENU}} = C_{\text{ENU/NED}} \vec{r}^{\text{NED}}$$

```
In[ ]:= rENU = CENUED.rNED;
rENU // MatrixForm
```

```
Out[ ]//MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

## Euler Rotation Sequence from body to ENU

We can combine Eq.1 and Eq.5 to write

$$C_{b/ENU}(\phi, \theta, \psi) = C_{b/NED}(\phi, \theta, \psi) C_{NED/ENU}$$

```
In[ ]:= CbENU[phi_, theta_, psi_] = CbNED[phi, theta, psi].CNEDENU;
CbENU[phi, theta, psi] // MatrixForm
```

```
Out[ ]//MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos[\theta] \sin[\psi] & \cos[\theta] \cos[\psi] & \sin[\theta] \\ \cos[\phi] \cos[\psi] + \sin[\theta] \sin[\phi] \sin[\psi] & \cos[\psi] \sin[\theta] \sin[\phi] - \cos[\phi] \sin[\psi] & -\cos[\theta] \sin[\phi] \\ -\cos[\psi] \sin[\phi] + \cos[\phi] \sin[\theta] \sin[\psi] & \cos[\phi] \cos[\psi] \sin[\theta] + \sin[\phi] \sin[\psi] & -\cos[\theta] \cos[\phi] \end{pmatrix}$$

If we know  $C_{b/ENU}$ , can reconstruct the Euler angles

$$\phi = \text{atan2}(c_{23}, c_{33}) \quad (\text{Eq.2.2})$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1}(c_{13}) \quad (\text{different}) \quad (\text{Eq.2.3})$$

$$\psi = \text{atan2}(c_{11}, c_{12}) \quad (\text{different}) \quad (\text{Eq.2.4})$$

## Euler Rotation Sequence from body to NED

For convenience, we can compare this with the DCM  $C_{b/NED}(\phi, \theta, \psi)$

```
In[ ]:= CbNED[phi, theta, psi] // MatrixForm
```

```
Out[ ]//MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos[\theta] \cos[\psi] & \cos[\theta] \sin[\psi] & -\sin[\theta] \\ \cos[\psi] \sin[\theta] \sin[\phi] - \cos[\phi] \sin[\psi] & \cos[\phi] \cos[\psi] + \sin[\theta] \sin[\phi] \sin[\psi] & \cos[\theta] \sin[\phi] \\ \cos[\phi] \cos[\psi] \sin[\theta] + \sin[\phi] \sin[\psi] & -\cos[\psi] \sin[\phi] + \cos[\phi] \sin[\theta] \sin[\psi] & \cos[\theta] \cos[\phi] \end{pmatrix}$$

If we know  $C_{b/NED}$ , can reconstruct the Euler angles (see <https://youtu.be/GJBc6z6p0KQ?si=zINp12u72M-rFtttH&t=2890>)

$$\phi = \text{atan2}(c_{23}, c_{33}) \quad (\text{Eq.1.2})$$

$$\theta = -\sin^{-1}(c_{13}) \quad (\text{Eq.1.3})$$

$$\psi = \text{atan2}(c_{12}, c_{11}) \quad (\text{Eq.1.4})$$