

Seminar 5

Funcții primitive recursive

Funcții pr. rec. de bază

$$\text{Succ}(x) = x + 1$$

$$\text{null}(x) = 0$$

$$\text{pr}^n(x_1, \dots, x_n) = x_i; 1 \leq i \leq n$$

Componerea funcțională

Fie $f: \mathbb{N}^k \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$; $g_1, \dots, g_k: \mathbb{N}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$

$$h: \mathbb{N}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{N}, h(x_1, \dots, x_n) = f(g_1(x_1, \dots, x_n), \dots, g_k(x_1, \dots, x_n))$$

Dacă f, g pr. rec., atunci h pr. rec.

Not $[f \circ (g_1, \dots, g_k)](x_1, \dots, x_n)$

Recursive predicates

$$h: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}, g: \mathbb{N}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

$$h(0) = k, h(t+1) = g(t, h(t))$$

Dač g pr. rec., at h pr. rec.

Recursive generalization

$$\text{Fre } f: \mathbb{N}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{N}, g: \mathbb{N}^{n+2} \rightarrow \mathbb{N} \text{ s}$$

$$h: \mathbb{N}^{n+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{N},$$

$$h(x_1, \dots, x_n, 0) = f(x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

$$h(x_1, \dots, x_n, t+1) = g(t, h(x_1, \dots, x_n, t), x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

Dač f s g pr. rec., at h pr. rec.

Ex Svac um fct, sunt pr. rec.

a) $\text{const}_m(x) = m, m \in \mathbb{N}$ dat

b) $\text{sum}(x, y) = x + y$

c) $\text{mult}(x, y) = x \cdot y$

$$d) \text{ fact}(x) = x!$$

$$e) \text{ exp}(x, y) = x^y$$

$$f) \text{ pred}(x) = \begin{cases} x-1, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$g) \text{ sub}(x, y) = x \dot{-} y = \begin{cases} x-y, & x \geq y \\ 0, & x < y \end{cases}$$

$$h) \text{ diff}(x, y) = |x - y|$$

$$i) \text{ eq.}(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x = 0 \\ 0, & x \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

Rez a) $\text{const}_m(x) = \text{succ}(\text{succ}(\dots \text{succ}(\text{null}(x)) \dots)$

$$b) \text{ sum}(x, 0) = x = p_1^1(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{sum}(x, y+1) &= \text{succ}(\text{sum}(x, y)) = \\ &= \text{succ}(p_2^3(y, \text{sum}(x, y), x)) \\ &= \text{succ}(p_2^3(y, \text{sum}(x, y), x)) \end{aligned}$$

$$g = \text{succ} \circ p_2^3$$

$$e) \text{ mult}(x, 0) = \text{null}(x)$$

$$\text{mult}(x, y+1) = \text{mult}(x, y) + x = \text{sum}(\text{mult}(x, y), x) =$$

$$= \text{sum}(\rho_2^3(y, \text{mult}(x, y), x), \rho_3^3(y, \text{mult}(x, y), x))$$

$$= [\text{sum} \circ (\rho_3^2, \rho_2^3)](y, \text{mult}(x, y), x)$$

d) $\text{fact}(0) = 1$

$$\text{fact}(x+1) = \text{mult}(\text{fact}(x), x+1) =$$

$$= \text{mult}(\text{fact}(x), \text{succ}(x))$$

e) $\exp(x, 0) = 1, \forall x \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\exp(x, y+1) = \text{mult}(\exp(x, y), x)$$

f) $\text{pred}(0) = 0$

$$\text{pred}(x+1) = \rho_1^2(x, \text{pred}(x))$$

g) $\text{sub}(x, 0) = x = \rho_1^1(x)$

$$\text{sub}(x, y+1) = \text{pred}(\text{sub}(x, y))$$

h) $\text{diff}(x, 0) = x = \rho_1^1(x)$

$$\text{diff}(x, y) = \text{sum}(\text{sub}(x, y), \text{sub}(y, x))$$

i) $\text{eq}_0(0) = 1$

$$\text{eq}_0(x+1) = \text{const}_0(x) = \text{const}_0 \circ \rho_1^2(x, \text{eq}_0(x))$$

Ex

j) $e_{Z_m}(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{dacă } x = m \\ 0, & \text{dacă } x \neq m \end{cases}$

k) $e_{Z_S}(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{dacă } x \in S \\ 0, & \text{dacă } x \notin S \end{cases}$

$S \subseteq \mathbb{N}; S = \{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_p\}$

l) $E(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x \text{ par} \\ 1, & x \text{ impar} \end{cases}$

m) $H(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{2}, & x \text{ par} \\ \frac{x-1}{2}, & x \text{ impar} \end{cases}$

n) $f(0) = 0, f(1) = 1, f(2) = 2^2, f(3) = 3^3,$
 $f(x) = x^{\overbrace{x}^x}$

Rez j) $e_{Z_m}(x) = e_{Z_0}(\text{diff}(x, m))$

k) $e_{Z_S}(x) = e_{Z_{a_1}}(x) + e_{Z_{a_2}}(x) + \dots + e_{Z_{a_p}}(x)$

l) $E(0) = 0$

$E(x+1) = 1 - E(x) = \text{sub}(1, E(x))$

m) $H(0) = 0$

$H(x+1) = H(x) + E(x)$

$$n) \quad g(x, y) = x^{\overbrace{y}^{\dots x}}$$

$$f(x) = g(x, x)$$

$$g(x, 0) = 0$$

$$g(x, y+1) = \exp(x, g(x, y))$$

rec generator $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} g \text{ rec} \Rightarrow \exp \text{ rec} \\ \exp \text{ pr} \leftarrow \text{rec} \end{array} \right\}$

Ex 1) Show SC SCRE of MTD_2 core recursive

$$L_1 = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \geq 0\}$$

2) Show SC SCRE of MTD_2 core rec

$$L_2 = \{a b^{i_1} a b^{i_2} a \dots a b^{i_k} \mid 0 \leq i_1 \leq i_2 \leq \dots \leq i_k, k \geq 1\}$$

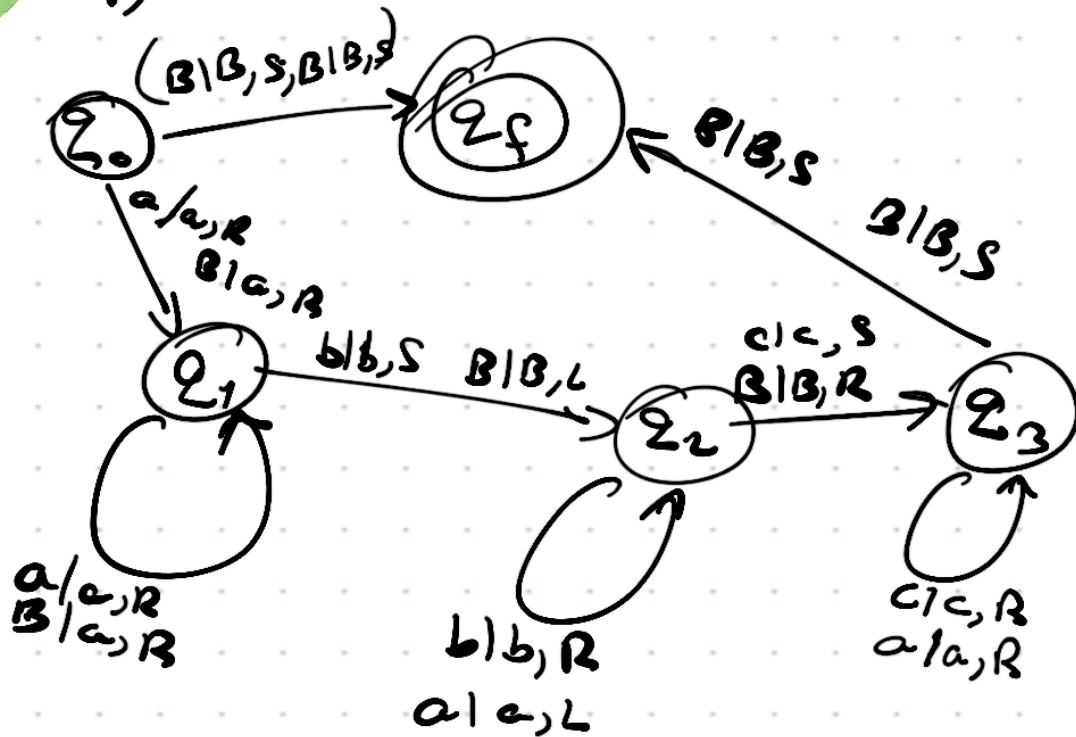
fixed

$$(x|Y, D; x'|Y', D')$$

$$D, D' \in \{L, R, S\}$$

↑
stationary

Rez 1)



2)

