

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (\Theta(1) + \Theta(\log_2 i)) = \Theta(n \log n)$$

HW1

- a) while loop runs depending on dummy value  $i$  which doubles every iteration  
let us say that last value of  $i$  is the input. ( $n$ )

$k$ = number of times the while loop runs for input of $n$ .	iteration while loop	$i$
$n = 2^k$	1	2
$\log n = 2^k \log(2) \leftarrow$	2	4
$\frac{\log n}{\log 2} = 2^k \log(\frac{\log n}{\log 2}) = k \log(2)$	3	16
$\frac{\log(\frac{\log n}{\log 2})}{\log 2} = k \log(\frac{\log(\log n)}{\log 2}) = k \log(\log(n))$	$k$	$2^{2^k} = n$

- b) for loop runs  $n$  times outside, for loop runs  $i^3$  times inside  
worst case = if statement is true.

$$\text{runtime} = \Theta\left(\sum_{i=1}^n \Theta(1) + \Theta\left(\sum_{i=0}^{n^3} \Theta(1)\right)\right) =$$

The if will run  $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$  of the cases of  $n$

$n$ input	#s if statement is true
1	1 ( $i=1$ )
4	2 ( $i=2, 4$ )
9	3 ( $i=3, i=6, i=9$ )

$$\text{runtime} = \Theta(n) + \sum_{i=0}^n \left(\sum_{j=0}^{n^3} \Theta(1)\right) = \Theta(n) + \Theta(\sqrt{n} \cdot n^3) = \Theta(n^{3.5}) = \Theta(n^{3.5})$$

c)

two nested for loops both running  $n$  times.

one for loop that doubles  $m$ . the if statement could be always true since we don't know contents of array

$$\text{runtime} = \Theta\left(\sum_{i=1}^n \left(\Theta\left(\sum_{j=1}^n \left(\Theta\left(\sum_{k=1}^{\log_2 m} \Theta(1)\right)\right)\right)\right)\right) = \Theta(n^2 \cdot \log(n))$$

Iteration of loop	$m$ value	$\rightarrow n = \frac{\log(m)}{\log(2)} \rightarrow$ inner for loop runs $\Theta(\log(n))$
1	2	
2	4	
3	8	
$n$	$2^n = m$	

d) for loop that runs  $n$  times / if statement true worst case.  
if true, run size times,

$$\text{runtime} = \Theta(1) + \Theta\left(\sum_{i=1}^n \left(\Theta\left(\frac{3}{2} \cdot \text{size}\right)\right) + \Theta(1)\right)$$

$$= \Theta(1) + \Theta\left(\sum_{i=1}^n \left(\Theta(1)\right) + \Theta(\log(j))\right)$$

$$= \Theta(n)$$

Times J loop runs	i value
1	10
2	15
j	$10\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{j-1}$
$\frac{j}{10} = \frac{3^n}{2}$	
$\log_{10} j = n \log_{10} \frac{3}{2}$	
$n = \frac{\log_{10} j}{\log_{10} \frac{3}{2}} = \Theta(\log(j))$	