问题:

- 1. theme究竟意味着什么?
- 2. Activity生命周期的所有阶段是不是都需要通知AmS?
- 3. 应用的进程是什么时候创建的?
- 4. app->AmS->app的大致流程是怎样的?

5.

TaskRecord, ActivityRecord, Loaded Apk, ActivityThread, Application, Context, ContextImpl, Themed ContextWrapper, ActivityInfo, Resource, ResourceManager, AssetManager,

```
root@generic_x86_64:/ # cat init.zygote32.rc
service zygote /system/bin/app_process -Xzygote /system/bin --zygote --start-system-server
    class main
    socket zygote stream 660 root system
    onrestart write /sys/android_power/request_state wake
    onrestart write /sys/power/state on
    onrestart restart media
    onrestart restart netd
```

6.0.1

```
enum {
    kEMDefault,
    kEMIntPortable,
    kEMIntFast,
    kEMJitCompiler,
} executionMode = kEMDefault;
```

使用aapt编译资源的时候,如果指定编译选项为library,生成的资源id中packageID为0x00,在初始化应用时,在此处会触发R.java的onResourceLoaded方法,重写了packageID

应用进程生命周期的开始。

```
thread.m.manple.m.m.(processName, appInfo, providers, app.instrumentationClass profilerInfo, app.instrumentationArguments, app.instrumentationWatcher, app.instrumentationUiAutomationConnection, testMode, enableOpenGlTrace, isRestrictedBackupMode || !normalMode, app.persistent, new Configuration(mConfiguration), app.compat, getCommonServicesLocked(app.isolated), mCoreSettingsObserver.getCoreSettingsLocked());
```

```
1 从Launcher 启动应用程序第一个Activity的过程
 2
 3 ->Activity
       public void startActivityForResult(Intent intent, int requestCode, @Nullable Bundle
 4
   options){
 5
             Instrumentation.ActivityResult ar =
 6
                   mInstrumentation.execStartActivity(
 7
                       this, mMainThread.getApplicationThread(), mToken, this,
                       intent, requestCode, options);
 8
 9
10
11
12 ->Instrumentation
13
14
       /**
15
        * @param who The Context from which the activity is being started.
16
17
        *
                      启动Activity的上下文
18
       *
19
        * @param contextThread The main thread of the Context from which the activity
20
                               is being started.
                     当前进程的ApplicationThread实例,用于IPC
21
        *
22
23
        * @param token Internal token identifying to the system who is starting
24
                       the activity; may be null.
        *
25
        *
                     当前Activity的标示,是一个IBinder类型
26
        *
        * @param target Which activity is performing the start (and thus receiving
27
                        any result); may be null if this call is not being made
28
29
                        from an activity.
       *
                     当前的Activity, 如果不是从Activity启动, 则为空
30
31
        * @param intent The actual Intent to start.
32
        *
                     实际的Intent
33
        * @param requestCode Identifier for this request's result; less than zero
34
                             if the caller is not expecting a result.
35
36
        * @param options Addition options.
37
38
        * @return To force the return of a particular result, return an
39
                  ActivityResult object containing the desired data; otherwise
40
                  return null. The default implementation always returns null.
       *
41
42
       * @throws android.content.ActivityNotFoundException
43
44
       * @see Activity#startActivity(Intent)
45
        * @see Activity#startActivityForResult(Intent, int)
46
        * @see Activity#startActivityFromChild
47
48
       * {@hide}
49
       */
50
       public ActivityResult execStartActivity(
               Context who, IBinder contextThread, IBinder token, Activity target,
51
52
               Intent intent, int requestCode, Bundle options) {
53
           //获取AmS的远程接口,启动一个Activity
54
           int result = ActivityManagerNative.getDefault()
55
                   .startActivity(
                     whoThread, //由contextThread转型来的
56
57
                     who.getBasePackageName(), //包名
58
                     intent,//实际的intent
59
                     intent.resolveTypeIfNeeded(who.getContentResolver()),
                     token,//当前Activity的token
60
                     target != null ? target.mEmbeddedID : null,
61
62
                     requestCode,
```

```
63
64
                    null,
65
                    options);
66
67
68
  ->获取AmS的远程接口,执行startActivity方法
69
70
     * 通过 ActivityManagerNative.getDefault()方法会返回AmS的远程接口
71
     * ActivityManagerProxy。
72
73
74
     * @param caller
                            当前讲程的IBinder
75
     * @param callingPackage 当前进程的包名
76
     * @param intent
                            实际的intent
77
     * @param resolvedType
78
                            接受结果的Activity的IBinder
     * @param resultTo
79
                            如果是从Activity中启动其他Activity,那么这个值是当前Activity的
     * @param resultWho
80
                            mEmbeddedID, 值是在Activity 的attach方法中赋值的。
81
     * @param requestCode
                            请求码
82
     * @param startFlags
                            启动模式
83
     * @param profilerInfo
84
     * @param options
                            额外的参数
85
    public int startActivity(IApplicationThread caller, String callingPackage, Intent intent,
86
              String resolvedType, IBinder resultTo, String resultWho, int requestCode,
87
88
              int startFlags, ProfilerInfo profilerInfo, Bundle options) {
89
        //通过Binder驱动将方法调用发送到AmS的同名方法
    }
90
```

ActivityManagerService 内部处理启动Activity的流程

```
1
 2
 3
    进入AmS内部
 4
 5
    ->ActivityManagerService
 6
 7
     public final intstartActivity(...){
 8
         return startActivityAsUser(caller, callingPackage, intent, resolvedType, resultTo,
9
               resultWho, requestCode, startFlags, profilerInfo, options,
10
               UserHandle.getCallingUserId());
     }
11
12
13
     public final int startActivityAsUser(...) {
14
           //看上去是做一些安全校验....暂时不管
15
           enforceNotIsolatedCaller("startActivity");
           userId = handleIncomingUser(Binder.getCallingPid(), Binder.getCallingUid(), userId,
16
                   false, ALLOW_FULL_ONLY, "startActivity", null);
17
18
           // TODO: Switch to user app stacks here.
19
           return mStackSupervisor.startActivityMayWait(caller, -1, callingPackage, intent,
20
                   resolvedType, null, null, resultTo, resultWho, requestCode, startFlags,
21
                   profilerInfo, null, null, options, false, userId, null, null);
22
23
24
     ->ActivityStackSupervisor
25
26
     final int startActivityMayWait(
27
               IApplicationThread caller,//启动Activity的进程
28
               int callingUid, // -1
29
               String callingPackage, // 当前进程的包名
               Intent intent, //实际的intent
30
```

```
31
               String resolvedType,//
32
               IVoiceInteractionSession voiceSession, //null
33
               IVoiceInteractor voiceInteractor,//null
34
               IBinder resultTo, //接受结果的Activity
35
               String resultWho, //mEmbeddedID
36
               int requestCode, //
37
               int startFlags, //启动模式
               ProfilerInfo profilerInfo,
38
39
               WaitResult outResult, //null
40
               Configuration config,//null
41
               Bundle options, //额外的参数
42
               boolean ignoreTargetSecurity, //false
43
               int userId, //userId
44
               IActivityContainer iContainer, //null
45
               TaskRecord inTask){//null
46
47
48
           // 收集Activity的信息
49
50
           ActivityInfo aInfo =
51
                   resolveActivity(intent, resolvedType, startFlags, profilerInfo, userId);
52
53
54
55
           int res = startActivityLocked(caller, intent, resolvedType, aInfo,
56
                       voiceSession, voiceInteractor, resultTo, resultWho,
57
                       requestCode, callingPid, callingUid, callingPackage,
58
                       realCallingPid, realCallingUid, startFlags, options,
   ignoreTargetSecurity,
59
                       componentSpecified, null, container, inTask);
     }
60
61
62
63
     * 从PackageManager获取将要启动的Activity信息
64
     *
65
     **/
66
     ActivityInfo resolveActivity(Intent intent, String resolvedType, int startFlags,
67
               ProfilerInfo profilerInfo, int userId) {
68
69
           try {
70
               ResolveInfo rInfo =
                   AppGlobals.getPackageManager().resolveIntent(
71
72
                           intent, resolvedType,
73
                           PackageManager.MATCH_DEFAULT_ONLY
                                        | ActivityManagerService.STOCK_PM_FLAGS, userId);
74
               aInfo = rInfo != null ? rInfo.activityInfo : null;
75
76
           } catch (RemoteException e) {
77
               aInfo = null;
78
           }
79
           . . . .
80
     }
81
82
     final int startActivityLocked(
83
               IApplicationThread caller,
               Intent intent,
84
85
               String resolvedType,
86
               ActivityInfo aInfo,//上一步中从获取的Activity的相关信息
87
               IVoiceInteractionSession voiceSession,
88
               IVoiceInteractor voiceInteractor,
89
               IBinder resultTo,
90
               String resultWho,
91
               int requestCode,
92
               int callingPid,
```

```
93
                int callingUid,
 94
                String callingPackage,
 95
                int realCallingPid,
 96
                int realCallingUid,
 97
                int startFlags,
 98
                Bundle options,
99
                boolean ignoreTargetSecurity,
100
                boolean componentSpecified,
                ActivityRecord[] outActivity,//null
101
102
                ActivityContainer container, //null
                TaskRecord inTask) {
103
104
105
            //获取调用者的进程信息
106
           ProcessRecord callerApp = mService.getRecordForAppLocked(caller);
107
108
109
110
            ActivityRecord sourceRecord = null;
111
            ActivityRecord resultRecord = null;
112
            if (resultTo != null) {
                sourceRecord = isInAnyStackLocked(resultTo);
113
114
                if (sourceRecord != null) {
115
                    if (requestCode >= 0 && !sourceRecord.finishing) {
116
                        resultRecord = sourceRecord;
                    }
117
118
119
            }
120
121
122
            //创建目的Activity的ActivityRecord
123
            ActivityRecord r = new ActivityRecord(
124
                      mService,//AmS
125
                      callerApp,//调用方的进程信息
126
                      callingUid, //调用方的Uid
127
                      callingPackage,//调用方的包名
128
                      intent, //实际的intent
                      resolvedType,
129
                      aInfo, //Activity信息
130
131
                      mService.mConfiguration,
132
                      resultRecord,//接受结果的Activity
133
                      resultWho,
134
                      requestCode,
135
                      componentSpecified, //是否指定了component
                      voiceSession != null,
136
                      this, //ActivityStackSupervisor
137
138
                      container,
139
                      options);
140
141
            . . . . . .
142
143
            err = startActivityUncheckedLocked(r, sourceRecord, voiceSession, voiceInteractor,
144
                    startFlags, true, options, inTask);
145
146
147
      }
148
149
      final int startActivityUncheckedLocked(
150
              final ActivityRecord r,
                                                 //目标Activity的record
151
              ActivityRecord sourceRecord,
                                                 //源Activity的record
152
              IVoiceInteractionSession voiceSession,
153
              IVoiceInteractor voiceInteractor,
154
              int startFlags, //启动模式
              boolean doResume, //是否resume
155
```

```
156
              Bundle options,
157
              TaskRecord inTask ) {//
158
159
          //一堆代码计算Activity的launchFlags
160
161
162
163
          //对于从launcher启动的Activity, 走到这,获取需要进入的ActivityStack
164
          targetStack = computeStackFocus(r, newTask);
165
166
          r.setTask(targetStack.createTaskRecord(getNextTaskId(),
167
168
                            newTaskInfo != null ? newTaskInfo : r.info,
                            newTaskIntent != null ? newTaskIntent : intent,
169
170
                            voiceSession, voiceInteractor, !launchTaskBehind /* toTop */),
171
                            taskToAffiliate);
172
173
          /*
            //创建一个新的task, 并添加到ActivityStack
174
175
            TaskRecord createTaskRecord(int taskId, ActivityInfo info, Intent intent,
                                          IVoiceInteractionSession voiceSession,
176
177
                                          IVoiceInteractor voiceInteractor,
178
                                          boolean toTop) {
                  TaskRecord task = new TaskRecord(
179
                                            mService, //AmS的引用
180
181
                                            taskId, info, intent, voiceSession,
182
                                            voiceInteractor);
183
                  addTask(task, toTop, false);
184
                  return task;
185
186
187
188
          //在ActivityStack中启动Activity
189
          targetStack.startActivityLocked(r, newTask, doResume, keepCurTransition, options);
190
      }
191
192
      ->ActivityStack
193
      final void startActivityLocked(ActivityRecord r, boolean newTask,
194
                boolean doResume, boolean keepCurTransition, Bundle options) {
195
          //继续往下
196
         mStackSupervisor.resumeTopActivitiesLocked(this, r, options);
197
      }
198
199
      ->ActivityStackSupervisor
200
      boolean resumeTopActivitiesLocked(ActivityStack targetStack, ActivityRecord target,
201
                Bundle targetOptions) {
202
203
            if (isFrontStack(targetStack)) {
204
                result = targetStack.resumeTopActivityLocked(target, targetOptions);
            }
205
      }
206
207
208
      ->ActivityStack
      private boolean resumeTopActivityInnerLocked(ActivityRecord prev, Bundle options) {
209
210
211
212
213
214
215
          mStackSupervisor.startSpecificActivityLocked(next, true, true);
216
217
      }
```

218

```
219
      ->ActivityStackSupervisor
220
      void startSpecificActivityLocked(ActivityRecord r,
221
                boolean andResume, boolean checkConfig) {
222
            // Is this activity's application already running?
            ProcessRecord app = mService.getProcessRecordLocked(r.processName,
223
224
                    r.info.applicationInfo.uid, true);
225
            if (app != null && app.thread != null) {
226
227
                 realStartActivityLocked(r, app, andResume, checkConfig);
228
                 return;
            }
229
            if (app == null){
230
               mService.startProcessLocked(r.processName, r.info.applicationInfo,true,
231
    0,"activity", r.intent.getComponent(), false, false, true);
232
233
      }
234
235
236
      * 通知ActivityThread启动Activity
237
      **/
238
      final boolean realStartActivityLocked(ActivityRecord r,
239
                ProcessRecord app, boolean andResume, boolean checkConfig)
240
                throws RemoteException {
241
242
          app.thread.scheduleLaunchActivity(
243
                        new Intent(r.intent),
244
                        r.appToken,
                        System.identityHashCode(r),
245
246
                        r.info,
247
                        new Configuration(mService.mConfiguration),
248
                        new Configuration(stack.mOverrideConfig),
249
250
                        r launchedFromPackage,
251
                        task.voiceInteractor,
252
                        app.repProcState,
253
                        r.icicle,
254
                        r.persistentState,
255
                        results,
256
                        newIntents,
257
                        !andResume,
258
                        mService.isNextTransitionForward(),
259
                        profilerInfo);
260
261
      }
262
263
264
265
      ->ActivityManagerServices
266
267
       final ProcessRecord startProcessLocked(String processName,
268
                ApplicationInfo info, boolean knownToBeDead, int intentFlags,
269
                String hostingType, ComponentName hostingName, boolean allowWhileBooting,
                boolean isolated, boolean keepIfLarge) {
270
271
            return startProcessLocked(
272
                    processName, info, knownToBeDead, intentFlags, hostingType,
273
                    hostingName, allowWhileBooting, isolated,
274
                    0 /* isolatedUid */,
275
                    keepIfLarge,
276
                    null /* ABI override */,
277
                    null /* entryPoint */,
278
                    null /* entryPointArgs */,
279
                    null /* crashHandler */);
        }
280
```

```
281
       //经过一系列的跳转走到下面这个函数
282
       private final void startProcessLocked(...){
283
284
          if (entryPoint == null) entryPoint = "android.app.ActivityThread";
285
286
287
          //内部的实现逻辑是建立和zygote的socket连接,拼接了一堆参数丢过去
288
          //zygote接收到参数后,从自身fork一个进程出来,然后返回pid,新的进程
289
          //会执行entryPoint的main函数,此处entryPoint是ActivityThread
290
         Process.ProcessStartResult startResult = Process.start(
                        entryPoint,
291
292
                        app.processName,
293
                       uid, uid, gids, debugFlags, mountExternal,
294
                        app.info.targetSdkVersion,
295
                        app.info.seinfo,
296
                        requiredAbi,
297
                        instructionSet,
298
                        app.info.dataDir,
299
                        entryPointArgs);
300
301
302
       @Override
303
        public final void attachApplication(IApplicationThread thread) {
304
305
           //获取调用者的进程id
306
           final long origId = Binder.clearCallingIdentity();
307
           attachApplicationLocked(thread, callingPid);
308
       }
309
310
       private final boolean attachApplicationLocked(IApplicationThread thread,
311
312
                int pid) {
            //根据进程id取回ProcessRecord
313
314
           ProcessRecord app = mPidsSelfLocked.get(pid);
315
           //获取应用信息
316
           ApplicationInfo appInfo = app.instrumentationInfo != null
317
                       ? app.instrumentationInfo : app.info;
318
            //回到应用进程。执行bindApplicatoin
319
320
            thread.bindApplication(
321
                  processName,
322
                  appInfo,
323
                  providers,
324
                  app.instrumentationClass,
325
                  profilerInfo,
326
                  app.instrumentationArguments,
327
                  app.instrumentationWatcher,
328
                  app.instrumentationUiAutomationConnection,
329
                  testMode,
330
                  enableOpenGlTrace,
331
                  isRestrictedBackupMode || !normalMode,
332
                 app.persistent,
333
                  new Configuration(mConfiguration),
334
                  app.compat,
335
                  getCommonServicesLocked(app.isolated),
336
                  mCoreSettingsObserver.getCoreSettingsLocked());
337
338
339
340
```

```
3 public static void main(String[] args) {
 4
 5
      //设置当前进程的nicename, 在此时, ddm还无法attach到这个进程中,
 6
      //所以如何debug这个main函数, 需要好好想想
7
      Process.setArgV0("<pre-initialized>");
 8
      //初始化事件循环
 9
      Looper.prepareMainLooper();
10
      //创建ActivityThread实例
11
      ActivityThread thread = new ActivityThread();
12
13
      //初始化生命周期
14
      thread.attach(false);
15
      //设置当前线程的回调函数,此处获取的就是H类
16
17
      if (sMainThreadHandler == null) {
18
          sMainThreadHandler = thread.getHandler();
19
20
      //开启事件循环,接收事件
21
      Looper.loop();
22 }
23
24 private void attach(boolean system) {
25
      //获取AmS的远程接口,通知AmS赋予当前应用进程生命周期
26
27
      final IActivityManager mgr = ActivityManagerNative.getDefault();
28
      mgr.attachApplication(mAppThread);
29
30 }
31
32 private void handleBindApplication(AppBindData data) {
33
34
          try {
                  java.lang.ClassLoader cl = instrContext.getClassLoader();
35
36
                  mInstrumentation = (Instrumentation)
37
                      cl.loadClass(data.instrumentationName.getClassName()).newInstance();
38
              } catch (Exception e) {
39
                  throw new RuntimeException(
                      "Unable to instantiate instrumentation "
40
                      + data.instrumentationName + ": " + e.toString(), e);
41
              }
42
43
44
45
        Application app = data.info.makeApplication(data.restrictedBackupMode, null);
46
        mInstrumentation.callApplicationOnCreate(app);
47
48
49
50 }
51
```