

四 六 研



# 大学生必会语法

10大词法 | 10大句法 | 3类长难句解析



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精彩课程马上开始 >>

# 课 程 说 明

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- 一、电子版讲义（pdf 形式）
- 二、支持随时暂停+变速播放
- 三、每节课跟随课后练习讲解带练（录播）

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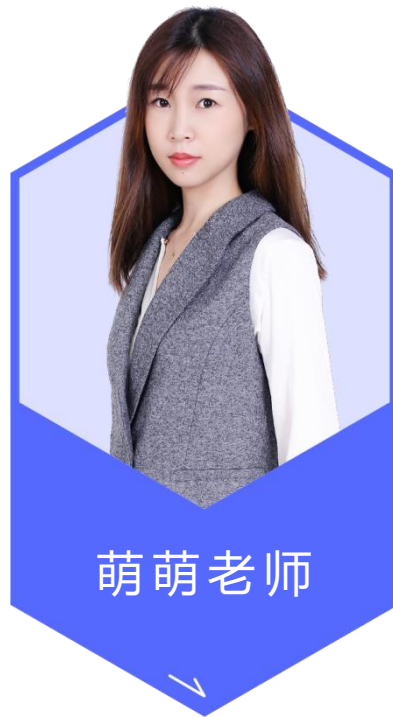
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# 第 5 课 时

## 数词&介词&连词&感叹词

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# Contents 目录

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# 数词

Numeral

01

基数词

02

序数词

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倍数的表达

04

概数的表达



**定义**

用来表示**数字**的词，分为**基数词**和**序数词**。

# 数词

Numeral

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基数词

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倍数的表达

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概数的表达

one; two; three;

thirteen; thirty;

one hundred;

one thousand;

one million;

one billion;

one thousand million...

- 北京计划未来三年投资7600亿元治理污染。
- 包括500多万辆机动车的尾气(exhaust)排放。
- 另有850亿元用于新建城市垃圾处理设施。
- 加上300亿元投资未来三年的植树造林。

## “万、亿” 的表达:

- “万” = “10千” ;
- “亿” = “一百个百万”

四万

两亿

## “万、亿” 的表达:

- “万” = “10千” ;
- “亿” = “一百个百万”

四万 forty thousand

两亿 two hundred million

- 北京计划未来三年投资7600亿元治理污染。
- 760 billion yuan

- 包括500多万辆机动车的尾气(exhaust)排放。
- over 5 million motor vehicles



- 另有850亿元用于新建城市垃圾处理设施。
- another 85 billion yuan

- 加上300亿元投资未来三年的植树造林。
- 30 billion yuan

## 句中的作用：

- 定语
- 宾语
- 表语
- 同位语

作定语：

- You can't ride two horses at the same time.

## 作宾语:

- — How many workers do they employ?  
— Over two hundred, I think.

作表语:

- He was a little over five.

## 作同位语:

- You two take these seats.

## 13 ~ 19数字的表达:

13 ~ 19的数字皆以-**teen**结尾。



## 21~99数字的表达

**先说“几十”，再说“几”，中间要加连字符。**

- 39
- 52
- 83
- 91

## 21~99数字的表达

**先说“几十”，再说“几”，中间要加连字符。**

- 39 thirty-nine
- 52 fifty-two
- 83 eighty-three
- 91 ninety-one

## 101~999数字的表达

**先说“几百”，再加and，再加末尾两位数或末位数。**

- 375
- 582
- 819
- 902

## 101~999数字的表达

**先说“几百”，再加and，再加末尾两位数或末位数。**

- 375 three hundred and seventy-five
- 582 five hundred and eighty-two
- 819 eight hundred and nineteen
- 902 nine hundred and two

1, 000以上的数字的表达先**从后向前**数,

**每三位数**前加一个逗号,

把数目分作**若干段**, 再一段一段地念;

自右向左第一个逗号前的数为**thousand**,

第二个逗号前的数为**million**,

第三个逗号前的数为**billion**,

第四个逗号前的数为**trillion**。

- 4007
- 8021
- 13849
- 631562

- 4,007 four thousand and seven
- 8,021 eight thousand and twenty-one
- 13,849 thirteen thousand, eight hundred and forty-nine
- 631,562 six hundred and thirty-one thousand, five hundred and sixty-two

- 54256000
- 970000000
- 14800000000
- 2000000000000



- 54,256,000 fifty-four million, two hundred and fifty-six thousand
- 970,000,000 nine hundred and seventy million
- 14,800,000,000 fourteen billion, eight hundred million
- 2,000,000,000,000 two trillion(两万亿, 两兆)

★ **数字**中, hundred, thousand, million, billion等词  
都用**单数**形式; 若后加**名词**, 名词用**复数**。

五百个学生

★ **数字**中, hundred, thousand, million, billion等词  
都用**单数**形式; 若后加**名词**, 名词用**复数**。

五百个学生

five hundred students

**基数词还可用于复数形式，表示很大的数量。**

- hundreds of pounds
- thousands of people
- tens of thousands of people

# 数词

Numeral

01

基数词

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倍数的表达

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概数的表达

- ✓ 除“第一”、“第二”、“第三”之外，  
其他序数词都在基数词后加词尾-th;

first;

seventh;

thirteenth;

second;

eighth;

twentieth;

third;

ninth;

twenty first;

fourth;

tenth;

one hundredth;

fifth;

eleventh;

one thousandth;

sixth;

twelfth;

one millionth

✓ 两位数的词，只需把个位数变为序数词，十位数不变；

twenty-second

thirty-first

seventy-eighth

ninety-third



- ✓ 三位数以上的词，只把最后两位数变为序数词。

one hundred and fifty-first

nine hundred and ninety-ninth

# 缩写

1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, 20<sup>th</sup>, 21<sup>st</sup>

21<sup>st</sup>    twenty-first

22<sup>nd</sup>    twenty-second

23<sup>rd</sup>    twenty-third

24<sup>th</sup>    twenty-fourth

...

1, 000<sup>th</sup>                    one thousandth

1, 000, 000<sup>th</sup>            one millionth

1,000,000,000<sup>th</sup>    one billionth

## 在句中的作用：

- 作定语
- 作表语
- 作主语
- 作宾语

## 作定语

- Confidence in yourself is **the first** step to success.

## 作表语

- They were **the first** to taste hardships.

## 作主语

- **First** went to the American team.

## 作宾语

- She got **a third** in biology.

## 序数词的一些其他用法：

可与不定冠词连用，表示“**再一**”、“**又一**”

- She could not go through that **a second time**.

她再也经不起那样的事了。



# 数词

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基数词

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倍数的表达

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概数的表达

**表示倍数时:**

**一倍:** once

**两倍:** twice/double

**三倍以上:** 基数词+times...

## 倍数+as many/much...as...

- We have produced **three times as many computers as** we did last year.

## 倍数+the size of...

- The earth is 49 times the size of the moon.

## 专四单选题:

The square itself is five hundred yards wide, five times \_\_\_\_\_ the size of St. Peter's in Rome.

**A.** /

**B.** that of

**C.** which is

**D.** of

## 倍数+what 从句

- The length of the road is **twice/double** **what** it was three years ago.

倍数 + 比较级 + than

The house is **ten times bigger than** that one.

## 比较级 + than... + by + 倍数程度

- The line is longer than that one by twice.



## 专四真题

A new laptop costs about \_\_\_\_\_ of a second-hand one.

A. the price of three times

B. three times the price

C. as much as the three times price

D. three times more than the price

# 数词

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倍数的表达

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概数的表达

“多于；超过；在...之上”

➤ over/above/more than+数字

- a price over/above/more than fifty dollars

“低于；不到；在...之下”

➤ under/below/less than + 数字

He appeared to be less than fifty years old.

“接近；几乎”

➤ almost/nearly + 数字

“大约; 左右”

➤ about/somewhere around/

approximately/roughly/more or less/some+ 数字

- This temple was built somewhere around 500 B.C.

## “在...之间”

- from + 数字 + to + 数字,
  - between + 数字 + and + 数字,
  - anywhere from + 数字 + to + 数字,
  - anywhere/somewhere between + 数字 + and + 数字
- Anywhere from forty to fifty minutes might have passed.

# 数词

Numeral

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倍数的表达

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概数的表达

# 考试中：

**概数 + 数字的表达 + 复数单位**



- 在未来20年里，预计约有3.5亿农村人口将移居到城市。

- 在未来20年里，预计约有3.5亿农村人口将移居到城市。
- about 350 million rural populations

- 在改革开放之前，深圳不过是一个渔村，仅有三万多人。
- 深圳的人口已超过1,000万，整个城市发生了巨大的变化。

- 在改革开放之前，深圳不过是一个渔村，仅有三万多人。
- 深圳的人口已超过1,000万，整个城市发生了巨大的变化。
- a population of more than 30 thousand.
- a population of more than 10 million

- 2015年，近四十万国际学生蜂拥来到中国学习。

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- nearly four hundred thousand international students

- 2016 年国庆节假日期间，旅游消费总计超过 4, 000 亿元。

- 2016 年国庆节假日期间，旅游消费总计超过 4, 000 亿元。
- more than 400 billion yuan



- 据报道，今年中国快递服务将递送大约120亿件包裹。

- 据报道，今年中国快递服务将递送大约120亿件包裹。
- about 12 billion parcels

- 2010年，中国约有4.2亿网民(netizen)。

- 2010年, 中国约有4.2亿网民(netizen)。
- about 420 million netizens

- 为了促进教育公平，中国已投入360亿元。
- 这些资金使16万多所中小学受益。

- 为了促进教育公平，中国已投入360亿元。
- 这些资金使16万多所中小学受益。
- 36 billion yuan
- more than 160 thousand middle and primary schools

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# 介词

Preposition

01

---

常见介词

02

---

介词用法



# 介词

Preposition

01

---

常见介词

02

---

介词用法

## 常见介词:

at; about; above; between; by; down; except; for; from; since; with; inside; outside; onto; into; nearby; throughout within; without; of; with; without; except; besides; instead of; according to; along with; at the back of...; instead of; in place of; in front of...; at the top of...; thanks to; because of; regardless of; on behalf of; at the cost of...; regarding; concerning; including...

介词语义??

**in** 大时间/大地点

**during** 在…期间

**at** 小时间/小地点

**for** 对于/持续时间

**by** 通过…

**from** 从

**with** 用…/随着…

**to** 到

**at** 以…速度/价格

**since** 自从

**over** 超过

**as** 作为/当作/充当

**of** …的

- A government **of** the people, **by** the people,  
**for** the people.

- A government **of** the people, **by** the people, **for** the people.

民有，民治，民享

- A government **of** the people, **by** the people, **for** the people.

民有，民治，民享

- Off the people, buy the people, fool the people.

get something for nothing



get something for nothing

**for: 以…为交换, 以…为代价**

get something for nothing

**for: 以…为交换, 以…为代价**

get something for free

I will give my watch for your camera.

He paid 50\$ for that picture.

sacrifice life for love

He bought the biscuit from the student for \$24,000.

use up

**up 把动作做到极致**

use up

## up 把动作做到极致

- use up
- eat up
- sweep up
- line up
- stack up
- chew up
- cut up

1. 中国的创新正**以前所未有的速度**蓬勃发展。

译：

1. 中国的创新正**以前所未有的速度**蓬勃发展。

**译：** China's innovation is having a great boom **at an** unprecedented **rate**.

2. **自从**1978年启动改革以来，中国已**从**计划经济**转为**以市场为基础的经济，并经历了经济和社会的快速发展。

译：



2. **自从**1978年启动改革以来，中国已**从**计划经济**转为**以市场为基础的经济，并经历了经济和社会的快速发展。

**译：** **Since** the very beginning of the reform in 1978, China has transformed **from** a planned economy **to** an economy based on the market and undergone a rapid development of economy and society.

3. **过去**，乘飞机出行**对**大多数中国人来说是难以想象的。

**译：**

3. **过去**，乘飞机出行**对**大多数中国人来说是难以想象的。

译： **In the past**, traveling **by plane** was unimaginable **for** most Chinese people.

4. 人们把现金**作为**礼物送**给**家人或亲密朋友时，通常放**在**红信封**里**。

译：

4. 人们把现金**作为**礼物送**给**家人或亲密朋友时，通常放**在**红信封**里**。

**译：** Cash is often put **in** red envelopes and sent **to** family members or close friends **as** gifts.

5. 当地人中流传着许多**关于**因爱而生、**为**爱而死的故事。如今，在中外游客眼**中**，这个古镇被视**为**爱情和浪漫的天堂 (paradise).

译:

5. 当地人中流传着许多**关于**因爱而生、**为**爱而死的故事。  
如今，在中外游客眼**中**，这个古镇被视**为**爱情和浪漫的天堂 (paradise).

**译:** Numerous legends **about** people who were born **for** love and died **for** love circulate **among** the local folk. Nowadays, this ancient town is regarded **as** the paradise **of** love and romance **in** the eyes **of** both Chinese and foreign visitors.

6. 中国给数百万在线零售商**以**极具竞争力的**价格**销售商品的机会。仅在11月11日，中国消费者就**从**国内最大的购物平台购买了**价值**90亿美元的商品。

**译：**



6. 中国给数百万在线零售商**以**极具竞争力的**价格**销售商品的机会。仅在11月11日，中国消费者就**从**国内最大的购物平台购买了**价值**90亿美元的商品。

**译：** China offers millions **of** online retailers opportunities to sell their products **at** very competitive **prices**. Just **on the day** of 11th November, Chinese consumers bought \$ 9 billion's worth **of** goods **from** the nation's largest shopping platform.

7. 大熊猫(giant panda)是一种温顺的动物，**长着**独特的黑白皮毛。因其数量极少，大熊猫已被列**为**濒危物种。大熊猫**对于**世界自然基金会(WWF)有着特殊意义。

**译：**

7. 大熊猫(giant panda)是一种温顺的动物，**长着**独特的黑白皮毛。因其数量极少，大熊猫已被列**为**濒危物种。大熊猫**对于**世界自然基金会(WWF)有着特殊意义。

**译：** The giant panda is a kind of docile animal **with** unique black and white fur. Because of the small numbers, the panda is listed **as** an endangered species. It has a special meaning **for** the WWF.

A new study shows a large gender gap **on** economic policy **among** the nation's professional economists, a divide similar **to** the gender divide found **in** the general public.

At the same time, however, young working women are less likely than men to aim at top management jobs; 34% say they're not interested in becoming a boss or top manager; only 24% of young men say the same. The gender gap on this question is even wider among working adults in their 30s and 40s.

# 介词分类

## 简单介词

由一个词构成的介词称为简单介词。

- at
- about
- above
- between
- by
- down
- except
- for
- from
- since
- with

## 双重介词

由两个简单介词在一起合用构成的介词称为双重介词。

- from behind the house
- from beyond the mountain
- from among you
- from under the tree

## 短语介词

由一个或几个简单介词和一个或几个其他词类组合构成的介词称为短语介词。意义和作用上相当于一个简单介词。

- according to...
- along with...
- at the back of...
- instead of...
- in place of...
- in front of...
- at the top of...
- thanks to...
- because of...
- regardless of...
- on behalf of...
- at the cost of...



## “介词+宾语” 构成介词短语。

介词不能单独作成分，**必须**构成介词短语  
后带有宾语时才能作句子的成分。

介词后的宾语可以是**名词**、**代词**、**-ing形式**、**疑问词+不定式**、**从句**等。

## 在句中的成分

- Keep a peaceful and cheerful mind **along** your life road. (名词作介词宾语)

## 在句中的成分

- When the fight begins **within** himself, a man is worth something. (代词作介词宾语)

## 在句中的成分

- There is not a heart but has its moments **of** longing, yearning for something better, nobler and holier than it knows before. (动词-ing作介词宾语)

## 在句中的成分

- We had a discussion about **how to** carry out the plan.  
(疑问词+不定式作介词宾语)

## 在句中的成分

- Your success will largely depend **on** what you do and how you do it. (从句作介词宾语)

## “介词+宾语” 构成介词短语。

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- ✓ 起**连接作用**的词。
- ✓ 连接的是**词与词**、**短语与短语**以及**句与句**。
- ✓ 不能独立担任句子成分。
- ✓ 主要分为两大类：**并列连词**与**从属连词**。

# 连词

Conjunction

01

---

并列连词

02

---

从属连词

# 连词

Conjunction

01

---

并列连词

02

---

从属连词

and; both...and...; not only...but also...;  
neither...nor...; but; yet; still; while; whereas;  
or; either...or...; or else; not...but...; otherwise ;  
so; for; therefore...

## 表示并列关系的连词：

- and
- both...and...
- not only...but also...
- neither...nor...

## 表示并列关系的连词：

**and**可以连接相同的各种词类、短语、从句和主句。

- Mathews and Tyler are singing **and** dancing at the party.
- Miya says that she loves her job **and** that she will devote her life to it.
- Naked came I into this world, **and** naked must I go out.

## 表示并列关系的连词：

both...and...

- 连接单个的词或短语

## 表示并列关系的连词：

not only...but (also) ...

- 连接相同的结构



## 表示并列关系的连词：

- **Not only** you **but** Cora is to blame.
- The habit of worrying **not only** does us no good, **but** robs us of peace.
- We should **not only** respect our parents **but** our teachers.
- The art of conversation is **not only** to say **but** to listen.
- **Not only** do I respect my parents, **but** I also try to learn from them.

## 表示并列关系的连词：

**neither...nor...**

- Love is neither bought nor sold.



**moreover, furthermore, besides, in addition等**

**意为“而且，况且”，是副词，。**

## 表示转折关系的并列连词：

- but
- yet
- while
- whereas

## 表示转折关系的并列连词：

- Nothing is to be got without pains **but** poverty.
- The winter in Beijing is very cold **while/whereas** that of Kunming is warm.

## 表示选择关系的并列连词：

- or
- either...or...
- not...but...

## 表示因果关系的并列连词：

- so
- for
- therefore

## 表示因果关系的并列连词：

- Blessed is he who expects nothing, **for** he shall never be disappointed.
- It was clear that Lucy was unhappy. **Therefore**, it comes as no surprise she has decided to resign.



**注: thus; accordingly; consequently 等  
为副词。**

**注：两个并列的句子之间不能用逗号连接，必须用连词，或者句号。**

**在长句子中看到连词后：**

The results: teens who played the Iowa Gambling Task under the eyes of fellow adolescents engaged in more exploratory behavior, learned faster from both positive **and** negative outcomes, **and** achieved better performance on the task than those who played in solitude. “What our study suggests is that teenagers learn more quickly **and** more effectively when their peers are present than when they're on their own.”

Evolutionarily speaking, people in this age group are at a stage in which they can prepare to find a mate **and** start their own family **while** separating from parents **and** striking out on their own.

You have so many applications **and** software **and** platforms that are going to come in and provide information **and** service in these two fields, which means a lot of healthcare **and** education sectors will be radically changed **and** a lot of jobs will be lost.

# 连词

Conjunction

01

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并列连词

02

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从属连词

**从属连词**引导一个从句，修饰主句。

从属连词一般分为**两类**：

- ✓ **引导名词性从句**(如主语从句、宾语从句、表语从句、同位语从句)**的从属连词**
- ✓ **引导状语从句的从属连词**



that; if; whether; when; while; as; after; before;  
until; since; once where; unless; once; although;  
though; even if; even though; while; as if; as  
though; so...that...; so that; because; since...

1. **While** I was typing, my sister was washing.
2. **Where** there is marriage without love, there will be love without marriage.
3. Geniuses are the luckiest of mortals **because what** they must do is the same as **what** they most want to do.

4. She loves him **even though** he has many bad habits.

5. The teacher explained very clearly **so that** we all understood.

6. Treat your time **as if** someone is paying for it.

# Contents 目录

01 - 数词

02 - 介词

03 - 连词

04 - 感叹词

感叹词是表示说话时情绪的词，它不是句子的一个成分。

常见感叹词:

oh; ah; well; ow; ouch; why

- **Well**, what shall we do next?
- **Ouch**, you're hurting me!

why表示惊奇或不足为奇

- **Why**, a child could answer that!



# 课后练习



## 一、选择题

1. It is reported that the floods have left about \_\_\_\_\_ people homeless.

- A) two thousand      B) two thousands  
C) two thousands      D) two thousands of

2. \_\_\_\_\_ of the land in that district  
\_\_\_\_\_ covered with trees and grass.

A) Two fifth; is

B) Two fifth; are

C) Two fifths; is

D) Two fifths; are

3. He began to work there \_\_\_\_\_.

A) on his fifty

B) at age of fifty

C) when he fifty

D) in his fifties

4. Tom's bag is \_\_\_\_\_ Mary's.

A) three time as light as

B) three times as light as

C) three time as light than

D) three times as light than

5. Although he thought he was helping us prepare the dinner, he was actually \_\_\_\_\_ the way.

A) in      B) by      C) off      D) on

6. I was impressed \_\_\_\_\_ the efficiency of the work done in the company.

A) in      B) about      C) with      D) for

7. Areas where students have particular difficulty have been treated \_\_\_\_\_ particular care.

A) in      B) by      C) with      D) under

8. Color and sex are not relevant \_\_\_\_ whether a person is suitable for the job.

- A) on            B) for            C) to            D) with



9. I must congratulate you \_\_\_\_\_ the excellent design of the new bridge.

A) with      B) at      C) on      D) of

10. Many people believe we are heading for environmental disaster \_\_\_\_\_ we radically change the way we live.

A) but      B) although      C) unless      D) lest

11. He was about halfway through his meal  
\_\_\_\_\_ a familiar voice came to his ears.

- A) then      B) while      C) where      D) when

12. Five minutes earlier, \_\_\_\_\_ we could have caught the last train.

A) and      B) but      C) or      D) so

## 二、改错题

1. During the early stage of the industrial revolution, perhaps one in every seventh deaths in Europe's crowded cities was caused by the disease.

2. During World War II, a Jewish lady was protected by a local family in Shanghai in her fiftieth.

3. The river through our city, which is about 6 000 meter long, is clean again.

4. They make up two third of the students labeled "learning disabled" .



5. We've produced two as much cotton this year as ten years ago.

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