

**Median** plays an important role in the world of statistics. By definition, it is a value which divides an array into two equal parts. In this problem you are to determine the current median of some long integers. Suppose, **we** have five numbers {1,3,6,2,7}. In this case, 3 is the median as it has exactly two numbers on its each side. {1,2} and {6,7}. If there are even number of values like {1,3,6,2,7,8}, only one value cannot split this array into equal two parts, so we consider the average of the middle values {3,6}. Thus, the median will be  $(3+6)/2 = 4.5$ . In this problem, you have to print only the integer part, not the fractional. As a result, according to this problem, the median will be 4 !

**Input**

The input file consists of series of integers  $X$  ( $0 \leq X < 2^{31}$ ) and total number of integers  $N$  is less than 10000. The numbers may have leading or trailing spaces.

**Output**

For each input print the current value of the median.

**Sample Input**

1  
3  
4  
60  
70  
50  
2

**Sample Output**

1  
2  
3  
3  
4  
27  
4